## Classroom Activities Math 1113 - Precalculus

University of Georgia Department of Mathematics

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## Chapter 1 Functions and Preliminaries

1. Make a sketch of a number line with zero at the center. Mark the locations of -2, -2.5, 1.1, and 2.3 on your number line.

2. Make a sketch of a number line with zero at the center. Mark the locations of -2 and 2.15 on your number line. What is the distance between the two points?

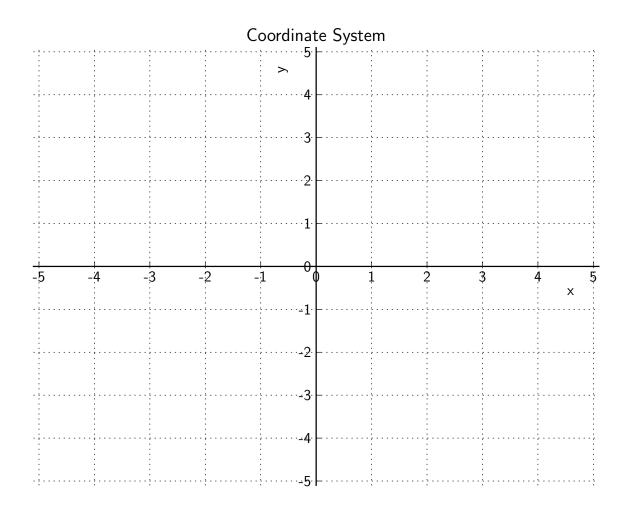
3. Make a sketch of a number line with zero at the center. Mark the locations of -1.54 and 2.07 on your number line. What is the distance between the two points?

 $Preclass\ Work\ -\ Finish\ Before\ Class\ Begins$ 

8 Name:

Name: Activity: 1 9

1. Mark the points  $P_1(-2.1, -4.4)$  and  $P_2(4.5, 1.2)$  on the axes below. Determine the distance between the two points. Include a sketch of a right triangle whose hypotenuse represents the distance between the two points.



Write out
the distance
formula for
the p
on tl
x-ax
solve
the
unkn

 $vari\epsilon$ 

2. Mark the point  $P_3(1.3, -2.4)$  on the axes below. Determine the points on the x-axis that are a distance of 3 units from  $P_3$ . Mark the points on the axes below.



1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.

•

•

2. For each equation below determine the values of x that satisfy the equation. Express any approximations to at least two decimal places.

(a) 
$$2x^2 + 5x - 3 = 0$$

(b) 
$$5x - 1 = 8x + 7$$

(c) 
$$x^2 + 3x - 1 = 2x^2 + 2x + 6$$

(d) 
$$x^3 = 2$$

- 3. Make a sketch of a number line with zero at the center. Indicate the set of numbers that satisfy  $x^2 > 2$ .
- 4. Make a sketch of a number line with zero at the center. Indicate the set of numbers that satisfy x > 2.2 and x < 5.4.
- 5. Make a sketch of a number line with zero at the center. Indicate the set of numbers that satisfy |x| > 1.5.

1. A tortoise and a hare move in a straight line, and the both start at x = 0. The tortoise's position is given by

$$x_T = \frac{1}{2}t,$$

where t is in minutes and x is in meters. The hare's position is given by

$$x_H = 2t,$$

where t is in minutes and x is in meters.

(a) Determine the positions of the tortoise at t = 0, t = 1, and t = 2.

(b) Determine the positions of the hare at t = 0, t = 1, and t = 2.

(c) For each time, plot the coordinate of the relative positions on the set of axes below. Use the tortoise's position for the x-coordinate, and use the hare's position for the y-coordinate. For example, if the tortoise's position is 1m, and the hare's position is 4m, then the coordinate would be P(1,4).



Name: Activity: 2 15

1. Sketch a graph of the relationship given by

$$x^2 + 2x + y^2 - 8y = 8.$$

Determine the center and the radius of the circle.

Name: Activity: 2

2. Windows are constructed, and their width is proportional to their height. One window is measured, and its width is 100cm, and its height is 200cm. Make a sketch of the relationship of the height of a window given its width. Briefly discuss the relationship. How does the height change as the width changes?

Annotate your plot and label your axes!

3. The surface area of a sparrow's wing is proportional to the square of the length of the wing. A sparrow is measured, and it has a wing length of 9cm and an area of 45cm<sup>2</sup>. Make a sketch of the relationship of the area of a sparrow's wing given the length. Briefly discuss the relationship. How does the area change as the length changes?

Annotate
your plot
and label
your axes!

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. A circle is circumscribed within a square so it just touches on each of the four edges of the square.
  - (a) Make a sketch of the square and circle. Mark the length of the square and the radius of the circle.
  - (b) Determine the relationships between the length of the edge, the radius of the circle, the area of the square, and the area of the circle.
  - (c) Determine the area of the square not covered by the circle as a function of the length of one side of the square.
  - (d) Make a sketch of a graph of the area of the square not covered by the circle. The horizontal axis should be the length of one side of the square, and the vertical axis should be the area. Label your axes.
  - (e) How does the area change as the length of one side of the square increases? (Does it change linearly, does the rate of change increase or decrease?)
  - (f) Determine the proportion of the area not covered by the circle with respect to the area of the square. What percentage of the area of the square is not covered? How does this change as the length of one side of the square changes?

1. A tortoise and a hare move in a straight line, and the both start at x=0. The tortoise's position is given by

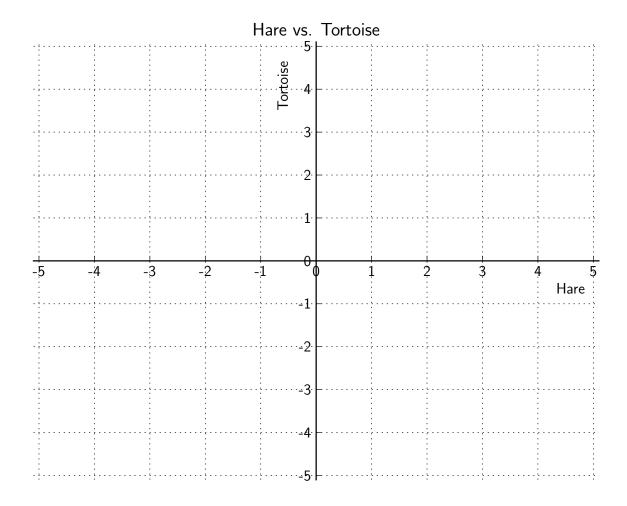
$$x_T = \frac{1}{2}t,$$

where t is in minutes and x is in meters. The hare's position is given by

$$x_H = 2t$$

where t is in minutes and x is in meters.

Determine the relationship between the hare's and the tortoise's position. That is, given the hare's position determine the tortoise's position. Make a sketch of the plot of the relationship using the axes below.



What is the tortoise's position when the hare's position is 15 meters? (Mark the associated coordinate on the plot above.)

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Name: Activity: 3 21

1. In each case below determine the formulas for the lines that satisfy the given requirements. In each case make a rough sketch of the line.

(a) Goes through the point P(-2,5) and has a slope of -3.

(b) Goes through the points  $P_1(-3, -4)$  and  $P_2(4, 1)$ .

Name: Activity: 3

2. Birds near a park are studied by a group of researchers. The birds tend to use cigarette butts in their nests, and it is believed to help reduce the number of parasitic insects. It is estimated that the number of cigarette butts used for nesting materials varies linearly with the distance from the nest to a nearby open air theater. A nest that is a distance of 30 meters appears to have 10 cigarette butts, and a nest that is a distance of 40 meters appears to have 8 cigarette butts.

(a)	Determine the relationship that will predict the number of cigarette butts
	in a nest given its distance from the theater. Use it to predict the number
	of cigarette butts in a nest 50 meters from the theater. Also, make a sketch
	of the relationship.

(b) What is the domain for the relationship?

(c) A nest is found that has 4 cigarette butts. What is the prediction for the distance the nest is from the theater.

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - ullet
- 2. The per-capita growth rate for a species is approximated as a linear function. It is estimated that when the population is near zero the per-capita growth rate is highest due to a lack of competition and approaches 0.5 (units are 1/hour). When the population approaches 1,000 the per-capita growth rate is estimated to be zero.
  - (a) Determine the relationship that gives the per-capita growth rate as a function of the population, p.
  - (b) Make a sketch of the graph of the per-capita growth rate. (Make sure to annotate your graph and label your axes.)
  - (c) What happens to the per-capita growth rate as the population increases? Why might this happen?
  - (d) Determine the values where the per-capita growth rate is negative. Why would the per-capita growth rate be negative?

