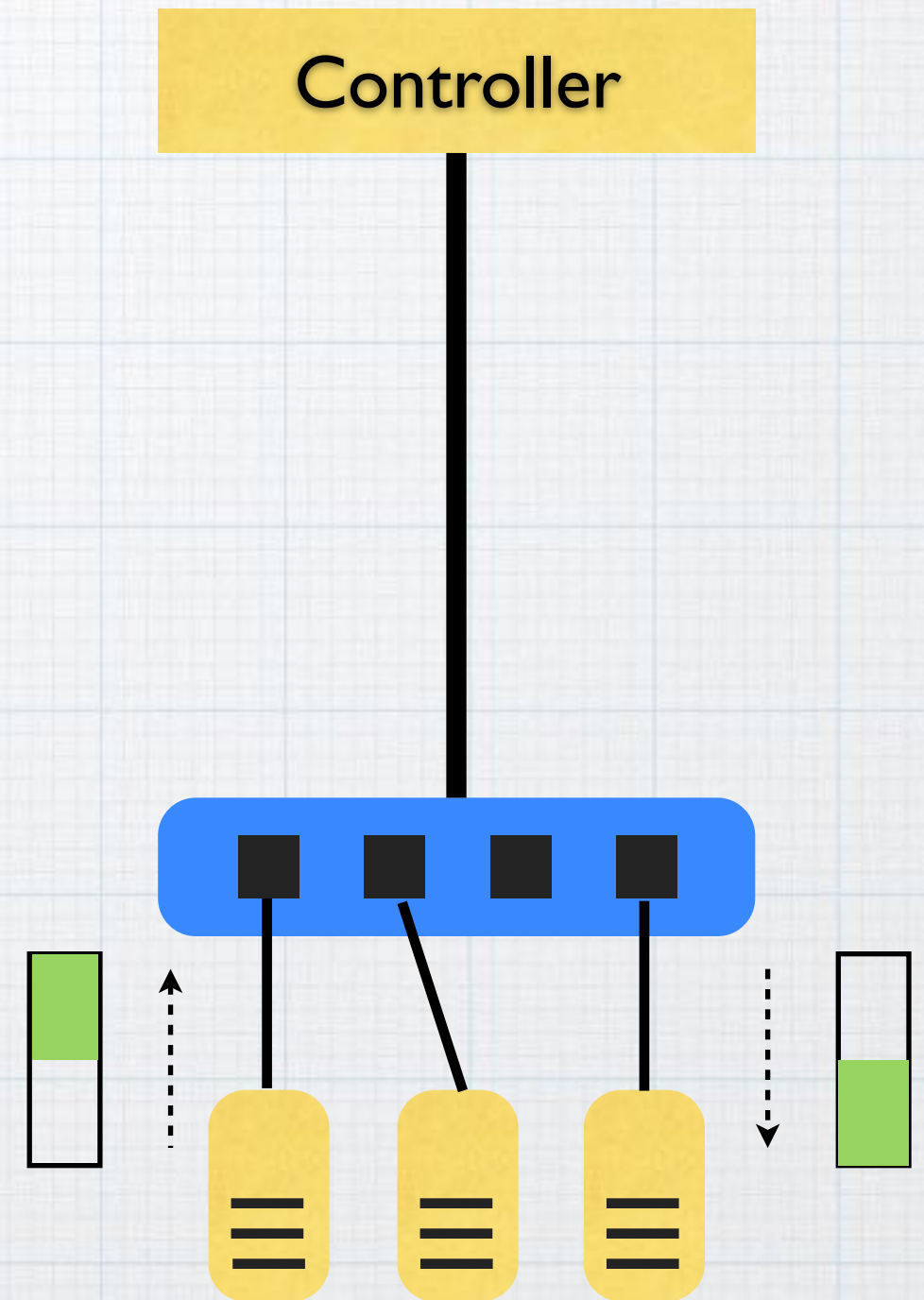


# Cbench

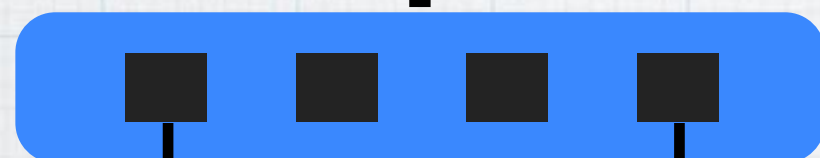
Fundamentals for designing a practical controller



