ORIE 7191: Optimization for Machine Learning How to Give a Talk

Professor Udell
Operations Research and Information Engineering
Cornell

January 24, 2019

Outline

How to Give a Talk

How to write a review

Homework

Tell a story

- what's the problem?
- preview your result
- what solutions have others tried?
- how does your idea work? and how is it different from previous work?
- gory details / theory / how it works
- applications / experiments / numerical evidence
- ▶ now what?

Inspiration for this meta-talk: Heilmeier Catechism

Heilmeier (DARPA director in 1950's) taught that grant proposals should include:

- ▶ What are you trying to do? Articulate your objectives using absolutely no jargon.
- ► How is it done today, and what are the limits of current practice?
- What is new in your approach and why do you think it will be successful?
- Who cares? If you are successful, what difference will it make?
- ▶ What are the risks? How much will it cost? How long will it take?
- What are the mid-term and final "exams" to check for success?

for a talk, switch all these to the past tense

What's the problem?

kinds of problem

- ► a real problem (whose?)
- ▶ an "open" problem (why does it matter?)

- you'd better "solve" the problem by the end of the talk...
- pictures help grab attention

Preview your result

state your contribution

- so audience understands what you did (and can decide to pay attention or not)
- ▶ maybe a theorem, maybe a picture, maybe in words
- might require introducing some key definitions

- leave caveats for later (but mention now if they're major or minor caveats)
- no one will listen any more if this part is confusing

What solutions have others tried?

why compare to related work?

- shows audience how hard the problem is
- helps audience understand what you did (and what you didn't do)
- keeps your colleagues feeling collegial

- cite all authors by name if ≤ 3 authors
- maybe:
 - use your initial instead of name (eg, Kallus and U 2018)
 - bold your name (eg, Kallus and **Udell** 2018)

How does your idea work?

- this section is usually longest
- divide into subsections to explain parts of your approach
- by the end, the audience understands why your idea works
- use as little technical machinery as possible
- provide intuition

- provide quick high level overview and details
- so non-experts and experts understand how it works
- ▶ imagine the first year PhD student in the audience

Gory details

- now you can impress people and lose them
- make it clear you have technical chops
- make the experts think you're smart
- but none of this matters
- because the audience already understands
- ► the important ideas

- omit this part from a public talk
- possibly also omit from a colloquium
- definitely include in a job talk
- probably include for this class, to build endurance
- you can skip this if your talk is running over

Experiments

- prove that your ideas work
- show that they yield a useful solution
- and that they actually solve the problem

- ask for people to restore their attention (after gory details)
- make experiment slides self-contained
 - state experimental settings, label axes and curves clearly, . . .

Know your audience

imagine your audience

- what do they know already? what will they find surprising?
- often helps to imagine writing the talk for one particular person who you know well
- while giving the talk, look at the person whose face is giving feedback
- (while listening to a talk, be the person giving feedback)

it's ok to lose (some of) your audience

- but you should plan for who you'll lose and when you'll lose them
- generally, everyone should understand everything except for the "gory details"
- ▶ afterwards, tell people when to start paying attention again

Concluding

- state conclusions
- state research directions
- provide references
- ask for questions

Style

technology

- ► LATEX / beamer presentations are common in optimization
- powerpoint / keynote more common in machine learning
- google slides for collaborative development
- theorists can make slides that contain only words, equations, and plots
- systems presentations usually come with fancy pictures and animations

length

- rule of thumb: one minute per slide
- more if there are lots of pictures
- less if there's lots of math to explain
- have sections you can cut easily: gory details, applications
- know at what time you should arrive at each section

Style

words

- brevity is the soul of wit
- don't distract your audience
- use bullets, not paragraphs
- beware of line breaks
- pick a convention and stick to it
 - capitalization, punctuation, phrases vs sentences, etc

equations

- define your terms
- define as little as possible
- use words instead of symbols where possible

Style

animations

must have semantic meaning

delivery

- speak slowly and clearly
- require the audience to ask questions
- show that you're a human (humor, look at audience, ask questions, stop to think)
- get ready for improvisation!

More resources

- scientific writing
- presentations

Outline

How to Give a Talk

How to write a review

Homework

Reviews

five paragraphs

- summarize the paper
- high level (subjective) evaluation
- ► high level criticisms
- detailed line-by-line comments
- summary of review

Summarize the paper

objective description of the paper

- explain the idea of the paper and its contributions
- use your own words (so the authors can learn something!)
- be neutral

High level evaluation

sujective comments on the paper

- ▶ is it well written?
- ▶ is it original or incremental?
- ▶ are the claims supported by theory/experiment?
- who will be interested in these results?

High level criticisms

(more) objective criticisms

- does the approach make sense?
- are there major errors or omissions?
- are the claims supported by evidence?
- provide a suggested fix for every problem you identify
- be polite!

Line by line comments

moving line by line,

- when were you confused?
- were there mistakes in notation, typos, errors, grammatical mistakes?
- were any figures difficult to understand?
- missing references?

Outline

How to Give a Talk

How to write a review

Homework

Homework

- register
- ▶ sign up for slack
- mark 3 papers you'd like to present by midnight Friday on paper selection google doc

Scheduling talks

- ▶ I'll assign paper presentations this weekend
- students will upload their assigned paper to CMT
- students will bid on papers to review