

Introduction

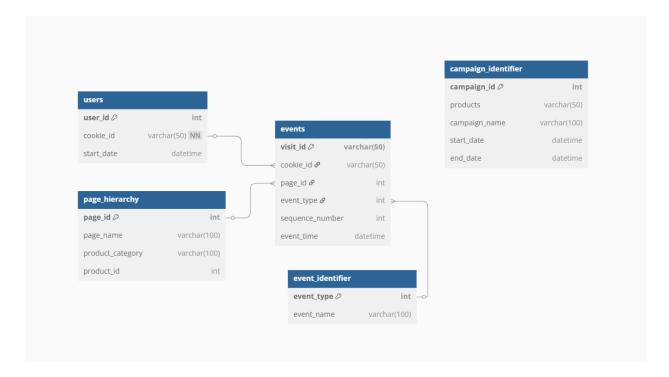
Clique Bait is not like your regular online seafood store - the founder and CEO Keerthi, was also a part of a digital data analytics team and wanted to expand his knowledge into the seafood industry!

In this case study - you are required to support Keerthi's vision and analyse his dataset and come up with creative solutions to calculate funnel fallout rates for the Clique Bait online store.

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Schema: ER Diagram

1. Enterprise Relationship Diagram



2. Digital Analysis

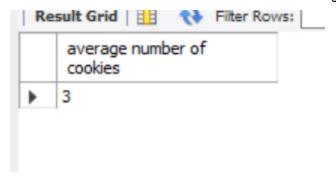
1. How many users are there?

- To find total number of users we need to count select distinct users from users table
- Code

select count(distinct user_id)as `Total number of users` from
clique_bait.users;

2. How many cookies does each user have on average?

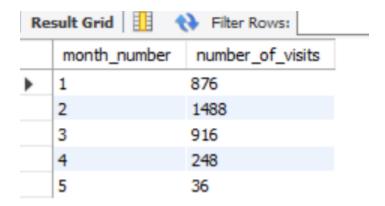
 To find average cookies each user has, we need to first find the total number of cookies each user has and then find avq



• Code

3. What is the unique number of visits by all users per month?

 events table consists all the logs generated for each visit there will be unique visit_id that gets generated so, our job is to count how many unique visit_ids are generated for each month

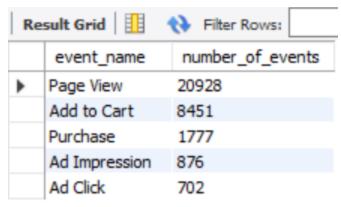


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Code

4. What is the number of events for each event type?

 event table consists of all the logs/events generated in website throughout its life line join event and event_identifier to know type of event and we group on event_type/event_name aggregate the count() to know number of events



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• <u>Code</u>

```
ed.event_name,
count(*) as `number_of_events`
from clique_bait.events e, clique_bait.event_identifier ed
where e.event_type = ed.event_type
group by event_name;
```

•

5. What is the percentage of visits which have a purchase event?

- events table contains only event type but to understand what is that event we need to join with event_identifier table
- To solve this problem
 - o we should know whether purchase is done in a visit or not
 - So, we need to know weather, purchase event is generated in visit or not
- for this, we will group on each visit, then we can find weather, it contains purchase event or not

```
purchase_event_percent

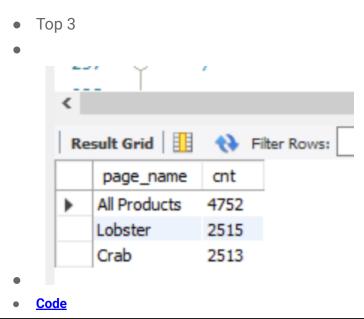
49.86
```

•

• Code

```
)
select
round((sum(purchased_or_not=1)/count(visit_id))*100 , 2) as
`purchase_event_percent`
from cte;
```

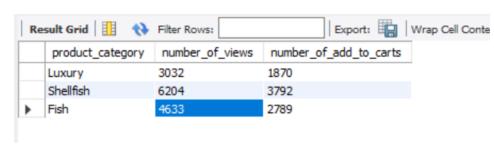
- 6. What is the percentage of visits which view the checkout page but do not have a purchase event?
- 7. What are the top 3 pages by number of views?



```
with cte as (
        select page_id as id , count(*) as cnt from clique_bait.events
        group by page_id
        order by cnt
        desc
        limit 3
)
select page_name , cnt
from cte , clique_bait.page_hierarchy p
where cte.id = p.page_id;
```