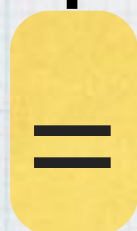
# The 3 important messages of OpenFlow

FlowMod · PacketIn · PacketOut

Controller



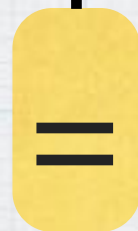
Flow Table



**host1**

00:00:..:01

192.168.0.1



**host2**

00:00:..:02

192.168.0.2

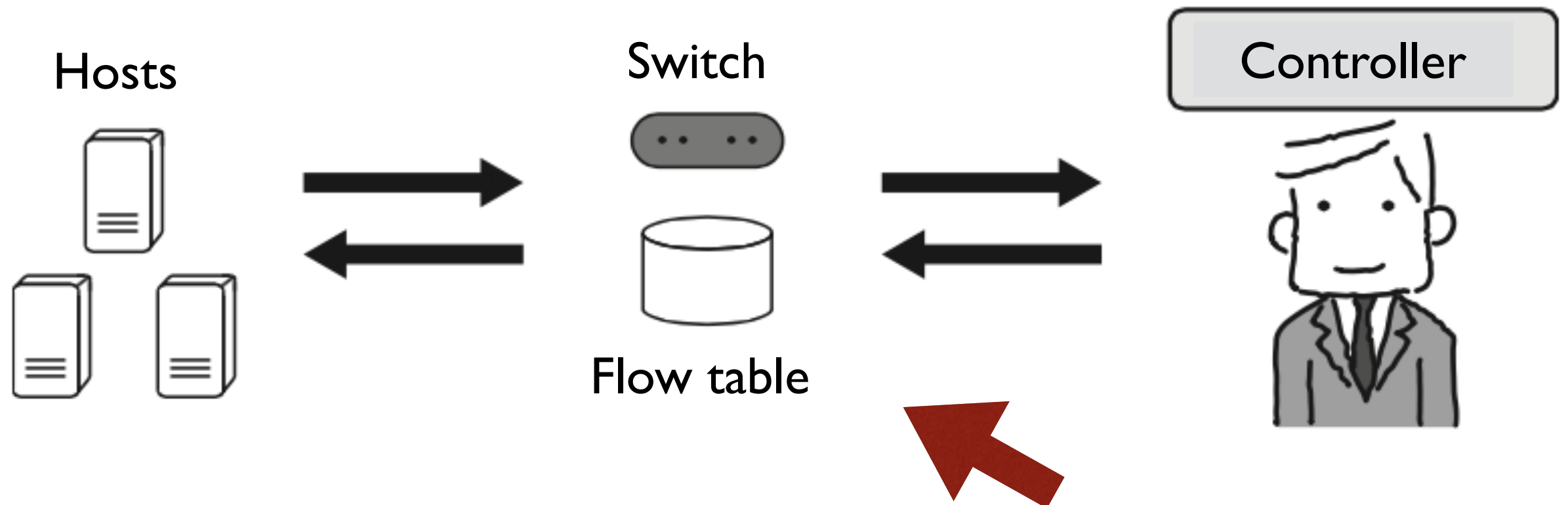


# Flow Table

A kind of DB to manage rules/actions of processing packets

**Fast  
(Hardware)**

**Very Slow  
(Software)**



# Flow Entries

**Packet conditions**                      **Transactions**                      **Number of Packets**

Match field	Action	Counter
Src IP address = 192.168.1.0	Forward packets to port 8	80
VLAN ID = 10	Forward packets to port 10	64
Src MAC address = 00:50:56:c0:00:08	Attach VLAN ID 2 to packets and forward them to port 8	24
Src IP address = 203.0.113.0/16	Discard packets	10