1. A biologist grows four different colonies of bacteria. The number of bacteria in the colonies is estimated to be 10,000, 20,000, 30,000, and 40,000. The mass for each colony is measured and is estimated to be  $2.61 \times 10^{-6}$ ,  $5.20 \times 10^{-6}$ ,  $7.90 \times 10^{-6}$  and  $1.04 \times 10^{-5}$  grams respectively.

Organize the information above into a table so that the mass can be more easily determined given the number of bacteria in the colony. Also, graph each point as a coordinate where the number of bacteria is on the horizontal axis, and the mass is on the vertical axis.

2. Each time the number of bacteria increase by 10,000 what is the change in the mass?

3. Make rough estimate for a relationship that will provide a prediction for the mass of a colony given the number of bacteria within it.

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1. A balloon has a tether to the ground, and it can be extended or retracted as the balloon is raised or lowered. One end of the tether is attached to the ground 20m away from a point directly below the balloon. If the balloon is x meters high in the air what is the length of the tether?

(a) Sketch a diagram of the situation. Label the known and unknown quantities.

Assume
that the
balloon only
moves up
and down
with no
lateral
motion.

(b) Determine the important relationships between the known and unknown quantities.

(c) Determine the length of the tether given the height.

(d) Determine the domain and range of the function.

Name: Activity: 4

2. A park has two distinct areas separated by a river, and each area has its own population of mice. The population East of the river is estimated to have 10,000 individuals at the beginning of the year, and each week it grows by a constant 200 individuals. The population West of the river is estimated to have 8,000 individuals at the beginning of the year, and each week it grows by a constant 250 individuals.

(a) Make a rough sketch of the number of mice in the two populations on the same graph. The horizontal axis should be the time from the beginning of the year in weeks.

(b) Describe what is happening to the two populations. Is there a time when the two populations are equal? If so when is it?

(c) Determine a formula for the total number of mice in the park at any week after the beginning of the year.

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. The surface area of a sphere of radius r is  $4\pi r^2$ , and the volume is  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ . Determine the equation for the surface area of a sphere given its volume.
- 3. In the Star Trek television series a ship's velocity is given in terms of its warp factor, w. According to wikipedia, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Warp\_drive accessed June 2016, the actual speed is the warp factor cubed multiplied by the speed of light which is approximately  $3.0 \times 10^8$  m/s.
  - (a) Determine the speed of a ship that is moving at warp factor 2.5.
  - (b) Determine the speed of a ship that is moving at warp factor 3.0.
  - (c) A ship is moving at warp factor 3.1. What warp factor would be required to double the ship's speed?
  - (d) A ship is moving at warp factor 4.1. What warp factor would be required to double the ship's speed?

1. Two populations of different species of bacteria interact. The number of bacteria (in millions) in the first population is given by

$$B(t) = 10 + t^2,$$

where t is the time in days since the beginning of the year. The number of bacteria (in millions) in the second population is given by

$$C(t) = 10 + (t+2)^2,$$

where t is the time in days since the beginning of the year.

(a) Make a sketch of the two functions below.

(b) A researcher decides to alter the situation and adds 5 million bacteria to the first population given by B(t). Determine a formula for the altered population. Make a sketch of the original and altered populations below.

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1. The height, in meters, of a certain tree changes by the relationship

$$h(t) = \sqrt{\frac{t}{3}},$$

where t is the time in years from when the seed was germinated.

(a) Make a sketch of the height of a tree as a function of time.

(b) Two seeds are planted, and the first seed germinates immediately. The second seed germinates one year after the first is germinated, and then begins to grow. Determine the formulas for the height of the two trees with respect to the time that the first seed is germinated. Make a sketch of the two functions on the same graph.

(c) A new strain of the tree is developed that grows at a rate twice as fast as the original. Determine the formula that will give the height of the new strain. Make a sketch comparing the height of the original and the new strains. 2. A function is defined to be

$$f(x) = |x|.$$

- (a) Make a sketch of the function on the axes below.
- (b) Make a sketch of the following new functions on the graph as well with clear annotations:

$$g(x) = f(3x),$$

$$h(x) = f(x) + 2,$$

$$p(x) = f(x+2),$$

$$q(x) = 3f(x).$$



- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. An enzyme in a solution decays, and the concentration (mg/liter) as a function of time in hours is

$$C(t) = \frac{3.5}{5.0 + t}.$$

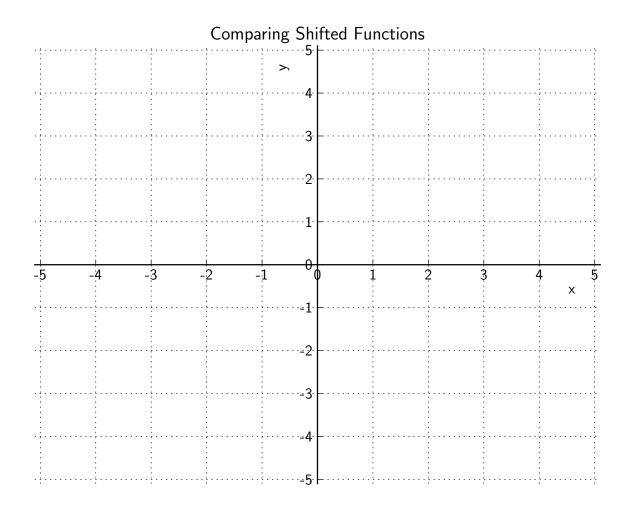
- (a) Make a sketch of the concentration as a function of time. Assume that the time is positive. Annotate your plot and label your axes.
- (b) How long will it take for the enzyme to be reduced to half its original concentration?
- (c) Another enzyme is present, and its concentration is linked to the first. Its concentration is half the first enzyme's concentration 30 minutes in the past. Determine the formula for the second enzyme's concentration. (This is referred to as a delay relationship.)
- (d) How long will it take for the second enzyme to be reduced to half its original concentration?
- (e) Make a sketch of the concentration of both enzymes as a function of time. Assume that the time is positive. Annotate your plot and label your axes.

1. A function is defined to be

$$f(x) = x^2.$$

- (a) Make a sketch of the function on the axes below.
- (b) Make a sketch of the following new functions on the graph as well with clear annotations:

$$g(x) = f(3x),$$
  
 $h(x) = f(x) + 2,$   
 $p(x) = f(x+2),$   
 $q(x) = -f(x),$   
 $r(x) = -f(x-2).$ 



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Name: Activity: 6 39

1. A developer has a square plot of land that is 100 meters by 100 meters that is next to a river. The land will be divided into two parts by making a rectangle in one corner of the large plot with its width along the river. The height of the rectangle will be ten meters shorter than its width. It is estimated that the rectangular plot of land will sell for \$2.00 per square meter plus 100\$/meter times the width, and the remaining land will sell for \$4.00 per square meter. Determine the dimensions of the rectangular plot that will result in the highest profit.

(a) Make a sketch of the situa
--------------------------------

- (b) Within the sketch above, identify and label the variables that you will use.
- (c) Determine any relevant relationships between your variables and the total cost of the land.
- (d) How will you solve this problem?

(e) Determine the dimensions of the rectangular plot that will result in the highest profit.

Check your work and make sure that you maximized the profit and did not minimize it. Name: Activity: 6

2. A traffic engineer observes the movement of traffic on a busy street. She estimates that when the traffic density is 0 cars/meter that the rate of flow is 0 cars/minute. She notices that when the density is high, roughly 0.1 cars/meter or more, there is gridlock, and the rate of flow is 0 cars/minute. Finally, she notices that when there is 0.05 cars per meter the rate of flow is at a maximum of 20 cars per minute.

(a) Assuming that the rate of flow is 0 if the density is greater than 0.1 make a rough sketch of the rate of flow as a function of the density below.

(b) Assuming that the rate of flow is a quadratic function of the traffic density when the density is between 0 and 0.1 cars/meter inclusive, determine the formula for the traffic density.

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. Determine the vertex of the following parabolas.

(a) 
$$y = -x^2 + 10x - 5$$

(b) 
$$y = 2x^2 - 10x + 18$$

(c) 
$$y = 3x^2 + 4 + 1$$

(d) 
$$y = 5x^2 + 2$$

(e) 
$$y = 5x^2 + x + 2$$

3. Two super hero capes will be sewn as part of a demonstration. One cape will be in the shape of a square. The other cape will be in the shape of a triangle, and the height is the same length as the base. They will be displayed together, and the sum of the two lengths must be 6 feet. What are the dimensions of the capes that will minimize the total area of the capes?

1. A restaurant would like to test a new menu item. They estimate that the cost for producing x servings in market A is 12\$ per serving. They estimate that the cost for producing y servings in market B is \$15 per serving. They will allocate a total of \$36,000 for producing the total number of servings. Write out an expression that relates the cost to the number of servings produced in market A and market B.

