Assignment 3

Program 1: Even or Odd

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class even_or_odd {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        // Creating a Scanner object to read input from the console
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
        // Declaring an array to store 10 numbers
        int[] numbers = new int[10];
        // Prompting the user to enter 10 numbers
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
            System.out.println("Please enter a number ");
            // Reading the number input from the user and storing it in the
numbers array
           numbers[i] = scan.nextInt();
        // Closing the Scanner object to prevent resource leak
        scan.close();
        // Calling the checkNum method to count even and odd numbers
    // Method to check whether each number in the array is even or odd
    private static void checkNum(int[] numbers) {
        // Variables to store the counts of even and odd numbers
        int even = 0;
```

```
int odd = 0;

// Iterating through the numbers array

for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++) {

    // Checking if the current number is even
    if (numbers[i] % 2 == 0) {

        even += 1; // Incrementing the count of even numbers
    } else {

        odd += 1; // Incrementing the count of odd numbers
    }
}

// Displaying the count of even and odd numbers

System.out.println("There were " + even + " even numbers");
System.out.println("There were " + odd + " odd numbers");
}</pre>
```

```
Please enter a number

1
Please enter a number

2
Please enter a number

3
Please enter a number

4
Please enter a number

5
Please enter a number

6
Please enter a number

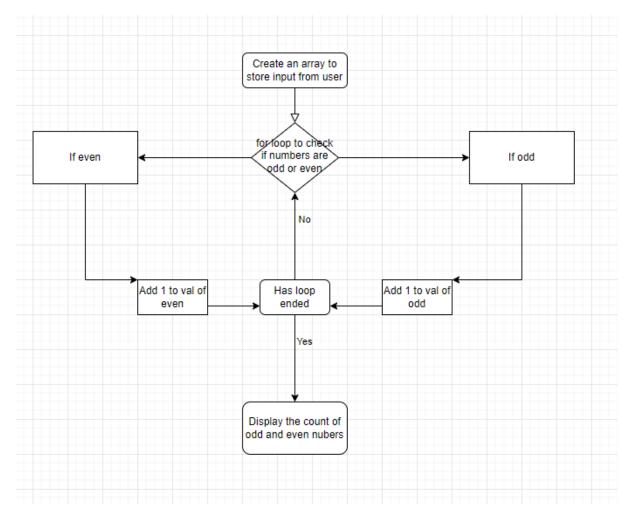
7
Please enter a number

9
Please enter a number

9
Please enter a number

10
There were 5 even numbers

There were 5 odd numbers
```



Program 2: Standard Deviation

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class standard_deviation {
   public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);

        // Prompting the user to enter a real number
        System.out.println("Please enter a Real number ");
        int N = scan.nextInt();

        // Creating an array to store N numbers
        double[] array = new double[N];

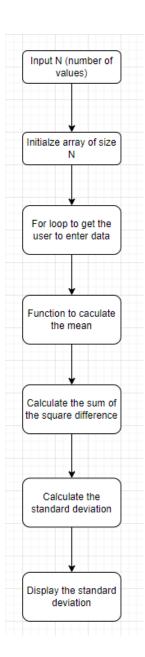
        // Looping to input N numbers
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
           // Prompting the user to enter each value
           System.out.println("Please enter value #" + (i + 1) + ": ");
           array[i] = scan.nextDouble();
        // Calculating the standard deviation of the entered numbers
        double StdDev = calcStdDev(array);
        // Displaying the calculated standard deviation
        System.out.println("The Standard deviation of N numbers is " +
StdDev);
        // Closing the Scanner object to prevent resource leak
   // Method to calculate the standard deviation
   public static double calcStdDev(double[] array) {
        double mean = calcmean(array);
        // Variable to store the sum of squared differences
        double sumOfSquaredDifferences = 0;
        for (double value : array) {
           sumOfSquaredDifferences += Math.pow(value - mean, 2);
        // Calculating the standard deviation using the formula
        double std = sumOfSquaredDifferences / (array.length - 1);
        return Math.sqrt(std);
```

```
// Method to calculate the mean of an array
public static double calcmean(double[] array) {
    // Calculating the sum of all elements in the array
    double sum = 0.0;
    for (int i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {
        sum += array[i];
    }
    // Calculating the mean by dividing the sum by the number of elements
    return sum / array.length;
}</pre>
```

```
Please enter a Real number

5
Please enter value #1:
1
Please enter value #2:
2
Please enter value #3:
3
Please enter value #4:
45
Please enter value #5:
5
The Standard deviation of N numbers is 18.95257238477141
```