# FlowMod

Modify (add, replace, delete) flow entries

```
# add a flow entry
send_flow_mod_add(
    dpid,    # Switch ID
    match: Match.new( ... ) # Match field
    actions: ...    # Action
)
```

# Match Field

**Packet conditions**                      **Transactions**                      **Number of Packets**

Match field	Action	Counter
Src IP address = 192.168.1.0	Forward packets to port 8	80
VLAN ID = 10	Forward packets to port 10	64
Src MAC address = 00:50:56:c0:00:08	Attach VLAN ID 2 to packets and forward them to port 8	24
Src IP address = 203.0.113.0/16	Discard packets	10

```
send_flow_mod_add(  
    datapath_id,  
    match: Match.new(in_port: 1)  
    # ...
```

- Match packets coming from port 1



```
send_flow_mod_add(  
    datapath_id,  
    match: Match.new(  
        ip_destination_address: '192.168.0.30',  
        transport_destination_port: 80  
    )  
    # ...
```

- Match packets whose destination IP address and port number are 192.168.0.30 and 80, respectively.

# Conditions for Match Field

- Ingress port
- Ether src
- Ether dst
- Ether type
- IP src
- IP dst
- IP proto
- IP ToS bits
- TCP/UCP src port
- TCP/UDP dst port
- VLAN id
- VLAN priority

```
send_flow_mod_add(  
    datapath_id,  
    match: ExactMatch.new(message),  
    # ...  
)
```

- ExactMatch: match packets that is identical to “message” in terms of all the 12 conditions listed in the previous page

# Action

Actions for packets that match the match field

```
# Add a flow entry
send_flow_mod_add(
    dpid, # Switch ID
    match: Match.new( ... ) # Match Field
    actions: ... # Action
)
```

# Action

Match field	Action	Counter
Src IP address = 192.168.1.0	Forward packets to port 8	80
VLAN ID = 10	Forward packets to port 10	64
Src MAC address = 00:50:56:c0:00:08	Attach VLAN ID 2 to packets and forward them to port 8	24
Src IP address = 203.0.113.0/16	Discard packets	10

# Action

## **Forwarding packets**

- `SendOutPort.new(Port ID)`

## **Rewrite content in packet header (the same fields as the 12 header fields for match fields)**

- `SetEtherDestinationAddress.new(New destination MAC address)`
- `SetIpDestinationAddress.new(New destination IP address)`
- Etc.



```
send_flow_mod_add(  
    datapath_id,  
    match: Match.new(in_port: 1),  
    actions: SendOutPort.new(4),  
    # ...
```

