

IRA A. FULTON SCHOOLS OF ENGINEERING

Leading engineering discovery and innovative education for global impact on quality of life.

Future Solutions Project: Developing your Solution

FSE150 Future Solutions Project



Progress you've made

- Needs Assessment is COMPLETE
 - Customers & stakeholders
 - Customer needs
 - Opportunity for Innovation
 - Functional Requirements
 - Value Proposition
- Now you begin Brainstorming Solution Ideas



Engineers...

- Explore the world with CURIOSITY to find opportunities to create value
- Make CONNECTIONS between different people, information, and knowledge to develop solutions

CREATE VALUE for Society



Future Solutions Project

- Your Task: Develop a future solution to a problem/need in one of the Grand Challenge areas
- Identify an Opportunity to create added value for society
- Develop a Solution which you imagine may exist in the future
- Identify current enabling technologies
- Identify key technology development milestones
- Identify **potential social challenges** (moral, cultural, political, global, etc.)
- Describe the societal benefits (value created) and other social impact of your solution



Product Development

- Identify a problem
- Determine Customer Needs
- Define Functional Requirements (what the product has to do)
- Develop solution(s) to meet Needs & Requirements



Begin Designing a Solution

Start imagining your solution

 How will your solution fulfill the needs/requirements and create value?

What Technologies will you use?



REMEMBER:

Use customer needs to drive your design

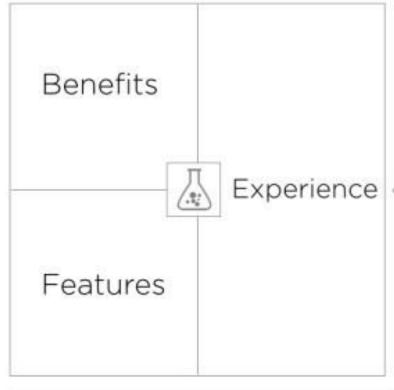
CUSTOMER NEEDS → DESIGN FEATURES



Value Proposition Canvas

Product

Customer



Company:
Product:
Ideal customer:



Substitutes



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Value Proposition Canvas

Product

What does it Benefits feel like to use your product? What your product do? Experience Features How does your product work?

Company:
Product:
Ideal customer:

Customer

What are the emotional drivers of purchasing? Wants Fears What are the Risks of switching hidden needs? to your product? Needs What are the rational drivers of purchasing? What do people

Substitutes

What do people currently do instead?



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Once you have some ideas...Think about the important details...

 How will your solution accomplish your goals? (Form, Function, key features)

What Technologies will you use?



Step 1: Review Requirements

What does your 'product' need to do?

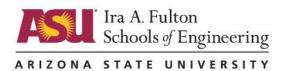
- Review Functional Requirements
- Be quantitative (if/when possible)



Step 2: Identify Technology needed for solution to meet requirements

How will your solution meet those goals?

- Identify Technologies & Knowledge required
 - Current enabling technologies (As is OR Develop further)
 - New Technologies (that don't exist yet)
 - Scientific Principles & Knowledge



Enabling Technologies

- What technologies are currently under development (in research) or commercially available that may contribute to the development of your solution?
 - Find specific technologies (cite sources!)
 - May not have the exact capabilities you need...



Examples (Previous FutureSolutions Project)

 "Recollection" (chip implant under the skull that allows memory manipulation)

 Enabling Technologies: battery technology, wireless communication technologies, nanoscale electronics, brain-computer interface, EEG, advanced polymers and coatings, quantum computing, etc..

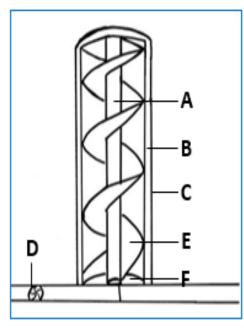


Examples (Previous FutureSolutions Project)

Sustainable Greenhouse Towers

Components

- A: Inner pipe moves runoff up the tower
- B: Clean water drains to outside pipe
- C: Nano solar cells to power[1] [5]
- D: Centrifugal water pump [8]
- E: Inner spiral: Filtering crops [4],
 Hydroponics [10]
- F: Biofilter to remove remaining contaminants [4]



- Examples of enabling technologies:
 - Centrifugal water pump, high efficient transparent solar cells, carbon fiber materials, hydroponics, genetically engineered plants, genetically engineered bacteria, etc.



