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THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

FORM TWO SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATIONS

0032 CHEMISTRY

TIME: 2.00 HOURS.

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This paper consists of three sections A, B and C.
- 2. Answer all questions on spaces provided in each question.
- 3. Write your examination number on the top right hand corner of every page.
- 4. All writings must be in black or blue pen except for diagrams which must be in pencil.
- 5. Cell phones are not allowed in the examination room.
- 6. The following constants may be used

Atomic masses: H = 1, C = 12 and O = 16

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY				
QUESTION NUMBER	SCORE	INITIALS OF EXAMINER		
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				
8.				
9.				
10.				
TOTAL				

This paper consists of 8 printed pages.

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SECTION A (10 Marks)

This section consists of ten (10) multiple choice items. You are required to answer all questions in this section.

1. '	Write down the letter of the most correct response in the box provided in ea	ch question.
(i)	The states of matter are:-	
	A. Element, gas and mixture.B. Liquid, moisture and element.C. Water, moisture and solid.D. Gas, liquid and solid.	
(ii)	A Substance which absorbs water/moisture from the atmosphere and forms a solution is called: A. Efflorescent. B. Amphoteric. C. Hygroscopic. D. Deliquescent.	
(iii)	The correct statement about metals is that:-	
	A. React with acids to give gases.B. React with acids to give hydrogen gas.C. Have more than one valency.D. All have magnetism.	
(iv)	In Chemistry, experiments test:	
	A. Data. B. Problems. C. Hypotheses. D. Observation.	
(v)	In any chemical change:	
	A. Energy is not created.B. Energy is either absorbed or given out.C. Energy is created.D. Energy is neither liberated nor absorbed.	

(vi)	Which of the following sets of apparati are suitable for measuring the volume of solutions? A. Burette, pipette and beaker. B. Burette, pipette and conical flask. C. Measuring cylinder, burette and pipette. D. Burette, flat bottomed flask and pipette.	
(vii)	The substance that can burn your skin is best described as:	
	A. Flammable. B. Corrosive. C. Explosive. D. Toxic.	
(viii)	Sublimation is the process whereby	
	A. Substances float in liquids when heated.B. Substances change directly to vapour without the liquid state when heated.C. A mixture of solid substances is separated by heating.D. An alcohol is separated from water.	
(ix)	Which of the following chemical species have the same number of electrons.	
	A. K ⁺ , Ca ²⁺ , Cl ⁻ and Ar B. Cl, Be and O ²⁻ C. O ²⁻ , Ca ²⁺ and Mg ²⁺ D. Na ⁺ , Mg ²⁺ , Be ²⁺ and Li	
(x)	The process of chlorination in water treatment aims at.	
	A. Killing micro organisms.B. Syrup making.C. Forming suspension.D. Removing bad odours.	

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SECTION B (20 Marks)

2. You are provided with two lists A and B. Choose a word(s) from list B which matches the statement or phrases in list A and write its letter against the appropriate statement in the space provided.

	LISTA	LIST B
(i)	Supports Combustion	A. Isobars
(ii)	Used for grinding solid chemicals	B. Isotopes
(iii)	Desiccators	C. Mercury
(iv)	The same atomic number but different mass number	D. Ionic bond
(v)	Compound	E. Covalent bond
(vi)	Liquid metal	F. Acids
(vii)	Basic salt	G. Oxygen
(viii)	Formed by electron sharing	H. For drying solids
(ix)	Contain H ⁺ as the only positive ions	I. Mortar and pestle
(x)	Method used to extract oil from seeds	J. Water
		K. MgOHCI
		L. Argon
		M. Bases
		N. Milk
		O. Solvent extraction

SECTION C (70 Marks)

3.	(a)	Mention any four instruments found in First Aid Kit
		(i)
		(ii)
		(iii)
		(iv)

					Cand	lidate's No		
(b)		nt is observ on dioxide (ng simple o	experimen	ts are perfo	
	(ii) Wate	r is added t	o white co	opper II su	phate			
	 (iii) A glov	wing splint	of wood is	s lowered i	nto a jar fu	ıll of carbo	n dioxide	
	gure below umbers in tl	•	•				•	nents.
				Gro	oups			
	1							2
Periods		4		6		8		
	11	12					17	
(a)	(i) For ea	ach numbe	r, write the	e symbol c	of the corre	esponding	element.	
	1		2		4		6	
	8		11		12		6 17	
							etween an e	
(b)	• •	idering the which is a n		with atom	ic number	12 and 17	, which is a	a metal

(ii) What types of oxides are formed by elements with atomic numbers 11 & 12?

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5. Complete and balance the following chemical reaction equations.

(i) Ca + $H_2O \rightarrow$

(ii) BaCl₂ + $H_2SO_4 \rightarrow$

(iii) CuSO₄.5H₂O $\xrightarrow{\text{Heat Strongly}} \rightarrow$

(iv) $ZnCO_3 + HCI \rightarrow$

(v) Al + HCl \rightarrow

6. (a) What is matter

(b) Write the names of the following processes of changing matter from one state to another.

- (i) Solid to liquid.
- (ii) Liquid to gas.
- (iii) Gas to Liquid.
- (iv) Liquid to solid.

(c) Find the oxidation number of the following underlines elements.

- (i) <u>N</u>O₂
- (ii) NaOH
- (iii) <u>C</u>O₂
- (iv) Na₃PO₄
- (v) <u>S</u>O₄²-

7. (a) Write three differences between oxidation and reduction.

Oxidation	Reduction
(i)	(i)
(ii)	(ii)
(iii)	(iii)

	(b)	Write down ionic equation	on of the following reactions:
		(i) The reaction of	barium chloride with sodium sulphate solution.
		(ii) The reaction of	dilute hydrochloric acid and calcium carbonate.
8.	(a)		quation for the preparation of oxygen by decomposition of by using manganese IV oxide as a catalyst.
	(b)	Write a chemical for	mula for each of the following compounds:
		(i) Calcium hyd	drogen carbonate
		(ii) Iron III oxide	······
		(iii) Copper II ni	trate
		(iv) Sodium hyd	rogen sulphate
9.	(a)	What is Molecular Form	ula.
	(b)	•	s a molecular mass of 60g and has the following percentage Carbon 40%, Hydrogen 6.67% and Oxygen 53.3%.
		(i) Calculate the er	npirical formula of the compound
		(ii) Determine its m	olecular formula
10.	(a)	Air is said to be a mixtur	re. Explain.
	(b)	State four points of mod	lern atomic theory.
		(i)	
		(ii)	
		(iii)	
		(iv)	

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(c)	(i) What is a flame?
	(ii) What are the two types of flame?
	(i)
	(ii)

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