1. Match: If packets come from port 1

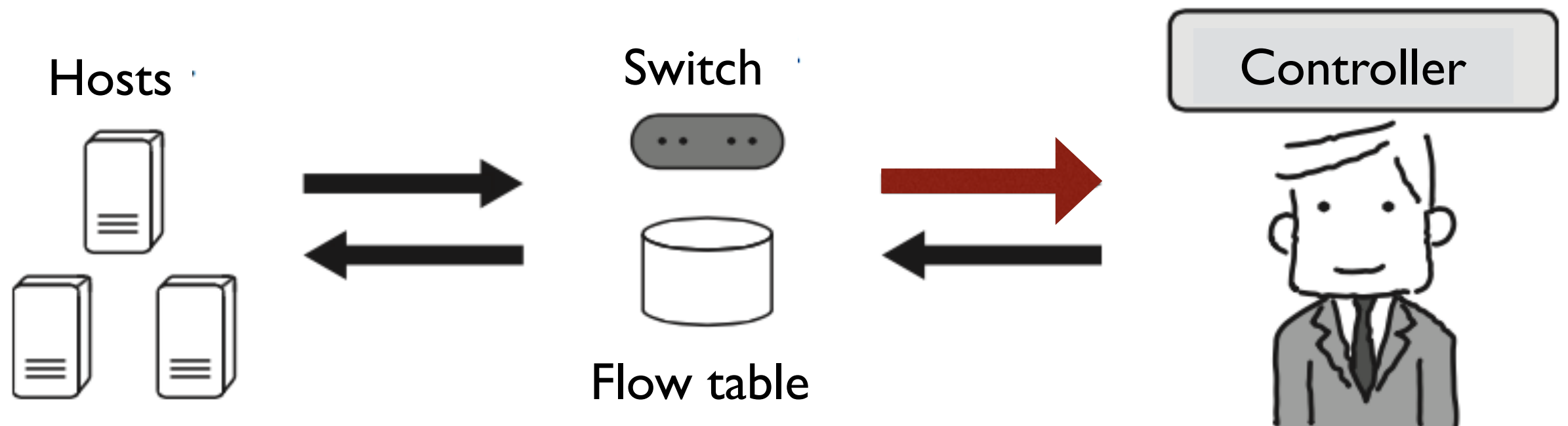
2. Actions: Send packets out port 4

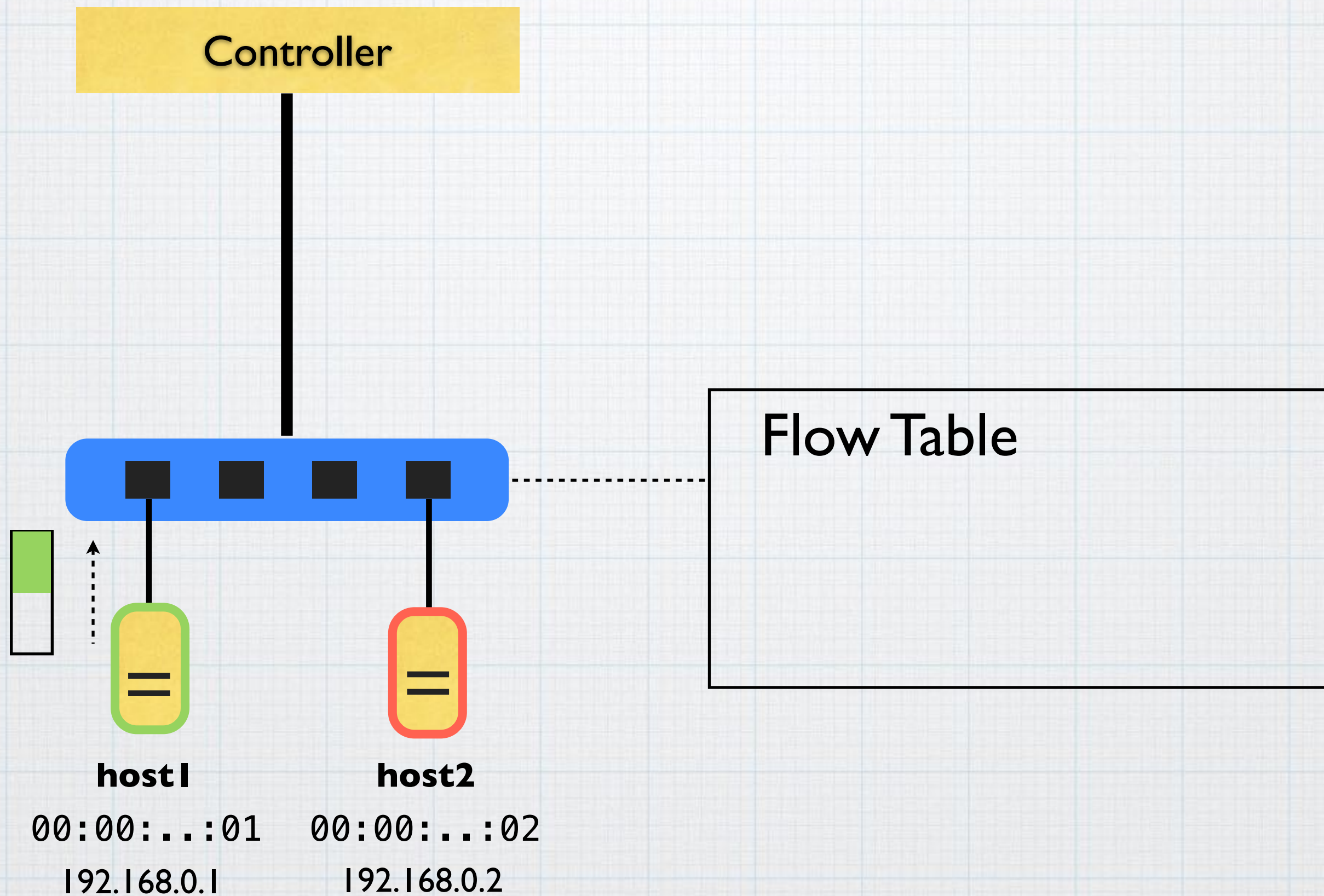
```
send_flow_mod_add(  
    datapath_id,  
    match: Match.new(in_port: 1),  
    actions: [SetEtherDestinationAddress.new(...),  
              SetIpDestinationAddress.new(...),  
              SendOutPort.new(4)]  
  
    # ...
```

