

Crickonomics: The Moneyball Strategy for IPL

1. ABSTRACT

This project applies the Moneyball philosophy to the Indian Premier League (IPL) by using data analytics to replace intuition-driven player selection. Player performance and value were evaluated using statistical modeling, machine learning, and Monte Carlo simulations. The results show that a team built from undervalued players can achieve competitive performance at a significantly lower cost, demonstrating the effectiveness of data-driven decision-making in professional sports.

2. INTRODUCTION

In the Indian Premier League (IPL), players are acquired through a highly competitive auction system where franchises bid within a fixed salary cap. While this process aims to ensure fairness, player selection is often influenced by reputation, recent form, and bidding dynamics rather than objective performance value, leading to inefficient spending. This project addresses this problem by applying data analytics to evaluate player performance and cost-effectiveness, enabling the construction of a competitive IPL team built on undervalued talent rather than intuition.

3. METHOD / PROCESS

- Player Rating:** Batting, bowling, and fielding data were processed to engineer role-specific T20 performance features, and Principal Component Analysis (PCA) was applied to generate balanced player ratings while minimizing bias from volume-based statistics.
- Price Estimation Pre-Auction & :** Historical auction data was modeled using machine-learning techniques to predict expected player prices and identify undervalued, cost-efficient talent. Three core players were pre-signed with pre-determined prices as per IPL rules.
- Monte Carlo Simulation:** The final squad was evaluated using a Monte Carlo simulation of one million IPL seasons to estimate probabilistic outcomes such as wins, playoff qualification, and championship success.

4. RESULTS

- Team Composition:** The final squad was assembled at an estimated total cost of ₹94.65 Crores, remaining well below the IPL salary cap of ₹120 Crores, while maintaining balanced coverage across all playing roles.
- Simulation Outcomes:** Monte Carlo simulations of 1,000,000 IPL seasons showed that the data-driven team achieved an average of 14.6 league points, with a 39.57% probability of playoff qualification and a 10.44% probability of winning the championship.
- Performance Insight:** Despite being composed largely of undervalued and unsold players, the analytically selected team performed on par with established franchises, outperforming several traditional teams in both playoff qualification and title probability.

