```
In [1]:
          import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import seaborn as sns
          from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
In [2]:
         cab_df = pd.read_csv('Cab_Data.csv')
         city df = pd.read csv('City.csv')
         cust df = pd.read csv('Customer ID.csv')
          trans df = pd.read csv('Transaction ID.csv')
In [3]:
         cab df.head()
         cab df.shape
         (359392, 7)
Out[3]:
In [4]:
         city df
         city df['City'].nunique()
Out[4]:
 In [5]:
          cust df
         cust df.shape
         (49171, 4)
Out[5]:
In [6]:
          trans df.head()
         trans df.shape
         (440098, 3)
Out[6]:
In [7]:
         cab df['City'].nunique()
Out[7]:
In [8]:
         city df.nunique()
                        20
         City
Out[8]:
         Population
                        20
         Users
                        20
         dtype: int64
In [9]:
         cab df.shape
         (359392, 7)
Out[9]:
In [10]:
          cab df["Date of Travel"] = pd.to datetime(cab df['Date of Travel'], origin='1899-12-30',
In [11]:
          cab df.head()
```

```
Out[11]:
             Transaction ID Date of Travel Company
                                                                KM Travelled Price Charged Cost of Trip
                  10000011
          0
                              2016-01-08
                                           Pink Cab ATLANTA GA
                                                                        30.45
                                                                                     370.95
                                                                                                313.635
          1
                  10000012
                              2016-01-06
                                           Pink Cab ATLANTA GA
                                                                        28.62
                                                                                     358.52
                                                                                                334.854
          2
                  10000013
                              2016-01-02
                                           Pink Cab ATLANTA GA
                                                                        9.04
                                                                                     125.20
                                                                                                97.632
          3
                  10000014
                              2016-01-07
                                           Pink Cab ATLANTA GA
                                                                                     377.40
                                                                                                351.602
                                                                        33.17
          4
                  10000015
                              2016-01-03
                                           Pink Cab ATLANTA GA
                                                                        8.73
                                                                                     114.62
                                                                                                97.776
In [12]:
           inner joined = pd.merge(cab df,trans df,on= 'Transaction ID', how='inner')
           data = pd.merge(inner joined, cust df, on = 'Customer ID', how='inner')
           data.head()
Out[12]:
                          Date
             Transaction
                                                         KM
                                                                 Price
                                                                        Cost of Customer
                                               City
                             of
                                Company
                                                                                           Payment_Mode Gender Age
                                                    Travelled Charged
                                                                           Trip
                     ID
                                                                                       ID
                         Travel
                          2016-
                                          ATLANTA
          0
               10000011
                                 Pink Cab
                                                                370.95 313.6350
                                                        30.45
                                                                                    29290
                                                                                                     Card
                                                                                                             Male
                                                                                                                    28
                          01-08
                                                GΑ
                          2018-
                                   Yellow
                                          ATLANTA
               10351127
          1
                                                        26.19
                                                                598.70 317.4228
                                                                                                                    28
                                                                                    29290
                                                                                                    Cash
                                                                                                             Male
                          07-21
                                     Cab
                                                GΑ
                          2018-
                                   Yellow
                                          ATLANTA
          2
               10412921
                                                        42.55
                                                                792.05 597.4020
                                                                                    29290
                                                                                                     Card
                                                                                                             Male
                                                                                                                    28
                          11-23
                                     Cab
                                                GΑ
                          2016-
                                          ATLANTA
               10000012
          3
                                 Pink Cab
                                                        28.62
                                                                358.52 334.8540
                                                                                    27703
                                                                                                     Card
                                                                                                             Male
                                                                                                                    27
                          01-06
                                                GΑ
                          2018-
                                   Yellow
                                          ATLANTA
               10320494
                                                        36.38
                                                                721.10 467.1192
                                                                                    27703
                                                                                                     Card
                                                                                                             Male
                                                                                                                    27
                          04-21
                                     Cab
                                                GΑ
         General Checking
In [13]:
           data.shape
          (359392, 12)
Out[13]:
In [14]:
           # The date with the most rides
           data.groupby('Date of Travel')['Transaction ID'].count().sort values(ascending = False)
           # data.groupby('Date of Travel')['Transaction ID'].count().max()
```

Date of Travel

2022

1123

1100 1086

1085

88

86

85

47 25

plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))

Name: Transaction ID, Length: 1095, dtype: int64

2018-01-05

2017-12-15

2017-12-08

2018-12-15 2017-11-24

2016-01-19

2016-01-12

2016-01-11

2016-01-05

2016-01-04

Out[14]:

In [15]:

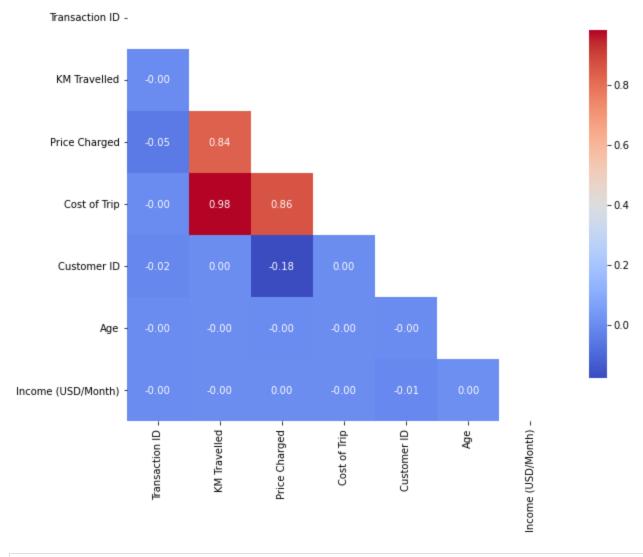
```
mask = np.triu(np.ones_like(data.corr(), dtype=bool))

# Set up the matplotlib figure
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))

# Create the heatmap with the mask
sns.heatmap(data.corr(), mask=mask, annot=True, fmt='.2f', cmap='coolwarm', square=True, c
```

Out[15]: <AxesSubplot:>

<Figure size 720x432 with 0 Axes>



In [16]: df = data.groupby(['Company','Date of Travel'])['Transaction ID'].count().sort_values(ascential)

