## DWA\_07.4 Knowledge Check\_DWA7

1. Which were the three best abstractions, and why?

```
const options = (data, entry) => {
   const fragment = document.createDocumentFragment();
   const firstElement = document.createElement('option');
   firstElement.value = 'any';
   firstElement.innerText = `All ${entry}`;
   fragment.appendChild(firstElement);

   for (const [id, name] of Object.entries(data)) {
      const element = document.createElement('option');
      element.value = id;
      element.innerText = name;
      fragment.appendChild(element);
   }

   document.querySelector(entry).appendChild(fragment);
}

options(genres, '[data-search-genres]');
options(authors, '[data-search-authors]');
```

Function where it creates a dropdown box for both the authors and the genre

```
export const html = {
    headers {
    headersearch: document.querySelector('[data-header-search]'),
    headerSettings: document.querySelector('[data-header-settings]'),
},
list: {
    items: document.querySelector('[data-list-items]'),
    message: document.querySelector('[data-list-message]'),
    btnList: document.querySelector('[data-list-button]'),
},
active: {
    overlay: document.querySelector('[data-list-button]'),
    overlayBlur: document.querySelector('[data-list-blur]'),
        overlayFitle: document.querySelector('[data-list-image]'),
        overlaySubtitle: document.querySelector('[data-list-subtitle]'),
    overlaySubtitle2: document.querySelector('[data-list-description]'),
    overlayClose: document.querySelector('[data-list-close]'),
},
search: {
    overlay: document.querySelector('[data-search-overlay]'),
    find document.querySelector('[data-search-form]'),
    findGenre: document.querySelector('[data-search-genres]'),
    findAuthor: document.querySelector('[data-search-authors]'),
    findCancel: document.querySelector('[data-search-cancel]'),
},
settings: {
    overlay: document.querySelector('[data-settings-overlay]'),
    settingForm: document.querySelector('[data-settings-form]'),
    settingTheme: document.querySelector('[data-settings-cancel]'),
    settingTheme: document.querySelector('[data-settings-cancel]'),
    settingTheme: document.querySelector('[data-settings-cancel]'),
},
```

All the data attributes are in one object where the can be called via EventListeners

2. Which were the three worst abstractions, and why?

```
const genreHtml = document.createDocumentFragment()
const firstGenreElement = document.createElement('option')
firstGenreElement.value = 'any'
firstGenreElement.innerText = 'All Genres'
genreHtml.appendChild(firstGenreElement)
for (const [id, name] of Object.entries(genres)) {
    const element = document.createElement('option')
    element.value = id
    element.innerText = name
    genreHtml.appendChild(element)
document.querySelector('[data-search-genres]').appendChild(genreHtml)
const authorsHtml = document.createDocumentFragment()
const firstAuthorElement = document.createElement('option')
firstAuthorElement.value = 'any'
firstAuthorElement.innerText = 'All Authors'
authorsHtml.appendChild(firstAuthorElement)
for (const [id, name] of Object.entries(authors)) {
    const element = document.createElement('option')
    element.value = id
    element.innerText = name
    authorsHtml.appendChild(element)
```

Code that creates a dropdown drop for both authors and genres which the makes the code to repeat the same thing but the output is different

Code where it create an element where by the it uses dataset to get the required information but I have to code each dataset individually to get the desired information

- 3. How can The three worst abstractions be improved via SOLID principles.
  - **Open-Closed Principle:** This will improve my code so if anything needs to be added, it can without modifying the code.
  - **Liskov Substitution Principle:** If my object books/if any specific code is replaced, it should still execute the same way