

# PIZZA BOXCAR





# WELCOME TO PIZZA BOXCAR

We are a pizza boxcar serving delicious pizza via the food truck way, we are ready to go around to deliver and serve pizza for you lovers!

Hello all and in this project I have used sql queries to solve the problems related to pizza sales







## RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM  
    orders;
```

Result Grid	
	total_orders
▶	21350



# CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES

SELECT

ROUND(SUM(orders\_details.quantity \* pizzas.price),  
2) AS total\_sales

FROM

orders\_details

JOIN

pizzas ON pizzas.pizza\_id = orders\_details.pizza\_id;

Result Grid

	total_sales
▶	817860.05



# IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.

```
SELECT
  pizzas.size,
  COUNT(orders_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
  pizzas
  JOIN
  orders_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

Result Grid			Filter
	size	order_count	
▶	L	18526	
	M	15385	
	S	14137	
	XL	544	
	XXL	28	





# IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	price	
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95	



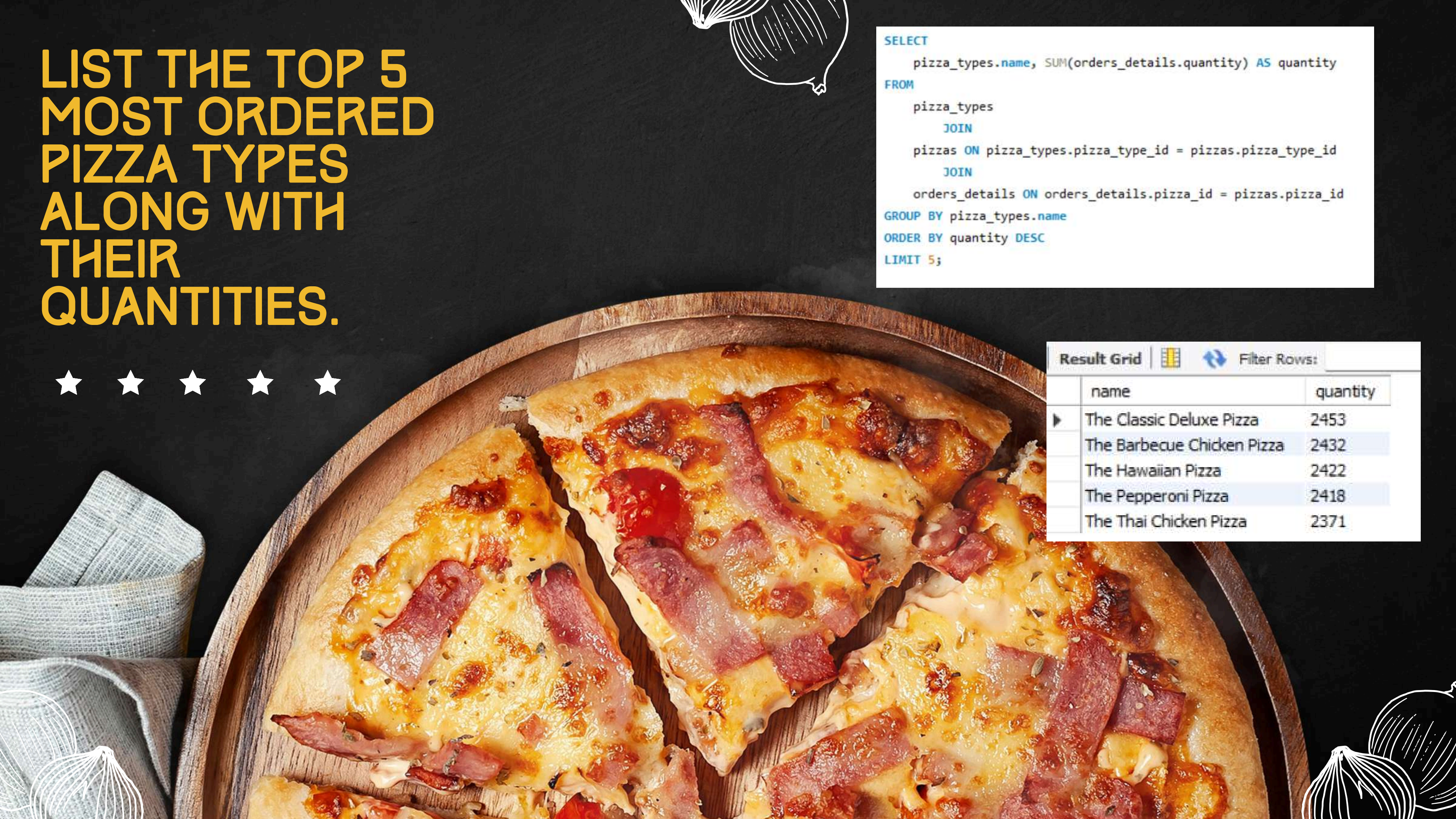


# LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.



```
SELECT
  pizza_types.name, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
  pizza_types
  JOIN
  pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
  JOIN
  orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	quantity	
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418	
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371	





# DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.

```
SELECT
    HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS coder_count
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

Result Grid

	hour	coder_count
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009



JOIN THE NECESSARY  
TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL  
QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA  
CATEGORY ORDERED.



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows
	category	quantity	
▶	Classic	14888	
	Supreme	11987	
	Veggie	11649	
	Chicken	11050	







JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO  
FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE  
DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

```
select category, count(name) from pizza_types  
group by category;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	category	count(name)	
▶	Chicken	6	
	Classic	8	
	Supreme	9	
	Veggie	9	



GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND  
CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER  
OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.

```
SELECT  
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0)  
FROM  
    (SELECT  
        orders.order_date, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity  
    FROM  
        orders  
    JOIN orders_details ON orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id  
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows
	ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0)	
▶	138	







# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	revenue	
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	





# CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.

```
select pizza_types.category,  
(sum(orders_details.quantity*pizzas.price) / (select round(sum(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price), 2) as total_sales  
from orders_details join pizzas on pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id) )*100 as revenue  
from pizza_types join pizzas  
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
join orders_details  
on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
group by pizza_types.category order by revenue desc;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	category	revenue	
▶	Classic	26.90596025566967	
	Supreme	25.45631126009862	
	Chicken	23.955137556847287	
	Veggie	23.682590927384577	







# ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
select order_date,  
sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue  
from  
(select orders.order_date,  
sum(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue  
from orders_details join pizzas  
on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
join orders  
on orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id  
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	order_date	cum_revenue	
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004	
	2015-01-02	5445.75	
	2015-01-03	8108.15	
	2015-01-04	9863.6	
	2015-01-05	11929.55	
	2015-01-06	14358.5	
	2015-01-07	16560.7	
	2015-01-08	19399.05	
	2015-01-09	21526.4	



# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.

```
(select category, name , revenue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
sum((orders_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join orders_details
on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn <=3
limit 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	revenue	
►	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	