In [17]: data.describe().T

Out[17]:	: count		mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	1
	Transaction ID	359392.0	1.022076e+07	126805.803715	10000011.0	1.011081e+07	10221035.50	1.033094e+07	1044010
	KM Travelled	359392.0	2.256725e+01	12.233526	1.9	1.200000e+01	22.44	3.296000e+01	4
	Price Charged	359392.0	4.234433e+02	274.378911	15.6	2.064375e+02	386.36	5.836600e+02	204
	Cost of Trip	359392.0	2.861901e+02	157.993661	19.0	1.512000e+02	282.48	4.136832e+02	69
	Customer ID	359392.0	1.919165e+04	21012.412463	1.0	2.705000e+03	7459.00	3.607800e+04	6000

```
Index(['Transaction ID', 'Date of Travel', 'Company', 'City', 'KM Travelled',
Out[18]:
                 'Price Charged', 'Cost of Trip', 'Customer ID', 'Payment Mode',
                 'Gender', 'Age', 'Income (USD/Month)'],
                dtype='object')
In [19]:
          data.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         Int64Index: 359392 entries, 0 to 359391
         Data columns (total 12 columns):
              Column
                                     Non-Null Count
                                                       Dtype
                                     _____
                                                       ____
          0
              Transaction ID
                                     359392 non-null int64
          1
              Date of Travel
                                     359392 non-null datetime64[ns]
          2
              Company
                                     359392 non-null object
          3
              City
                                     359392 non-null object
          4
              KM Travelled
                                     359392 non-null float64
              Price Charged
                                     359392 non-null float64
          6
              Cost of Trip
                                     359392 non-null float64
          7
              Customer ID
                                     359392 non-null int64
              Payment Mode
          8
                                     359392 non-null object
          9
              Gender
                                     359392 non-null object
          10 Age
                                     359392 non-null
                                                       int64
          11 Income (USD/Month)
                                    359392 non-null int64
         dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(3), int64(4), object(4)
         memory usage: 35.6+ MB
In [20]:
          data['year'] =0
          data['year'] = data["Date of Travel"].apply(lambda x: x.year)
In [21]:
          data.head()
Out[21]:
                        Date
            Transaction
                                                    KM
                                                           Price
                                                                  Cost of Customer
                             Company
                                                                                   Payment_Mode Gender Age
                          of
                                               Travelled Charged
                   ID
                                                                               ID
                                                                    Trip
                       Travel
                       2016-
                                       ATLANTA
              10000011
         0
                              Pink Cab
                                                   30.45
                                                          370.95 313.6350
                                                                            29290
                                                                                                          28
                                                                                            Card
                                                                                                   Male
                       01-08
                                           GΑ
                       2018-
                                       ATLANTA
                                Yellow
              10351127
         1
                                                   26.19
                                                          598.70 317.4228
                                                                            29290
                                                                                            Cash
                                                                                                   Male
                                                                                                          28
                       07-21
                                  Cab
                                           GA
                       2018-
                                Yellow
                                       ATLANTA
              10412921
         2
                                                   42.55
                                                          792.05 597.4020
                                                                            29290
                                                                                            Card
                                                                                                   Male
                                                                                                          28
                       11-23
                                  Cab
                                           GΑ
                       2016-
                                       ATLANTA
              10000012
                              Pink Cab
         3
                                                   28.62
                                                          358.52 334.8540
                                                                            27703
                                                                                            Card
                                                                                                   Male
                                                                                                          27
                       01-06
                                           GΑ
                       2018-
                                Yellow
                                       ATLANTA
              10320494
                                                   36.38
                                                          721.10 467.1192
                                                                                                          27
                                                                            27703
                                                                                            Card
                                                                                                   Male
                       04-21
                                  Cab
                                           GΑ
```

count

359392.0 3.533670e+01

359392.0 1.504882e+04

Age

Income

data.columns

(USD/Month)

In [18]:

In [22]:

