

Item1:

0716011->10101110110011101011

Take 16(1110110011101011)

->ECEB->0xECEB

Wireshark interface showing network traffic capture. The packet list displays various protocols including TCP, SSH, DNS, and ICMP. The selected packet (12672) is a DNS query from 192.168.0.110 to 8.8.8.8. The packet details show the DNS query structure, and the packet bytes are displayed in hexadecimal and ASCII.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
15740	1099.5041548...	192.168.0.110	192.168.0.107	TCP	54	22 → 1722 [ACK] Seq=2057981 Ack=1026
15741	1099.5045835...	192.168.0.110	192.168.0.107	SSH	130	Server: Encrypted packet (len=76)
15742	1099.5093187...	192.168.0.110	8.8.8.8	DNS	70	Standard query 0xeceb NS <Root>
15743	1099.5095020...	192.168.0.110	8.8.8.8	DNS	70	Standard query 0xeceb NS <Root>
15744	1099.5096318...	192.168.0.110	8.8.8.8	DNS	70	Standard query 0xeceb NS <Root>
15745	1099.5104774...	192.168.0.110	192.168.0.107	SSH	146	Server: Encrypted packet (len=92)
15746	1099.5106128...	192.168.0.107	192.168.0.110	TCP	60	1722 → 22 [ACK] Seq=1026373 Ack=2058
15747	1099.5114749...	192.168.0.107	192.168.0.110	SSH	130	Client: Encrypted packet (len=76)
15748	1099.5173881...	192.168.0.110	192.168.0.107	SSH	314	Server: Encrypted packet (len=260)
15749	1099.5182848...	192.168.0.107	192.168.0.110	SSH	130	Client: Encrypted packet (len=76)
15750	1099.5240607...	8.8.8.8	192.168.0.110	DNS	270	Standard query response 0xeceb NS <R
15751	1099.5240773...	192.168.0.110	8.8.8.8	ICMP	298	Destination unreachable (Port unreach
15752	1099.5241642...	8.8.8.8	192.168.0.110	DNS	270	Standard query response 0xeceb NS <R
15753	1099.5241707...	192.168.0.110	8.8.8.8	ICMP	298	Destination unreachable (Port unreach
15754	1099.5242200...	8.8.8.8	192.168.0.110	DNS	270	Standard query response 0xeceb NS <R
15755	1099.5242266...	192.168.0.110	8.8.8.8	ICMP	298	Destination unreachable (Port unreach
15756	1099.5509982...	192.168.0.110	192.168.0.107	TCP	54	22 → 1722 [ACK] Seq=2058409 Ack=1026
15757	1099.7284655...	192.168.0.107	192.168.0.110	SSH	2130	Client: Encrypted packet (len=2076)
15758	1099.7284835...	192.168.0.110	192.168.0.107	TCP	54	22 → 1722 [ACK] Seq=2058409 Ack=1028
15759	1099.7300017...	192.168.0.110	192.168.0.107	SSH	826	Server: Encrypted packet (len=772)

Frame 12672: 70 bytes on wire (560 bits), 70 bytes captured (560 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: Vmware_da:09:9d (00:0c:29:da:09:9d), Dst: Tp-LinkT_05:1c:8c (0c:80:63:05:1c:8c)

Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
192.168.0.110	8.8.8.8	ECHO	70	Response
192.168.0.110	8.8.8.8	ECHO	70	Response
192.168.0.110	8.8.8.8	ECHO	70	Response
192.168.0.107	192.168.0.110	TCP	60	13999 → 2
192.168.0.110	192.168.0.107	SSH	362	Server: E
140.113.121.25	239.255.255.250	SSDP	216	M-SEARCH
192.168.0.107	192.168.0.110	SSH	162	Client: E
8.8.8.8	192.168.0.110	ECHO	270	Request
192.168.0.110	8.8.8.8	ICMP	298	Destinati
8.8.8.8	192.168.0.110	ECHO	270	Request
192.168.0.110	8.8.8.8	ICMP	298	Destinati
8.8.8.8	192.168.0.110	ECHO	270	Request

Frame 12672: 70 bytes on wire (560 bits), 70 bytes captured (560 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: Vmware_da:09:9d (00:0c:29:da:09:9d), Dst: Tp-LinkT_05:1c:8c (0c:80:63:05:1c:8c)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.0.110, Dst: 8.8.8.8
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 54, Dst Port: 53
Domain Name System (query)
Transaction ID: 0xeceb
Flags: 0x0100 Standard query
0... .. = Response: Message is a query
.000 0... .. = Opcode: Standard query (0)
.... .0. = Truncated: Message is not truncated
.... .1. = Recursion desired: Do query recursively
.... .0.. = Z: reserved (0)
.... .0 = Non-authenticated data: Unacceptable
Questions: 1

000 0c 80 63 05 1c 8c 00 0c 29 da 09 9d 08 00 45 00 ..c... ..)....E.
010 00 38 1d 3a 00 00 40 11 8c 55 c0 a8 00 6e 08 08 ..8:..@..U...n..
020 08 08 00 36 00 35 00 24 ac f2 ec eb 01 00 00 01 ...6.5.\$
030 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 02 00 01 00 00 29 10 00)
040 00 00 80 00 00 0c

Item2:

I find out the Internet says that using Dig ... +trace can get huge message, so I type "dig @8.8.8.8 www.google.com +trace" and use wireshark to see what kind of packet pc actually send to dns server, and I type the hex bytes as the packet shown. However, the last few bytes are cookies, so I abandon them. The additional RRs

should be 1, but it will make the response weak. And I accidentally put it to 0, which makes the packet big.

140.113.121.2	239.239.239.239	SSDP	210 M-SEARCH	HTTP/1.1
192.168.0.110	8.8.8.8	DNS	82 Standard query 0xacc:	
3.8.8.8	192.168.0.110	DNS	567 Standard query respo	
192.168.0.110	192.168.0.1	DNS	82 Standard query 0xacc:	

0c	80	63	05	1c	8c	00	0c	29	da	09	9d	08	00	45	00
00	44	af	45	00	00	40	11	fa	3d	c0	a8	00	6e	08	08
08	08	cc	53	00	35	00	30	d1	67	ac	c1	00	20	00	01
00	00	00	00	00	01	00	00	02	00	01	00	00	29	10	00
00	00	80	00	00	0c	00	0a	00	08	bb	32	e4	34	1e	34
1a	fb														

Item3:

Make the source ip verified by ISP is the most effective way.

Disable the recursion echo

only accept trusted ip when the packet is using DNS protocol

set a limit for flow control to each ip user, when exceed the limit reject packets from the ip.