

Java String class methods

The `java.lang.String` class provides a lot of methods to work on strings. Using these methods, we can perform operations on strings such as trimming, comparing, replacing strings etc.

Java String is a powerful concept because everything is treated as a string in window based, web based or mobile application.

Let's see the important methods of String class.

Java String `toUpperCase()` and `toLowerCase()` methods

The `java String toUpperCase()` method converts this string into uppercase and `toLowerCase()` method into lowercase letter.

```
String s="Sachin";  
System.out.println(s.toUpperCase());//SACHIN  
System.out.println(s.toLowerCase());//sachin  
System.out.println(s);//Sachin(no change in original)
```

Test it Now

```
SACHIN  
sachin  
Sachin
```

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any form

nd string

Java String trim() method

The string trim() method eliminates white spaces before and after string.

```
String s=" Sachin ";  
System.out.println(s);// Sachin  
System.out.println(s.trim());//Sachin
```

Test it Now

```
Sachin  
Sachin
```

Java String startsWith() and endsWith() method

```
String s="Sachin";  
System.out.println(s.startsWith("Sa"));//true  
System.out.println(s.endsWith("n"));//true
```

Test it Now

```
true  
true
```

Java String charAt() method

The string `charAt()` method returns a character at specified index.

```
String s="Sachin";  
System.out.println(s.charAt(0));//S  
System.out.println(s.charAt(3));//h
```

Test it Now

```
S  
h
```

Java String `length()` method

The string `length()` method returns length of the string.

```
String s="Sachin";  
System.out.println(s.length());//6
```

Test it Now

```
6
```

Java String `intern()` method

A pool of strings, initially empty, is maintained privately by the class `String`.

When the `intern` method is invoked, if the pool already contains a string equal to this `String` object as determined by the `equals(Object)` method, then the string from the pool is returned. Otherwise, this `String` object is added to the pool and a reference to this `String` object is returned.

```
String s=new String("Sachin");  
String s2=s.intern();  
System.out.println(s2);//Sachin
```

Test it Now

```
Sachin
```

Java String `valueOf()` method

The string `valueOf()` method converts given type such as `int`, `long`, `float`, `double`, `boolean`, `char` and `char array` into string.

```
int a=10;  
String s=String.valueOf(a);  
System.out.println(s+10);
```

Output:

```
1010
```

Java String `replace()` method

The string `replace()` method replaces all occurrence of first sequence of character with second sequence of character.

```
String s1="Java is a programming language. Java is a platform. Java is an Island.";  
String replaceString=s1.replace("Java","Kava");//replaces all occurrences of "Java" to "Kava"  
System.out.println(replaceString);
```

Output:

```
Kava is a programming language. Kava is a platform. Kava is an Island.
```

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