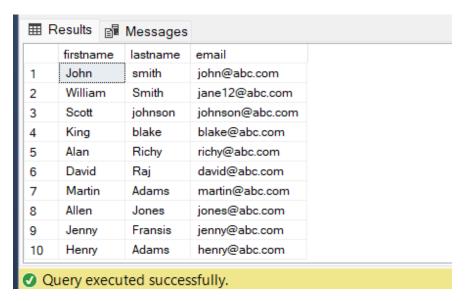
# TASKS 2: SELECT, WHERE, BETWEEN, AND, LIKE

1. Write an SQL query to retrieve the names and emails of all customers.

```
--Tasks 2: Select, Where, Between, AND, LIKE:
--1.SQL query to retrieve the names and emails of all customers.
select firstname, lastname, email from Customers
```

# **OUTPUT**:



2. Write an SQL query to list all orders with their order dates and corresponding customer names.

select orderdate, firstname, lastname from Orders join Customers on Orders.customerid=Customers.CustomerID

### **OUTPUT**:

	orderdate	firstname	lastname
1	2025-03-01	John	smith
2	2025-03-05	William	Smith
3	2025-03-07	Scott	johnson
4	2025-03-10	King	blake
5	2025-03-12	Alan	Richy
6	2025-03-15	David	Raj
7	2025-03-18	Martin	Adams
8	2025-03-20	Allen	Jones
9	2025-03-22	Jenny	Fransis
10	2025-03-25	Henry	Adams

Query executed successfully.

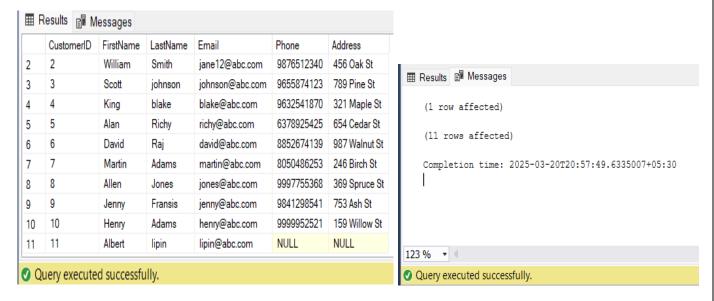
3. Write an SQL query to insert a new customer record into the "Customers" table. Include customer information such as name, email, and address.

```
insert into Customers (CustomerID, firstname, lastname, Email)

values(11, 'Albert', 'lipin', 'lipin@abc.com')

select * from Customers
```

### **OUTPUT:**



4. Write an SQL query to update the prices of all electronic gadgets in the "Products" table by increasing them by 10%.

```
update Products set price= (price+(0.1*price))
```

# **OUTPUT**:

Before update

⊞R	esults 🗐 Mes	ssages	
	ProductName	Price	
1	Laptop	7500	
2	Smartphone	5000	
3	Headphones	1000	
4	Smartwatch	2000	
5	Tablet	3000	
6	Keyboard	500	
7	Mouse	300	
8	Monitor	4000	
9	Router	1200	
10	External SSD	1500	
<b>y</b> Qı	uery executed	success	sfully.

After update

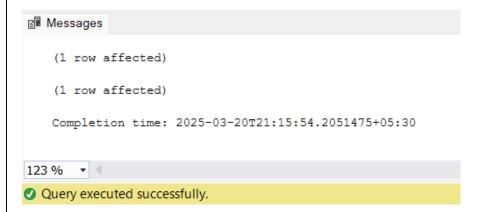
ш н	esults 📳 Mes	ssages
	ProductName	Price
1	Laptop	8250
2	Smartphone	5500
3	Headphones	1100
4	Smartwatch	2200
5	Tablet	3300
6	Keyboard	550
7	Mouse	330
8	Monitor	4400
9	Router	1320
10	External SSD	1650

Query executed successfully.

5. Write an SQL query to delete a specific order and its associated order details from the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables. Allow users to input the order ID as a parameter.

delete from OrderDetails where OrderID=9
delete from Orders where OrderID=9

#### **OUTPUT:**



6. Write an SQL query to insert a new order into the "Orders" table. Include the customer ID, order date, and any other necessary information.

insert into Orders(OrderID, CustomerID, OrderDate,TotalAmount)
| values(11,5,'2025-02-23', 3000)

# **OUTPUT**:

⊞R	Results 🔓	Messages		
	OrderID	CustomerID	OrderDate	TotalAmount
1	1	1	2025-03-01	8500
2	2	2	2025-03-05	5000
3	3	3	2025-03-07	2000
4	4	4	2025-03-10	6000
5	5	5	2025-03-12	7500
6	6	6	2025-03-15	10000
7	7	7	2025-03-18	4000
8	8	8	2025-03-20	1500
9	10	10	2025-03-25	4500
10	11	5	2025-02-23	3000

# Query executed successfully.

(1 row affected)

Completion time: 2025-03-20T21:21:28.4635873+05:30

123 % • Query executed successfully.