2. The number of mosquitoes per acre in an area is estimated to be 600 times the area of open water measured in acres. The area of open water in a location is declining over time and is  $A(t) = 50 - \frac{1}{3}t$ , where t is the number of years since January 1 of the current year. Determine the number of mosquitoes per acre in terms of t.

3. The delay time required for a neuron to recharge is estimate to be a function of the calcium concentration,

$$Recharge([Ca]) = 0.05 - [Ca]^2.$$

The concentration of calcium in an experiment is changed over time and is estimated to be

[Ca](t) = 
$$0.01 + \frac{1}{1+t}$$
.

Determine the formula used to estimate the recharge delay as a function of time, t. (Do not simplify the expression.)

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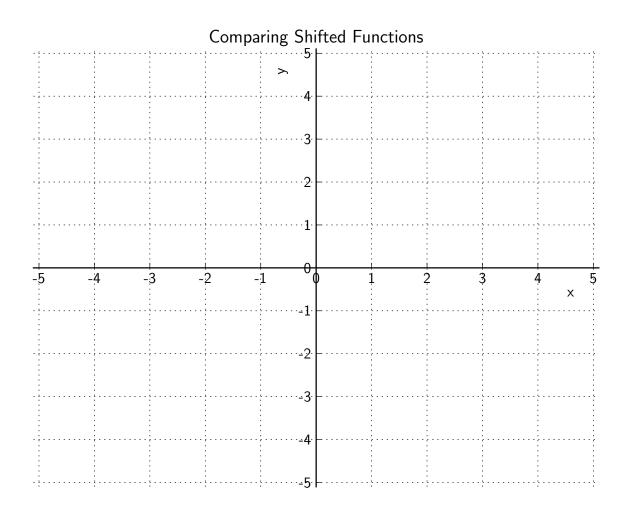
1. A function is defined to be

$$f(x) = x^2.$$

Determine the value of a and b so that the function

$$g(x) = f(x-a) + b$$

is the original function that is shifted up two units and left 3 units. Plot f(x) and g(x) on the plot below.



2. Two functions are given in the tables below.

- (a) Determine the range and domain of f.
- (b) Determine the range and domain of g.
- (c) Determine the values of each of the following expressions:

$$f(2) =$$

$$f(4) =$$

$$g(f(2)) =$$

$$g(f(1)) =$$

$$g(f(0)) + g(f(3)) =$$

(d) If f(x) = h what is the value of x?

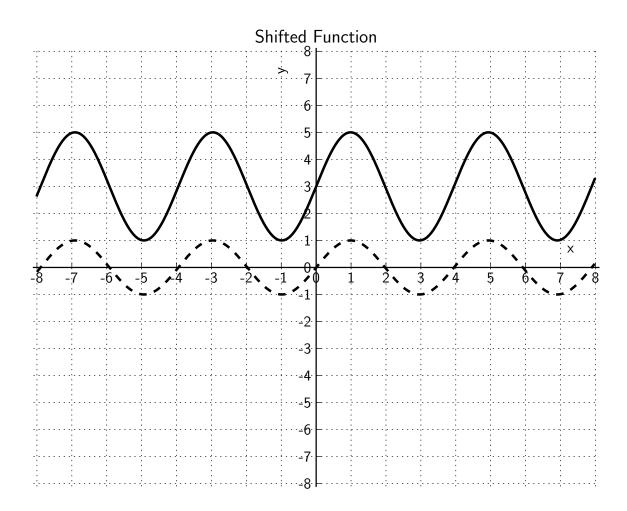
Name:

Activity: 7

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3. Two functions are shown in the figure below. The function plotted with the dotted line is f(x), and the function plotted with the solid line is g(x). Express g(x) in terms of f(x),

$$g(x) =$$



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4. Two functions are shown in the figure below. The function plotted with the dotted line is f(x), and the function plotted with the solid line is g(x). Express g(x) in terms of f(x).

$$g(x) =$$



- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. Two functions are given in the tables below.

- (a) If  $g(x) = \Diamond$  what are the possible values of x? Is this reverse procedure a function?
- (b) If  $g(f(x)) = \natural$  what are the possible values of x? Is this reverse procedure a function?
- (c) Determine the range and domain of g(f(x)).
- (d) Express the function g(f(x)) as a table.

1. The height, in meters, of a certain tree changes by the relationship

$$h(t) = \sqrt{\frac{t}{3}},$$

where t is the time in years from when the seed was germinated.

(a) Make a sketch of the height of a tree as a function of time.

(b) A tree is measured, and it is estimated that its height is 5 meters. How long ago did its seed germinate?

(c) Make a sketch of the time since germination as a function of the height of the tree. Make sure to properly annotate your graph and label the axes.

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1. Two functions are defined in the following tables. Determine the values of each expression below. If a value does not exist write "NA."

- (a) f(g(4))
- (b) g(f(4))
- (c)  $f^{-1}(g(4))$
- (d)  $f(g^{-1}(4))$
- (e)  $f^{-1}(g^{-1}(3))$
- (f)  $f^{-1}(g^{-1}(9))$
- (g)  $g^{-1}(f^{-1}(5))$

2. The height, in meters, of a certain tree changes by the relationship

$$h(t) = \sqrt{\frac{t}{3}},$$

where t is the time in years from when the seed was germinated.

(a) Determine the range and the domain of h(t).

(b) Determine the inverse of h(t). How can it be interpreted?

(c) Determine the range and the domain of the inverse of h(t).

3. For each function below determine if it is one-to-one. For each function that is one-to-one determine the inverse of the function. For each function that is not one-to-one determine a subset of the domain for which the function is one-to-one on that subset.

(a) 
$$f(x) = 3x + 1$$

(b) 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x}$$

(c) 
$$f(x) = x^2$$

(d) 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{3x+1}$$

4. Given the graphs of the two functions below determine the values of the expressions below the graph.





- (a) f(g(3)) =
- (b)  $f^{-1}(0) =$
- (c)  $f^{-1}(-2) =$
- (d) g(f(2)) =
- (e)  $g^{-1}(f(0)) =$
- (f)  $g^{-1}(f^{-1}(1)) =$

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. We examine the function

$$f(x) = x^2.$$

- (a) Determine if the function is 1-1.
- (b) Determine a restriction on the domain of f so that the function is 1-1 on the restricted domain.
- (c) Determine the inverse on the restricted domain.
- 3. We examine the function

$$f(x) = x^2 - 4x.$$

- (a) Determine if the function is 1-1.
- (b) Determine a restriction on the domain of f so that the function is 1-1 on the restricted domain.
- (c) Determine the inverse on the restricted domain.

## Chapter 2

## Exponential and Logarithmic Functions

- 1. Carbon-15 has a half life of about 2.5 seconds. If an object has 2 grams of carbon-15 in it now, then in 2.5 seconds it will only have 1 gram due to its decay. An object has  $8.0 \times 10^{-6}$  grams of carbon-15, and it is placed in a sealed container. Determine how much carbon-15 is contained in the object at the following times:
  - (a) After 2.5 seconds.

Name:

(b) After 5.0 seconds.

(c) After 7.5 seconds.

(d) After 10.0 seconds.

Name: Activity: 9 63

1.

hour	secies of bacteria is able to divide every three hours. That is every three seach bacteria splits into two new individuals. A colony starts with 10,000 riduals. Determine the number of bacteria at the following times"
(a)	After 3 hours.
(b)	After 6 hours.
(c)	After 9 hours.
(d)	After $n \times 3$ hours where $n$ is an integer greater than zero.
(e)	How many bacteria were in the colony 3 hours before the start of the experiment?

2. A species of bacteria is able to divide every three hours. That is hours each bacteria splits into two new individuals. After each d 75% of the remaining bacteria survive. A colony starts with 10,000 Determine the number of bacteria at the following times:	livision, only
(a) After 3 hours.	
(b) After 6 hours.	
(c) After 9 hours.	
(d) After $n \times 3$ hours where $n$ is an integer greater than zero.	
(e) How many bacteria were in the colony 3 hours before the experiment?	start of the

Name: Activity: 9 65

3. A bank offers a savings account in which the interest is compounded 1.5% annually, and the interest is accrued each month. If a person places \$1,000 in an account how much money is in the account after n months? Determine the amount of money in the account after the first, second, and third months. Do not simplify your results, and try to find the pattern.