- Multiple actions can be specified
- e.g., rewrite two header fields, and then forward packets

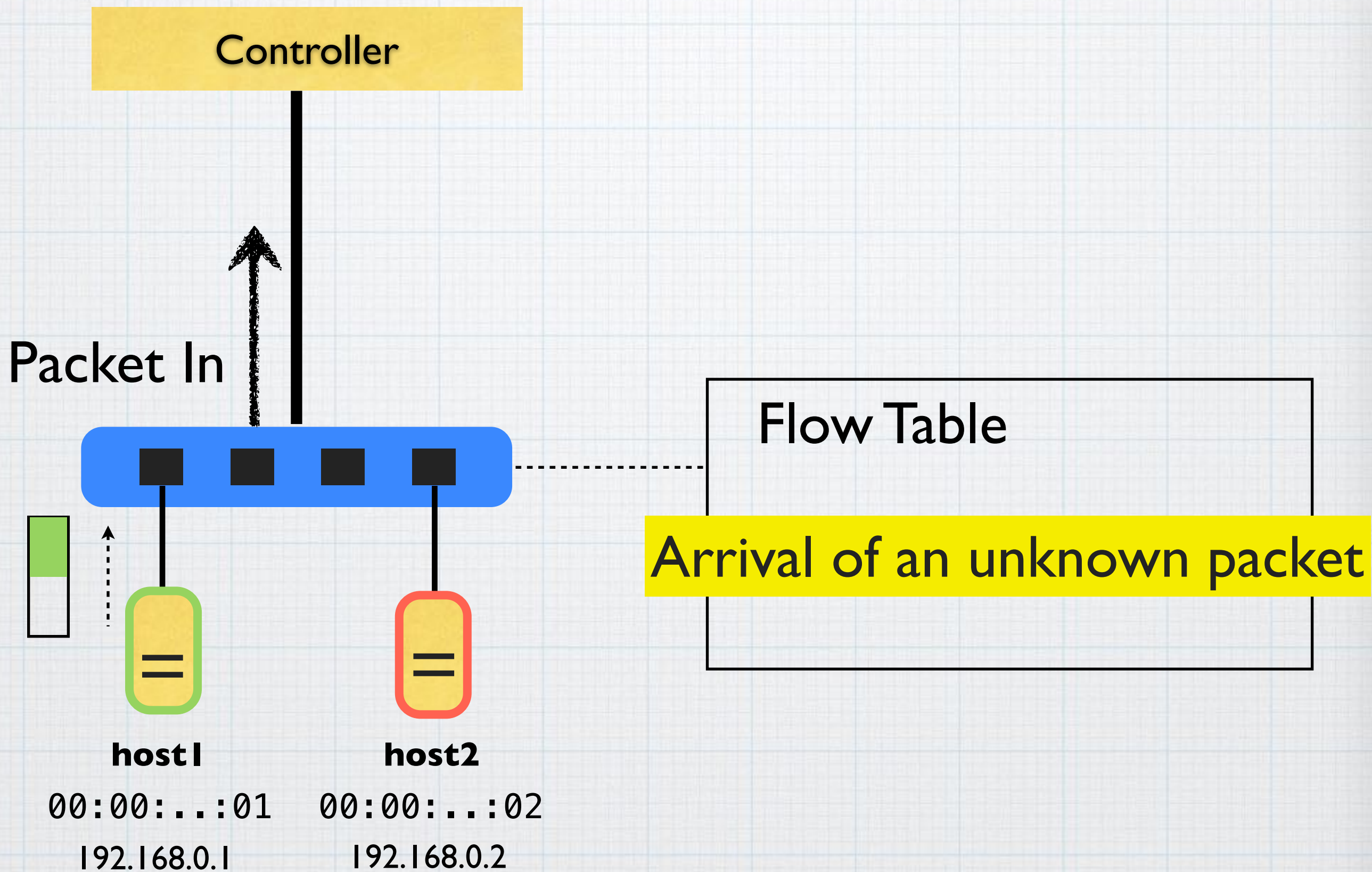
# PacketIn

A message to notify a controller of arrivals of packets that does not match any match fields.  
