THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING FORM TWO SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION, 2013

0061

COMMERCE

TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This paper consists of sections A, B and C.
- 2. Answer ALL questions.
- 3. ALL answers must be written in the spaces provided.
- 4. Write your examination number at the top right corner of every page.
- 5. ALL writing must be in blue or black ink.
- 6. Cellphones and calculators are not allowed in the examination room.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY						
QUESTION NUMBER	SCORE	INITIALS OF EXAMINER				
1						
2						
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7						
TOTAL						

This paper consists of 8 printed pages.

	Candidate's Examination No
	SECTION A (30 MARKS)
1. For each the box	ch of the following items, write the letter of the correct answer in x provided.
(i) Co an A. B.	ommerce involves all activities that enable goods and services to move from the producer to the: final consumer manufacturer retailer wholesaler.
ch of A. B. C.	a great change in price brings about a small nange in quantity demanded then the price elasticity demand is: constant elastic inelastic unitary.
B. C.	tractor used in agricultural activities is in the category of: consumer goods domestic goods luxury goods producer goods.
A. B. C.	e stock level when new goods are required in the arehouse is: average stock maximum stock minimum stock order point.
B. C.	brakeage commission interest price.
	2

	Candidate's Examination No
(vi)	Marginal cost is defined as:
	A. a change of fixed cost per unit of output
	B. a change of total output due to additional unit of cost
	C. a change in total sales due to additional unit of cost
	D. distribution of total cost per unit of output.
(vii)	A retail outlet which sells a product of only a manufacturer
	is termed as:
	A. itenerant trader
	B. multiple shop
	C. tied shop
	D. top shop.
(viii)	Which of the following is NOT normally done by
	the wholesaler?
	A. Breaking the bulk
	B. Buying goods from producers
	C. Market research
	D. Selling goods to consumers.
(ix)	Home trade is divided into:
	A. export trade and import trade
	B. foreign trade and international trade
	C. retail trade and wholesale trade
	D. trade and aids to trade.
(x)	An agent who sales goods at a public auction is:
	A. a broker
	B. a del-credere agent
	C. a factor
	D. an auctioner.
	3

Candidate's Examination No.

 Choose the correct term from List B which matches with the explanation in List A, then write the letter below the number of the relevant explanation in the table provided.

	LIST A	LIST B			
(i)	A document authorizing the removal of	A.	Advertising		
70.00	goods from a warehouse	B.	Bank		
(ii)	A person who represents buyers and sellers in negotiating a purchase or sale	C.	Broker		
(iii)	without physical handling of goods A product remains the property of the	D.	Competitive demand		
()	seller till all installments have been paid	E.	Composite demand		
(iv)	A type of demand when the product is used for different purposes	F.	Development bank		
(v)	An institution which is involved in financial	G.	Entrepreneur		
(vi)	transactions Bread and butter, sugar and tea illustrate	H.	Hire purchase		
(V1)	the type of interrelated demand	I.	Joint demand		
(vii)	Cost of goods sold divided by the average stock	J.	Market research		
(viii)		K.	Multiple shops		
(ix)	parts of a country selling similar goods. The action through which a retailer	L.	Rate of stock turn		
	discovers information about the needs of	M.	Stock turn over		
(x)	the customers The person who provides capital and bears	N.	Warehouse shops		
()	risks of the business	0.	Warehouse warrant.		

ANSWERS

	(ii	(111)	(iv)	(v)	(vi)	(V11)	(viii)	(ix)	(x)
LIST B									

		Candidate's Examination No
3.	Com	plete each of the following statements by filling in the blanks with ect word(s):
	(i) (ii)	A type of large scale retail trade having single shop is
	(iii)	The amount of the commodity that firms are willing and able to sell in the market at specific level of price and period of time is known
	(iv)	The factor of production which includes machinery, tools, buildings, and raw materials for production is called
	(v)	The list of various quantities of commodities bought at different level of prices at a specific period of time is termed as
	(vi)	The movement of goods and services from a production area to the
	(vii)	The process of dividing work according to skills of the worker is called
	(viii) (ix)	The reward of labour is
	(x)	Traders who set up their businesses along side of the streets and large cities are termed as
		SECTION B (30 MARKS)
4.	Write (a) I	short notes on each of the following terms: Direct production
	(b) (Communication

	(c) A	catalogue

	Candidate's Examination No
	(d) Fixed cost

	(e) Mobile shop

5.	(a) Who is a wholesaler?
	(b) Briefly explain five functions of a wholesaler.
	(i)

	(ii)

	(iii)

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(iv)				,,,,,,,,,	

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SE	ection C (4	ю м	IARK	S)	
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7. Briefly explain five points on the importance of studying Commerce.		Candidate's Examination No
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