mean

std

12.594234

7969.409482

min

25%

18.0 2.500000e+01

2000.0 8.424000e+03

50%

33.00 4.200000e+01

14685.00 2.103500e+04

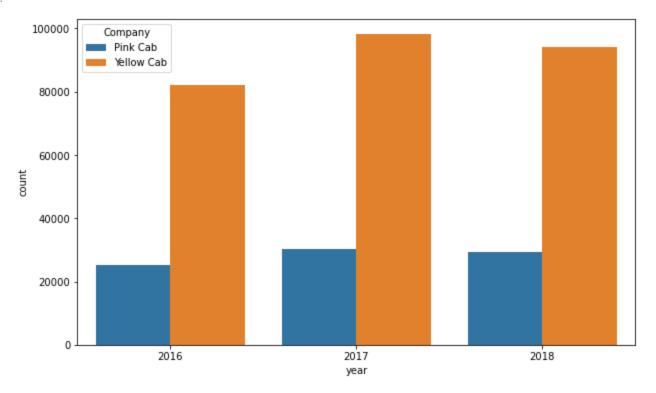
75%

6

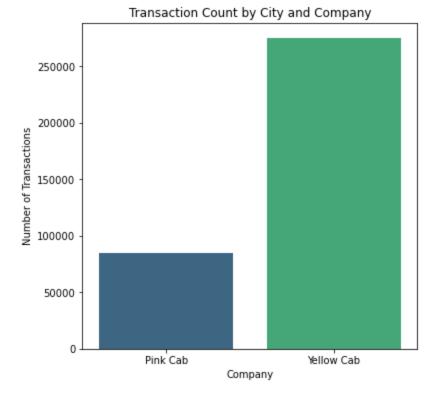
3500

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.countplot(data=data, x='year', hue='Company')
## As the chart shows, the Yellow Cab is more prominent than the others
```

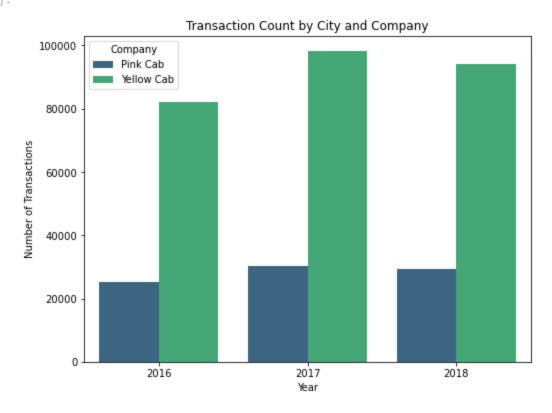
Out[22]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='year', ylabel='count'>



Out[23]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Number of Transactions')



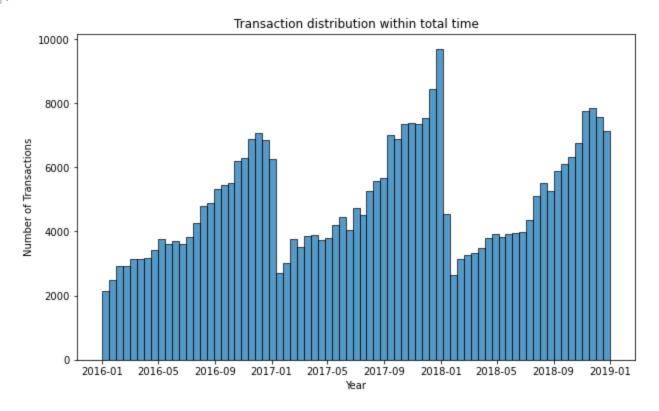
Out[24]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Number of Transactions')



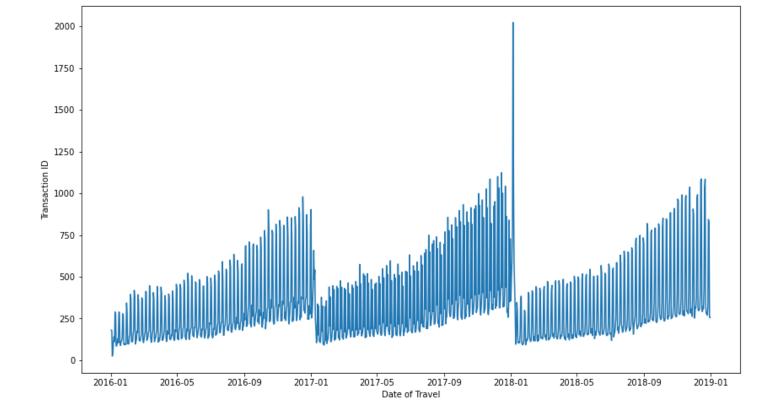
```
In [25]: %matplotlib inline import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(data=data, x="Date of Travel")
plt.title('Transaction distribution within total time')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Number of Transactions')
# Customer usage of cab services peaks from the end of the year to the beginning of the ne
```

Out[25]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Number of Transactions')

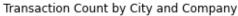


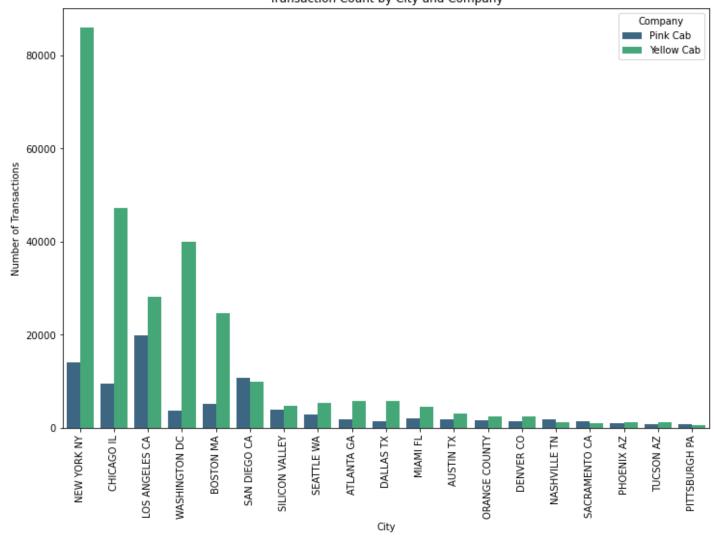
```
In [26]: # Using line chart for more details
    plt.figure(figsize=(14, 8))
    sns.lineplot(data= data.groupby('Date of Travel').count(), x= 'Date of Travel', y = 'Trans
```



Number of Rides by Company

Out[27]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Number of Transactions')





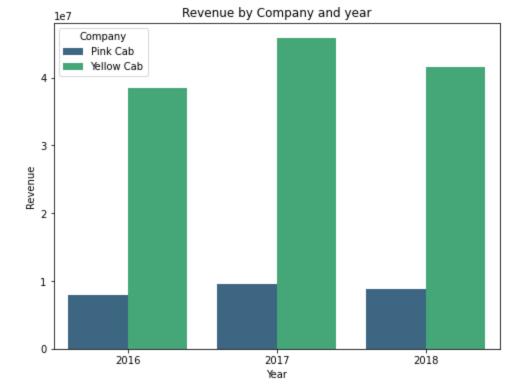
Revenue and Profit

```
In [28]: data.groupby(['year','Company'])['Price Charged'].sum().reset_index()
```

Out[28]:		year	Company	Price Charged
	0	2016	Pink Cab	7908479.23
	1	2016	Yellow Cab	38481133.18
	2	2017	Pink Cab	9578629.54
	3	2017	Yellow Cab	45818910.04
	4	2018	Pink Cab	8841142.56
	5	2018	Yellow Cab	41553843.97

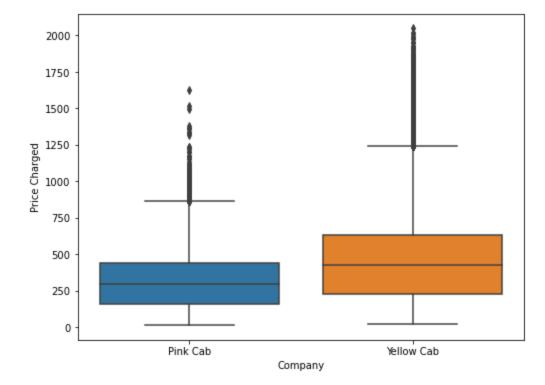
```
In [29]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
    sns.barplot(data = data.groupby(['year','Company'])['Price Charged'].sum().reset_index(),
    plt.title('Revenue by Company and year')
    plt.xlabel('Year')
    plt.ylabel('Revenue')
```

Out[29]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Revenue')

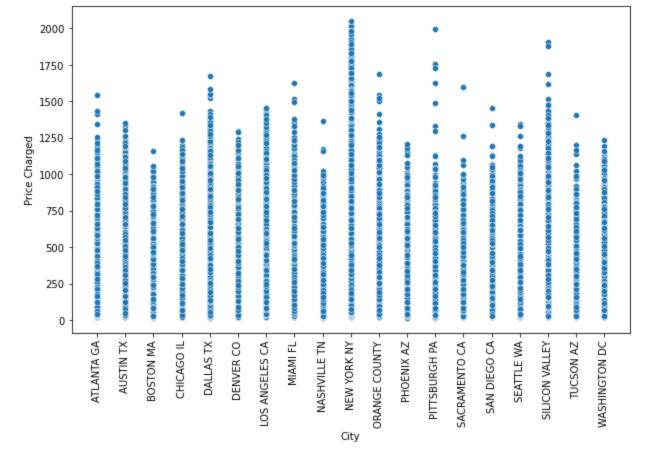


```
In [30]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
    sns.boxplot(data = data, x='Company', y ='Price Charged')
```

Out[30]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Company', ylabel='Price Charged'>

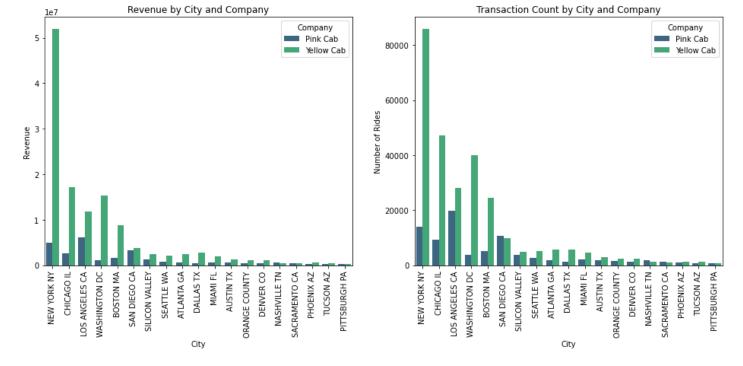