(i.e., a switch cannot determine how to process the packets)









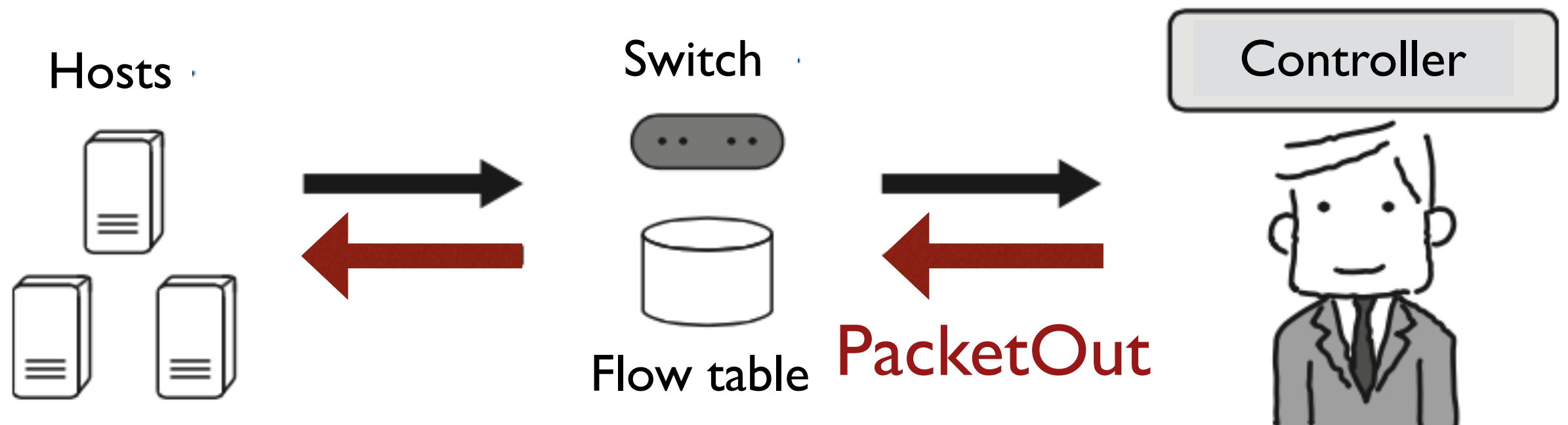
```
def packet_in(dpid, message)
  # Inspect the message
  # Do something
end
```

