DWM Project

Batch: B1

Submitted by: Khushi Mantri (04)

Netal Rathi(06) Rashi Potey(07) Shinosha Jain(09)

Problem Statement:

Using AWS Cloud, perform basic queries to analyze and derive insights from datasets.

Introduction:

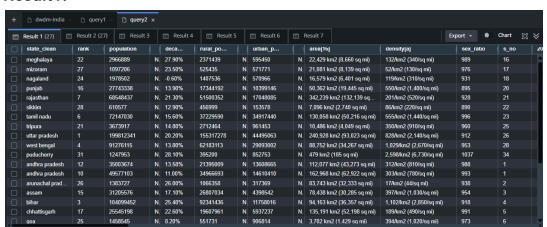
In this project, we leveraged AWS Cloud services to carry out a basic yet insightful economic and demographic analysis of Indian states using two datasets: the India Census and State-wise State Domestic Product (SDP). The primary objective was to identify and explore key patterns by analyzing indicators such as Per Capita Income and Sex Ratio. Utilizing AWS tools including Amazon S3 for storage, AWS Glue for ETL processing, and Amazon Redshift for querying, we executed multiple analyses to understand the economic conditions of different states, their demographic distributions, and the relationships between these variables.

SQL Script:

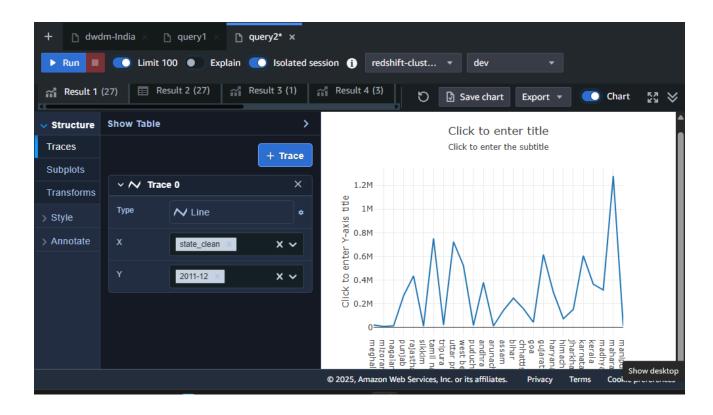
Query1:

SELECT * FROM spectrum schema.output;

Result1:







Querv2:

```
--sorting in desc order according to population

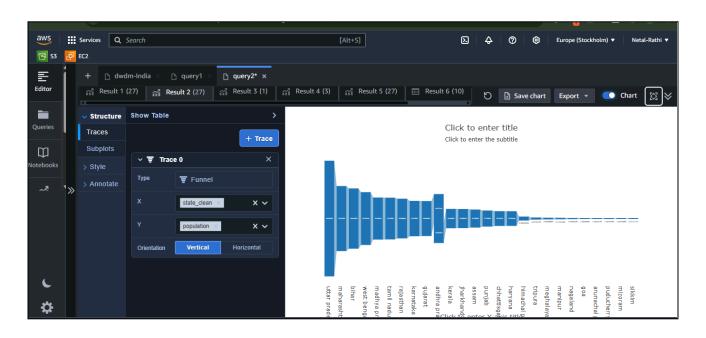
SELECT state_clean, Population

FROM spectrum_schema.output

ORDER BY CAST(Population AS BIGINT) DESC;
```

Result2:

Result 1 (27)	ult 2 (27) 🔲 Result 3 🔲 R
state_clean	population
uttar pradesh	199812341
maharashtra	112374333
bihar	104099452
west bengal	91276115
madhya pradesh	72626809
tamil nadu	72147030
rajasthan	68548437
karnataka	61095297
gujarat	60439692
andhra pradesh	49577103
andhra pradesh	35003674
kerala	33406061
jharkhand	32988134
assam	31205576
punjab	27743338
chhattisgarh	25545198
haryana	25351462
himachal pradesh	6864602
tripura	3673917
meghalaya	2966889
manipur	2570390
nagaland	1978502
goa	1458545
arunachal pradesh	1383727
puducherry	1247953
mizoram	1097206
sikkim	610577



Query3:

```
--maharashtra data

SELECT *

FROM spectrum_schema.output

WHERE LOWER(state_clean) = 'maharashtra';
```

Result3:



Query4:

```
--state and sex ratio of the states where sex ratio < 900
SELECT state_clean, Sex_ratio
FROM spectrum_schema.output
WHERE CAST(Sex_ratio AS INT) < 900;
```

Result4:





Query5:

```
--state wise total population

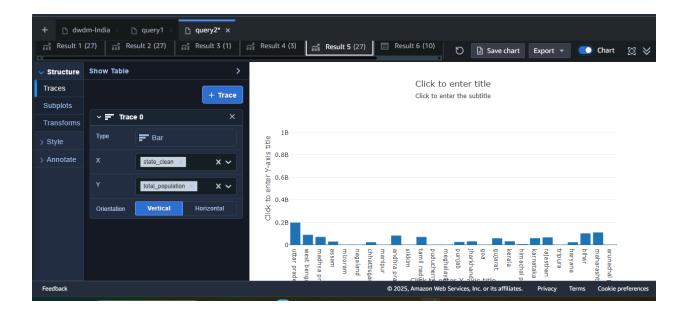
SELECT state_clean, SUM(CAST(Population AS BIGINT)) AS total_population

FROM spectrum_schema.output

GROUP BY ROLLUP(state_clean);
```