```
In [31]:
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    sns.scatterplot(data = data, x='City', y='Price Charged')
    plt.xticks(rotation=90)
    plt.show()
```



```
In [32]:
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize= (16,6))
         #plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
         sns.barplot(data= data.groupby(['City', 'Company'])['Price Charged'].sum().reset index(), >
                     , order = data.groupby('City')['Price Charged'].count().sort values(ascending=1
         ax[0].tick params(axis='x', rotation=90)
         # Add title and labels
         ax[0].set title('Revenue by City and Company')
         ax[0].set xlabel('City')
         ax[0].set_ylabel('Revenue')
         sns.barplot(data= data.groupby(['City', 'Company'])['Transaction ID'].count().reset index()
                     , order = data.groupby('City')['Transaction ID'].count().sort values(ascending=
         ax[1].tick params(axis='x', rotation=90)
         # Add title and labels
         ax[1].set title('Transaction Count by City and Company')
         ax[1].set xlabel('City')
         ax[1].set ylabel('Number of Rides')
         # The Revenue by the City and Company. The most number of rides and cause the most revenn
         # and the revenue is corresponding to the Number of Rides (There is no exception such as
         # The Yellow cab seem to be extremely popular the the other, especially in New York City,
         # San Diego, Nashville, Sacramento, Pittsburgh
```

Out[32]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Number of Rides')



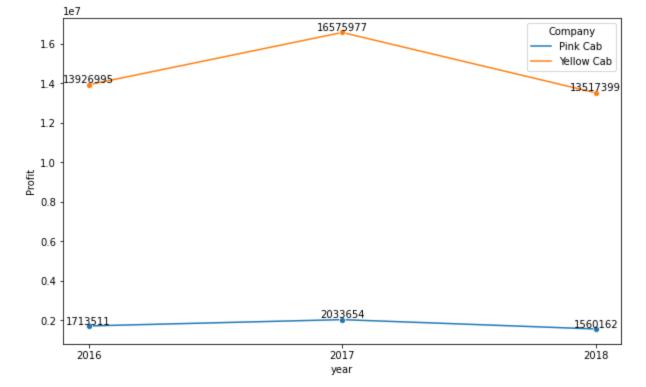
```
In [33]: data['Profit']= data['Price Charged'] - data['Cost of Trip']
    df = data.groupby(['Company', 'year'])[['Price Charged', 'Profit']].sum().round(2).rename
    df
```

```
Revenue
                                                Profit
Out[33]:
            Company
                       year
             Pink Cab
                       2016
                              7908479.23
                                           1713511.22
                       2017
                              9578629.54
                                           2033654.91
                       2018
                              8841142.56
                                           1560162.19
           Yellow Cab 2016
                             38481133.18
                                          13926995.43
                       2017
                             45818910.04
                                          16575977.97
                       2018 41553843.97
                                          13517399.77
```

```
In [34]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
    lineplot = sns.lineplot(data = data.groupby(['year','Company'])['Profit'].sum().reset_indelineplot.xaxis.set_major_locator(plt.MaxNLocator(integer=True))

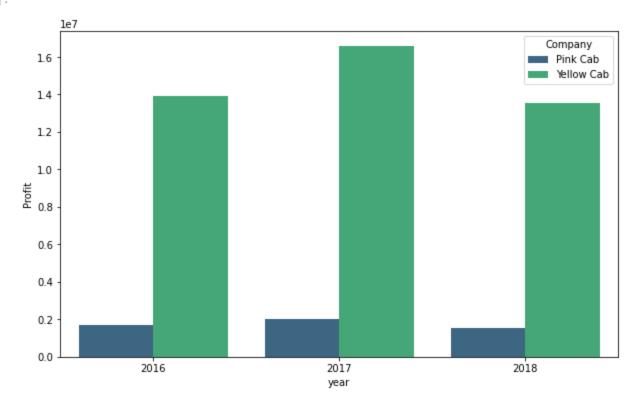
# Add labels to the points (Profit values)
for line in lineplot.lines:
    for x_value, y_value in zip(line.get_xdata(), line.get_ydata()):
        plt.text(x_value, y_value, f'{int(y_value)}', ha='center', va='bottom')

# Show the plot
plt.show()
```



```
In [35]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
    sns.barplot(data = data.groupby(['year','Company'])['Profit'].sum().reset_index(), x='year')
```

Out[35]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='year', ylabel='Profit'>



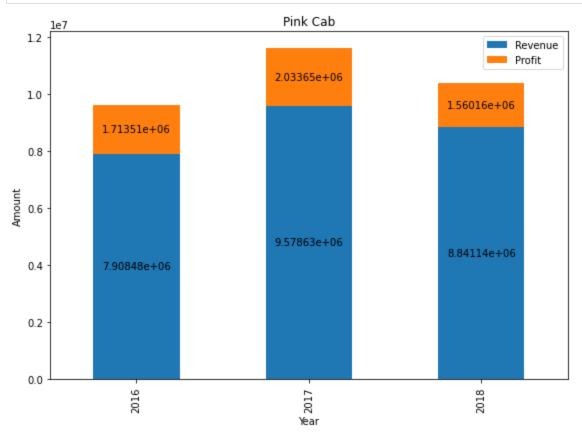
```
In [36]: # Group by 'Company' and 'year', sum the values, and rename the column
    df = data.groupby(['Company', 'year'])[['Price Charged', 'Profit']].sum().rename(columns=)
# Iterate over each company and create individual plots
    companies = df.index.get_level_values('Company').unique()

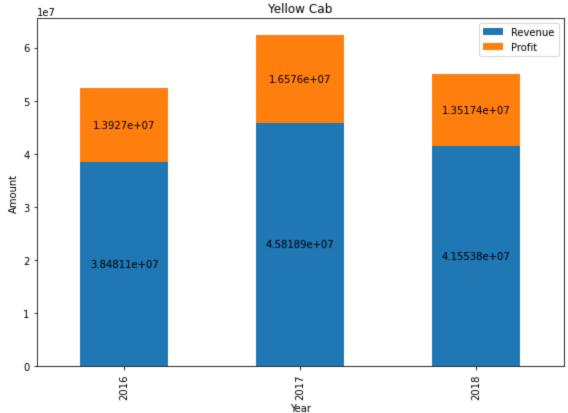
for company in companies:
    company_df = df.xs(company, level='Company') # Select data for each company
```

```
# Create stacked bar chart
ax = company_df.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, title=company, figsize=(8, 6))