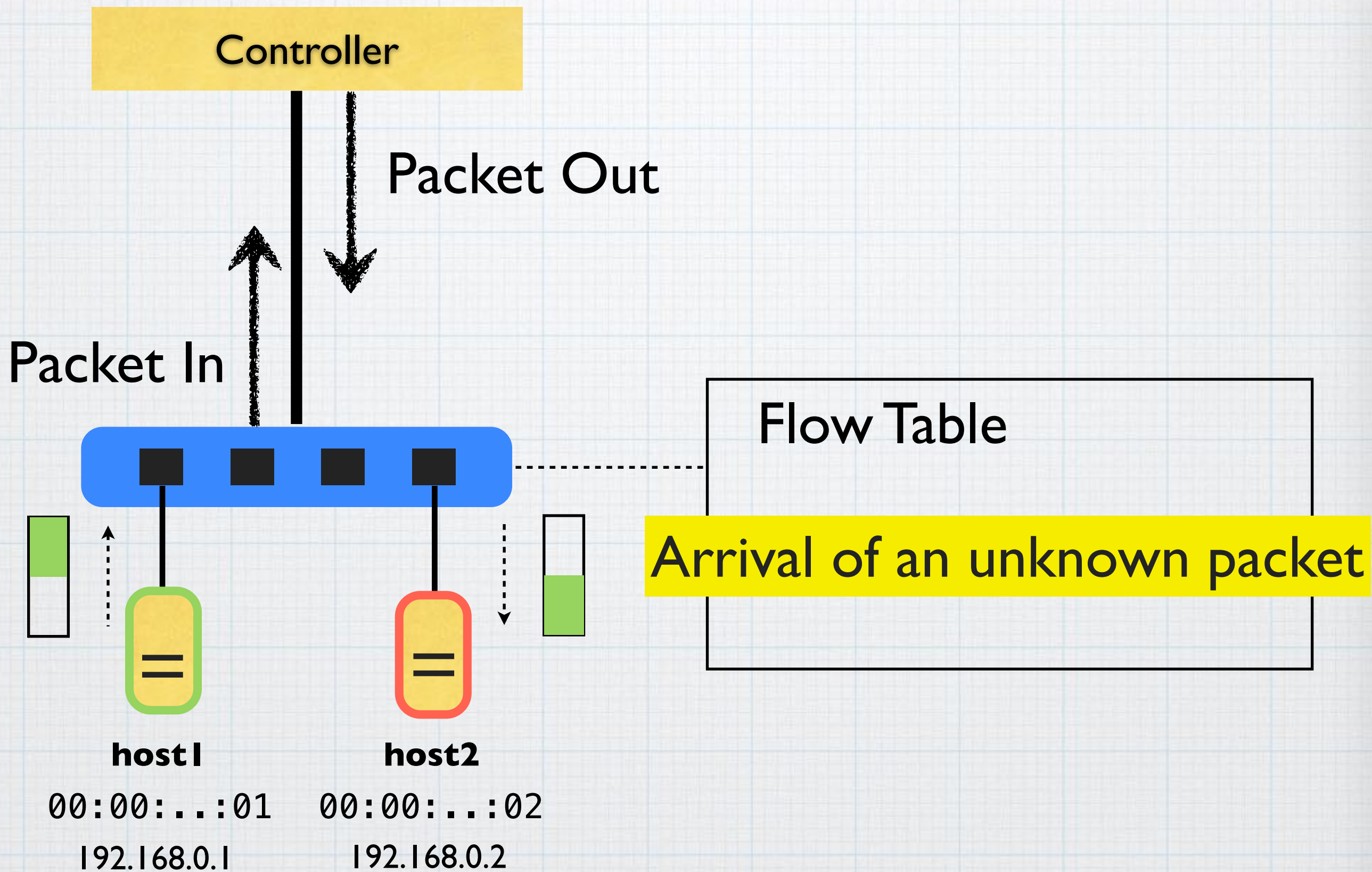
- A handler catch the PacketIn event
- message = PacketIn object



# PacketOut

Send out packets  
that trigger the PacketIn event





```
def packet_in(dpid, message)
    send_packet_out(
        datapath_id,
        in_port: message.in_port,
        raw_data: message.raw_data,
        actions: SendOutPort.new(1)
    )
```

