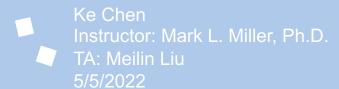
SP22 CS 5004 Final ProjectDRAGON GAME



Contents

- 1 PROJECT DEMO
 - Interface Design
 - ➤ Game Rules

MVC MODE DESIGN

3 CODE DESIGN







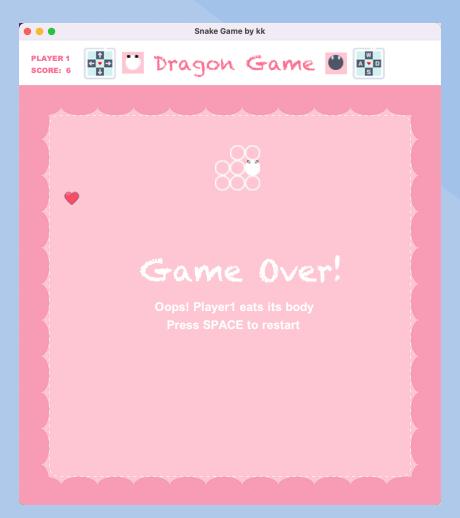
1 → PROJECT DEMO → Interface Design ➤ Game Panel







PROJECT DEMO ► Interface Design ► Game Panel





Let's play the game!



MVC MODE DESIGN

Controller Demo

OptionWindow ()

- display the window for input

GameWindow ()

- display the game window

SnakeGameModel

void paintComponent (Graphics g)

- display the interface, snake and apple

JFrame: frame

OptionView: optionView SnakeGameModel: model

Controller ()

- constructor of controller, create a new OptionWindow void gameStart ()
- create a game view and a game mode, then start it void playerNumListener implements ItemListener ()
- input player number

void difficultyListener implements ItemListener ()

- input difficulty

void StartAction implements ActionListener ()

- ask to display current state of model void keyPressed (KeyEvent e)
- read the keyboard action to controll the snake model

SnakeGame

main (): void

SnakeGameModel.

SnakeGameModel ()

void setUp ()

void snakeMove (List<Coordinate> snake_move, int player) void ifEatBody (List<Coordinate> snake move, int player)

void ifEatApple (List<Coordinate> snake move, int player)

void ifAttack (List<Coordinate> snake move, int player)

void restart ()

void regenApple ()

void actionPerformed (ActionEvent e)

SnakeGameTest

void originalDataTest ()

void directionUpdatedTest ()

void directionListenerTest ()

void ifSnakeEatsAppleTest ()

3 CODE DESIGN

Demo

SnakeGame

main (): void

```
/**
   <Purpose of the file>
 * Author : KK 4/29/2022
* Source code: Snake Game Starter https://northeastern.instructure.com/courses/103018/files/14752164?wrap=1
* This is for demonstrating this snake game.
 * The snake game rules:
* 1. User can choose different difficulty mode : easy or hard.
      Snakes will move faster in hard mode.
 * 2. User can choose number of players : one or two.
      One player's goal is eating more apples (head touches apple) and get more scores. Two players need to compete for the apple.
* 3. Game will be over if the snake's head touches its body.
* 4. The snake will lose the game if it hits another snake.
* 5. User can press SPACE to restart the game if game is over.
 */
public class SnakeGame {
 static GameController game;
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   game = new GameController();
```



Demo

SnakeGame

main (): void

```
/**
 * Constructor of controller
 * it will create a new OptionWindow, which is the View user can input options of the game
 */
public GameController() {
  this.optionView = new OptionView();
```

```
/**
   <Purpose of the file>
 * Author : KK 4/29/2022
* Source code: Snake Game Starter https://northeastern.instructure.com/courses/103018/files/14752164?wrap=1
* This is for demonstrating this snake game.
 * The snake game rules:
 * 1. User can choose different difficulty mode : easy or hard.
      Snakes will move faster in hard mode.
 * 2. User can choose number of players : one or two.
      One player's goal is eating more apples (head touches apple) and get more scores. Two players need to compete for the apple.
 * 3. Game will be over if the snake's head touches its body.
* 4. The snake will lose the game if it hits another snake.
* 5. User can press SPACE to restart the game if game is over.
 */
public class SnakeGame {
 static GameController game;
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   game = new GameController();
```

Controller - ItemListener: read options – pass to the model

```
/**
 *This ItemListener reads the user's choice for difficulty
* It's part of the controller to take and handle input from user, and ask model to mutate depending on inputs.
 */
class difficultyListener implements ItemListener{
 @Override
  public void itemStateChanged(ItemEvent e) {
    if (e.getStateChange() == ItemEvent.SELECTED) {
      System.out.println("Game Difficulty:" + OptionView.difficultyModeBox.getSelectedItem());
     int difficulty = OptionView.difficultyModeBox.getSelectedIndex();
      SnakeGameModel.setDifficulty(difficulty);
   }
 }
/**
 * This ItemListener reads the user's choice for difficulty
* It's part of the controller to take and handle input from user, and ask model to mutate depending on inputs.
 */
class playerNumListener implements ItemListener {
 @Override
  public void itemStateChanged(ItemEvent e) {
   if (e.getStateChange() == ItemEvent.SELECTED) {
      System.out.println("Number of player is:" + OptionView.playerBox.getSelectedIndex());
      int playerNumber = OptionView.playerBox.getSelectedIndex();
      SnakeGameModel.setPlayerNumber(playerNumber);
```