- 4. Simplify each expression below.
  - (a)  $\frac{3^5 \cdot 3^2}{3^4}$

(b)  $\frac{2^8}{2^5}$ 

 $\left(c\right) \ \frac{4^2 \cdot 2^2}{4^3}$ 

(d)  $5^9 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 5^{-7}$ 

(e)  $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^5 \cdot 2^9 \cdot 2^{-3}$ 

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. A bank offers 1.5% annual interest compounded weekly (assume 52 weeks in a year). You will deposit \$5,000 into the account. How much money will be in the account at any time?
- 3. A bank offers 1.5% annual interest compounded monthly. You will deposit some money into an account and wish to have \$25,000 after two years. How much money should you deposit?
- 4. A compound is created that decays over time. It takes four years until half of the compound decays in a sample. You wish to store the compound for 5 years. How much should you store if you wish to get 4 kg after the storage period?

Exponential functions satisfy the algebraic properties given below. In each example it is assumed that a, b, and c are constants, and a > 0.

$$a^b \cdot a^c = a^{b+c} \tag{2.1}$$

$$\frac{a^b}{a^c} = a^{b-c} (2.2)$$

$$\left(a^{b}\right)^{c} = a^{b \cdot c} \tag{2.3}$$

Also, e is a constant number, and we define the number e to be

$$e \approx 2.718$$
.

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 $Properties \ of \ Exponentials \ Properties: \ 2$ 

70Name:

- 1. Determine an approximation for the value of each expression below. Your approximation should be to the nearest 0.01.
  - (a)  $2^3$

(b)  $2.5^2$ 

(c)  $2.7^{1.5}$ 

(d)  $2.718^{2.1}$ 

(e)  $2.7183^{2.44}$ 

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University of Georgia Department of Mathema	atics				

Name: Activity: 10 73

1.	A bank manager is considering the impact of different terms for an account that
	offers compounded interest. She assumes that the interest rate is a constant an-
	nual one percent rate and then checks to see what happens for different lengths
	of time between compounding. Assume that one dollar is initially deposited.

(a)	Determine the amount of money in the account after one hundred years	s,
	if the interest is compounded yearly.	

- (b) Determine the amount of money in the account after 100 years, if the interest is compounded once every six months.
- (c) Determine the amount of money in the account after 100 years, if the interest is compounded once a month.
- (d) Determine the amount of money in the account after 100 years, if the interest is compounded once a day.
- (e) Determine the amount of money in the account after 100 years, if the interest is compounded twice a day.
- (f) What is happening to the balance as the number of terms increases?

- 2. Generalize the value found on the previous page.
  - (a) Determine a formula for the balance for 1% annual interest after 100 years if the interest is compounded n times per year.

(b) Make a substitution, u=100n, in the previous expression. Write out the expression for the balance as a function of u.

(c) Determine the values of the balance for the following values of u.

u	balance
1	
2	
12	
365	
1000	

(d) What is the value approaching as u gets large? This is a number that occurs in many situations, and we do not want to write it out every time we use it, so we use the symbol e as a form of short hand notation.

Name: Activity: 10 75

3. When interest is compounded continuously, the balance is determined using the function

$$Balance(t) = Pe^{rt},$$

where P is the initial balance, r is the annual interest rate, and t is the time in years.

Sketch a plot of the balance over time if 1\$ is deposited with a rate of 1%.

Name:

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Activity: 10

4. As radioactive isotopes decay, the amount of isotope in a sample decreases. If the decay rate of an isotope is r then the amount of an isotope in a sample is expressed using the function

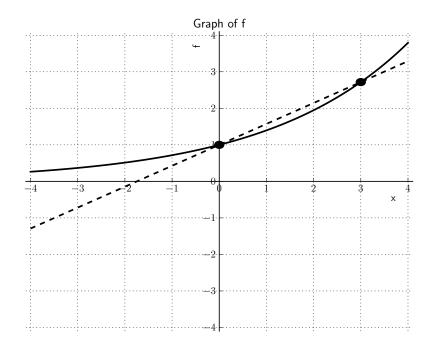
$$Amount(t) = Ae^{-rt},$$

where t is measured in years.

- (a) What is the physical interpretation of the constant A?
- (b) If a sample of a radioactive substance initially contains 3 grams, and the radioactive decay is 0.00004, sketch a plot of the amount of the substance in the sample over time.

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. The average rate of change for a function from x = a to x = b is defined to be

Avg. Rate of Change 
$$= \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$$
.



Visually, it can be thought of as the slope of the line that goes through the graph of the function at two points, (a, f(a)) and (b, f(b)).

(a) The population of a colony of bacteria is two times its previous population every one hour. Determine the average rate of change from a=0 to the times given in the table below.

b	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2^2}$	$\frac{1}{2^3}$	$\frac{1}{2^4}$	$\frac{1}{2^5}$
Avg						
Avg Rate						
Change						

What number is the average rate of change approaching as b gets close to zero?

(b) The population of a colony of bacteria is three times its previous population every one hour. Determine the average rate of change from a=0 to the times given in the table below.

b	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2^2}$	$\frac{1}{2^3}$	$\frac{1}{2^4}$	$\frac{1}{2^5}$
Avg						
Avg Rate						
Change						

What number is the average rate of change approaching as b gets close to zero?

(c) The population of a colony of bacteria is 2.5 its previous population every one hour. Determine the average rate of change from a=0 to the times given in the table below.

b	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2^2}$	$\frac{1}{2^3}$	$\frac{1}{2^4}$	$\frac{1}{2^5}$
Avg						
Avg Rate						
Change						

What number is the average rate of change approaching as b gets close to zero?

(d) The population of a colony of bacteria is 2.7 its previous population every one hour. Determine the average rate of change from a=0 to the times given in the table below.

$\overset{\circ}{b}$	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2^2}$	$\frac{1}{2^3}$	$\frac{1}{2^4}$	$\frac{1}{2^5}$
Avg						
Avg Rate						
Change						

What number is the average rate of change approaching as b gets close to zero?

(e) Determine a value so that if a population multiplies its population by that number every hour the average rate of change approaches 1 from a=0 and b gets close to zero.

1.	A computer virus is constructed that will infect two new computer	systems each
	day and then wipe the disk drive of its current computer clean.	The virus is
	installed on one computer on 1 January.	

- (a) How many new computers will it infect on 2 January?
- (b) How many new computers will it infect on 3 January?
- (c) How many new computers will it infect on 4 January?
- 2. A computer virus is constructed that will infect two new computer systems each day and then wipe the disk drive of its current computer clean. The virus is installed on a computer but it is not clear when it was first installed.
  - (a) It is estimated that 128 computers were infected on a given day. How many days beforehand was it installed on the first computer?
  - (b) It is estimated that 1024 computers were infected on a given day. How many days beforehand was it installed on the first computer?
  - (c) It is estimated that 32768 computers were infected on a given day. How many days beforehand was it installed on the first computer?

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Name: Activity: 11 81

1. The approximate distances in kilometers from the earth to various destinations is given in the table below. Use this information to answer each of the questions below.

Destination	Distance
The moon	$3.84 \times 10^5 \text{ km}$
Mars	$5.46 \times 10^7 \text{ km}$
Saturn	$1.28 \times 10^9 \text{ km}$
Proxima Centauri (Closest star)	$4.01 \times 10^{13} \text{ km}$
Center of the Milky Way	$2.83 \times 10^{17} \text{ km}$

(a) Make a sketch of a number line with the distances for each destination marked on the number line.

(b) For each distance in the table above what is the approximate power of ten for the distance? For example, if a distance is  $1 \times 10^4$  km it is a power of 4. Sketch a number line and indicate the powers of ten on the number line.

The approximate average lengths of various items are given in the table below. Use this information to answer each of the questions below.

Item	Size
Person	1.75 m
Finger	$9.2 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$
DNA	$5.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$
Hair (Width)	$9.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$
Bacteria	$0.8 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$

(a) Make a sketch of a number line with the lengths for each item marked on the number line.

(b) For each item in the table above what is the approximate power of ten for the length? For example, if a length is  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  m it is a power of -4. Sketch a number line and indicate the powers of ten on the number line.

Name: Activity: 11 83

2. In one cycle a type of mayfly lays eggs and on average three females survive to lay more eggs. One of the mayfly are introduced to a stream for the first time and lays eggs.

(a) Draw a tree diagram of the individuals from each cycle that survive starting with the original mother. Include three cycles in your diagram.

- (b) On the top of the tree diagram above indicate the total number of mayflies that survive each cycle.
- (c) On the bottom of the tree diagram indicate the cycle with the first cycle labeled as cycle 0 (zero).
- (d) It is estimated that there are 2187 mayfly in the river. How many cycles have there been?
- (e) It is estimated that there are 19683 mayfly in the river. How many cycles have there been?

3. Mosquitoes lay between 50 to 200 eggs each cycle. Assume that for a given species in a particular area roughly 75 eggs hatch and survive to be adults and lay eggs.