# Add annotations for revenue and profit
for i in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(i, label_type='center')

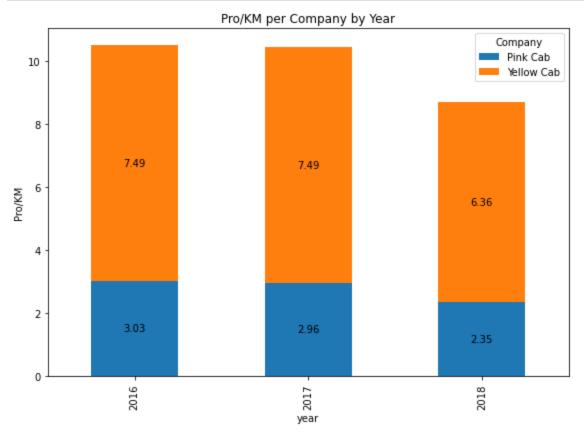
plt.ylabel('Amount')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```





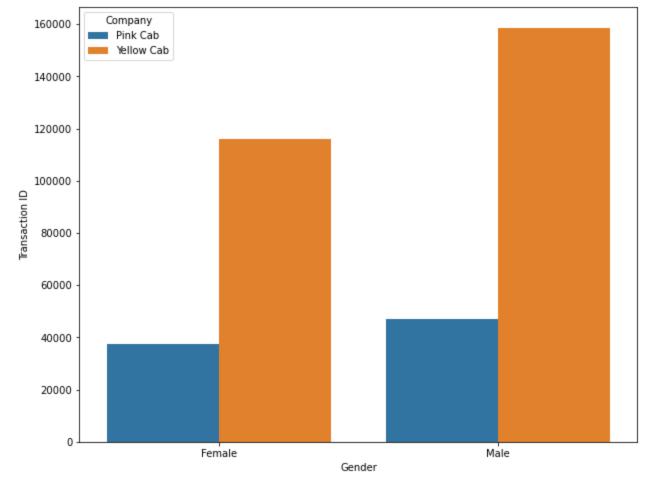
```
In [37]:
    data['Pro/KM'] = data['Profit']/data['KM Travelled']
    df_pro = data.groupby(['year','Company'])['Pro/KM'].mean().round(2).reset_index()
    pivot_df = df_pro.pivot_table(index='year', columns='Company', values='Pro/KM', fill_value
    # Plot the stacked bar chart
    ax = pivot_df.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, figsize=(8, 6))

# Add labels to each stack
for container in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(container, label_type='center') # Add the labels in the center of each stack
# Show plot
plt.ylabel('Pro/KM')
plt.title('Pro/KM per Company by Year')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Gender Impact

```
In [38]:
         data.groupby(['Company','Gender'])['Transaction ID'].count()
         Company
                     Gender
Out[38]:
         Pink Cab
                     Female
                                37480
                     Male
                                47231
         Yellow Cab Female
                               116000
                     Male
                               158681
         Name: Transaction ID, dtype: int64
In [39]:
         plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
         sns.barplot(data =data.groupby(['Gender','Company'])['Transaction ID'].count().reset index
         <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Gender', ylabel='Transaction ID'>
Out[39]:
```

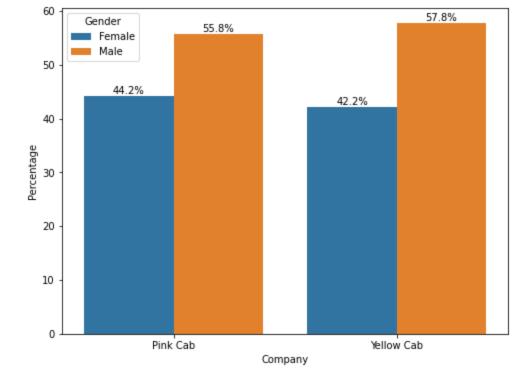


```
In [40]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
# Step 1:
count_data = data.groupby(['Company', 'Gender'])['Transaction ID'].count().reset_index()

# Step 2: Calculate the total transactions for each company
total_transactions = count_data.groupby('Company')['Transaction ID'].transform('sum')

# Step 3: Compute the percentage
count_data['Percentage'] = (count_data['Transaction ID'] / total_transactions) * 100
barplot =sns.barplot(data =count_data, x='Company', y='Percentage', hue ='Gender')
for container in barplot.containers:
    barplot.bar_label(container, fmt='%.1f%%')
plt.show()

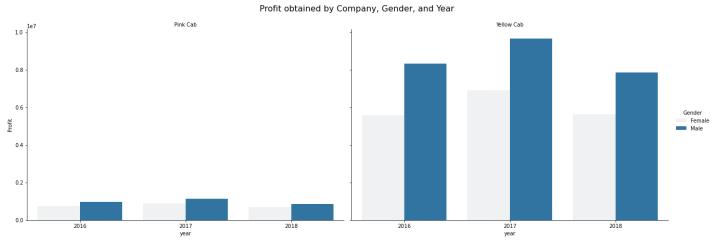
# It can be observed that the male group uses cab services more frequently than the female
```



```
In [41]: grouped_data = data.groupby(['year','Company','Gender'])['Profit'].sum().reset_index()
    g = sns.FacetGrid(grouped_data, col='Company', height=6, aspect=1.5)
    g.map(sns.barplot, 'year', 'Profit', 'Gender')
    g.set_titles(col_template="{col_name}") # Set titles for each subplot
    g.set_axis_labels("year", "Profit")
    g.add_legend(title='Gender')
    g.fig.suptitle('Profit obtained by Company, Gender, and Year', fontsize=16, y=1.05) # Adiplt.show()
    # There is a significant difference between the two genders in Yellow Cab, with males generally.
```

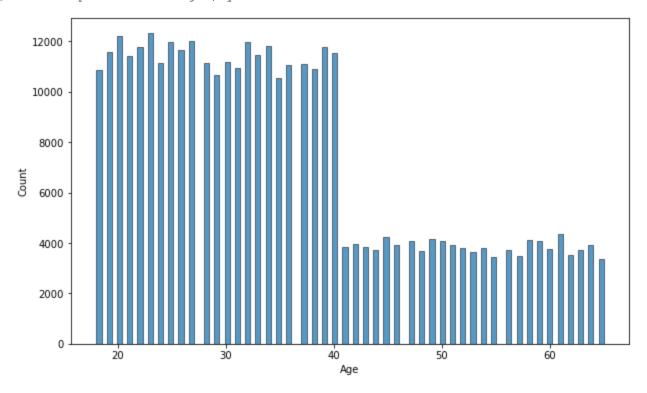
C:\Users\DELL\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\axisgrid.py:670: UserWarning: Using the barplot function without specifying `order` is likely to produce an incorrect plot. warnings.warn(warning)

C:\Users\DELL\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\axisgrid.py:675: UserWarning: Using the barplot function without specifying `hue_order` is likely to produce an incorrect plot. warnings.warn(warning)



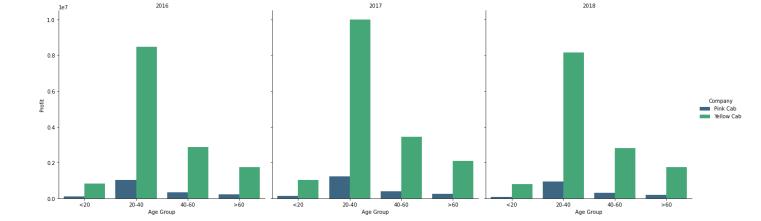
Profit by age group

