Topics: basic operations on functions, composition of functions, and difference quotient

#### **Student Learning Outcomes:**

- 1. Students will be able to perform basic operations on functions.
- 2. Students will be able to compose functions.
- 3. Students will be able to evaluate a difference quotient.

# 1 Algebra on Functions

- 1. Find the following values for the functions f(x) = x + 3 and  $g(x) = x^2$ .
  - (a) (f+g)(2)

(b) (f-g)(7)

(c) (fg)(5)(same as  $(f \cdot g)(5)$ )

(d) (f/g)(4)

## 2 Function Composition

The composition of two functions, f(x) and g(x), is given by

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f[g(x)]$$
 or  $(g \circ f)(x) = g[f(x)]$ 

that is, by "plugging one function into another". One must be careful, however, as the above two quantities are <u>not equal</u> in general (it is also important not to confuse this notation with multiplying two functions, hence the use of the "open circle" symbol).

- 2. Find the following values for the functions f(x) = x + 3 and  $g(x) = x^2$ .
  - (a) f(g(4))

(b) g(f(4))

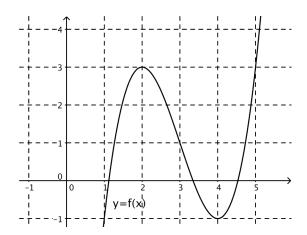
- 3. Use  $f(x) = \frac{1}{3-x}$  and  $g(x) = 3x^2 16$  to answer the following.
  - (a) Determine f(g(x)) and the domain of f(g(x)).

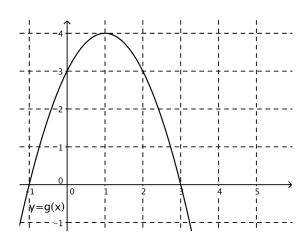
(b) Determine  $(g \circ f)(x)$  and the domain of  $(g \circ f)(x)$ .

(c) Determine g(f(3)).

4. **Decomposition** Find functions f, g, such that f(g(x)) = y for the function  $y = 6 + \sqrt{9 - x^2}$ . (There is more than one correct answer.)

- 5. Use the graphs of f and g below to determine the following.
  - (a) f(g(2))
  - (b) g(f(4))
  - (c) f(g(1))





### 3 Diference Quotient

**Recall:** The slope of a line through two points  $(x_1, y_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2)$  is given by the formula

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{\text{change in y}}{\text{change in x}}$$

Average Rate of Change

The average rate of change of y = f(x) with respect to x over the interval  $[x_1, x_2]$  is

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{f(x_2) - f(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{f(x_1 + h) - f(x_1)}{h}, h \neq 0.$$

This is the **difference quotient.** Let's draw a graph.

- 6. Given f(x) = 3x 5.
  - (a) Find f(x+h).
  - (b) Find the difference quotient,  $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$ .

#### Student Learning Outcomes Check

- 1. Can you perform basic algebra operations on functions?
- 2. Can you compose functions two functions?
- 3. Are you able to evaluate a difference quotient?

If any of your answers were no, please ask about these topics in class.