

## PS 1: Part I

### Problem 1: Java programming basics

1-1)

```
import java.util.*;

public class Problem1 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner console = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter an integer n: ");
        int n = console.nextInt();
        int sum = calculateSum(n);
        System.out.println("The sum of the numbers is: " + sum);
    }

    /*
     * This static method should take an integer n and return
     * the sum of all integers from 1 up to n, inclusive.
     */
    private static int calculateSum(int n) {
        int sum = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
            sum += i;
        }
        return sum;
    }
}
```

1-2)

- a. 0.5
- b. 3
- c. 0
- d. 0.33333...
- e. cs112.0
- f. true
- g. 0.5
- h. 6.0
- i. 5.04
- j. 4fivetrue

## Problem 2: Conditional execution

2-1)

a) You won!  
    scissors!  
    lizard!  
    You lost!  
    You won!  
    done

b) rock!  
    scissors!  
    lizard!  
    done

c) lizard!  
    spock  
    done

d) scissors!  
    lizard!  
    done

e) paper!  
    lizard!  
    spock  
    done

f) lizard!  
    spock  
    done

2-2)

The if condition "if (a == b || b == c || a == c)" which corresponds with the "You lost again!" statement will never be executed because none of the values equal each other at any given input.

### Problem 3: Static methods

#### 3-1

variables that belong to main()

x	y
8	-6
3	8
-6	-6

variables that belong to compute()

x	y
8	-6
-6	3
-6	4

output (the lines printed by the program)

8 -6  
8 -6  
8 3  
3 8  
-6 3  
-6 -6  
-6 4

#### 3-2)

```
public static String relationalOperator(int a, int b) {  
    if (a > b)  
        return ">";  
    else if (a < b)  
        return "<";  
    else  
        return "=";  
}
```

## Problem 4: Loops

4-1)

```
public static void oddProduct(int n) {  
    int product = 1;  
    for (int x = 1; x < n; x++) {  
        if (x % 2 == 1)  
            product *= x;  
    }  
    System.out.println(product);  
}
```

4-2)

```
public static void increaseBy(int n, int f, int t) {  
    int r = n;  
    while (r < (n+f*t)) {  
        System.out.println(r);  
        r += f;  
    }  
}
```

4-3)

```
public static void diamond(int n) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        if (i <= n / 2) {  
            for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++) {  
                System.out.print(j);  
            }  
        } else {  
            for (int j = 1; j <= n - i; j++) {  
                System.out.print(j);  
            }  
        }  
        System.out.println();  
    }  
}
```