Program 3: Names

```
import java.util.Scanner;

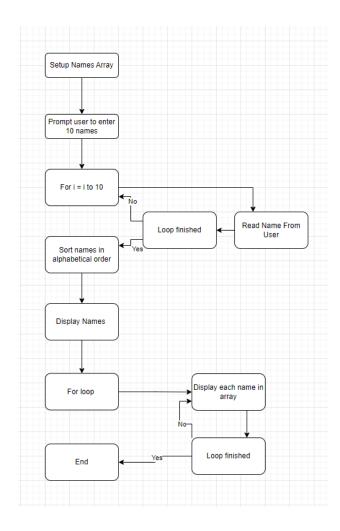
public class Alphabetical {
   public static void main(String args[]) {
        // Creating a Scanner object to read input from the console
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);

        // Declaring an array to store 10 names
        String[] names = new String[10];
```

```
// Prompting the user to enter 10 names
        System.out.println("Please enter 10 names ");
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
            System.out.print("Name " + (i + 1) + ": ");
            // Reading the name input from the user and storing it in the
names array
            String inputName = scan.nextLine();
            String capitalized = inputName.substring(0, 1).toUpperCase() +
inputName.substring(1);
           names[i] = capitalized;
        // Sorting the names array in alphabetical order
        for (int i = 0; i < names.length - 1; i++) {</pre>
            for (int j = 0; j < names.length - i - 1; <math>j++) {
                if (names[j].compareTo(names[j + 1]) > 0) {
                    // Swap names[j] and names[j + 1]
                    String temp = names[j];
                    names[j] = names[j + 1];
                    names[j + 1] = temp;
        // Displaying the names in alphabetical order
        System.out.println("The names in alphabetical order");
        for (String name : names) {
            System.out.println(name);
        // Closing the Scanner object to prevent resource leak
```

```
scan.close();
}
```

```
Please enter 10 names
Name 1: John
Name 2: Mark
Name 3: Harry
Name 4: James
Name 5: Danny
Name 6: Daniel
Name 7: Sarah
Name 8: Jane
Name 9: Mary
Name 10: Cian
The names in alphabetical order
Cian
Daniel
Danny
Harry
James
Jane
John
Mark
Mary
Sarah
```



Program 4: Adding Matrices

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class matrix_addition {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Creating a Scanner object to read input from the console
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);

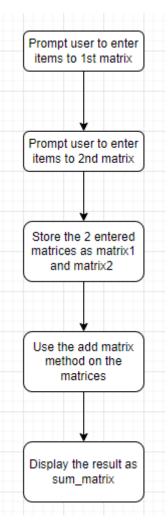
        // Prompting the user to enter elements for the 1st matrix
        System.out.println("Enter elements for the 1st matrix");
        int[][] matrix1 = enter_matrix(scan);

        // Prompting the user to enter elements for the 2nd matrix
```

```
System.out.println("Enter elements for the 2nd matrix");
        int[][] matrix2 = enter_matrix(scan);
        // Adding the two matrices
        int[][] sum_matrix = add_matrix(matrix1, matrix2);
        // Displaying the sum of the matrices
        System.out.println("The sum of the matrices is:");
        display(sum_matrix);
        // Closing the Scanner object to prevent resource leak
   // Method to enter elements for a matrix
   public static int[][] enter_matrix(Scanner scan) {
       // Creating a 3x3 matrix
        int[][] matrix = new int[3][3];
        // Looping through rows and columns to input elements
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
           for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
                // Prompting the user to enter an element at a specific
position
                System.out.print("Enter element at position (" + (i + 1) + "."
+ (j + 1) + "): ");
               matrix[i][j] = scan.nextInt();
       return matrix;
```

```
// Method to add two matrices
    public static int[][] add_matrix(int[][] matrix1, int[][] matrix2) {
        // Creating a matrix to store the sum of the matrices
        int[][] sum_matrix = new int[3][3];
        // Looping through rows and columns to add corresponding elements of
the matrices
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
                // Adding corresponding elements from matrix1 and matrix2 and
storing the result in sum_matrix
                sum_matrix[i][j] = matrix1[i][j] + matrix2[i][j];
        return sum_matrix;
    // Method to display a matrix
    public static void display(int[][] matrix) {
        // Looping through rows and columns to display the elements of the
matrix
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
                // Printing each element of the matrix followed by a space
                System.out.print(matrix[i][j] + " ");
            System.out.println();
```

