THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF TANZANIA FORM TWO NATIONAL ASSESSMENT

032

CHEMISTRY

Time: 2:30 Hours

Year: 2023

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of sections A, B and C with a total of ten (10) questions.
- 2. Answer all the questions.
- 3. Section A and C carry fifteen (15) marks each and section B carries seventy (70) marks.
- 4. All writing must be in black or blue ink except diagrams which must be in pencil.
- 5. Cellular phones and any unauthorized materials are **not** allowed in the assessment room.
- 6. Write your Assessment Number at the top right corner of every page.
- 7. The following atomic masses may be used: H = 1, C = 12, O = 16, Cl = 35.5.

FOR A	SSESSOR'S USE	ONLY
QUESTION NUMBER	SCORE	ASSESSOR'S INITIALS
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
TOTAL		
ECKER'S INITIAL	S	



SECTION A (15 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section.

1.		its letter in the box provided.	se the co	orrect answer from the given alte	ernatives and
	(i)	What are the common activity A Exhibitions C Exercises	В	Demonstrations Experiments	
	(ii)	The following substances a laboratory, except :	are cons	tituents of a First Aid Kit in th	ne chemistry
		A petroleum jelly	В	iodine tincture	
		C cotton wool	D	plaster of paris	
	(iii)	What is the suitable methoride?	od for so	eparating a mixture of sand and	ammonium
		A Magnetization	В	Decantation	
		C Sublimation	D	Simple distillation	
	(iv)	Which one is an example of A Dental amalgam C Alloys		Fresh milk Vinegar	
	(v)	Why do the ships often have A To improve appearance B To make the hull strong C To give sacrificial proted D To weigh down the ships	of the higer. ection to	the hull.	ull?
	(vi)	 apparatuses will you use? A Thistle funnel, flat-botte stand and a gas jar. B Thistle funnel, flat-botte beehive stand and buret C Thistle funnel, flat-botte beehive stand and a gas 	omed fla omed fla tte. omed fla s jar. omed fla	ask, delivery tube, water trough, ask, delivery tube, water trough, ask, delivery tube, water trough, ask, delivery tube, measuring as jar.	· ·

(vii)	What is the role of charcoal in	n filter ele B	ements? To sediment impurities				
	A To kill germs C To coagulate impurities	D	To trap dust particles				
(viii)	Why is wind considered a pro-	omising s	ource of energy for the future	5?			
1000000	A It does not produce harmi	ul gases.					
	B It is easily stored.						
	C It is harnessed without ch	emical re	action.				
	D It is a renewable source o	f energy.					
(ix)	Given that, the amount of he 46 g of ethanol (C ₂ H ₅ OH) is	eat gained 8.4 kJ, w	I by water after a complete chat is the energy value of ethat	combustion of anol in J/g?			
	A 182.0 B	The second second second					
	C 182.6	182.8					
(x)	A hydroxide, carbonate, nit	rate, phos	idation states of either -1 or -: sphate, chlorate and sulphite.				
	the state of the state of the state and only being						
			rate, nitrite, chlorate and suip rate and hydrogen carbonate.	nite.			

2. Match the chemical constituents in **List A** with the corresponding types of fire extinguisher in **List B** by writing the letter of a correct response below the item number in the table provided.

D hydroxide, carbonate, nitrite, chlorate, sulphate and nitrate.

	List A		List B
(i)	Bromochloro-difluoro-methane.	A	Dry powder
(ii)	Sodium bicarbonate and urea complex.	В	Wet chemical
(iii)	Potassium acetate.	C	Foam
(iv)	Mono ammonium phosphate with	D	CO ₂
	nitrogen carrier.	Е	Sand
(v)	Proteins and fluoro proteins.	F	Halon
		G	ABC

Answers

List A	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(v)
List B					

SECTION B (70 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section.

3.	Con	npare the properties of gaseous and solid states of matter based on the following ects:				
	(a)	Shapes of particles				
	(b)	Volume				

	(c)	Compressibility				

	(d)	Ability to flow				
	(e)	Arrangement of particles				
ł.	(a)	A laboratory technician instructed Form Two students to dissolve sodium chloride in distilled water. Giving two reasons, state whether a mixture or a compound was formed in the process.				