Step 3: Identify Development milestones (the 'road map')

How will we get from Here (Now, current tech) to There (Future, your solution)

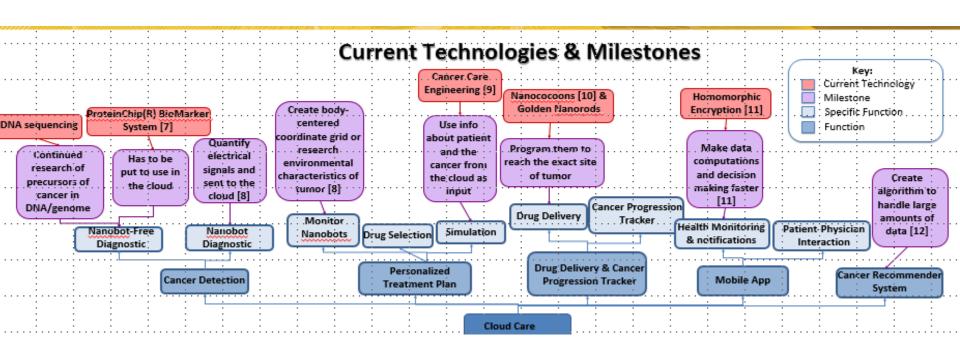
- What future technological advancements or development is needed?
- May be helpful to create a Diagram to visualize



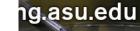
Development Milestones

- What is the 'gap' between current 'enabling technologies' and the technologies required for your solution?
- What advancements, combinations of technology, and/or development of new technology need to be made in the future to fill that 'gap'?



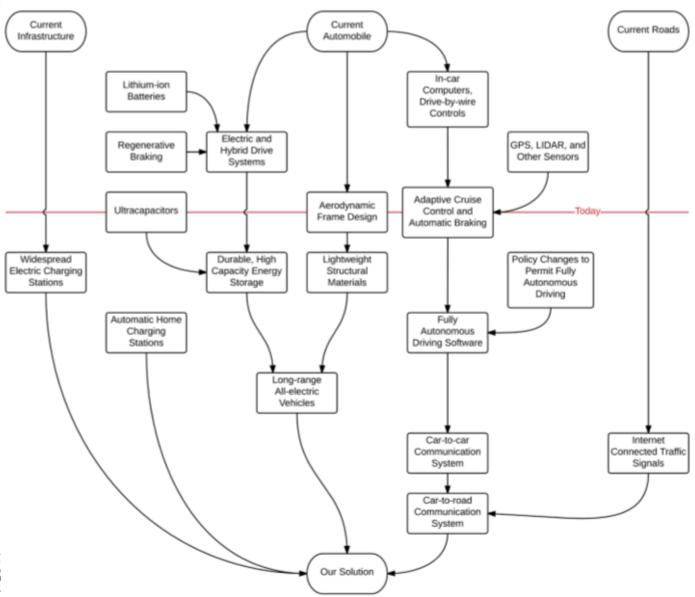








Technology Development





Today's Goals

- Begin Imagining possible design solution(s)
 - Think about Form, function (pictures & words)
 - Create Design features to satisfy customer needs
- Think about HOW your solution will work
 - Identify technologies, knowledge, etc. that are required for your solution
 - Find currently available 'enabling' technologies for your solution (in research, or on the market)



ADDITIONAL EXAMPLES OF VISUALS (FOR INSPIRATION)



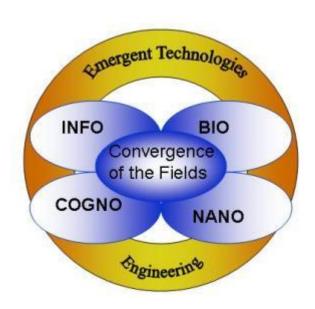
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Examples

"Convergence"

The Last 5 Years ...

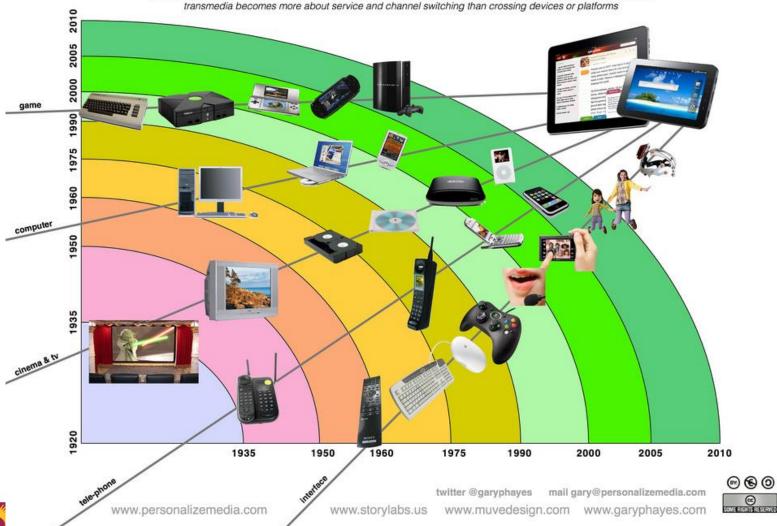




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Platform Convergence and the Dawn of Trans-Media Channels @ Gary Hayes 2010