```
Enter elements for the 1st matrix
Enter element at position (1.1): 1
Enter element at position (1.2): 2
Enter element at position (1.3): 3
Enter element at position (2.1): 4
Enter element at position (2.2): 5
Enter element at position (2.3): 6
Enter element at position (3.1): 4
Enter element at position (3.2): 7
Enter element at position (3.3): 8
Enter elements for the 2nd matrix
Enter element at position (1.1): 1
Enter element at position (1.2): 2
Enter element at position (1.3): 3
Enter element at position (2.1): 5
Enter element at position (2.2): 4
Enter element at position (2.3): 6
Enter element at position (3.1): 7
Enter element at position (3.2): 5
Enter element at position (3.3): 1
The sum of the matrices is:
2 4 6
9 9 12
11 12 9
```



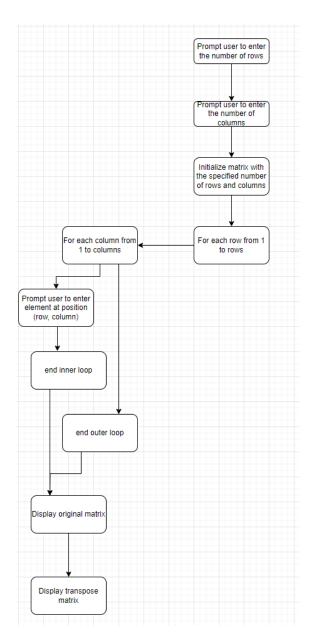
Program 5: Transpose Matrix

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class transpose matrix {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        // Input for the matrix
        System.out.println("Enter the number of rows:");
        int rows = scanner.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter the number of columns:");
        int columns = scanner.nextInt();
        int[][] matrix = new int[rows][columns];
        // Input elements of the matrix
        System.out.println("Enter elements of the matrix:");
        for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < columns; j++) {
                System.out.print("Enter element at position (" + (i + 1) + ","
+ (j + 1) + "): ");
               matrix[i][j] = scanner.nextInt();
        // Display original matrix
        System.out.println("\nOriginal matrix:");
        displayMatrix(matrix);
        // Transpose the matrix
        int[][] transposeMatrix = transpose(matrix);
        // Display transpose matrix
```

```
System.out.println("\nTranspose matrix:");
    displayMatrix(transposeMatrix);
    scanner.close();
// Method to compute transpose of a matrix
public static int[][] transpose(int[][] matrix) {
    int rows = matrix.length;
    int columns = matrix[0].length;
    int[][] transposeMatrix = new int[columns][rows];
    for (int i = 0; i < columns; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < rows; j++) {
            transposeMatrix[i][j] = matrix[j][i];
    return transposeMatrix;
// This method displays the matrix
public static void displayMatrix(int[][] matrix) {
    int rows = matrix.length;
    int columns = matrix[0].length;
    for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < columns; j++) {
            System.out.print(matrix[i][j] + " ");
```

```
System.out.println();
}
}
```

```
Enter the number of rows:
Enter the number of columns:
Enter elements of the matrix:
Enter element at position (1,1): 1
Enter element at position (1,2): 2
Enter element at position (2,1): 3
Enter element at position (2,2): 4
Enter element at position (3,1): 5
Enter element at position (3,2): 6
Original matrix:
1 2
3 4
5 6
Transpose matrix:
1 3 5
2 4 6
```



Program 6: 3d Array

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class ThreeD_array {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        // Create and display the 3D array
        int[][][] array3D = create3DArray();
        System.out.println("3D Array:");
```

```
display3DArray(array3D);
        // Input a number from the user
        System.out.print("\nEnter a number to search in the array: ");
        int to_find = scanner.nextInt();
        // Check if the number is present in the array
        boolean found = search3DArray(array3D, to_find);
       if (found) {
            System.out.println("The number " + to_find + " is present in the
array.");
       } else {
           System.out.println("The number " + to_find + " is not present in
the array.");
       scanner.close();
   // Method to create a 3D array
   public static int[][][] create3DArray() {
        int[][][] array3D = {
           \{ \{1, 2, 3\}, \{4, 5, 6\}, \{7, 8, 9\} \},
           { {10, 11, 12}, {13, 14, 15}, {16, 17, 18} },
           { {19, 20, 21}, {22, 23, 24}, {25, 26, 27} }
       return array3D;
   // Method to display a 3D array
   public static void display3DArray(int[][][] array3D) {
```

```
for (int[][] matrix2D : array3D) {
        for (int[] row : matrix2D) {
            for (int element : row) {
                System.out.print(element + " ");
            System.out.println();
        System.out.println();
// Method to search for a number in a 3D array
public static boolean search3DArray(int[][][] array3D, int to_find) {
    for (int[][] matrix2D : array3D) {
       for (int[] row : matrix2D) {
            for (int element : row) {
                if (element == to_find) {
                   return true; // Number found
    return false; // Number not found
```

```
3D Array:
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9

10 11 12
13 14 15
16 17 18

19 20 21
22 23 24
25 26 27

Enter a number to search in the array: 5
The number 5 is present in the array.
```