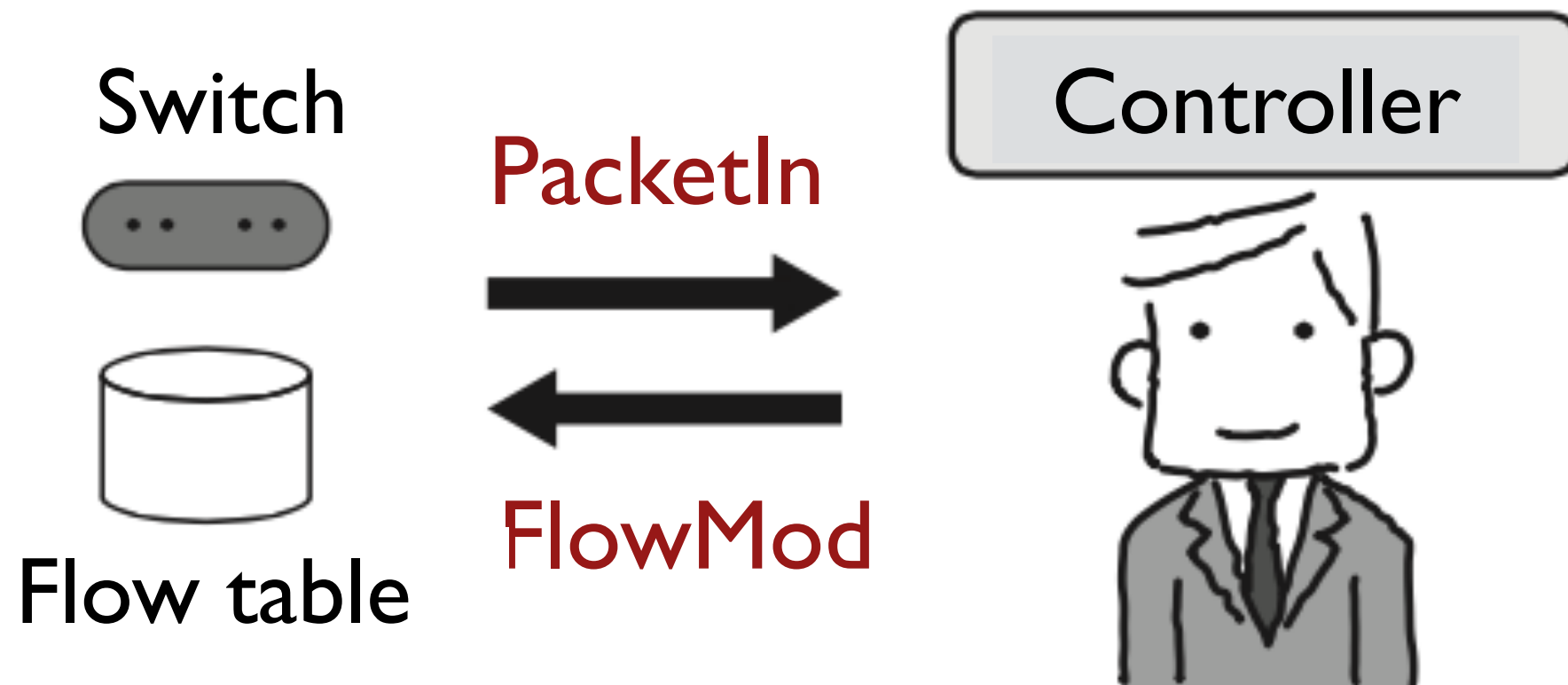
- Send the packet triggers the PacketIn event from port 1 (without any modifications)

```
def packet_in(dpid, message)
    send_packet_out(
        datapath_id,
        in_port: message.in_port,
        raw_data: message.raw_data,
        actions: SendOutPort.new(:flood)
    )
```

- Flood the packet to all ports (except for the incoming port)

# cbench

A (micro) benchmark tool for OpenFlow (controllers)



# Cbench

A (micro) benchmark tool for OpenFlow (controllers)

- Cbench connects to Trema (a controller), and then sends PacketIn messages to Trema
- Trema replies FlowMod messages and cbench measures the number of the FlowMod messages
- A better controller returns more messages than a poor one



```
send_flow_mod_add(  
    datapath_id,  
    match: ExactMatch.new(message),  
    buffer_id: message.buffer_id,  
    actions: SendOutPort.new(message.in_port + 1)  
)
```

- The FlowMod message sent to cbench

# Conclusion

- The three fundamental messages of OpenFlow
  - FlowMod
  - PacketIn
  - PacketOut
- Cbench is a benchmark tool for an OpenFlow controller
  - Cbench sends PacketIn messages and measures the number of FlowMod replies from the controller