

Exercise Sheet Nr. 12

Topic: Numerical Methods for Solving Partial Differential Eqs.: Finite-Element-Method

Starting point: Variation principle

$$\delta\Pi = 0$$

Discretization of displacement field:

$$u_i^{approx}(x, y, z) = \mathbf{N}_i(x, y, z)\mathbf{u}_i$$

$$\mathbf{N}(x, y, z) := \text{Interpolation matrix}$$

$$\mathbf{u} := \text{Node displacements}$$

Discretization, distortion and stress fields (small distortions, linear elasticity):

$$\varepsilon_i = \frac{1}{2} \left(\nabla u_i^{approx} + (\nabla u_i^{approx})^T \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\nabla \mathbf{N}_i \mathbf{u}_i + (\nabla \mathbf{N}_i \mathbf{u}_i)^T \right) := \mathbf{B}_i \mathbf{u}_i$$

$$\sigma_i = \mathbf{C}_i \varepsilon_i = \mathbf{C}_i \mathbf{B}_i \mathbf{u}_i$$

Calculation of the element stiffness

$$\mathbf{K}_i = \int_V \mathbf{B}_i^T \mathbf{C}_i \mathbf{B}_i dV$$

Transferring the element stiffness \mathbf{K}_i (local KOS!) in global stiffness matrix \mathbf{K}_{Ges} (global KOS!).
System equation for the special case of static:

$$\mathbf{f} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{f}_a \\ \mathbf{f}_b \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{K}_{Ges}^{11} & \mathbf{K}_{Ges}^{12} \\ \mathbf{K}_{Ges}^{21} & \mathbf{K}_{Ges}^{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{u}_a \\ \mathbf{u}_b \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{K}_{Ges} \mathbf{u}$$

\mathbf{u}_a := known displacement boundary conditions
 \mathbf{f}_a := unknown reaction forces
 \mathbf{u}_b := unknown displacements
 \mathbf{f}_b := known external forces acting

Solving the system equation

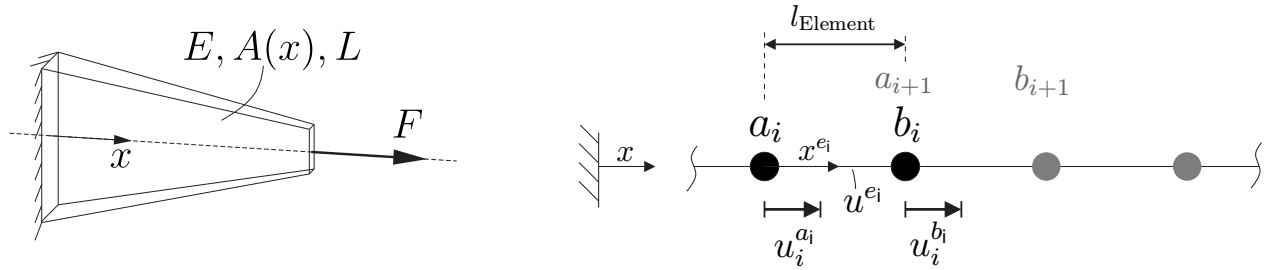
$$\mathbf{K}_{Ges}^{22} \mathbf{u}_b = \left(\mathbf{f}_b - \mathbf{K}_{Ges}^{21} \mathbf{u}_a \right)$$

$$\mathbf{f}_a = \mathbf{K}_{Ges}^{11} \mathbf{u}_a + \mathbf{K}_{Ges}^{12} \mathbf{u}_b$$

Exercise 1

– homework –

Matlabfile: fem_Bearbeitungsfile.m



A cantilever bar with conic rectangular cross-section (left figure) is given. The following data are given:

$$F = 20 \text{ [kN]}$$

$$E = 70 \text{ [GPa]}$$

$$L = 1 \text{ [m]}$$

$$A(x) = 0.001 - 0.0009x \text{ [m}^2\text{]}$$

1. Write a system of differential equation for $u(x)$ as a function of the given parameter using Hooke's law $\sigma(x) = E\varepsilon(x)$ for small strains. Determine all the required boundary conditions.
2. Solve the differential equation using an appropriate Matlab-solver.
3. The structure is discretized by the first-order linear elements with the nodes a_i and b_i (right figure). The node a_i and b_i is shifted by $u_i^{a_i}$ and $u_i^{b_i}$. Set up an appropriate approach for the displacement $u^{e_i}(x^{e_i})$ for the i th element. Define the interpolation matrix $\mathbf{N}(x^{e_i})$, such that $u^{e_i}(x^{e_i}) = \mathbf{N}(x^{e_i})\mathbf{u}$. The total number of elements M can be chosen freely. Furthermore, the function of area $A(x)$ must be discretized. Calculate an averaged area for each element using the end points $A_i = \frac{A_{i,a_i} + A_{i,b_i}}{2}$.
4. Determine the matrices $\mathbf{B}(x^{e_i})$ and \mathbf{C} which derived from the discretized strain $\varepsilon_i(x^{e_i}) = \mathbf{B}(x^{e_i})\mathbf{u}$ and the stress $\sigma_i(x^{e_i}) = \mathbf{C}\mathbf{B}(x^{e_i})\mathbf{u}$ for the i th element.
5. Find the stiffness matrix $\mathbf{K}_i = \int_0^{V_i} \mathbf{B}^T(x^{e_i})\mathbf{C}\mathbf{B}(x^{e_i}) dV$ for the i th element.
6. Find the total stiffness matrix

$$\mathbf{K}_{Ges} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{K}_1^{a_1a_1} & \mathbf{K}_1^{a_1b_1} & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \mathbf{K}_1^{b_1a_1} & \mathbf{K}_1^{b_1b_1} + \mathbf{K}_2^{a_2a_2} & \mathbf{K}_2^{a_2b_2} & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & \mathbf{K}_2^{b_2a_2} & \mathbf{K}_2^{b_2b_2} + \mathbf{K}_3^{a_3a_3} & \dots & \\ \vdots & & & \ddots & \\ 0 & & \dots & & \mathbf{K}_M^{b_Mb_M} \end{pmatrix}$$

with $\mathbf{K}_i = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{K}_i^{a_ia_i} & \mathbf{K}_i^{a_ib_i} \\ \mathbf{K}_i^{b_ia_i} & \mathbf{K}_i^{b_ib_i} \end{pmatrix}$ for $i = 1 \dots M$ elements.

7. Determine the displacement vector $\mathbf{u} = (\mathbf{u}_a \ \mathbf{u}_b)^T$ and force vector $\mathbf{f} = (\mathbf{f}_a \ \mathbf{f}_b)^T$ the vector components \mathbf{u}_a and \mathbf{f}_b , where \mathbf{u}_a the known displacement boundary conditions, \mathbf{f}_a the corresponding unknown reaction forces, \mathbf{u}_b the unknown displacements and \mathbf{f}_b die known acting external forces.
8. Calculate the unknown vectors \mathbf{u}_b and \mathbf{f}_a . What is the displacement $u(x = L)$? Finally, describe the displacement and the stress diagram for the exact solution (subtask 2) and for

the FEM solution over the length of the bar graphically. Adapt the number of element M for the FEM so that your FEM solution agrees well with the exact solution.

Hint: Use the *Matlab* command *stairs()* instead of *plot()* in order to represent the stress.