Result5:

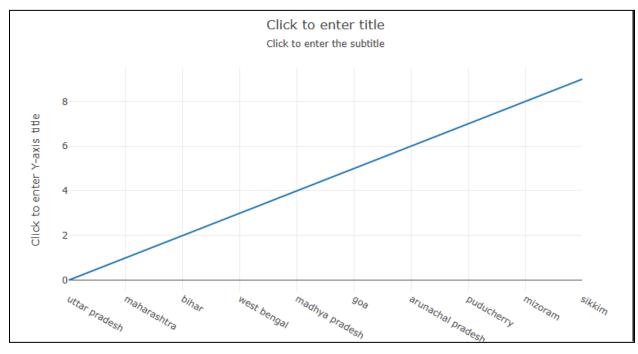
Result 1 (27) 🗏 Result 2	(27) 🔳 Result 3 (1) 🔒	
state_clean	total_population	
sikkim	610577	
tamil nadu	72147030	
puducherry	1247953	
meghalaya	2966889	
punjab	27743338	
jharkhand	32988134	
goa	1458545	
gujarat	60439692	
kerala	33406061	
himachal pradesh	6864602	
karnataka	61095297	
mizoram	1097206	
nagaland	1978502	
chhattisgarh	25545198	
manipur	2570390	
andhra pradesh	84580777	
uttar pradesh	199812341	
west bengal	91276115	
madhya pradesh	72626809	
assam	31205576	
rajasthan	68548437	
tripura	3673917	
haryana	25351462	
bihar	104099452	
maharashtra	112374333	
arunachal pradesh	1383727	
NULL	1127092360	



Query6:

Result6:

■	Result 1 (27)	☐ Result 2	(27)	Result 3 (1)	ล
	state clean	ı	per	capita gsdp	ı
	uttar pradesh		0.000	00091035418077605	
	maharashtra		0.000	00161869703822847	
	bihar		0.0000174736750775594		
	west bengal		0.0000199285431900777		
	madhya pradesh		0.000025045847739228		
	goa		0.0012471332732277715		
	arunachal pradesh		0.0013145656621573475		
	puducherry		0.0014575869443801168		
	mizoram		0.0016578472957676133		
	sikkim		0.0029791492309733252		



Query7:

```
SELECT state_clean,

SUM(population) AS total_population,

AVG(sex_ratio) AS avg_sex_ratio,

SUM("2018-199") / SUM(population) AS per_capita_gsdp

FROM spectrum_schema.output

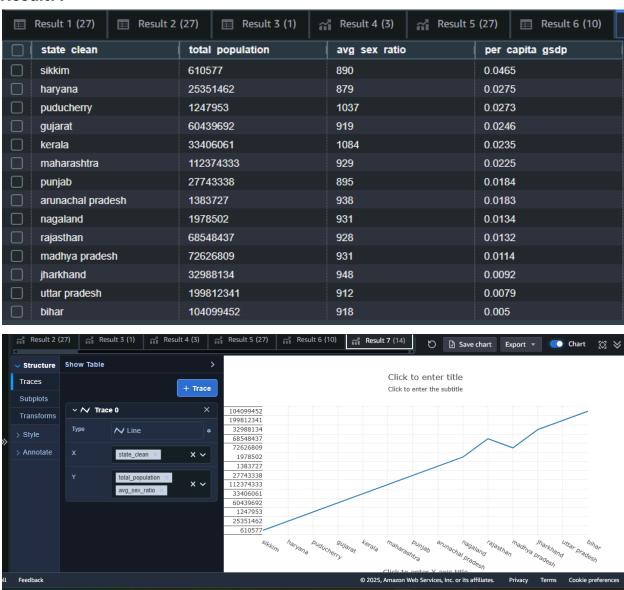
WHERE sex_ratio < 950

GROUP BY state_clean

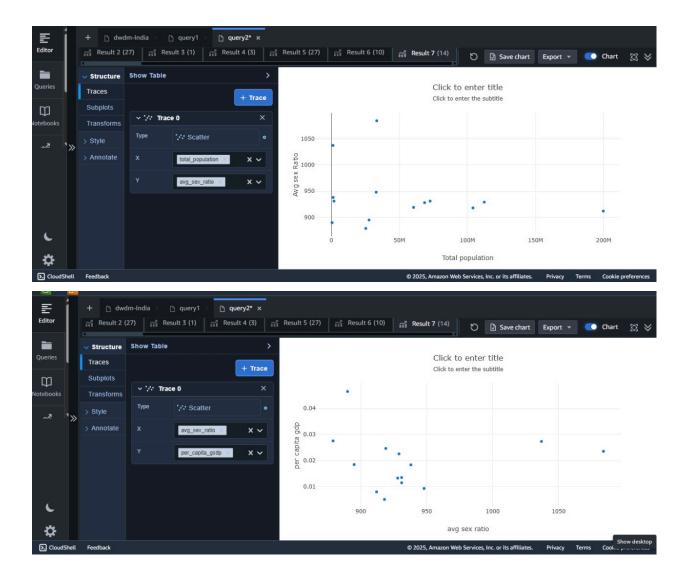
ORDER BY per_capita_gsdp DESC
```

Result7:

Q Search



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Sources Of dataset:

- 1) https://www.education.gov.in/statistics-new/statistics-new/
- 2) https://mospi.gov.in/data