

3_演習解答

$$\begin{aligned}(1) \int_{\alpha}^{2\pi+\alpha} \sin 2\theta \cos 3\theta d\theta &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\int_{\alpha}^{2\pi+\alpha} \{\sin 5\theta + \sin(-\theta)\} d\theta \right] \\&= \frac{1}{2} \left[\int_{\alpha}^{2\pi+\alpha} \sin 5\theta d\theta - \int_{\alpha}^{2\pi+\alpha} \sin(\theta) d\theta \right] = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \left[\frac{-\cos 5\theta}{5} \right]_{\alpha}^{2\pi+\alpha} - \left[-\cos \theta \right]_{\alpha}^{2\pi+\alpha} \right\} \\&= -\frac{1}{2} \left\{ \left[\frac{\cos(10\pi+5\alpha) - \cos(-5\alpha)}{5} \right] - \left[\cos(2\pi+\alpha) - \cos(-\alpha) \right] \right\} \\&= -\frac{1}{2} \left\{ \left[\frac{\cos(5\alpha) - \cos(5\alpha)}{5} \right] - \left[\cos(\alpha) - \cos(\alpha) \right] \right\} = 0\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(2) \int_{\alpha}^{2\pi+\alpha} \sin 2\theta \sin 2\theta d\theta &= \int_{\alpha}^{2\pi+\alpha} \{\sin 2\theta\}^2 d\theta = \int_{\alpha}^{2\pi+\alpha} \sin^2 2\theta d\theta \\&= \frac{1}{2} \left[\int_{\alpha}^{2\pi+\alpha} (1 - \cos 4\theta) d\theta \right] = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \left[\theta \right]_{\alpha}^{2\pi+\alpha} - \left[\frac{\sin 4\theta}{4} \right]_{\alpha}^{2\pi+\alpha} \right\} \\&= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ [(2\pi+\alpha) - \alpha] - \frac{1}{4} [\sin(8\pi+4\alpha) - \sin(4\alpha)] \right\} = \pi\end{aligned}$$

3_宿題解答[1]

次の関数の基本周期はいくらか。

(1) $\sin 8\theta + \sin 6\theta$

解答 サイン関数の周期は 2π であるから

$$\sin 8\theta = \sin \left(2\pi \frac{\theta}{2\pi} \frac{8}{8} \right) = \sin \left(2\pi \frac{\theta}{T_1} \right), \quad \sin 6\theta = \sin \left(2\pi \frac{\theta}{2\pi} \frac{6}{6} \right) = \sin \left(2\pi \frac{\theta}{T_2} \right)$$

$$T_1 = \frac{2\pi}{8}, \quad T_2 = \frac{2\pi}{6}$$

$$4T_1 = 4 \frac{2\pi}{8} = \frac{2\pi}{2} = 3 \frac{2\pi}{6} = 3T_2 = \pi$$

よって基本周期は π 。

3_宿題解答[2]

次の関数の基本周期はいくらか。

(2) $\sin \theta \cos \theta$

右の公式より

$$\sin \theta \cos \theta = \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta$$

サイン関数の周期は 2π なので

$$\begin{aligned}\sin \theta \cos \theta &= \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta = \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(2\pi \frac{2\theta}{2\pi}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(2\pi \frac{\theta}{2\pi}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(2\pi \frac{\theta}{\pi}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(2\pi \frac{\theta}{T}\right)\end{aligned}$$

よって、基本周期は π である。

$$\begin{array}{r} \sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta \\ +) \quad \sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta \\ \hline \sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta) = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \beta \end{array}$$

ここで $\alpha = \beta$ とおくと
 $\sin 2\alpha + \sin 0 = 2 \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha$

$$\sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\alpha$$