8. What is the number of views and cart adds for each product category?

Number of views



Code

```
select
    p.product_category,
    sum(case when event_name = 'Page View' then 1 else 0 end) as
`number_of_views`,
    sum(event_name = 'Add to Cart') as `number_of_add_to_carts`
from
    clique_bait.events e , clique_bait.page_hierarchy p,
clique_bait.event_identifier ed
where
    e.page_id = p.page_id and
    e.event_type = ed.event_type and
    product_category is not null
group by product_category;
```

9. What are the top 3 products by purchases?

Top 3

	product_id	product_category	page_name	purchases
٠	7	Shellfish	Lobster	754
	9	Shellfish	Oyster	726
	8	Shellfish	Crab	719

•

• Code

```
with cte as (
           select
                 ed.event_name,
                 p.product_id,
                 p.page_name,
                 p.product_category,
                      case
                            when event_name = 'Purchase'
                            over (partition by visit_id ) as
 purchased`
           from
                 clique_bait.events e,
                 clique_bait.event_identifier ed,
                 clique_bait.page_hierarchy p
           where
                 e.event_type= ed.event_type and
                 e.page_id = p.page_id
product_id ,
product_category,
page_name,
count(*) as `purchases`
from cte
where
```

```
event_name = 'Add to Cart' and
    purchased = 1
group by product_id,product_category,page_name
order by purchases desc
limit 3;
```

3. Product Funnel Analysis

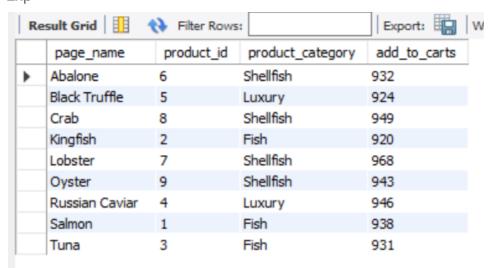
For this part,

```
with cte as (
select
ed.event_name,
p.page_name,
p.product_category,
p.product_id
from events e, event_identifier ed, page_hierarchy p
where e.event_type = ed.event_type and e.page_id = p.page_id
),
cte2 as (
     select page_name,
    product id,
    product_category,
    case when event_name = 'Add to Cart' then visit_id end as
 cart id`,
    case when event name = 'Page View' then visit id end as `viewed`
    from cte
    where product id is not null
),
cte3 as (
select visit_id as `purchased_visit_id`
from cte
where event_name = 'Purchase'
```

```
select
cte2.page_name,
    cte2.product_id,
    product_category,
COUNT(DISTINCT cte2.viewed) AS `views`,
COUNT(DISTINCT cte2.cart_id) AS `add_to_carts`,
COUNT(distinct cte3.purchased visit id) AS `purchases`,
count(DISTINCT cte2.cart_id) - COUNT(distinct
cte3.purchased_visit_id) as `Abandoned`
from
cte2
left join cte3 on cte2.cart_id = cte3.purchased_visit_id
group by
cte2.page_name,
    product id,
    product_category;
```

1. How many times was each product added to cart?

Exp

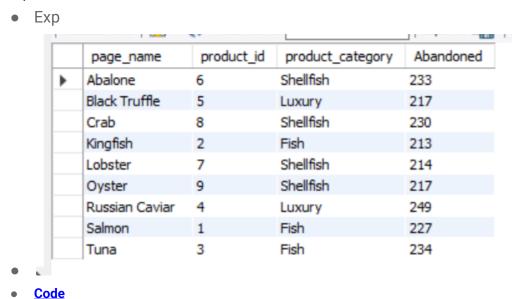


Code

select

page_name , product_id , product_category , add_to_carts
from clique_bait_reporting.product_info;