```
In [42]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
    sns.histplot(data=data, x='Age')
    # Check the distribution of Age
```



```
In [43]:
         data['age group'] = data['Age'].apply(lambda age: '<20' if age < 20 else</pre>
                                               '20-40' if 20 < age <40 else
                                               '40-60' if 40< age <60 else
                                               '>60')
         data['age group'].value counts()
         20 - 40
                  216936
Out[43]:
         40-60
                   73568
                   46451
         >60
         < 20
                   22437
         Name: age group, dtype: int64
In [44]:
         pro group = data.groupby(['Company', 'year', 'age group'])['Profit'].sum().reset index()
         age groups order =['<20','20-40','40-60','>60']
         # Create a FacetGrid for the barplot
         g = sns.FacetGrid(pro group, col='year', height=6, aspect=1)
         g.map(sns.barplot, 'age_group', 'Profit', 'Company', order = age_groups_order,palette='vin
         g.set titles(col template="{col name}") # Set titles for each subplot
         g.set axis labels("Age Group", "Profit")
         g.add legend(title='Company')
          # Show the plot
         plt.show()
```

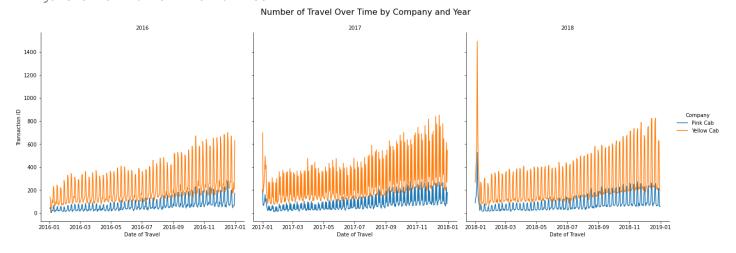
C:\Users\DELL\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\axisgrid.py:675: UserWarning: Using the barplot function without specifying `hue_order` is likely to produce an incorrect plot. warnings.warn(warning)



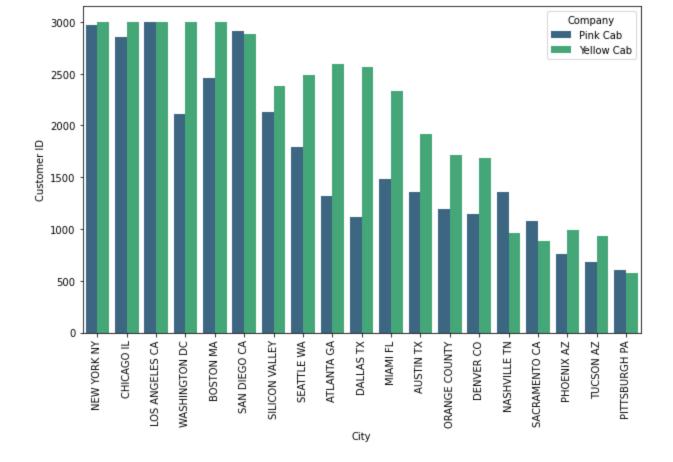
Identify the most popular dates for using cab services.

```
In [45]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
   g=sns.FacetGrid(data = data.groupby(['Date of Travel','year','Company']).count().reset_ind
   # Set `sharex=False` to allow individual x-axes for each year
   g.map(sns.lineplot, 'Date of Travel', 'Transaction ID', 'Company')
   g.set_titles(col_template="{col_name}") # Set titles for each subplot
   g.set_axis_labels("Date of Travel", "Transaction ID")
   g.add_legend(title='Company')
   g.fig.suptitle('Number of Travel Over Time by Company and Year', fontsize=16, y=1.05) # 2
   plt.show()
```

<Figure size 720x432 with 0 Axes>



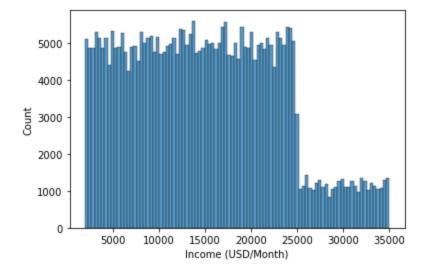
Customer

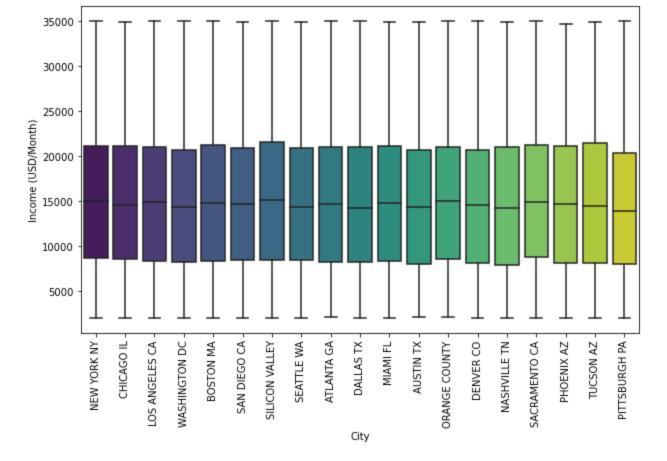


Income

