

## Experiment 1

**Aim:** To solve various arithmetic problems on debug.

**Prerequisites:** Windows 7 or Virtual machine in which Windows 7-32 bit version.(Only when the system is not windows 7 32 bit.)

### Theory:

The line-oriented debugger is an external command in operating systems such as DOS, OS/2 and Windows (only in 16-bit/32-bit versions). DEBUG can act as an assembler, disassembler, or hex dump program allowing users to interactively examine memory contents (in assembly language). The use of debug command is used to look at portions of your computer and write assembly code to perform certain tasks like arithmetic operations on your computer. We are able to add, subtract, multiply and divide by just writing the code in 3-4 lines. When we want to start writing a program we should insert -a. Then start the code by assigning the values to ax and bx, then we need to mention the operation and finally end with int 21h. While displaying, we just need to input the command called -t. The changes are seen whenever the command -t is runned. We need to enter the -t command till it completes the execution of each line.

**Output:****1) Addition of two 8-bit numbers.**

```

-a
073F:0100 mov ax,12
073F:0103 mov bx,13
073F:0106 add ax,bx
073F:0108 int 20h
073F:010A
-t

AX=0012 BX=0000 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0103  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0103 BB1300      MOV     BX,0013
-t

AX=0012 BX=0013 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0106  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0106 01DB      ADD     AX,BX
-t

AX=0025 BX=0013 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0108  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0108 CD20      INT     20

```

**2) Subtraction of two 8 bits numbers.**

```

-a
073F:0100 mov ax,2111
073F:0103 mov bx,1000
073F:0106 add ax,bx
073F:0108 int 20h
073F:010A t
          ^ Error
073F:010A
-t

AX=2111 BX=0000 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0103  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0103 BB0010      MOV     BX,1000
-t

AX=2111 BX=1000 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0106  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0106 01DB      ADD     AX,BX
-t

AX=3111 BX=1000 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0108  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PE NC
073F:0108 CD20      INT     20

```

**3) Addition of two 16-bit numbers.**

```

-a
073F:0100 mov ax,01
073F:0103 mov bx,03
073F:0106 sub ax,bx
073F:0108 int 20h
073F:010A
-t

AX=0001 BX=0000 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0103  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0103 BB0300          MOV     BX,0003
-t

AX=0001 BX=0003 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0106  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0106 29D8          SUB     AX,BX
-t

AX=FFFE BX=0003 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0108  NU UP EI NG NZ AC PO CY
073F:0108 CD20          INT     20

```

#### 4) Subtraction of two 16-bit numbers.

```

-a
073F:0100 mov ax,D004
073F:0103 mov bx,A002
073F:0106 sub ax,bx
073F:0108 int 20h
073F:010A
-t

AX=D004 BX=0000 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0103  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0103 BB02A0          MOV     BX,A002
-t

AX=D004 BX=A002 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0106  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0106 29D8          SUB     AX,BX
-t

AX=3002 BX=A002 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0108  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0108 CD20          INT     20

```

#### 5) Multiplication of two 8-bit numbers.

```

-a
073F:0100 mov ax,12
073F:0103 mov bx,5
073F:0106 mul ax,bx
073F:0108 int 20h
073F:010A
-t
AX=0012 BX=0000 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0103  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0103 BB0500          MOV     BX,0005
-
-t
AX=0012 BX=0005 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0106  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0106 F7E0          MUL     AX
-
-t
AX=0144 BX=0005 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0108  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0108 CD20          INT     20
-

```

## 6) Multiplication of one 16-bit number with one 8-bit number.

```

-a
073F:0100 mov ax,A002
073F:0103 mov bx,0011
^ Error
073F:0103 mov bx,0011
073F:0106 mul ax,bx
073F:0108 int 20h
073F:010A
-t
AX=A002 BX=0000 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0103  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0103 BB1100          MOV     BX,0011
-
-t
AX=A002 BX=0011 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0106  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0106 F7E0          MUL     AX
-
-t
AX=8004 BX=0011 CX=0000 DX=6402 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0108  OU UP EI PL NZ NA PO CY
073F:0108 CD20          INT     20
-

```

## 7) Division of one 16-bit number with one 8-bit number.

```

-a
073F:0100 mov ax,A120
073F:0103 mov bx,0060
073F:0106 div ax,bx
073F:0108 int 20h
073F:010A
-t
AX=A120 BX=0000 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0103  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0103 BB6000          MOV     BX,0060
-t
AX=A120 BX=0060 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0106  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0106 F7F0          DIV     AX
-t
AX=0001 BX=0060 CX=0000 DX=0000 SP=00FD BP=0000 SI=0000 DI=0000
DS=073F ES=073F SS=073F CS=073F IP=0108  NU UP EI PL NZ NA PO NC
073F:0108 CD20          INT     20

```

### Conclusion:

Debug helps us to write assembly programs in an ordered manner. We are able to implement arithmetic problems using debug. We just need to learn some commands that are needed to implement programs in debug. So with debug we are able to learn to write and run assembly programs easily.