3 CODE DESIGN

Controller - Click Start Button – ActionListner : Call Controller.gameStart

```
/**
  * This ActionListener launch the snake game.
  * It's part of the controller to ask to display current state of model.
  */
class StartAction implements ActionListener {
  public void actionPerformed(final ActionEvent e) {
     SnakeGame.game.gameStart();
  }
}
```

```
/**
  * Once the start button is clicked, the gameStart() will be called
  * It will create a new SnakeGameModel to start the game, and initialize it with the difficulty and player number input from user
  */
public void gameStart(){
    // Create the game view
    this.gameView = new GameView();
    // Create the game model
    model = new SnakeGameModel();
    model.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(OptionView.panelWidth, OptionView.panelHeight));
    gameView.add(model);
    gameView.setTitle("Snake Game by kk");
    gameView.setVisible(true);
    optionView.setVisible(false);
```

3 CODE DESIGN

```
/**
  * This function read the keyboard action, it is used for obtain raw key presses. For this game,
  * the direction will change based on when which key (up/down/left/right) is received from the
  * keyboard,
  * This is part of the Controller of the Snake Game
  * @param e a KeyEvent object
  */
@Override
public void keyPressed(KeyEvent e) {
    System.out.println("Print this if the keyPressed listened");
    int keyCode = e.getKeyCode();
    System.out.println(keyCode);
    model.directionUpdated(keyCode);
}
```

```
Controller - KeyListener - Read Keyboard
```

- Pass it to the model
- Change the direction

```
/**
* Once the keyboard listener in the Controller obtains a keyEvent, it will call this function
* and pass the keyCode into this function to change the direction of snake
 * @param keyCode an integer presents different keyEvent of keyboard
public void directionUpdated(int keyCode){
  if (keyCode == KeyEvent.VK_UP) {
    // up key is pressed
    direction1 = Direction.UP;
 } else if (keyCode == KeyEvent.VK_DOWN) {
    // down
    direction1 = Direction.DOWN;
 } else if (keyCode == KeyEvent.VK_LEFT) {
   // left
    direction1 = Direction.LEFT;
  } else if (keyCode == KeyEvent.VK_RIGHT) {
    // right
    direction1 = Direction.RIGHT;
```



Ideas about OOD:

- MVC
- > C GameController.java
 - GameGameControllerForTest
 - **C** GameView
 - IGameController
 - OptionView
 - **SnakeGame**
 - SnakeGameModel
- Encapsulation

```
/**
  * @return A coordinate which is the apple's location for now
  */
public Coordinate getApple_loc() { return apple_loc; }

/**
  * @return A integer which is the score of player1
  */
public int getScore1() { return score1; }

/**
  * @return A integer which is the score of player2
  */
public int getScore2() { return score2; }
```



Ideas about OOD:

- Polymorphism

```
public interface IGameController {
  void gameStart();
/**
* This is the controller of snake game
*/
public class GameController implements IGameController, ActionListener, KeyListener {
 GameView gameView;
 OptionView optionView;
 SnakeGameModel model;
 /**
 * Constructor of controller just for test
 * it will create a new OptionWindow, which is the View user can input options of the game
 * @param difficulty an integer got from the tester input
  * @param playerNumber an integer got from the tester input
  */
 public GameControllerForTest(int difficulty, int playerNumber) {
  this.optionView = new OptionView();
  this.difficulty = difficulty;
  this.playerNumber = playerNumber;
 }
```



REFLECTION Junit Test

```
@Before
public void setUp() throws Exception {
  controller = new GameControllerForTest( difficulty: 1, playerNumber: 1);
  controller.gameStart();
  model = controller.model;
  robot = new Robot();
}
/**
 * Test for the original data
 */
@Test
public void originalDataTest() {
  Coordinate apple = new Coordinate( x: 200, y: 200);
  assertTrue(apple.equals(model.getApple_loc()));
  assertEquals( expected: 0, model.getScore1());
  assertEquals( expected: 0, model.getScore2());
  assertFalse(model.ifGameOverP1());
  assertFalse(model.ifGameOverP2());
  assertFalse(model.ifAttackP1());
  assertFalse(model.ifAttackP2());
  assertEquals(Direction.UP, model.getDirection1());
}
@Test
public void directionUpdatedTest() throws AWTException, InterruptedException {
  model.directionUpdated(KeyEvent.VK_LEFT);
  assertEquals(Direction.LEFT, model.getDirection1());
  model.directionUpdated(KeyEvent.VK_UP);
  assertEquals(Direction.UP, model.getDirection1());
}
```

REFLECTION Junit Test

```
@Test
public void directionListenerTest() throws AWTException, InterruptedException {
  controller = new GameControllerForTest( difficulty: 1, playerNumber: 1);
 controller.gameStart();
 model = controller.model;
   robot = new Robot();
   robot.keyPress(KeyEvent.VK_LEFT);
     System.out.println(KeyEvent.VK_LEFT);
    try{Thread.sleep(400);} catch (InterruptedException e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
   while(System.nanoTime() < end){</pre>
 Thread.sleep( millis: 200);
 robot.keyRelease(KeyEvent.VK_LEFT);
 Thread.sleep( millis: 200);
  assertEquals(Direction.LEFT, model.getDirection1());
}
```



Tools and Techniques:

- GUI Swing
- KeyListener Control the snake
- ActionListener Click start button
- ItemListener Read ComboBox option

Challenges:

- Separate the Model, View and Controller
- Write the Junit Test

Future Extensions:

- Game rule: put obstacles
- Code: polish organization and Junit Test

• Thank you!