09 - Dictionary

Ex. No. : 9.1 Date: 2/6/24

Register No.: 231401051 Name:B.Keerthna

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Uncommon words

A sentence is a string of single-space separated words where each word consists only of lowercase letters. A word is uncommon if it appears exactly once in one of the sentences, and does not appear in the other sentence.

Given two sentences s1 and s2, return a list of all the uncommon words. You may return the answer in any order.

Example 1:

Input: s1 = "this apple is sweet", s2 = "this apple is sour"

Output: ["sweet", "sour"] Example

2:

Input: s1 = "apple apple", s2 = "banana"

Output: ["banana"]

Constraints:

1 <= s1.length, s2.length <= 200 s1 and s2 consist of

lowercase English letters and spaces.

s1 and s2 do not have leading or trailing spaces.

All the words in s1 and s2 are separated by a single space.

Note:

Use dictionary to solve the problem ${\bf For}$

example:

0120022270	
Input	Result
this apple is sweet this apple is sour	sweet sour

Program: a=input().split() b=input().split() c1,c2,l={},{},[] for i in a:

$$c1[i]=c1.get(i,0)+1$$
 for j in b:

w,c in c1.items():

if(c==1 and w not in b):

l.append(w) for w,c

in c2.items(): if(c==1

and w not in a):

l.append(w) print(*l)

Output:

this apple is sweet sweet sour sweet sour
this apple is sweet sweet sour this apple is sour
✓ apple apple banana banana banana
d all tests! ✓

Ex. No. : 9.2 Date: 2/6/24

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Sort Dictionary by Values Summation

Give a dictionary with value lists, sort the keys by summation of values in value list.

Input: test_dict = $\{ Gfg' : [6, 7, 4], best' : [7, 6, 5] \}$

Output: {'Gfg': 17, 'best': 18}

 $\textbf{Explanation}: Sorted \ by \ sum, \ and \ replaced.$

 $Input : test_dict = \{ Gfg' : [8,8], best' : [5,5] \}$

Output: {'best': 10, 'Gfg': 16}

Explanation: Sorted by sum, and replaced.

Sample Input:

2

Gfg 6 7 4

Best 7 6 5

Sample Output

Gfg 17

Best 18

For example:

Input	Result
2 Gfg 6 7 4 Best 7 6 5	Gfg 17 Best 18

Program:

a=int(input()) d={} for i

in range(a):

b=input()

b=b.partition(" ")

d[b[0]]=b[-1].split(" ")

n=list(d.values())

k=list(d.keys())

```
for i in range(len(n)):
s=0 for j in
range(len(n[i])):
s+=int(n[i][j])
  d.update({k[i]:s})
l=list(d.items())
if(l[0][1]<l[1][1]):
for k,v in d.items():
print(k,v) else: j=1
for k,v in d.items():
if(j==1):
k1,v1=k,v
                 j+=1
else:
print(k,v)
print(k1,v1)
```

Ex. No. : 9.3 Date: 2/6/24

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Winner of Election

Given an array of names of candidates in an election. A candidate name in the array represents a vote cast to the candidate. Print the name of candidates received Max vote. If there is tie, print a lexicographically smaller name.

Examples:

Output: John

We have four Candidates with name as 'John', 'Johnny', 'jamie', 'jackie'. The candidates John and Johny get maximum votes. Since John is alphabetically smaller, we print it. Use dictionary to solve the above problem

Sample Input:

10

John

John

Johny

Jamie

Jamie

Johny

Jack

Johny

Johny

Jackie

Sample Output:

Johny

For example:

Input	Result
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John John Johny Jamie Jamie Johny Jack	Johny
Input	Result
Johny Johny	

```
Program:
n = int(input())

votes = {}

for _ in range(n):
    candidate = input()
    votes[candidate] = votes.get(candidate, 0) + 1

max_votes = max(votes.values())
max_candidates = [candidate for candidate, count in votes.items() if count == max_votes]

print(min(max_candidates))
```

10	Expected		
John Johny Jamie Jamie Johny Jack Johny Johny Jackie	Johny	Johny	•
6 Ida Ida Ida Kiruba Kiruba Kiruba	Ida	Ida	~

Ex. No. : 9.4 Date: 2/6/24

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Student Record

Create a student dictionary for n students with the student name as key and their test mark assignment mark and lab mark as values. Do the following computations and display the result.

- 1. Identify the student with the highest average score
- 2. Identify the student who as the highest Assignment marks
- 3.Identify the student with the Lowest lab marks
- 4. Identify the student with the lowest average score Note:

If more than one student has the same score display all the student names

```
Sample input:
4
James 67 89 56
Lalith 89 45 45
Ram 89 89 89
Sita 70 70 70
Sample Output:
Ram
James Ram
Lalith
Lalith
Program:
n = int(input()) max_average = float('-inf')
min_average = float('inf') max_assignment =
float('-inf') min_lab = float('inf')
max_average_students = []
max_assignment_students = []
min_lab_students = [] min_average_students
= \prod for _ in range(n):
                       name, test,
assignment, lab = input().split()
                                 test =
int(test)
  assignment = int(assignment)
  lab = int(lab)
                  average = (test +
assignment + lab) / 3
                       if average >
max_average:
                  max_average =
             max average students =
average
[name]
         elif average == max_average:
    max_average_students.append(name)
if average < min average:
min_average = average
min_average_students = [name]
                                  elif
```

average == min_average:

if assignment > max_assignment:
 max_assignment = assignment

max_assignment_students = [name] assignment == max_assignment:

max_assignment_students.append(name)

min_average_students.append(name)

if

```
lab < min_lab: min_lab = lab
min_lab_students = [name] elif lab ==
min_lab:
    min_lab_students.append(name)
print(*sorted(max_average_students))
print(*sorted(max_assignment_students)) print(*sorted(min_lab_students))
print(*sorted(min_average_students))</pre>
```

Ex. No. : 9.5 Date: 2/6/24

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Scramble Score

In the game of ScrabbleTM, each letter has points associated with it. The total score of a word is the sum of the scores of its letters. More common letters are worth fewer points while less common letters are worth more points.

Write a program that computes and displays the ScrabbleTM score for a word. Create a dictionary that maps from letters to point values. Then use the dictionary to compute the score.

A Scrabble[™] board includes some squares that multiply the value of a letter or the value of an entire word. We will ignore these squares in this exercise.

The points associated with each letter are shown below:

Points Letters

1 A, E, I, L, N, O, R, S, T and U

2 D and G

3 B, C, M and P

4 F, H, V, W and Y

5 K

8 J and X

10 Q and Z

Sample Input

REC

Sample Output

REC is worth 5 points.

Program:

```
letter_scores = {
    'A': 1, 'E': 1, 'I': 1, 'L': 1, 'N': 1, 'O': 1, 'R': 1, 'S': 1, 'T': 1, 'U': 1,
    'D': 2, 'G': 2,
    'B': 3, 'C': 3, 'M': 3, 'P': 3,
    'F': 4, 'H': 4, 'V': 4, 'W': 4, 'Y': 4,
```

```
'K': 5,
'J': 8, 'X': 8,
'Q': 10, 'Z': 10

}
word = input().upper() score =
sum(letter_scores.get(letter, 0) for letter in word)
print(word,"is worth",score,"points.")
```