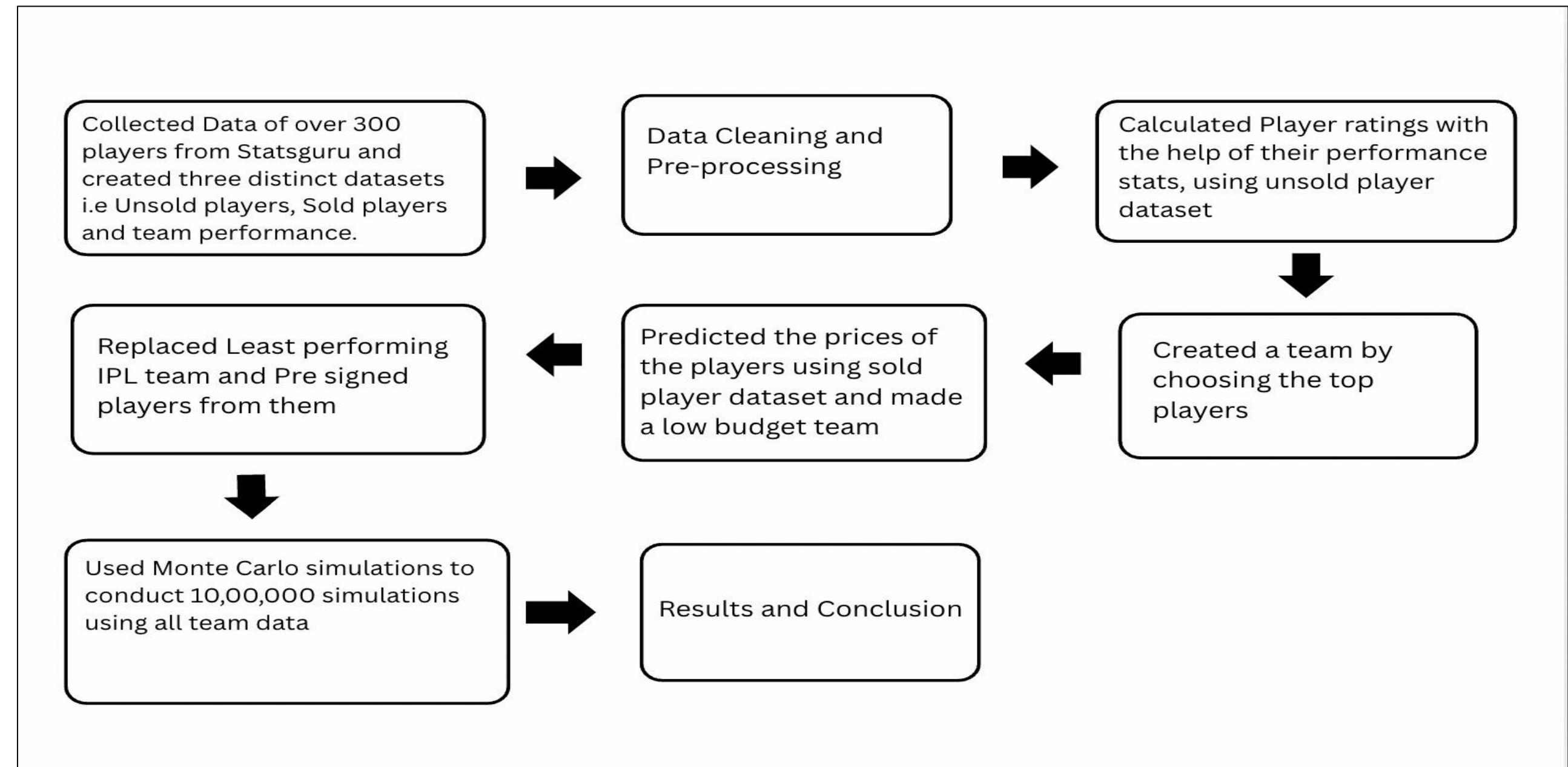


Image 01: Flow of the project

Role	Feature	Formula	PCA Weight
Batting	Hard Hitter	(Fours*4 + Sixes*6) / Balls_faced	0.167 (16.7%)
	Finisher	NO / Bat_inns	0.158 (15.8%)
	Fast Scorer	Strike Rate	0.173 (17.3%)
	Consistent	Batting Average	0.166 (16.6%)
	Boundary Frequency	(Fours + Sixes) / Balls_faced	0.168 (16.8%)
Bowling	Innings Builder	Runs_scored / Bat_inns	0.169 (16.9%)
	Economy	Econ (The raw economy rate)	0.173 (17.3%)
	Wicket Taker	1 / Bowling Avg	0.155 (15.5%)
	Strike Bowler	1 / Bowl_sr	0.193 (19.3%)
	Pressure Builder	1 / Econ	0.173 (17.3%)
Fielding	Consistent Bowler	Wickets / Bowl_inns	0.183 (18.3%)
	Big Wicket Potential	(4 + 5) / Bowl_inns	0.122 (12.2%)
	Dismissals Per Inning	Dismissal / Matches	0.588 (58.8%)
Fielding	Wicket Keeping Bonus	Stumps / Matches (for wicket-keepers)	0.412 (41.2%)

Image 02: PCA With Feature Engineering and its Weights

FINAL COMPARISON		
Model	R ² Score	RMSE
XGBoost	0.4486	₹15,806,301.64
KNN	0.5310	₹14,577,825.24
RandomForest	0.4505	₹15,779,684.44

BEST MODEL: KNN (R²: 0.5310)

Image 03: Comparison of Price Estimation Algorithms

Player Name	Role	Predicted Price
1 Devdutt Padikkal	Batter	₹ 5,42,08,226
2 Prithvi Shaw	Batter	₹ 1,19,76,736
3 Mayank Agarwal	Batter	₹ 3,85,99,829
4 Anmolpreet Singh	Batter	₹ 2,39,41,040
5 Daryl Mitchell	All-Rounder	₹ 4,49,10,976
6 K.S Bharat	Wicket-Keeper	₹ 1,21,04,808
7 Dewald Brevis	Batter	₹ 83,47,995
8 Shardul Thakur	Bowler	₹ 8,36,31,187
9 Krishnappa Gowtham	Bowler	₹ 5,54,14,217
10 Ashton Turner	All-Rounder	₹ 4,75,20,384
11 Tom Curran	All-Rounder	₹ 3,90,48,130
12 Utkarsh Singh	Bowler	₹ 45,22,789
13 Yash Dhull	Batter	₹ 96,69,612
14 Luvnith Sisodia	Wicket-Keeper	₹ 53,29,149
15 Matthew Short	Batter	₹ 1,01,32,302
16 Jimmy Neesham	Bowler	₹ 2,28,16,917
17 Keemo Paul	Bowler	₹ 3,43,16,591
18 Jofra Archer	Bowler	₹ 12,00,00,000
19 Riyan Parag	All-Rounder	₹ 12,00,00,000
20 Yashasvi jaiswal	Batter	₹ 20,00,00,000
Total Price =		₹ 94,64,90,888