7. Write an SQL query to update the contact information (e.g., email and address) of a specific customer in the "Customers" table. Allow users to input the customer ID and new contact information.

update Customers set email='king@abc.com',address='321 apple st' where customerid=4

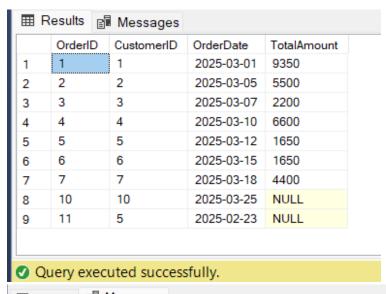
### **OUTPUT:**



8. Write an SQL query to recalculate and update the total cost of each order in the "Orders" table based on the prices and quantities in the "OrderDetails" table.

```
jupdate Orders set TotalAmount = (select sum(OrderDetails.Quantity * Products.Price)
from OrderDetails
join Products on OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID
where OrderDetails.OrderID = Orders.OrderID)
```

#### **OUTPUT:**





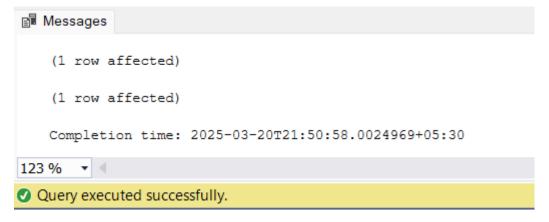
Ouerv executed successfully

123 % 🔻 🖪

9. Write an SQL query to delete all orders and their associated order details for a specific customer from the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables. Allow users to input the customer ID as a parameter.

```
DELETE FROM OrderDetails
WHERE OrderID IN (SELECT OrderID FROM Orders WHERE CustomerID = 8)
DELETE FROM Orders WHERE CustomerID = 8
```

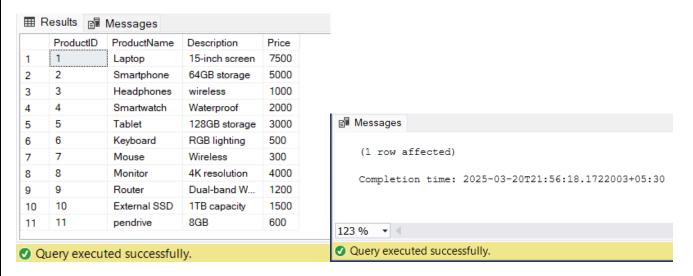
#### **OUTPUT:**



10. Write an SQL query to insert a new electronic gadget product into the "Products" table, including product name, category, price, and any other relevant details.

```
insert into Products(ProductID, ProductName, Description, Price) VALUES (11, 'pendrive', '8GB',600)
```

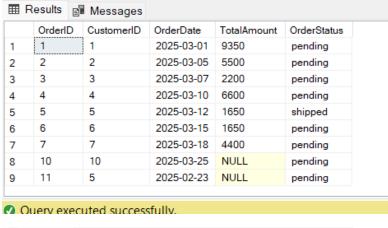
## **OUTPUT**:



11. Write an SQL query to update the status of a specific order in the "Orders" table (e.g., from "Pending" to "Shipped"). Allow users to input the order ID and the new status.

```
alter table Orders add OrderStatus varchar(10) default 'pending'
update Orders set OrderStatus = 'shipped' where OrderID=5
```

### **OUTPUT:**





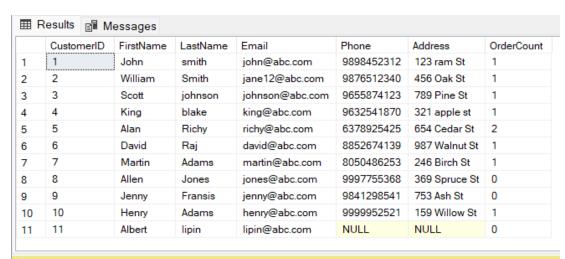
12. Write an SQL query to calculate and update the number of orders placed by each customer in the "Customers" table based on the data in the "Orders" table.

alter table Customers add OrderCount int default 0

∃update Customers set

OrderCount = (select count(\*) from Orders where Orders.CustomerID = Customers.CustomerID)

# **OUTPUT:**



#### Query executed successfully.

