

CS2223 D Term 2020 Quiz 19

(1 point) Question 1: “My brain is open...”

I pledge that I am taking this quiz on my own, with help from no one else and no notes:

(3 points) Question 2: What is a state-space tree?

- a.) A representation of a problem with nodes as partial solutions and leaves as (potential) solutions.
- b.) A representation of a problem with leaves as partial solutions and nodes as (potential) solutions.
- c.) A representation of a problem such that solutions are always found in the left-most branch.
- d.) A representation of a problem such that solutions are always found in the right-most branch.
- e.) A representation of a problem such that solutions are made to bubble up to the root.

(3 points) Question 3: Backtracking is a technique that attempts to improve on exhaustive search methods by doing what with the corresponding state-space tree?

- a.) Looking only at its leaves and completely ignoring internal nodes.
- b.) Making internal nodes complete solutions so that leaves need not be checked.
- c.) Turning every leaf into a solution.
- d.) Pruning the state space tree so that only viable/promising nodes and leaves are further examined.
- e.) Reducing it to a single node/leaf/root.

(3 points) Question 4: In backtracking through a state-space tree, is a Depth-First Search or a Breadth-First Search more likely to find a solution quickly? Why?

- a.) Breadth-First Search because it always finds the shortest path.
- b.) Breadth-First Search because solutions might take a just single step.
- c.) Depth-First Search because it will get to leaves (possible solutions) before checking every internal node.
- d.) Depth-First Search because it finds symmetric solutions Breadth-First Search misses.
- e.) Depth-First Search because Breadth-First Searching a tree is unnatural.

(1 point) Bonus Question: What role does modeling play in backtracking?

- a.) Modeling is the process of representing the problem in a way that a computer can work on it.
- b.) Good modeling can reduce the state-space tree by omitting redundant/impossible states.
- c.) Good modeling can give insight to the coder/developer.
- d.) A problem properly modeled is already solved. The solution(s) is/are in the state-space tree.
- e.) All of the Above

	1	2	3	4	5
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2	//// //// ////		//// //// ////		//// //// ////
3		//// //// ////		//// //// ////	
4	//// //// ////		//// //// ////		//// //// ////
5		//// //// ////		//// //// ////	