THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL FORM TWO SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATIONS

0062 BOOK KEEPING

Time: 2 Hours Monday 01st December 2014 a.m.

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of sections A, B and C.
- 2. Answer all questions.
- 3. All writing must be in blue or black ink.
- 4. All answers must be written in the spaces provided.
- 5. All communication devices and calculators are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 6. Write your **Examination Number** at the top right corner of every page.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY				
QUESTION NUMBER	SCORE	EXAMINERS' INITIALS		
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SECTION A (20 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section

1.	For each	of the items (i) - (x), choose the correct answer and write its letter in the box provided	d.
	(i)	Which of the following statements is incorrect ? A Assets – Capital = Liabilities. B Liabilities + Capital = Assets. C Liabilities + Assets = Capital. D Assets – Liabilities = Capital.	
	(ii)	Which of the following is a liability? A Machinery B Motor vehicles C Account payable for goods D Cash at bank	
	(iii)	Which of the following best describes the meaning of sales? A Goods bought for cash. B Goods bought on credit. C Goods bought for resale. D Goods paid for cash and credit.	
	(iv)	What is meant by book keeping? A An art of recording business transactions. B An art of recording cash transaction. C An art of recording bank transactions. D An art of recording cash and credit transaction.	
	(v)	Which of the following is correct? A Profit does not change capital. B Profit reduces capital. C Capital can only come from profit. D Profit increases capital.	
	(vi)	In government accounting a term family include an officer's A wife and children B father, wife and children C and all relatives D mother, father, wife and children E mother, wife and children	
	(vii)	Net profit is calculated in the A trading account B trial balance C balance sheet D profit and loss account	
	(viii)	The gross profit can be described as A excess of sales over cost of goods sold B sales less purchases	

Candidate's Examination Number

2. Match the items is **Column A** with the responses in **Column B** by writing the letter of the correct response below the item number in the table provided.

C sh. 25,000 was the total of cash paid out

D the total of cash received was less than 25,000

	Column A		Column B
(i)	The amount of resources invested in the business by the owner.	A	Tangible assets
(ii)	The property belonging to the business.	В	Bank balance
(iii)	The property acquired or created and held permanently by the	С	Current assets
, ,	business.	D	Revenue receipts
(iv)	The property than one can touch and see.	Е	Fixed assets
(v)	A statement of the financial position of an enterprise as at a	F	Current liabilities
	given date.	G	Business
(vi)	The property belonging to a business which is of a temporary	Н	Capital
	nature.	Ι	Cash balance
(vii)	Activities involving transfer of money or goods from one person to another.	J	Trial balance
		K	Credit purchases
(viii)	A schedule of balances, both credit and debit, extracted from the accounts in the ledger.	L	Assets
(ix)	The claims for which must be paid in full, within a short period.	M	Drawings
` .		N	Transactions
(x)	The business owner reduces the business resources for personal use.	О	Balance sheet
		l	

ANSWERS

Column A	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(v)	(vi)	(vii)	(viii)	(ix)	(x)
Column B										

SECTION B (20 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section

3.	(a) Mention three classes of accounts.	
	(i)	
	(ii)	
	(iii)	
	(b) Name two sides of account.	
	(i)	
	(ii)	

4. Identify the accounts affected by the following transaction and show action to take in recording the accounts in the double entry system.

	Transaction	Account to be credited	Account to be debited
(i)	Owner put cash into business.		
(ii)	Bought goods for cash.		
(iii)	Sold goods for cash.		
(iv)	Received cash for rent.		
(v)	Owner withdraws cash from business for personal use.		

SECTION C (60 Marks)

Answer all question in this section

5. The following balances were extracted from the books of Mkubwa Nawenawe.

Cash in hand	134,000
Cash at bank	307,500
Stock at the beginning	600,000
Furniture and fittings	915,000
Machinery	1,000,000
Debtors: Mapipa	25,000
Mbala	200,000
Majanga	35,000
Purchases	220,000
Wages	48,000
Rent	80,000
Electricity	6,000
Sundry Expenses	14,000
Discount allowed	2,500
Creditors: Joti	7,000
Mpoki	45,000
Sunche	120,000
Sales	945,000
Discount received	20,000
Capital	2,472,500

Using the information provided, prepare a trial balance.

6. Lupelo started business on 1st January, 2014 having transferred sh. 96,000 from his private bank account to the business office. During the month of January he carried out the following transactions:

2014

- January 1 Paid sh. 4,800 for rent for the month and made purchase of sh. 38,300.
 - 2 Paid sh. 3,800 for stationery and sh. 1,920 for stamps.
 - 4 Cash sales sh. 17,280 and purchased goods for cash sh. 60,000.
 - 7 Paid sh. 2,880 in respect of wages to assistant.
 - 10 Borrowed sh. 48,000 from Katondo, a friend
 - 13 Bought a used pick-up for sh. 92,160 from Karanga against sh. 19,200 deposit.
 - 19 Cash sales sh. 42,240.
 - 20 Paid wages for two weeks, sh. 5,760.
 - 21 Cash sales sh. 40,000.
 - 22 Commission received for sh. 20,000.
 - 23 Bought goods from Webuye Wholesalers Ltd, for sh. 62,400 on credit.
 - 29 Drew sh. 28,800 for private use.
 - 30 Cash sales sh. 26,880.
 - 31 Paid another sh. 57,600 off pick-up account.

Write up Lupelo's one column cash book.

7. From the following particulars extracted from the books of a trader, prepare trading account for the year ending 30^{th} December 2013.

Transactions	Sh.
Sales	155,000
Sales returns	8,000
Purchases	140,000
Purchases returns	18,500
Carriage inwards	12,000
Warehouse wages	10,000
Opening stock 1 st January, 2013	55,000
Closing stock 31st December, 2013	85,000