```
In [47]: sns.histplot(data = data, x='Income (USD/Month)')
```

Out[47]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Income (USD/Month)', ylabel='Count'>





Out[49]: High 213773 middle 105663 Wealthy 32965 low 6991

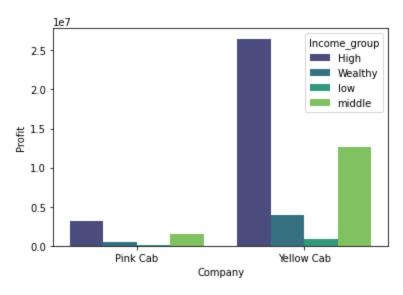
Name: Income group, dtype: int64

In [50]: data.head()

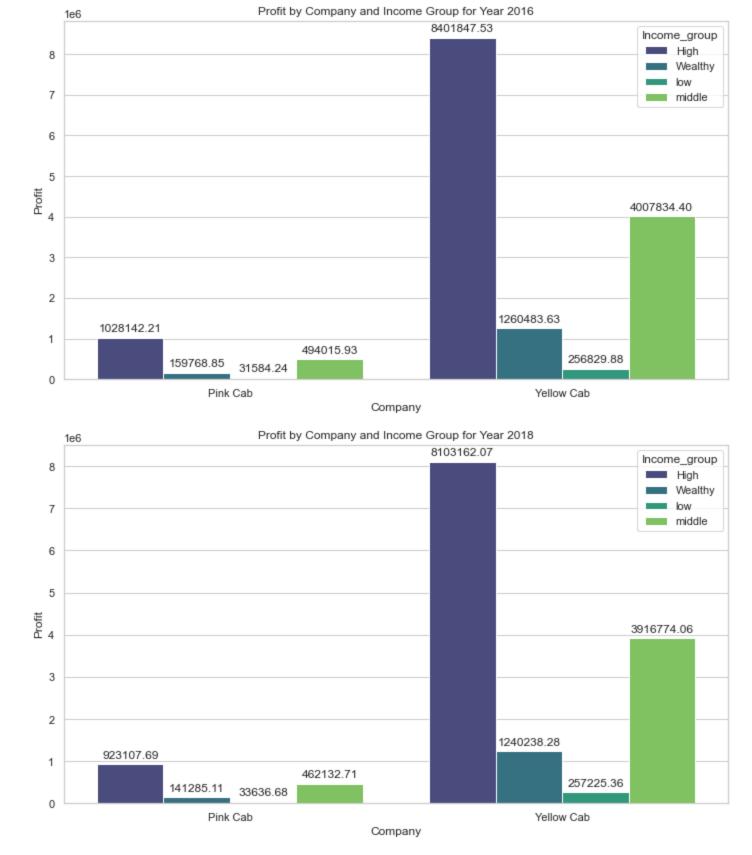
Out[50]: **Date Transaction KM Price** Cost of Customer City of Company Payment_Mode Gender Age Travelled ID Charged Trip ID Travel 2016-**ATLANTA** 10000011 0 Pink Cab 30.45 370.95 313.6350 29290 Card 28 Male 01-08 GA 2018-Yellow **ATLANTA** 1 10351127 26.19 598.70 317.4228 29290 Cash Male 28 07-21 Cab GA 2018-Yellow **ATLANTA** 10412921 2 42.55 792.05 597.4020 29290 28 Card Male 11-23 Cab GA 2016-**ATLANTA** 3 10000012 Pink Cab 28.62 358.52 334.8540 27703 Card Male 27 01-06 GA 2018-Yellow **ATLANTA** 10320494 4 36.38 721.10 467.1192 27703 Card Male 27 04-21 Cab GA

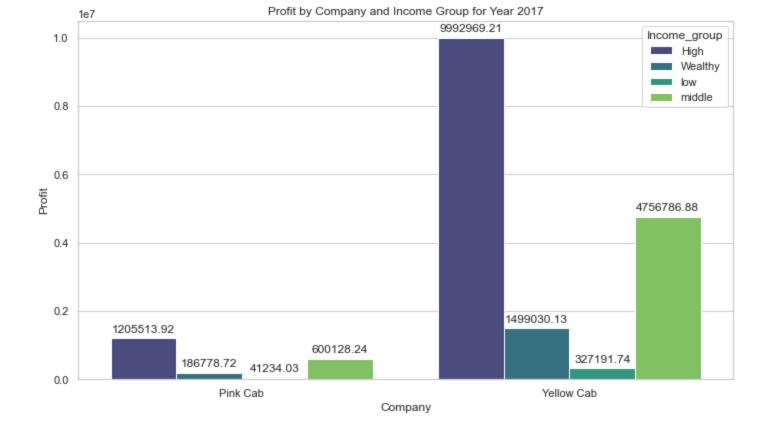
Out[51]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Company', ylabel='Profit'>

plt.show()



```
In [52]:
         years = data['year'].unique()
         sns.set(style="whitegrid")
         # Loop over each year and plot separately
         for year in years:
             # Filter data for the specific year
             data year = data[data['year'] == year]
             # Group and prepare data for plotting
             grouped data = data year.groupby(['Company', 'Income group'])['Profit'].sum().reset ir
             # Create barplot for the specific year
             plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
             ax = sns.barplot(data=grouped data, x='Company', y='Profit', hue='Income group', palet
             # Add annotations (profit amounts) to each bar
             for p in ax.patches:
                 ax.annotate(f'{p.get height():.2f}',
                              (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., p.get height()),
                             ha='center', va='center',
                             xytext=(0, 9), # Adjust position
                              textcoords='offset points')
             # Set title and labels
             plt.title(f'Profit by Company and Income Group for Year {year}')
             plt.xlabel('Company')
             plt.ylabel('Profit')
             # Show the plot
             plt.tight layout()
```



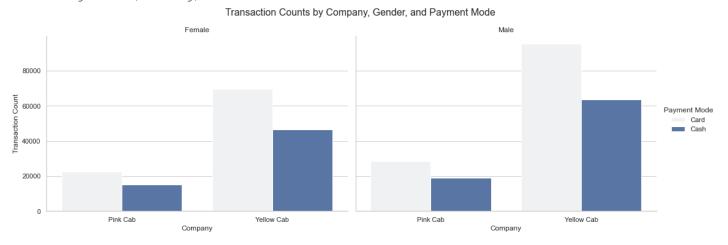


Other Analysis

```
In [53]: # Grouping and counting Transaction IDs
    grouped_data = data.groupby(['Company', 'Payment_Mode', 'Gender'])['Transaction ID'].count

# Creating a FacetGrid
    g = sns.FacetGrid(grouped_data, col='Gender', height=5, aspect=1.5)
    g.map(sns.barplot, 'Company', 'Transaction ID', 'Payment_Mode', order=grouped_data['Compang', set_titles(col_template="{col_name}") # Set titles for each subplot
    g.set_axis_labels("Company", "Transaction Count")
    g.add_legend(title='Payment Mode')
    g.fig.suptitle('Transaction Counts by Company, Gender, and Payment Mode', fontsize=16, y=1
    plt.show()
```

C:\Users\DELL\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\axisgrid.py:675: UserWarning: Using the barplot function without specifying `hue_order` is likely to produce an incorrect plot. warnings.warn(warning)



```
In [54]: df2 = data.groupby(['Company','year'])[['Price Charged','KM Travelled']].sum().reset_index
```

