

# Могутна редовна (Рубиневич А.А.)

## Равиант 73

1.  $f(x) = 1+x, x \in [-1, 4]$

$$\Delta x_i = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{5}{n}, x_i = x_0 + i \Delta x_i$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_p(f, \xi_i) &= \frac{5}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \left( -1 + \frac{5i}{n} + 1 \right) = \frac{25}{n^2} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} i = \frac{25}{n^2} \cdot \frac{(n-1) \cdot n}{2} = \\ &= \frac{25(n-1)}{2n} \quad \int_{-1}^4 (1+x) dx = x + \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_{-1}^4 = \frac{25}{2} \end{aligned}$$

2.  $\int_{-5}^5 f(x) dx, f(x) = F'(x), F(x) = 14x - 20$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-5}^5 \frac{d}{dx} (14x - 20) dx &= 4 \int_{-5}^5 \frac{x-5}{1x-5} dx = \left| \begin{matrix} u = x-5 \\ du = dx \end{matrix} \right| = 4 \int_{-10}^0 \frac{u}{1u} du = \\ &= 4 \int_{-10}^0 1 du = 4u \Big|_{-10}^0 = -40 \end{aligned}$$

3.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x} \int_0^x e^t \ln(1+t) dt = \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right]$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{d}{dx} \left( \int_0^x e^t \ln(1+t) dt \right)}{\frac{d}{dx} x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x \ln(1+x) - e^{\sin x} \ln(1+\sin x)}{1} = 0$$

5.  $\int_{-2}^0 x^3 2^x dx$  ?  $\int_0^2 x^3 2^x dx$

$x^3$  - зростатого не парна  $x^3$  на проміжку  $[0; 2]$  =  $x^3$  на проміжку  $[-2; 0]$

$2^x$  - зростатого

$2^x$  на проміжку  $[-2; 0]$  <  $2^x$  на проміжку  $[0; 2]$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-2}^0 x^3 2^x < \int_0^2 x^3 2^x dx$$