2. How many times was each product added to a cart but not purchased (abandoned)?

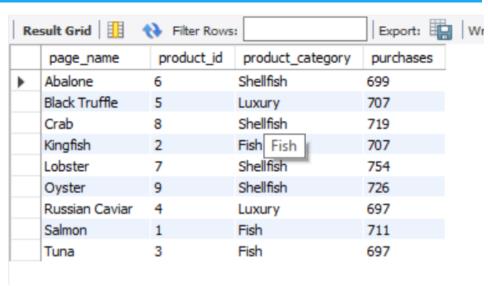


select

page_name , product_id , product_category , Abandoned
from clique_bait_reporting.product_info;

3. How many times was each product purchased?

Exp



• <u>Code</u>

select

page_name , product_id , product_category , purchases
from clique_bait_reporting.product_info;



4. Which product had the most views, cart adds and purchases?

Exp

page_name product_id product_category views add_to_carts purchases Abandoned

Oyster 9 Shellfish 1568 943 726 217

Code

select * from clique_bait_reporting.product_info
order by views desc, add_to_carts desc , purchases desc
limit 1;

5. Which product was most likely to be abandoned?

Exp

	page_name	product_id	product_category	views	add_to_carts	purchases	Abandoned
•	Russian Caviar	4	Luxury	1563	946	697	249

Code

```
select * from clique_bait_reporting.product_info
order by Abandoned desc
limit 1;
```

6. Which product had the highest view to purchase percentage?

Exp



Code

```
select page_name, product_category,
round((purchases/views)*100 , 2) as `views_to_purchases_ratio`
from clique_bait_reporting.product_info
order by views_to_purchases_ratio desc
limit 1;
```

7. What is the average conversion rate from view to cart add?

Exp



• Code

```
with cte as (
        select page_name , product_category,
        round((add_to_carts/views)*100 , 2) as `views_to_add_cart_ratio`
        from clique_bait_reporting.product_info
)
select avg(views_to_add_cart_ratio) as `average_conversion_rate` from cte;
```

8. What is the average conversion rate from cart add to purchase?

```
average_conversion_rate

75.928889
```

• Code

```
with cte as (
        select page_name , product_category,
        round((purchases/add_to_carts)*100 , 2) as
`add_cart_ratio_to_purchases`
        from clique_bait_reporting.product_info
)
select avg(add_cart_ratio_to_purchases) as `average_conversion_rate`
from cte;
```

4. Campaigns Analysis

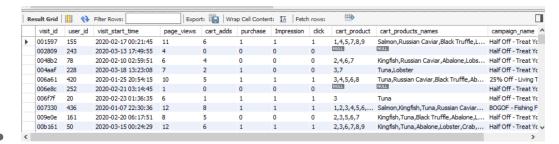
Generate a table that has 1 single row for every unique visit_id record and has the following

columns:

- user_id
- visit_id
- visit_start_time: the earliest event_time for each visit
- page_views: count of page views for each visit
- cart_adds: count of product cart add events for each visit
- purchase: 1/0 flag if a purchase event exists for each visit
- campaign_name: map the visit to a campaign if the visit_start_time falls between

the start_date and end_date

- · impression: count of ad impressions for each visit
- click: count of ad clicks for each visit
- (Optional column) cart_products: a comma separated text value with products added to the cart sorted by the order they were added to the cart (hint: use the sequence_number)
 - Exp



Code

```
with cte as (
           select
           visit_id,
           user_id,
           min(event_time) as `visit_start_time`,
           count( distinct page_id) as `page_views`,
           sum(event_name = 'Add to Cart') as `cart_adds`,
           max(case when (event_name = 'Purchase') then 1 else 0 end)
as `purchase`,
           sum(case when (event_name = 'Ad Impression') then 1 else 0
end) as `Impression`,
           sum(event_name = 'Ad Click') as `click`,
           group_concat(
                case when (event_name = 'Add to Cart') then
product_id end
                order by sequence_number
                ) as `cart_product`,
           group_concat(
```

5. Insights

- Half Off Treat Your Shellf(ish) has most visits
- Total visits are 3536
- Visits that purchased are 1777
 - Percentage: 49.86%
- Total visits that has no purchase event are 1759
 - 256 (7.2%) of total visits ended at Oyster page
- On average a user visited at least 3 times

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5. Report