```
In [55]: df2['Price/KM'] = df2['Price Charged']/df2['KM Travelled']
df2

Out[55]: Company year Price Charged KM Travelled Price/KM
```

]:		Company	year	Price Charged	KM Travelled	Price/KM
	0	Pink Cab	2016	7908479.23	563509.67	14.034327
	1	Pink Cab	2017	9578629.54	685823.52	13.966610
	2	Pink Cab	2018	8841142.56	661739.92	13.360449
	3	Yellow Cab	2016	38481133.18	1859978.21	20.689024
	4	Yellow Cab	2017	45818910.04	2214879.02	20.686868
	5	Yellow Cab	2018	41553843.97	2124560.24	19.558798

Hypothesis tests

Hypothesis 1

- H0: There is no difference between the profits of males and females
- H1: alternative

yellow t_stat: 10.37503739501431
yellow p-value: 3.2583323717893763e-25
pink t_stat: 1.5760762050772872
pink p-value: 0.11501217119514037

Hypothesis 2

- H0: Age-group has no effect on profit
- H1: Age-group has effect on profit

```
In [57]: from scipy import stats

In [58]: yellow_data = data[data['Company']=="Yellow Cab"]
    grouped_data = yellow_data.groupby('age_group')['Profit'].apply(list)
    f_statistic, p_value = stats.f_oneway(*grouped_data)
    print(f"f_stat: {f_statistic}")
    print(f"p_value: {p_value}")
```

f_stat: 7.520495874122722
p_value: 4.985984600296644e-05

pink_data = data[data['Company']=="Pink Cab"]
grouped_data = pink_data.groupby('age_group')['Profit'].apply(list)
f statistic, p value = stats.f oneway(*grouped data)

f_stat: 0.6541844725069808 p value: 0.5802174820952017

print(f"f_stat: {f_statistic}")
print(f"p value: {p value}")

Hypothesis 3

In [59]:

- H0: Payment Mode has no effect on Company profit
- H1: Payment Mode has effect on Company profit

```
In [60]:
    from scipy import stats

Yell_card_prof = data[(data['Company']=="Yellow Cab")& (data['Payment_Mode']=="Card")]['Pi
Yell_cash_prof = data[(data['Company']=="Yellow Cab")& (data['Payment_Mode']=="Cash")]['Pi

t_statistic, p_value = stats.ttest_ind(Yell_card_prof, Yell_cash_prof, equal_var=False)
    print(f'yellow t_stat: {t_statistic}')
    print(f'yellow p-value: {p_value}')

Pink_card_prof = data[(data['Company']=="Pink Cab")& (data['Payment_Mode']=="Card")]['Prof
Pink_cash_prof = data[(data['Company']=="Pink Cab")& (data['Payment_Mode']=="Cash")]['Prof
t_statistic, p_value = stats.ttest_ind(Pink_card_prof, Pink_cash_prof, equal_var=False)
    print(f'pink t_stat: {t_statistic}')
    print(f'pink p-value: {p_value}')
```

yellow t_stat: -1.049402391138175
yellow p-value: 0.29399404036970817
pink t_stat: 0.2660986911387631
pink p-value: 0.7901639572170616

In [61]: data.head()

Out[61]:

0	Transaction ID	Date of Travel	Company	City	KM Travelled	Price Charged	Cost of Trip	Customer ID	Payment_Mode	Gender	Age
0	10000011	2016- 01-08	Pink Cab	ATLANTA GA	30.45	370.95	313.6350	29290	Card	Male	28
1	10351127	2018- 07-21	Yellow Cab	ATLANTA GA	26.19	598.70	317.4228	29290	Cash	Male	28
2	10412921	2018- 11-23	Yellow Cab	ATLANTA GA	42.55	792.05	597.4020	29290	Card	Male	28
3	10000012	2016- 01-06	Pink Cab	ATLANTA GA	28.62	358.52	334.8540	27703	Card	Male	27
4	10320494	2018- 04-21	Yellow Cab	ATLANTA GA	36.38	721.10	467.1192	27703	Card	Male	27

```
Out[62]: Series([], Name: Profit, dtype: float64)

In [63]: Pink_males_prof = data[(data['Company']=="Pink")| (data['Gender']=="Male")]['Profit']
    Pink_fema_prof = data[(data['Company']=="Pink")| (data['Gender']=="Female")]['Profit']
    t_statistic, p_value = stats.ttest_ind(Pink_males_prof, Pink_fema_prof, equal_var=False)
    print(f'pink: {t_statistic}')
    print(f'pink: {p_value}')

pink: 12.779628685726617
```

Recommendation

pink: 2.173838984880027e-37

After evaluating, analyzing and visualizing data, It appears to expose these insights and recommendation:

Let's put yourseld on the shoes of an investor who wants to invest in the cab firm, We will consider the following information:

Focus on Yellow Cab Operations:

• The Yellow Cab are more prominent and dominant in the market compared to Pink Cab, The customer tended to use Yellow services. Therefore, it's essential to delve deeper into Yellow Cab's operation to extract meaningful insights and understand the factors driving its success.

Profit Generation Concentrated in Key Cities:

Yellow Cab generates significantly more profit than Pink Cab, particularly in large cities such as New York,
Washington DC, Chicago, and Los Angeles. These cities represent high-demand areas for cab services, and
Yellow Cab's strong presence here is a key profit driver. Analyzing Yellow Cab's market strategy and
operational efficiency in these cities will be critical to sustaining and expanding profits.

Price Trends and Market Strategy:

• As The table shows that the "price charged" for each company are quite different and tended to decline since 2016, reflecting a competitive effort to attract more customers with lower prices. Although Pink Cab offered lower average price per Kilometer travelled, its transactions volume was still substantial lower than the Yellow Cab. It's important to investigate whether Yellow Cab's premium pricing is tied to its superior service quality and brand loyalty.

Service Quality as a Key Differentiator:

Despite of similar customer volumes, Yellow Cab generated much higher profits, indicating that it has
uncovered a formula which will sastify the customer, perhaps came from the good services include:
employee attitudes, cleaner and more well-maintained vehicles, the faster services or other convenient..etc.

Customer Demographics and Profit Generation:

• The age groups influence: There are significant differences between these groups, The 20-40 group contributed the most to both Companies, followed by '40-60' group. Younger and older age group ('<20'

and '>60') are less profitable. This suggests that targeting working-age individuals, who are frequent cab users, with tailored services and marketing could drive further growth.

Gender Preferences:

Males tended to use Cab sevices, especially with the Yellow Cab. Males gained more profit than females, but
the difference is extreme distance between two company. The gender gap is notably wider between the two
companies, indicating that Yellow Cab has a stronger appeal to male customers. Understanding and
leveraging this demographic difference could enhance targeted marketing strategies.

Income-Based Customer Segments:

• Both of the cabs attracted the large amount number of customers in the medium and high-income segments. This indicates that customers are willing to pay for the convenience and comfort provided by these cab services for their purposes.

Seasonal Demand Pattern:

•	Cab usage peaked during the period from the end of year to the beginning of the next, aligning with
	holidays and vacation periods. This suggests an opportunity for both companies to capitalize on increased
	demand through targeted promotions or enhanced services during this time.

In []:		