

$$1.14 \quad \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k^2} \leq 2 - \frac{1}{n}$$

$$A_1: \frac{1}{1^2} \leq 2 - \frac{1}{1} \quad (+)$$

$$1 \leq 1$$

$$A_{n+1}: \sum_{k=1}^{n+1} \frac{1}{k^2} \leq 2 - \frac{1}{n+1} \quad - ?$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k^2} \leq 2 - \frac{1}{n} \Rightarrow \boxed{\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k^2} + \frac{1}{n} \leq 2}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n+1} \frac{1}{k^2} = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k^2} + \frac{1}{(n+1)^2}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k^2} + \frac{1}{(n+1)^2} + \frac{1}{n+1} \leq 2$$

$$\boxed{\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k^2} + \frac{2+n}{(n+1)^2} \leq 2}$$

$$\frac{1}{n} - \frac{2+n}{(n+1)^2} = \frac{n^2 + 2n + 1 - 2 - n}{n(n+1)^2} = \frac{n^2 + n - 1}{n(n+1)^2} > 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{k=1}^{n+1} \frac{1}{k^2} \leq 2 - \frac{1}{n+1}$$

$$1.15 \quad n^n \geq (2n-1)!!$$

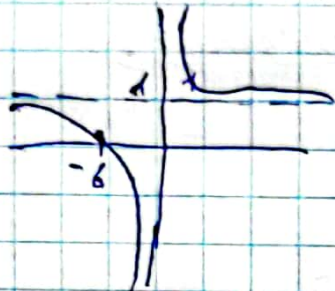
$$A_1: 1^1 \geq (2-1)!! \quad 1 \geq 1$$

$$A_{n+1}: (n+1)^{n+1} \geq (2n+1)!!$$

$$\frac{(n+1)^{n+1} \cdot n^n}{n^n} \geq \frac{(n+1)^{n+1} \cdot (2n-1)!!}{n^n} =$$

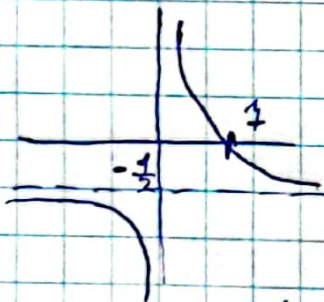
$$= \frac{(n+1)^{n+1} \cdot (2n+1)!!}{n^n \cdot (2n+1)} = \frac{(n+1)^n \cdot (n+1) \cdot (2n+1)!!}{n^n \cdot (2n+1)} \gg (2n+1)!!$$

2.1  $y = \frac{6+x}{x} = 1 + \frac{6}{x}$

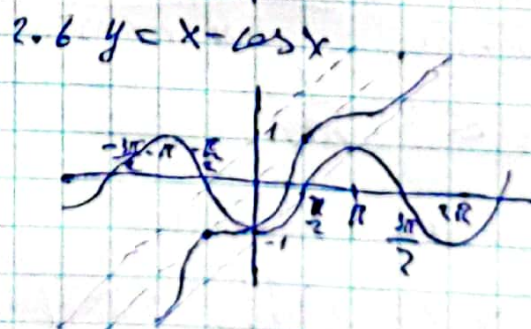
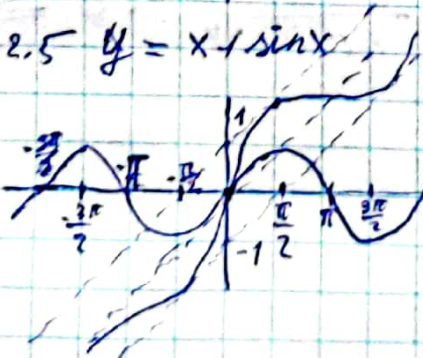
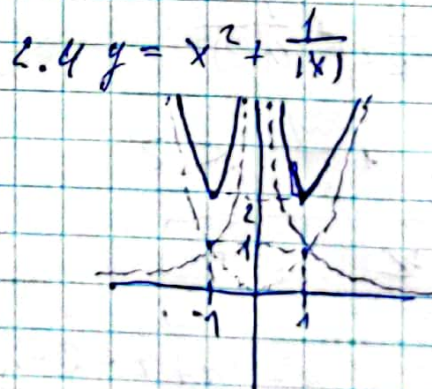
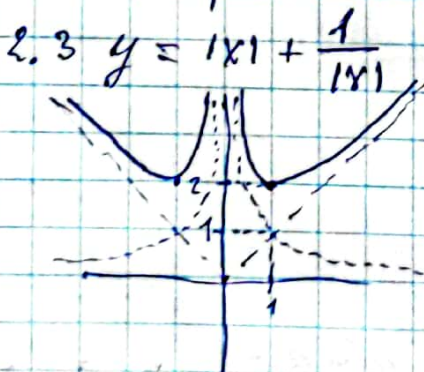


$$\frac{6+x}{x} = 0 \Rightarrow x = -6$$

2.2  $y = \frac{4-x}{2x} = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{4}{2x}$