An updated chart (and post/article) looking at the evolution of key platforms towards a convergent device on which

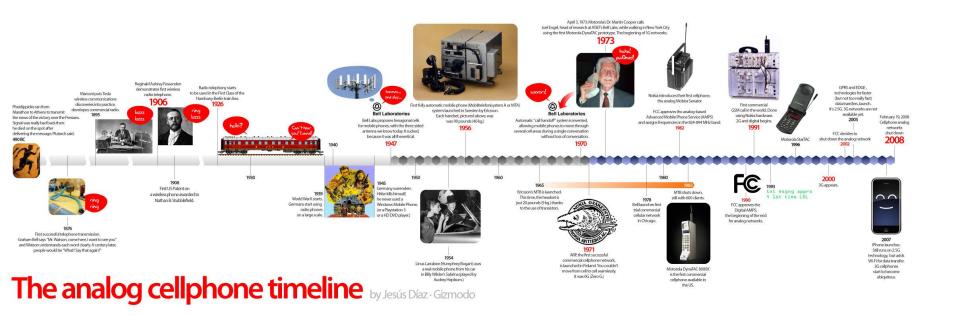


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ARIZONA STATE UNITYERS/17/320/6942_6900ac8142_b-1rbld16.jpg



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ARIZONA STATE UNIVERS http://evolutionofcomputers.edublogs@rg/fineering.asu.edu
es/2011/11/computer-timeline-18x44jx.gif



Kulite Started to specialize in piezoresistive silicon (Joe Mellon) Honeywell Internet Concept Silicon 1962 transistor invented, 1947 National Integrated Semiconduct circuit, Kilby TI, **Starts 1973 R. Noyce 1959** 1960 1970 Piezo-resistive effect in silicon



discovered\

Sputnik

Anisotropic silicon etching 1962 PJ Holmes

> James Angell Starts pressure sensor at Stanford 1969

Fairchild

Surface

transistor

Nathanson

Harvey

1967

micromachined

resonant gate

sensor products

Starts

1960s



Silicon surface micromaching R. Howe and R. Muller 1982

Kurt Petersen "Silicon as a Mechanical Material" published 1982

HP Micromachined

Ink jet nozzle 1979

TI DLP

started

1977

1980

LIGA

1982

Process

research

NovaSensor

Janusz Brezyk

Starts

Analog Devices

accelerometer

effort, 1987

Kurt Petersen

Founded

Joe Malon

1985

Electrostatic

Micromotor

Tai, Fan, Muller

Surface

1988

"MEMS" name coined US DARPA MEMS **Program Started** Ken Gabriel 1992

BuckyBall Developed 1985 Smallev

Visual History

MEMS

ADI

1990

MicroTas

concept

1990

ships

products to

50K units

resigns, 1997 Bosch DRIE invented

MEMS Bubbles

Optical MEMS

Smell sensor

Richie Payne

Biochemical sensor

MEMSIC

2000

\$16 billion

"bubble"

1998-2003

optical

MEMS

IPO.

Saab, 1993 TI DLP product 1994

E-Ink

1997

1994

paper by Menz et al UIUC

DRIE **Process** Mosaic Invented at Browser Bosch 1994 1993

XeF2 Etch for **MEMS** first used at UCLA

> Clinton Announced **NNI Nano Initiative** 2000 Worldwide Nano Boom

Starts

Nintendo Wii Nov 2006

iPod First Shiped 2001

InvenSense

Founded 2003

Cepheid IPO July 2000

&6/share

iPhone First iPad **Announced** 2010 2007



InvenSense \$100M revenue 2010

Knowles 2010 billion shipment 2009

> Let a 1000 **MEMS** Companies Bloom

Siimple **Pixtronics SiTimes**

following Etalon begins



Feynman "Plenty of room at the bottom"

Motorola Cellular Phone Demo

visit memscentral.com

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Qualcomm

MEMS



