

Q.11

1 copy

Let x_1 be the no of units of type A belt to be mfgd x_2 be the no of units of type B belt to be mfgd

$$\text{Max: } - 4x_1 + 3x_2 = Z$$

$$\text{S.T: } 2x_1 + x_2 \leq 1000 \text{ (time)}$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 800 \text{ (leather)}$$

$$x_1 \leq 400 \text{ (Buckle type 1)}$$

$$x_2 \leq 700 \text{ (Buckle type 2)}$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

(1.5 marks)

Qualitative Description

A company manufactures two varieties of leather belts. A & B. The unit profit each company realises by selling one unit of belt is Rs 4 and Rs. 3 respectively. Each unit of belt A requires a unique buckle, maximum of 400 units of the same are available. Each unit of belt B requires a buckle, the maximum supply available for the same is 700 units. The belts are manufactured in a common production process that shares labour and leather. Each unit of belt A requires 2 units of labour & one unit of leather, while each unit of belt B requires one unit of labour & one unit of leather. The maximum supply of labour & leather are 1000 units & 800 units respectively. Formulate the problem to maximize profits.

(1.5 marks)

Q.12

(a) RHS Sensitivity analysis of Machine hours

Slack variable representing machine hours = S_3

original resource value = 52

Δ	S_3^*	+ve ratio	-ve ratio
11	$-\frac{1}{4}$	-	-44
8	-2	-	-4
2	$\frac{1}{2}$	4	-

$$LB = 52 - 4 = 48$$

$$UB = 52 + 4 = 56$$

permissible decrease = 4 hrs

The maintenance people can take 4 hours to repair the m/c.

(0.5 marks)

(b) slack variable that representing Labour S_2
original resource value = 40

Q_i^*	S_2^*	<u>+</u> ve ratio	<u>-</u> ve ratio
11	0	10	
8	1	8	
2	0	∞	

$$LB = 40 - 8 = 32$$

permissible decrease = 8 hrs

one day off can be given to workers

(1.5 marks)

Q13

Profit/unit	Basis	x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	s_3	s_4	CR
3	x_2	200	0	1	0	-2	0	-100
0	s_2	200	0	0	-1	1	0	200
4	x_1	400	1	0	0	1	0	400
		500	0	0	-1	2	1	250
0	s_4						4	
	$[Z_j]$	$[2000]$	4	3	0	-2	4	
	$[Z_j - C_j]$		0	0	-3	+2	-4	

← out going variable

↑ Incoming Variable

(01 Mark)

Profit/unit	Basis	x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	s_3	s_4
3	x_2	600	0	-1	2	0	0
		200	0	-1	1	1	0
0	s_3	200	1	0	-1	0	0
4	x_1	100	0	0	1	-2	0
0	s_4						0
	$[Z_j]$	$[2600]$	4	3	1	2	0
	$[Z_j - C_j]$		0	0	-1	-2	0

∴ All $[Z_j - C_j]$ values are either 0 or -ve, the solution is optimal

(02 Marks)

Q.15

Slack variable representing Raw material $\Rightarrow S_1$

θ^*	S_1^*	+ve ratio	-ve ratio
175	1	175	—
300	0	—	—
375	0	—	—

original value = 2500

$$\text{Lower bound} = 2500 - 175 = 2325$$

$$\text{Upper bound} = \infty$$

(1.5 marks)

No of units to be Scrapped = 500

Alternate available from regular vendor = 200

$$\text{Net shortage of RM} = 500 - 200 = \underline{\underline{300}}$$

Permissible decrease = 175

*

*

Additional units needed to maintain the pre determined production plan = 125 units

(1.5 marks)

Q.14

Let x_1 be the no of units of product A to be mfged

x_2 be the no of units of product B to be mfged

x_3 be the no of units of product C to be mfged

$$\text{Max: } Z = 90x_1 + 40x_2 + 30x_3$$

$$\text{s.t: } 6x_1 + 5x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 5000 \text{ (RM P)}$$

$$4x_1 + 7x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 6000 \text{ (RM Q)}$$

$$x_1 + \frac{x_2}{2} + \frac{x_3}{3} \leq 1600 \text{ (Mfg time)}$$

$$x_1: x_2: x_3 = 3: 4: 5; \frac{x_1}{3} = \frac{x_2}{4}; \frac{x_2}{4} = \frac{x_3}{5} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} 4x_1 - 3x_2 &= 0 \\ 5x_2 - 4x_3 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$x_1 \geq 300; x_2 \geq 250; x_3 \geq 200$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

8/6

	1	2	3	4	5	DUMMY	Dem
A	2 75	3 75	4	4	M	0	850
B	4	M 30	3 180	6 90	6	0	300
C	6	7 240	8	M	5 210	0	450
Supply	75	345	180	90	210	700	

$m+n-1=8$ - Solution is non degenerate

$Z=7185$ - (ASSUME $M=100$)

(Formulation & generation of basic feasible Solution 3 marks)

8/7

optimizing the above solution

II transportation table

$Z=4275$

$m+n-1=8$ Solⁿ is non-degenerate.

(01 mark)

III - transportation table

$Z=3315$

$m+n-1=8$, Solⁿ is non-degenerate

(01 mark)

Final transportation table

	1	2	3	4	5	DUMMY	Dem
A	2 75	3 345	4 180	4 90	M 210	0 310	850
B	4 75	M 30	3 180	6 90	6 210	0 120	300
C	6 75	7 240	8 180	M 90	5 210	0 240	450
Supply	75	345	180	90	210	700	

$Z=3135$

Solution is optimal
(02 marks)

18

P A A S T

A	85	75	65	125	75
B	90	78	66	132	78
C	75	66	57	114	69
D	80	72	60	120	72
E	76	64	56	112	68

(1.5 marks)

total opp lost Matrix



2	2	0	4	<u>0</u>
6	4	<u>0</u>	10	2
<u>0</u>	1	0	1	2
2	4	0	4	2
2	<u>0</u>	0	0	2

(0.5 marks)

2	2	2	4	<u>0</u>
4	2	<u>0</u>	8	0
<u>0</u>	1	2	1	2
0	2	0	2	0
0	<u>0</u>	0	0	2

No line

2	1	2	3	<u>0</u>
4	1	<u>0</u>	7	0
0	0	2	<u>0</u>	2
<u>0</u>	1	0	2	0
3	<u>0</u>	3	0	3

(0.1 mark)

A → T - 75

B → R - 66

C → S - 114

D → P - 80

E → A - 64

399

(0.5 marks)