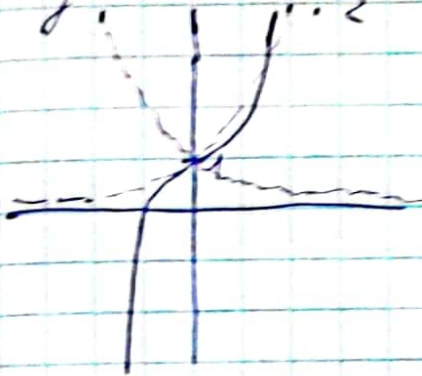


$$\frac{4-x}{2x} = 0 \Rightarrow x = 4$$

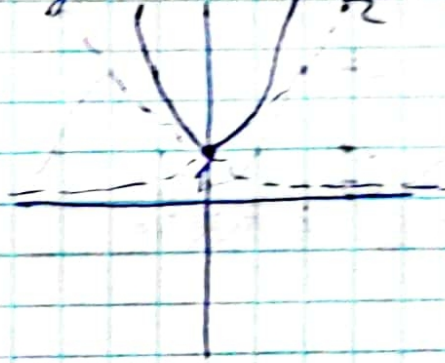




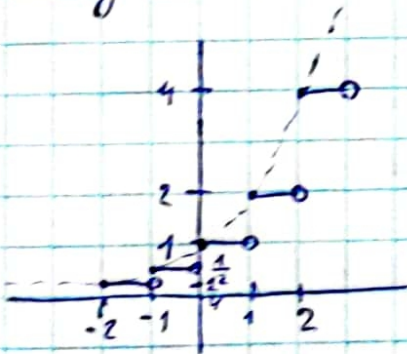
$$2.12 \quad y = \ln x = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$$



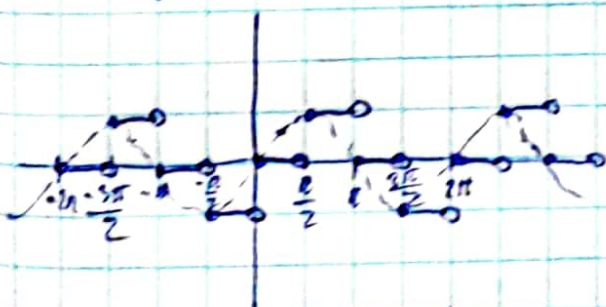
$$2.13 \quad y = \ln x = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$



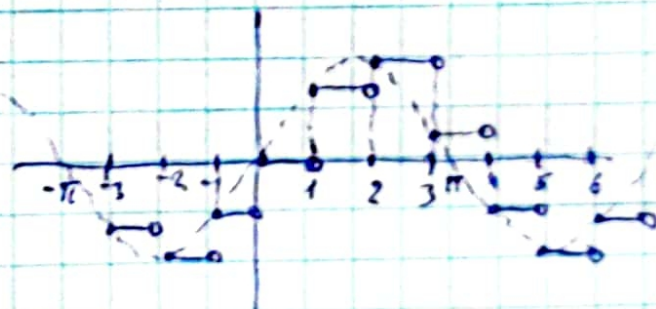
$$2.14 \quad y = [2^x]$$



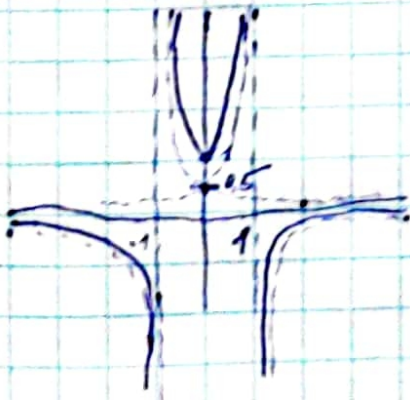
$$2.15 \quad y = [\sin x]$$



$$2.17 \quad y = \sin [x]$$



$$2.20 \quad y = \frac{1}{1-x^2} = \frac{1}{2+2x} + \frac{1}{2-2x}$$



2.25  $y = e^{\sin x}$