		Student's Assessment Number
	*******	***************************************

(b)	Which from t	method can be useful in separating each of the following components their mixtures?
	(i)	Pure water from tea.
	(ii)	Oil from a mixture of oil and water.
	(iii)	Ethanol from a mixture of water and ethanol.
	(iv)	Nail from a mixture of nail and flower.
	(v)	Salt from sea water.

(c)	Which	n change of state of matter is applied in the following processes?
	(i)	Metallurgy

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		(ii)	Drying of ma	aterial		
5.	(a)	Differ	entiate oxidatio	n state from valency.		
J,	(4)					
	(1-)	Eor of	ach of the radic	als given in the follo	wing table, write i	ts chemical formula
	(b)	valenc	cy and oxidation	state.		
		T COM	Radical	Formula	Valency	Oxidation state
		Nitra	ate			
		Hydı	rogen sulphate			
		Phos	phate			
		Carb	onate			
		Sulp	hite			
6. (8	(a)	(i)	36.5 g of hy Dalton atomic	hydrogen atom mixe vdrogen chloride. Use c theory.	e this experimenta	I fact to prove the
						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		(ii)	With reasons later corrected	, give two statements d.	of the Dalton atom	ic theory that were
			•••••			

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		***************************************		*************		
	(iii)	Why is the n	uclide notatio	n ¹² ₆ C , ¹⁴ C is	s allowed, b	out ${}_{6}^{12}$ C, ${}_{6}$ C is not
(b)	Comp	olete the following	ng table by fill	ing in the prop	perties of sub	o-atomic particles.
		Sub-atomic particle	Symbol	Location	Charge	Relative mass
	Prot					
	Neu					
	Elec	etrons				
(a)	Identi (i)	fy the type of bo Magnesium o		e following co	ompounds:	***************************************
	(ii)	Table salt				

	(iii)	Drinking water	er			
	(iv)	Ammonia				
	7.0	Calcium chlor	eide			
	(v)		.,			
						,

(b) Consider the following molecule of a certain compound then answer the questions that follow:



(i)	What is the name of the molecule?
(ii)	What is the molecular formula of the compound?
(iii)	What type of bond holds the molecules?
(iv)	Give any other two compounds with the same type of bond identified in
	(b)(iii).

8. Study the hypothetical elements given in the following table then answer the questions that follow:

Element	Atomic Number
A	3
C	12
D	16
Е	18
F	20

		Student's Assessment Number
	at Cals	reason(s), explain which of these elements:
(a)	(i)	qualifies as a noble gas.
	(1)	

	2860	functions as a halogen.
	(ii)	
	(iii)	serves as an alkali metal.
(b)	By	giving reason(s), indicate elements which are;
	(i)	placed in the same group.
	v:::\	placed in the same period.
	(ii)	placed in the same period.
(a)	(i)	What is the name given to the arrangement of the electrons around the
(a)		nucleus?

9.

		Student's Assessment Number
	(ii)	What is the name of the layers in which the electrons are arranged?
	(iii)	If each layer in (a) (ii) can hold a maximum number of electrons given
		by the formula $2n^2$, what does n represent?

	(iv)	By using the formula presented in (a) (iii), calculate the number of electrons in the layers K, L, M and N.
		•••••
		•••••
(b)	A samp of the i	sole of bromine contains 55% of the isotope with mass number 79; and 45% sotope with the mass number 81. Calculate the relative atomic mass of e.

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SECTION C (15 Marks)

Answer question ten (10).

An experiment was conducted to find out the relationship between solubility of potassium nitrate salt in water against temperature. The results were recorded as shown in the following table:

Mass of the salt (g)	10	30	50	65	87	113	
Mass of water (g)	100	100	100	100	100	100	
Temperature (°C)	0	20	30	40	50	60	

With	refe	rence to the experiment:				
(a)	Provide the statement of the problem.					
(b)	Give the hypothesis.					
(c)	Identify;					
	(i)	the dependent variable.				

		Student's Assessment Number
	(iii)	the independent variable.
	- T. (1887)	
	(iii)	the controlled variable.
(d)	Pre	sent the data collected in a tabular form.
(e)	Ma	ke an interpretation of the data given.
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Make an inference and conclusion.