Image 04: Final Team Draft After Price Estimation

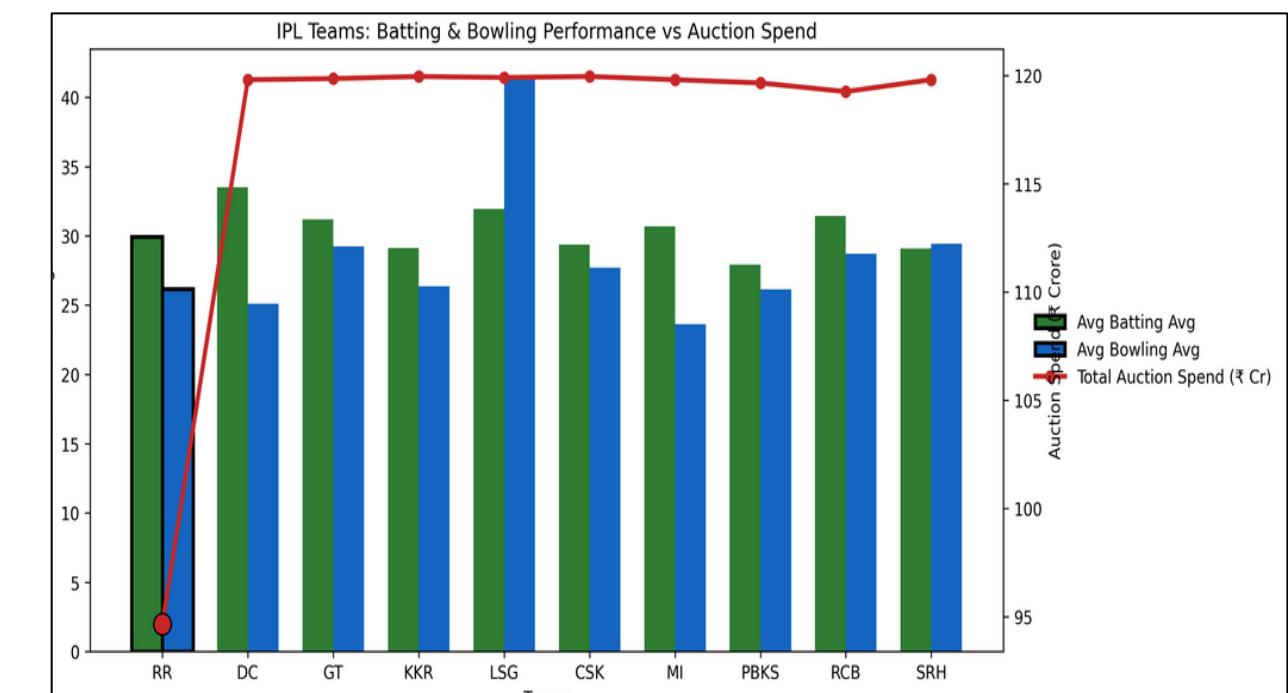


Image 05: Team Performance V/S Auction Spend

CHAMPIONSHIP PROBABILITIES:			
Team	Championship Wins	Win %	
MI	137,254	13.73%	
DC	134,391	13.44%	
LSG	110,233	11.02%	
RR	104,401	10.44%	
GT	103,636	10.36%	
PBKS	92,918	9.29%	
CSK	90,912	9.09%	
KKR	88,654	8.87%	
RCB	80,210	8.02%	
SRH	57,391	5.74%	

Image 06: Championship Probabilities

5. CONCLUSION

This project demonstrates that a data-driven, Moneyball-inspired approach can improve IPL team selection by replacing intuition with objective analytics. Using engineered performance metrics, PCA-based player ratings, and machine-learning price estimation, the framework identifies undervalued players who deliver strong impact at lower cost. A Monte Carlo simulation of one million IPL seasons shows that the analytically constructed team, built at approximately ₹94.65 Cr, achieves competitive performance with playoff and championship probabilities comparable to established franchises, highlighting the practical value of analytics in professional sports management.

REFERENCES

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