Designing Indexes to Organize Tables



Gail Shaw
TECHNICAL LEAD

@SQLintheWild http://sqlinthewild.co.za



Agenda



Introducing clustered indexes
Clustered index debate

Guidelines



Introducing Clustered Indexes



Index which defines the physical storage of the table

One per table only



Clustered Index Debate

Create the clustered index to organise the table

Create the clustered index on the most frequent access path



Guidelines for Organising the Table

Narrow Unique **Unchanging Ever-increasing**



Narrow

A larger index key causes more overhead

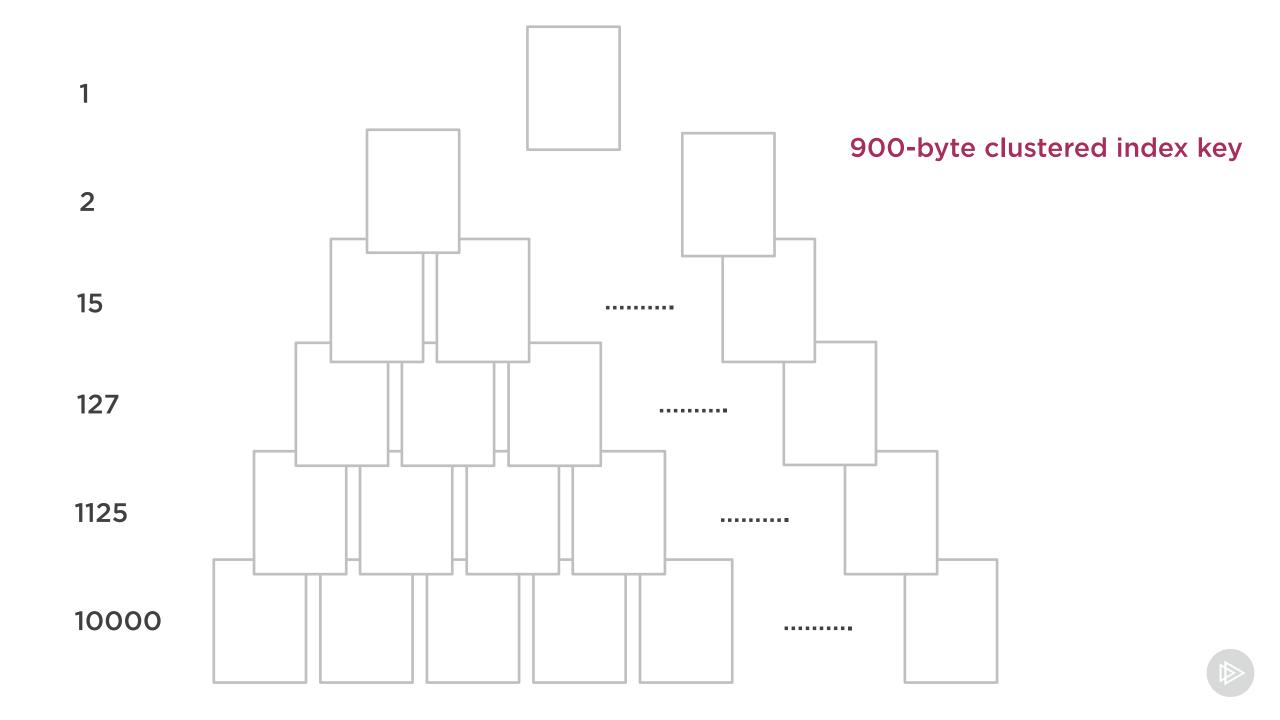
May result in a deeper index tree

Clustered index key is used as a "row address" in all other indexes



4-byte clustered index key 10000





Unique

The clustered index key has to be unique as it is used as a row's "address"

If it's not created as UNIQUE, then an extra hidden column is added

This hidden column is a 4-byte integer



Unchanging

The clustered index key defines where a row is found within the index

If the key changes, the update has to be split into a delete-insert pair

Can also cause page splits and partially empty pages

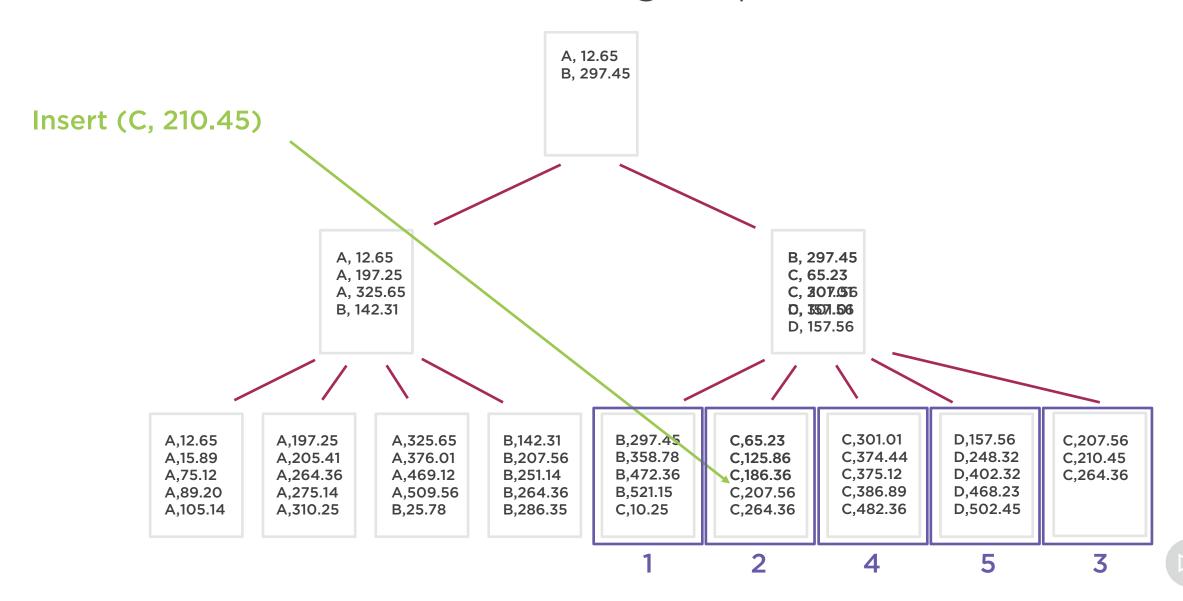


Ever-increasing

Inserts into random places within the index cause page splits, which are slow



What's a Page Split?



Demo



Clustered index key guidelines and trade-offs



Clustered Index Trade-Offs

Organise the table

Table is as small as it can be

Minimal page splits

Less overhead on updates

Need additional nonclustered indexes

Support queries

Table may take up more space than necessary

Potentially problematic page splits on inserts and updates

Clustered index can support queries using a frequent access path



Compromise

Go for an index key that supports some queries while satisfying some guidelines

Good example is a date column in a transactional table



Dates in transactional tables

8-12 bytes in most cases

Transaction dates should be unchanging

Transaction dates are usually increasing in value

Such tables often queried by date



Summary



What clustered indexes are

Clustered index debate and guidelines