(a) Assume that in the spring there is one surviving female mosquito starting with cycle 0. Make a table to indicate how many mosquitoes there will be from cycle 0 to cycle 4.

(b) Using your table, if it is estimated that there are 5625 mosquitoes what cycle in the season is it?

(c) Using your table, if it is estimated that there are 421875 mosquitoes what cycle in the season is it?

1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.

•

•

2. Determine the value of x in each expression below. Any approximations should be to at least two decimal places.

(a) 
$$\log_5(2x+1) = 9$$

(b) 
$$\log_7(x-1) + \log_7(x+1) = 2$$

(c) 
$$3^{\log_3(x+1)} = 4$$

(d) 
$$\log_8 (8^{5-2x}) = 9$$

(e) 
$$\log_{10}(2x+1) = \log_3(4.1)$$

3. Use the natural logarithm to determine the value of x in each expression below. Any approximations should be to at least two decimal places.

(a) 
$$3.5^{x+1} = 2^{x-1}$$

(b) 
$$10 = e^{-2x}$$

(c) 
$$1 = 2^{3x} \cdot 4^{8x-1}$$

(d) 
$$5 = e^{3x-1}$$

(e) 
$$e^{9x} = 2^{9x}$$

- 1. Determine an approximation for the numerical value of each number below. Also determine the natural logarithm of each of the following values. Express the numbers to two decimal places.
  - (a) e

(b)  $e^2$ 

(c)  $e^3 \cdot e^{-4}$ 

(d)  $e^{-2} \cdot e^{-3}$ 

88 <i>Name</i> :	Preclass Work - F	Finish Before Cla	ass Begins

1. Determine the natural logarithm of each value below, and use the properties of logarithms to express the value as a sum or differences of logarithms.

(a) 
$$a \cdot b \cdot c$$

(b) 
$$a \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d^3$$

$$\left(\mathbf{c}\right) \ \frac{(x-1)\cdot(x+3)}{(x-2)}$$

(d) 
$$\frac{(x-4)\cdot(x+2)^3\cdot(x+4)}{(x-9)^2}$$

(a) Determine the formula that gives the number of computers infected on the number of days since the first computer is infected.

Number(t) =

(b) Make a rough sketch of the number of new computers infected as a function of time.

(c) Solve the equation above for t. That is determine a formula for t given the number of newly infected computers.

(d) It is determined that 524288 new computers were infected on a given day. How long ago was the first virus installed?

(e) It is determined that 67108864 new computers were infected on a given day. How long ago was the first virus installed?

Name: Activity: 12 91

3. Radon 222 has a half life of 3.8 days. It is estimated that there is 0.2g of radon 222 in a basement. Assume that no more radon enters the basement after a treatment is applied, and the area is not ventilated.

(a) Determine a formula for the amount of radon in the basement at a given time, in days, from when the treatment is applied.

Amount(t) =

(b) Make a rough sketch of the amount of Radon 222 in the basement as a function of time.

(c) Solve the equation for t. That is determine a formula for t given the amount of radon in the basement.

(d) How long will it take before the amount of radon is down to one tenth the original amount?

- 4. A patient has a growth, and a treatment is applied that is estimated to reduce the size of the growth by ten percent each week.
  - (a) Determine a formula for the size of the growth at a given time, in days, from when the treatment is applied.

$$Size(t) =$$

(b) Make a rough sketch of the size of the growth as a function of time.

(c) Solve the equation for t. That is determine a formula for t given the size of the growth.

(d) How long will it take before the growth is down to one tenth the original size?

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. Determine the value of x in each expression below:

(a) 
$$e^{2x} - 2e^x - 3 = 0$$
.

(b) 
$$e^{2x} - 4e^x + 4 = 0$$
.

(c) 
$$e^{2x} - e^x + 6 = 0$$
.

(d) 
$$e^{2x} - e^x - 12 = 0$$
.

(e) 
$$e^{2x} - e^x + 4 = 0$$
.

- 3. A bank offers 1.5% annual interest compounded weekly (assume 52 weeks in a year). How long will it take for the balance to double?
- 4. A bank offers 1.5% annual interest compounded monthly. How long will it take for the balance to double?
- 5. A compound is created that decays over time. It takes four years until half of the compound decays in a sample. How long will it take for 80% of the compound to decay?

Logarithmic functions satisfy the algebraic properties given below. In each example it is assumed that a, b, and r are constants.

$$\ln(a \cdot b) = \ln(a) + \ln(b) \tag{2.4}$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) = \ln(a) - \ln(b) \tag{2.5}$$

$$\ln\left(a^r\right) = r\ln(a) \tag{2.6}$$

$$\log_{10}(a \cdot b) = \log_{10}(a) + \log_{10}(b) \tag{2.7}$$

$$\log_{10}\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) = \log_{10}(a) - \log_{10}(b) \tag{2.8}$$

$$\log_{10}(a^r) = r \log_{10}(a) \tag{2.9}$$

University of Georgia Department of Mathematics	

Properties of logarithms Properties: 3

 $96\,Name:$ 

1. Solve for the variable x in each expression below.

(a) 
$$e^{4x-1} = 8$$

(b) 
$$ln(2x+1) = -4$$

(c) 
$$3^{2x+1} = e^{4x}$$

(d) 
$$8^{3x+2} = 6e^{4x}$$

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Activity: 13

1. A population of bacteria doubles every four hours. How long does it take for the population to triple?

2. Carbon 14 has a half life of 5,730 years. How long will it take for a sample to decay to two thirds of its original value?

3. Determine the value of x in each of the following expressions.

(a) 
$$10 = 20 (1 - e^{-3t})$$

(b) 
$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2\pi}}e^{-x^2/6}$$

(c) 
$$xe^{-x} + e^{-x} = 0$$

(d) 
$$e^x + 2 - e^{-x} = 0$$

(e) 
$$e^{-x^2} = 4^{2x-1}$$

4. The number of animals in a population of a small mammals follows a logistic function,

$$P(t) = \frac{10,000}{1 + e^{-\frac{1}{2}t}}.$$

- (a) What is the initial population?
- (b) How many animals will the population approach after a very long time?
- (c) How long will it take for the number of animals to reach 75% of its long time value?

(d) How long will it take for the number of animals to reach 80% of its long time value?

5. A spill occurs and a chemical is introduced into the lake. It is estimated that the amount of the chemical in the lake decays like

$$Amount(t) = Ae^{rt}.$$

- (a) Should the value of r be positive or negative? (Briefly explain how you arrive at your conclusion.)
- (b) At some time after the spill occurs it is estimated that there are 4,000 kg of the chemical in the lake. A month later it is estimated that there is 3,500 kg in the lake. What is the half life of the chemical?

(c) How long will it take for the amount of the chemical to be reduced to 1% of the original amount that was spilled?

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. Determine the value of x in each expression below.
  - (a)  $3^x = 4^{x+1}$
  - (b)  $3^x = 9 \cdot 4^{x+1}$
  - (c)  $2^x = 9^{5x-1} \cdot 4^{x+1}$
  - (d)  $14^{3x+4} = 10^{9x/2} \cdot 20^{6x-1}$
  - (e)  $3^{x^2} = 3 \cdot 8^x$
- 3. The number of animals in a population is approximated using a logistic function,

$$P(t) = \frac{80,000}{1 + 10e^{-\frac{1}{10}t}}.$$

- (a) Make a sketch of the function for t going from 0 to 50.
- (b) How long will it take for the population to double with respect to its original population?
- (c) How many animals does the population approach in the long run? (i.e. what happens to the population after a very long time?)

## Chapter 3 Angle Measurement

1.	Make a sketch of a horizontal and vertical axes with labels for the $x$ and $y$
	axes. Make a sketch of a circle centered on the origin of your axes with a radius
	r. (Just mark where $r$ and $-r$ occurs on the axes.) Label the radius and the
	circumference. Finally, answer each of the questions below.

- (a) If the radius is 1m what is the circumference?
- (b) If the radius is 2m what is the circumference?
- (c) What is the general formula that relates the radius and the circumference?
- (d) How many degrees are there in the angle that represents one complete turn around a circle?
- (e) On your circle above draw a ray from the origin along the line that forms a 45 degree angle with the positive horizontal axis. Indicate and label the angle.

