

The Power of Editing in *The Godfather*: Montage Theory

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When we think of *The Godfather*, we often remember its iconic lines, memorable performances, and the complex story of the Corleone family. However, the true magic of the movie is the editing. An example of Montage Theory in *The Godfather* is the baptism scene, where Michael Corleone publicly rejects sin while secretly having his enemies killed. Director Francis Ford Coppola uses editing in this scene to show Michael's inner struggle and the impact of his choices. This paper will explore how the film uses montage and other editing techniques to enhance the emotional and narrative depth.

What is Montage Theory?

Montage Theory, developed by Russian filmmaker Sergei Eisenstein, is a filmmaking technique that combines contrasting shots to create a new and deeper meaning. When these two different images are paired, they produce emotional or intellectual responses that go beyond what each image conveys. Eisenstein used

juxtaposition to communicate a complex idea while maintaining a straightforward storyline. "Juxtaposing" means placing two or more images next to each other, often to show their differences or connections. The montage emphasizes the impact of these variations, focusing less on smooth transitions or continuous narrative flow and more on stirring conceptual reactions.

In *Cutting Rhythms: Shaping the Film Edit*, Karen Pearlman explains several types of montages that can manipulate the pacing, mood, and emotional impact of a scene. These include Metric Montage, where shots are cut to a fixed duration to create a rhythmic flow; Rhythmic Montage, which links the natural rhythm of the visuals or sounds to the pacing of the shots; Tonal Montage, where shots with similar emotional tones are edited together to evoke a specific feeling; and Intellectual Montage, where unrelated shots are paired to provoke deep thought or convey a particular theme (Pearlman, 2009). Even as filmmaking has evolved, the principles of Montage Theory still shape how modern filmmakers create emotional resonance and provoke thought in their audiences.

Montage in The Godfather

One of the most famous examples of montage in *The Godfather* happens during the baptism scene. The scene shows Michael Corleone attending the baptism of his godson and renouncing evil—however, Coppola cuts between the church ceremony and the brutal murders of Michael's enemies. The sharp difference between the ceremony and the violence around Michael emphasizes the moral conflict within him. The pacing and rhythm of the cuts build tension and reinforce Michael's transformation.

The editing in this sequence is crucial. As Michael's godson is baptized, the shots quickly cut to violent deaths. The rapid cuts add to the chaotic nature of the murders, while the baptism scenes remain steady, emphasizing the difference between the two. The music—church organ music normally associated with peace and reverence—becomes haunting, adding to the scene's irony. The montage helps us feel the dissonance between Michael's family role and criminal actions.

This montage doesn't just show two contradicting events; it highlights Michael's complete embrace of his darker side. By the end of the scene, Michael calmly orders the executions while standing as the godfather, symbolizing his full transformation into the ruthless leader of the Corleone family. The editing moves the plot forward.

Other Editing Techniques in The Godfather

While montage takes center stage in the baptism scene, *The Godfather* uses other editing techniques to tell the story. One method is continuity editing, which maintains the natural flow of time and space. In many scenes, continuity editing helps us follow the Corleone family's story without distractions. For example, when Michael talks to his father or plans with his brothers, the smooth transitions between shots keep us focused on the dialogue and relationships, making the scenes feel realistic and grounded.

Another technique used in the film is parallel editing or cross-cutting. This shows two or more events happening at the same time. In the baptism scene, the cuts between the church and the murders build dramatic tension and connect Michael's religious purification with his violent actions. This method also highlights Michael's dual

nature—the religious man in the church and the ruthless mob boss making decisions that will define the future of his family.

Finally, rhythmic editing influences the pacing and emotional tone of a scene. In the baptism sequence, the quick, jarring cuts between the murders go against the steady rhythm of the baptism, creating a heightened sense of tension. As the violence escalates, the rhythm of the shots builds, mirroring Michael's growing power and moral decay.

All of these editing techniques—continuity, parallel, and rhythmic editing—work together to make the montage more impactful. While the montage itself creates emotional and intellectual tension, these other methods ensure the story flows smoothly and keeps us connected to the characters.

Conclusion

In *The Godfather*, montage is not just a technical choice—it's a storytelling tool that intensify the emotional and thematic layers of the film. The contrast between Michael's baptism and the murders reflects his internal conflict and his transformation into the ruthless head of the Corleone family. The editing choices, including montage, continuity, and rhythmic editing, create a powerful experience for the audience, making us feel the tension between Michael's family and criminal life. While other editing techniques could have been used, none would have created the same intensity. Coppola's skillful use of montage shows how editing can elevate a film from being a simple story to a profound exploration of power, loyalty, and morality.

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