

ASSIGNMENT-4

1. Given an integer n , return the number of strings of length n that consist only of vowels (a, e, i, o, u) and are lexicographically sorted. A string s is lexicographically sorted if for all valid i , $s[i]$ is the same as or comes before $s[i+1]$ in the alphabet.

Test Cases: 1. Input: $n = 1$ Output: 5

Explanation: The 5 sorted strings that consist of vowels only are ["a", "e", "i", "o", "u"]. 2. Input: $n = 2$ Output: 15

Explanation: The 15 sorted strings that consist of vowels only are ["aa", "ae", "ai", "ao", "au", "ee", "ei", "eo", "eu", "ii", "io", "iu", "oo", "ou", "uu"]. Note that "ea" is not a valid string since 'e' comes after 'a' in the alphabet.

3. Input: $n = 33$ Output: 66045

4. $n = -5$ 5. $n = 10$

Python code for this question:

```
def countVowelStrings(n):
    dp = [[1] * 5 for _ in range(n)]

    for i in range(1, n):
        for j in range(5):
            dp[i][j] = sum(dp[i-1][j:])

    return sum(dp[-1])

print(countVowelStrings(2)) # Output: 15
```

```
Output Clear  
15  
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

2. Given two binary strings a and b, return their sum as a binary string. • a and b consist only of '0' or '1' characters. • Each string does not contain leading zeros except for the zero itself.

Test cases: 1. Input: a = "11", b = "1" Output: "100"

2. Input: a = "1010", b = "1011" Output: "10101"

3. a = "1111", b = "1010"

4. a = "101101", b = "1100"

5. a = "1011" b = "1111"

Python code for this question:

```
def addBinary(a, b):  
    return bin(int(a, 2) + int(b, 2))[2:]  
print(addBinary("11", "1"))  
print(addBinary("1010", "1011"))
```

```
Output Clear
100
10101

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

3. Basic Calculator II Given a string *s* which represents an expression, evaluate this expression and return its value. The integer division should truncate toward zero. You may assume that the given expression is always valid. All intermediate results will be in the range of $[-2^{31}, 2^{31} - 1]$. • *s* consists of integers and operators ('+', '-', '*', '/') separated by some number of spaces. • *s* represents a valid expression. • All the integers in the expression are non-negative integers in the range $[0, 2^{31} - 1]$. The answer is guaranteed to fit in a 32-bit integer.

Note: You are not allowed to use any built-in function which evaluates strings as mathematical expressions, such as `eval()`.

Test cases: 1.Input: *s* = "3+2*2" Output: 7

2.Input: *s* = " 3/2 " Output: 1

3.Input: *s* = " 3+5 / 2 " Output: 5

4.*s* = "-1+5" 5.*s* = "2+3+5"

Python code for this question:

Class solution:

```
def calculate(s: str) -> int:
```

```
    s = s.replace(" ", "")
```

```
    stack = []
```

```
    num = 0
```

```
    sign = '+'
```

```
    for i, char in enumerate(s):
```

```

if char.isdigit():
    num = num * 10 + int(char)
if (not char.isdigit() and char != ' ') or i == len(s) - 1:
    if sign == '+':
        stack.append(num)
    elif sign == '-':
        stack.append(-num)
    elif sign == '*':
        stack[-1] = stack[-1] * num
    elif sign == '/':
        stack[-1] = int(stack[-1] / num)
    sign = char
    num = 0
return sum(stack)

```

```

s1="3+2*2"
s2="3/2"
print(solution().calculate(s1))
print(solution().calculate(s2))

```

Output

Clear

```

7
1

=== Code Execution Successful ===

```

4. Raju, has again started troubling people in your city. The people have turned on to you for getting rid of Raju. Raju presents to you a number consisting of numbers from 0 to 9 characters. He wants you to reverse it from the final answer such that the number becomes Mirror number.

A Mirror is a number which equals its reverse. The hope of people are on you so you have to solve the riddle. You have to tell if some number exists which you would reverse to convert the number into Mirror

Sample input: Enter the number: 123456

Sample output: Mirror image: 654321

Test cases: 1. Sell123

2. 5489236

3. Abc-abc

4. %\$\$\$\$^&

5. -123456

Python code for this question:

```
def find_mirror_number(number):  
    reversed_number = int(str(number)[::-1])  
    if number == reversed_number:  
        return True  
    else:  
        return False
```

```
number = 123456  
is_mirror = find_mirror_number(number)  
if is_mirror:  
    print(f'Mirror image: {number}')  
else:  
    print("No mirror number found.")
```

```
Output Clear  
No mirror number found.  
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

5. Write a python function called matches that takes two strings as arguments and returns how many matches there are between the strings. A match is where the two strings have the same character at the same index.

Test Cases: 1. Input: s1= "what" s2= "watch" Output: 1

2. Input: s1= " ran" s2= "van"

3. Input : s1 = " rain" s2 = " turn"

4. Input : s1 = " python" s2 = "py"

5. Input: s1= "man" s2= "women"

Python code for this question:

```
def matches(s1, s2):  
    count = 0  
    min_len = min(len(s1), len(s2))  
  
    for i in range(min_len):  
        if s1[i] == s2[i]:  
            count += 1  
  
    return count  
  
print(matches("what", "watch"))  
print(matches("python", "py"))
```

Output

Clear

1

2

=== Code Execution Successful ===