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Name: Activity: 14 111

1.	Mak	e a sketch of a horizontal and vertical axes with labels for the $x$ and $y$ axes. e a sketch of a circle of centered on the origin of your axes. Label the radius the circumference. Finally, answer each of the questions below.
	(a)	What is the length of the top half of the circle assuming its radius is 1?
	(b)	What is the length of the top half of the circle assuming its radius is $r$ ?
	(c)	What is the length of the part of the circle in the first quadrant assuming its radius is $r$ ?
	(d)	What is the length of the sector that forms part of a circle with an angle of 180 degrees assuming its radius is 1?
	(e)	What is the length of the sector that forms part of a circle with an angle of 180 degrees assuming its radius is $r$ ?
	(f)	What is the length of the sector that forms part of a circle with an angle of 90 degrees assuming its radius is $r$ ?

2. Make a sketch of a circle of radius r, and mark the radius and circumference of the circle.

- (a) What is the general relationship between the radius and the circumference?
- (b) Mark a sector on your circle above whose angle is one half of the angle needed to make one complete turn around the circle. What is the length of the sector of the circle?

This should be a function of r.

(c) Mark a sector on your circle above whose angle is one third of the angle needed to make one complete turn around the circle. What is the length of the sector?

This should be a function of r.

(d) If the sector has an angle is p% of one whole turn around the circle, what is the length of the sector?

This should be a function of r and p.

- 3. From the previous problem you should have a general formula that relates the length of the sector with radius r given the percentage, p%, that its angle is of one complete turn around a circle.
  - (a) Rewrite your expression, and label the distance along the sector as s.

(b) Divide both sides of your formula by the radius, and you should have an expression for

$$\frac{s}{r} =$$

(c) The value on the right side of your expression is the definition of radian measure for an angle. In one sentence explain the meaning of the ratio on the left side of the expression.

(f) If an angle is measured as being 120 degrees, how many radians is it?

Activity: 14

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Name:

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. (a)

1. When viewed above the north pole of the Sun, the earth appears to move around the sun in a counter-clockwise direction. The path can be roughly approximated as a circle. It takes one year to make one revolution, and assume that the distance from the center of the sun to the earth is one solar unit.



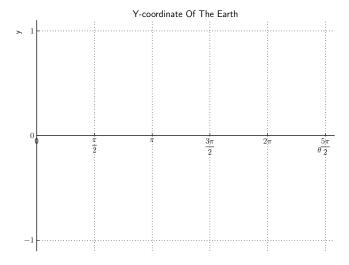
- (a) What distance does the earth traverse in one year?
- (b) What distance does the earth traverse in two years?
- (c) What distance does the earth traverse in ten years?
- (d) Assume that the eastern direction is to the right, and the northern direction is up. What is the furthest East that the earth moves? What is the furthest West, North, and South that the earth moves?

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Name: Activity: 15 119

1. When viewed above the north pole of the Sun, the earth appears to move around the sun in a counter-clockwise direction. The path can be roughly approximated as a circle. It takes one year to make one revolution, and assume that the distance from the center of the sun to the earth is one solar unit. (See the image in the preclass activity.)

- (a) What angle (in radians) does the earth make from the x-axis after 3 months?
- (b) What angle (in radians) does the earth make from the x-axis after 6 months?
- (c) Make a rough sketch of the earth's y position as a function of the angle.

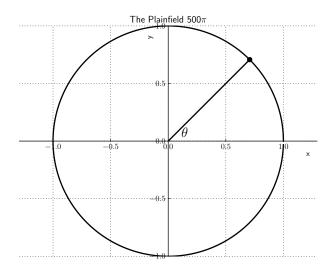


(d) Make a rough sketch of the earth's x position as a function of the angle.



Name:

2. At the annual Plainfield  $500\pi$  race a car will make 250 laps around a circular track. The track has a radius of 1 km. A single car will make a trial run by going around the track at 1 km per hour. (It is not a very fast race.) The car starts on the point furthest East and is initially moving to the North.



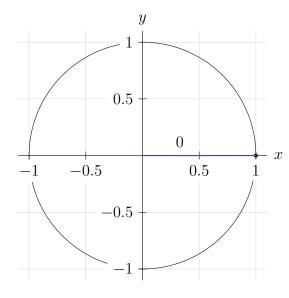
(a) How far will the car travel in all? Determine the distance traveled as a function of time, and then determine the angle,  $\theta$ , at any time.

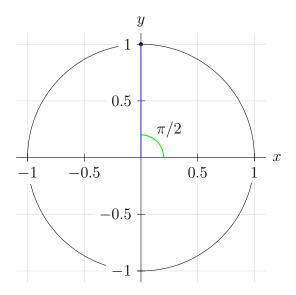
(b) Assuming that the origin is the center of the track, sketch a plot of the car's y position as a function of time for the first two laps.

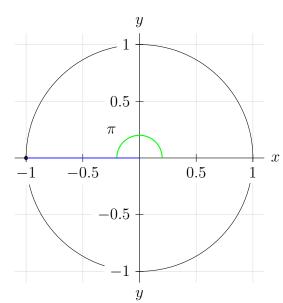
(c) Assuming that the origin is the center of the track, sketch a plot of the car's x position as a function of time for the first two laps.

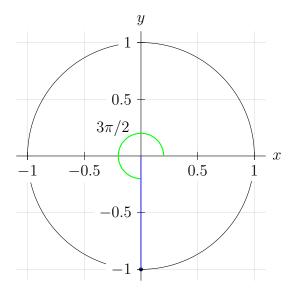
Name: Activity: 15

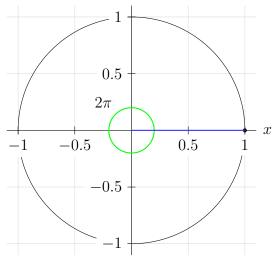
- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. (a)

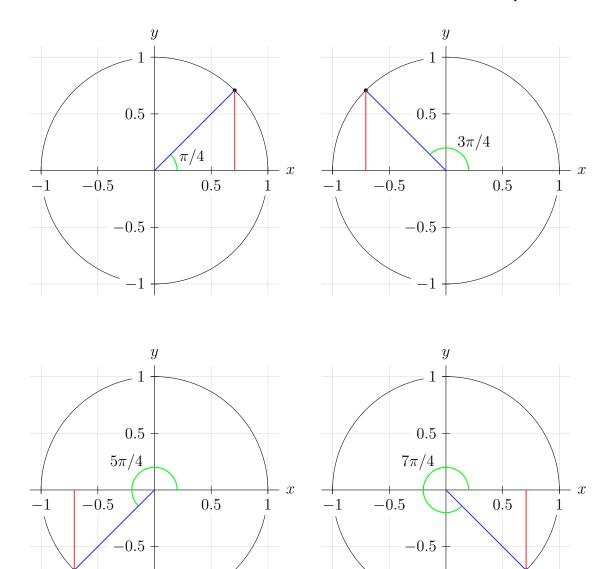


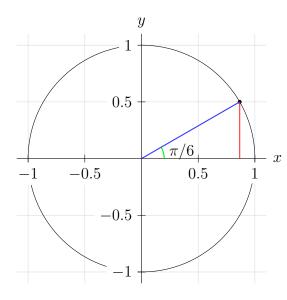


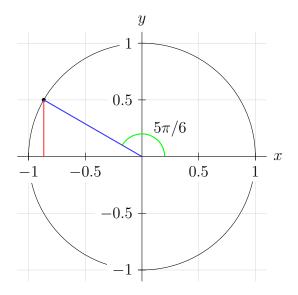


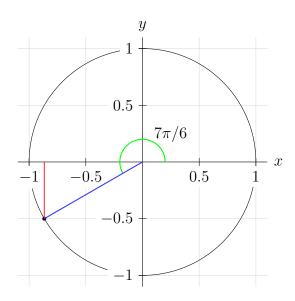


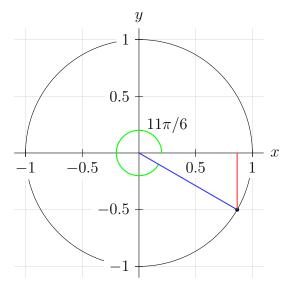












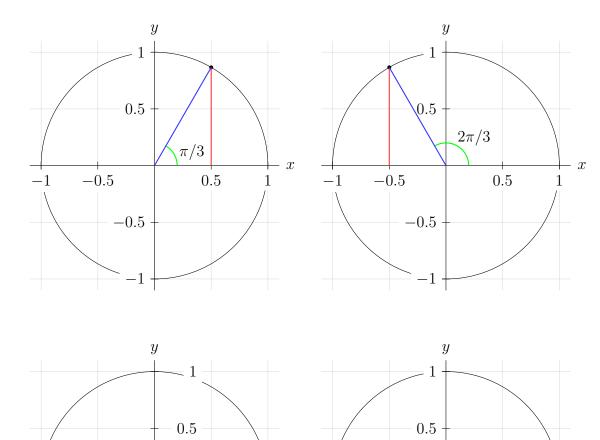
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 $4\pi/3$ 

0.5

-0.5

1



-0.5

 $5\pi/3$ 

-0.5

0.5

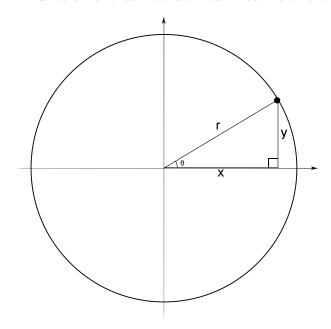
 $\frac{1}{+} x$ 



## Chapter 4

## Trigonometric Functions

1. A circle of radius r is centered at the origin, and a ray originates from the origin at a given angle,  $\theta$ . The ray passes through the circle at the coordinate (x, y). A function of  $\theta$  can be defined in terms of the coordinate.



(a) A function, sine, is defined to be

$$\sin(\theta) = \frac{y}{r}.$$

Determine the formula for the value of y given r and  $\theta$  in terms of the sine function.

(b) A function, cosine, is defined to be

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{x}{r}.$$

Determine the formula for the value of x given r and  $\theta$  in terms of the cosine function.

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- 1. Answer each of the following questions where the given point is P(2,4).
  - (a) Make a sketch of the coordinate plane and include the point P(2,4). Draw the ray from the origin to the point. (Label your axes!)

- (b) Add a circle to your sketch show center is the origin and goes through the point. Label the angle  $\theta$  as the angle between the ray and the x-axis.
- (c) What is the radius of the circle?
- (d) Determine the values of the sine and cosine for the angle.

$$\sin(\theta) =$$

$$\cos(\theta) =$$

2. For each point below determine the radius and the value of the sine and cosine of the angle associated with each point.

(a) 
$$P(1,0)$$

(b) 
$$P(0,1)$$

(c) 
$$P(-1,0)$$

(d) 
$$P(0,-1)$$

(e) 
$$P\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

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3. The circle below is centered at the origin and has a radius of one.



(a) Mark the locations on the circle whose associated angles are 0,  $\pi/4$ ,  $\pi/2$ ,  $3\pi/4$ ,  $\pi$ ,  $5\pi/4$ ,  $3\pi/2$ , and  $7\pi/4$ .

(b) Determine the (x, y) coordinates for each angle.

(c) Determine the cosine and sine of each angle.

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. (a)

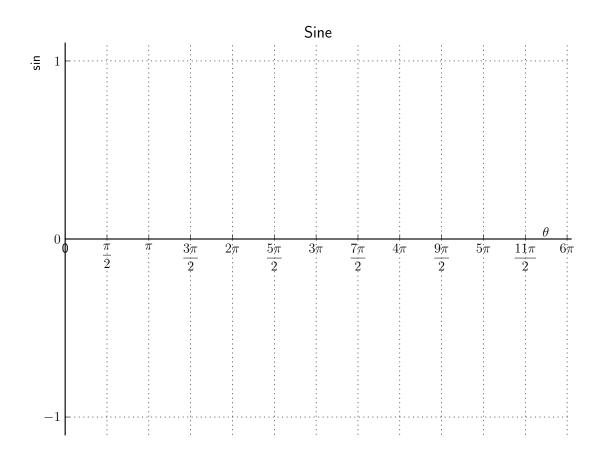
- 1. An ant starts at the coordinate P(1,0), and it moves counter-clockwise around a circle of radius one centered at the origin. It moves at a constant 1 meter per minute.
  - (a) Sketch a plot of the ant's path.

(b) Sketch a plot of the ant's x-coordinate as a function of time.

(c) Sketch a plot of the ant's y-coordinate as a function of time.

140Name:	Preclass Work - Finish Before Class Begins

1. (a) Make a sketch of the sine function.



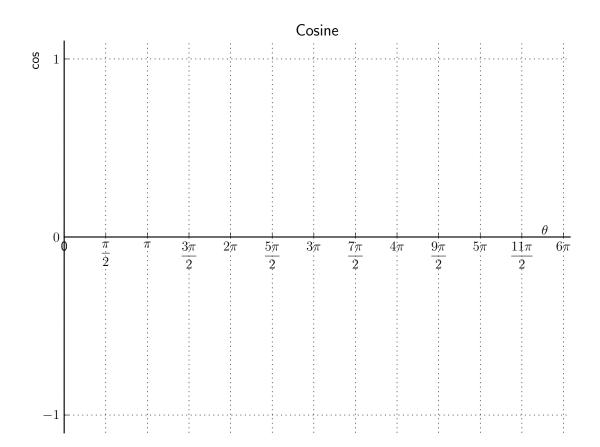
(b) Over what values of  $\theta$  does the sine function repeat itself?

(c) For what value of a is

$$\sin(\theta) = \sin(\theta - a)?$$

(d) Is the sine function an invertible function?

(e) Make a sketch of the cosine function.



(f) Over what values of  $\theta$  does the cosine function repeat itself?

(g) For what value of a is

$$\cos(\theta) = \cos(\theta - a)$$
?

(h) Is the cosine function an invertible function?

- 2. What is the relationship between the sine and cosine functions? For each relationship below determine the value and use the unit circle to explain why these relationships should be expected.
  - (a) Determine a value of a where

$$\cos(\theta) = \sin(\theta + a).$$

(b) Determine a value of a where

$$\cos(\theta) = -\sin(\theta + a).$$

(c) Determine values of a, and b so that the function

$$f(\theta) = a\sin(\theta) + b$$

oscillates between 2 and 6.

(d) Determine values of a, and b so that the function

$$f(\theta) = a\sin(\theta) + b$$

oscillates between -5 and -3.

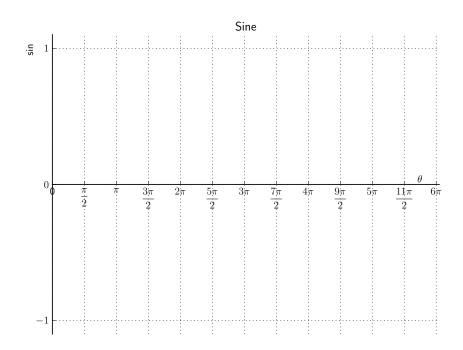
(e) Determine values of a, and b so that the function

$$f(\theta) = a\sin(\theta) + b$$

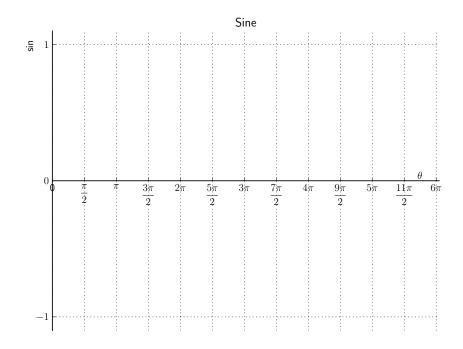
oscillates between -1 and 4.

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. (a)

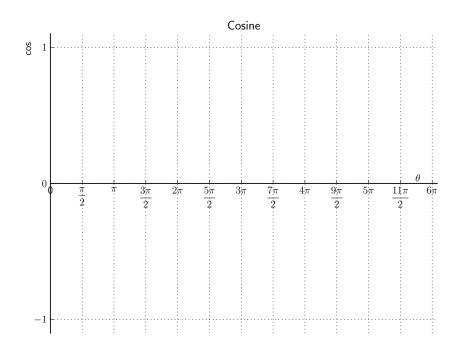
- Name:
  - 1. Make a sketch of the sine function.



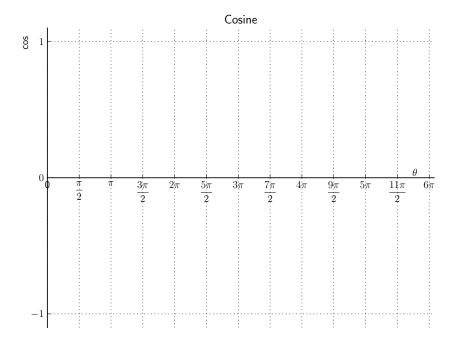
2. Make a sketch of the sine function shifted left  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  units.



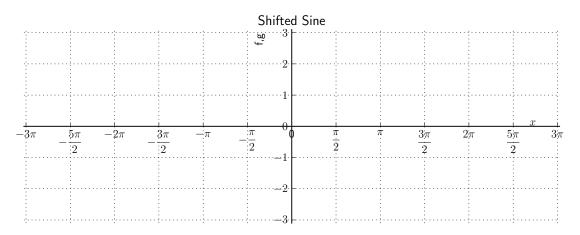
3. Make a sketch of the cosine function.



4. Make a sketch of the cosine function shifted left  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  units.

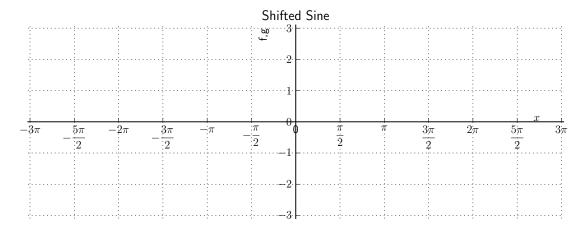


- 1. A sine function is shifted and scaled as described below. Make a sketch of its graph first, and then determine the formula for the new function.
  - (a) Make a sketch of a sine function that is shifted left  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  units, oscillates between 2 and -2, and has a period of  $2\pi$ .



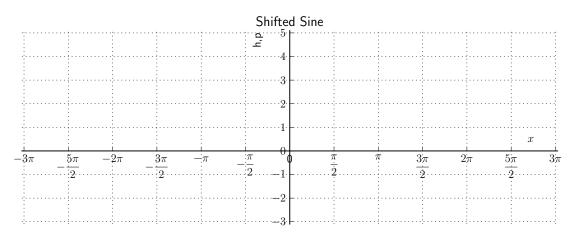
$$f(x) =$$

- 2. A sine function is shifted and scaled as described below. Make a sketch of its graph first, and then determine the formula for the new function.
  - (a) Make a sketch of a sine function that is shifted left  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  units, oscillates between 3 and -1, and has a period of  $2\pi$ .



$$g(x) =$$

- 3. A cosine function is shifted and scaled as described below. Make a sketch of its graph first, and then determine the formula for the new function.
  - (a) Make a sketch of a cosine function that is shifted right  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  units, oscillates between 3 and -3, and has a period of  $2\pi$ .



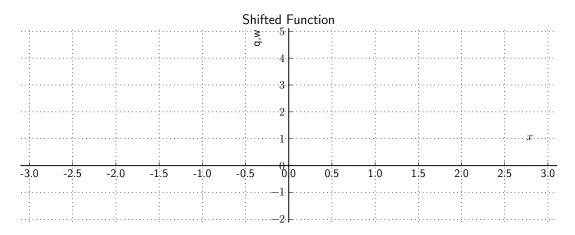
$$h(x) =$$

- 4. A cosine function is shifted and scaled as described below. Make a sketch of its graph first, and then determine the formula for the new function.
  - (a) Make a sketch of a cosine function that is shifted right  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  units, oscillates between 5 and -1, and has a period of  $2\pi$ .



$$p(x) =$$

- 5. A sine function is scaled as described below. Make a sketch of its graph first, and then determine the formula for the new function.
  - (a) Make a sketch of a sine function that has a period of 1 and an amplitude of 1.



$$q(x) =$$

- 6. A cosine function is shifted and scaled as described below. Make a sketch of its graph first, and then determine the formula for the new function.
  - (a) Make a sketch of a cosine function that is shifted right 2 units, oscillates between 5 and -1, and has a period of 1.



$$w(x) =$$

- 7. A cosine function is shifted and scaled as described below. Make a sketch of its graph first, and then determine the formula for the new function.
  - (a) Make a sketch of a cosine function that is shifted right 1 units, oscillates between 2 and -1, and has a period of 2.



$$D(x) =$$

- 8. A sine function is shifted and scaled as described below. Make a sketch of its graph first, and then determine the formula for the new function.
  - (a) Make a sketch of a sine function that is shifted left 2 units, oscillates between -1 and -4, and has a period of  $\frac{2}{3}$ .



$$L(x) =$$

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. (a)

- 1. A triangle, ABC, has lengths  $a=5,\,b=4,$  and the angle directly across from c is  $\gamma=\frac{\pi}{6}.$ 
  - (a) Draw a picture of the triangle.

- (b) Label the sides and the angle in your picture.
- (c) Determine the area of the triangle. (Hint: draw a vertical line that represents the height in your triangle and use the appropriate trigonometric functions to determine the height.)

156Name:	Preclass Work - Finish Before Class Begins

Name: Activity: 19 157

1.	1. A surveyor sets up a transit 2m above the surface of the ground. It is 80m away from a building. The transit is pointing at the top of the building, and its angle of elevation is 35 degrees. How tall is the building?		
	(a)	Make a sketch of the situation. (It may take a couple tries!)	
	(b)	Indicate and label all of the information that is given and indicate any variables that are not known in your diagram above.	
	(c)	Identify the relationships between the variables.	
	(d)	How do you plan on solving the problem?	
	(e)	Determine the height of the building.	

2. Chris Hadfield is in the International Space Station and is 360km above the surface of the earth. He looks down toward the center of the earth and then to the horizon of the earth. He measures an angle of 71 degrees between the two directions. What is the radius of the earth?(a) Make a sketch of the situation. (It may take a couple tries!)

(b) Indicate and label all of the information that is given and indicate any variables that are not known in your diagram above.

(c) Identify the relationships between the variables.

(d) How do you plan on solving the problem?

(e) Determine the radius of the earth.

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. (a)

1. Use the unit circle and the definition of sine and cosine to provide a justification for the identity

$$\sin^2(\theta) + \cos^2(\theta) = 1.$$



Choose a point on the circle, draw the associated triangle, and then use the appropriate definitions.

162Name:	Preclass Work - Finish Before Class Begins

Name: Activity: 20 163

1. Is the equation

$$(\sec(\theta) - \tan(\theta)) \cdot (\csc(\theta) + 1) = \cot(\theta)$$

true for all  $\theta$ ? (Fully justify your answer!)

2. Is the equation

$$\frac{1 + \csc(3\beta)}{\sec(3\beta)} - \cot(3\beta) = \cos(3\beta)$$

true for all  $\beta$ ? (Fully justify your answer!)

Name: Activity: 20 165

3. Is the equation

$$\cos^2(4\alpha) = 1 - \sin^2(4\alpha)$$

true for all  $\alpha?$  (Fully justify your answer!)

Activity: 20

4. Is the equation

$$\tan^2(\theta) + 1 = \sec^2(\theta)$$

true for all  $\theta?$  (Fully justify your answer!)

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. (a)

1. Determine all values of  $\theta$  that satisfy

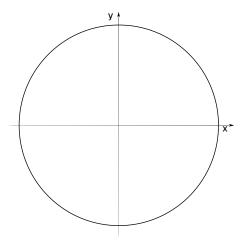
$$\sin(\theta) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}.$$



170 Name:	Preclass Work - Finish Before Class Begins

1. Determine all values of  $\theta$  that satisfy

$$\cos(\theta) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}.$$



2. Determine all values of x that satisfy

$$\cos(2x+1) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}.$$



3. Determine all values of x that satisfy

$$\tan(x^2+1) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}.$$



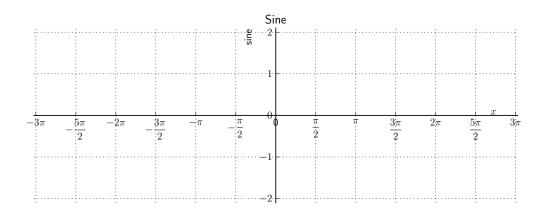
4. The voltage within a circuit element is given by

$$V(t) = 100 - 50\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{120}t + 3\pi\right).$$

What is the minimum voltage and when does it occur? (Make a sketch of the unit circle!)

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. (a)

1. Use the axes below to make a sketch of sin(x).



- (a) Is the sine function one-to-one? (Justify your answer!)
- (b) What is the domain for the sine function?
- (c) Define a small part of the domain for which the sine function is one-to-one. (There is not a unique answer just find one small part.) Make a sketch of the sine function restricted to your domain and explain why it is now one-to-one.

178 Name:	Preclass Work - Finish Before Class Begins

- 1. Use your calculator to evaluate the following expressions. Explain why it gives your results.
  - (a)  $\arcsin\left(\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right)$

(b)  $\arcsin\left(\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)\right)$ 

Name: Activity: 22

2. A plane is a straight line distance of 10,000 meters away from a radar station. Its altitude is 3,000 meters above the ground. It is flying west away from a radar station. What is the distance between the radar station and a point on the ground directly below the plane?

3. Determine the value of

$$\tan\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)\right)$$

(a) Make a sketch of a right triangle. Mark the appropriate angle and sides.

(b) Determine the value based on your diagram.

4. Determine the value of

$$\tan\left(\operatorname{arcsec}\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)\right)$$

without using a calculator.

(a) Make a sketch of a right triangle. Mark the appropriate angle and sides.

(b) Determine the value based on your diagram.

- 1. Briefly state two ideas from today's class.
  - •
  - •
- 2. (a)

# Chapter 5

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