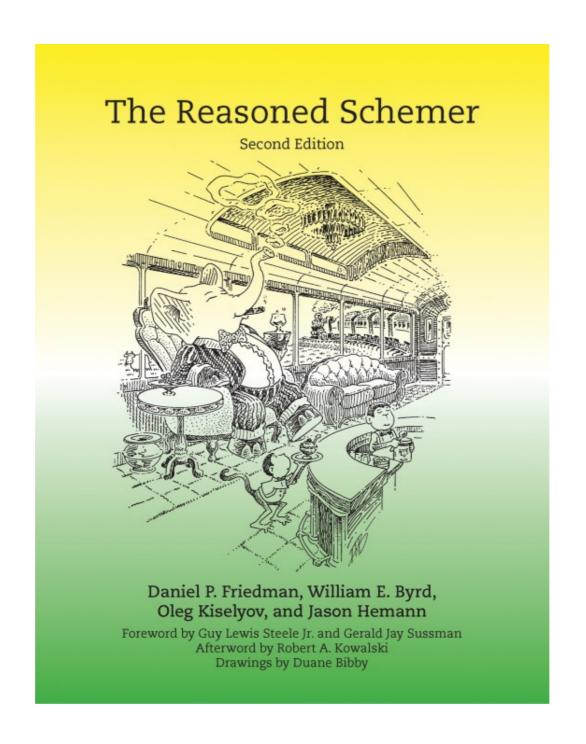
## Towards a miniKanren with fair search strategies

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### Where to start?



### What is fairness?

- fairness in disjunctions (fair, almost-fair, unfair)
- fairness in conjunctions (fair, unfair)

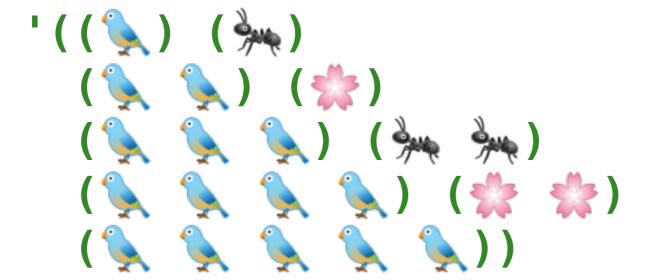
## Examples

(repeat o x xs) relates x with one or more x s.

## Examples

unfair (current search strategy)

#### almost-fair



```
> (run 9 q
  (conde
    [(repeat o ' , q)]
    [(repeat° ' \ q)]
    fair
'(( ) ( ) ( <del>)</del>
  ( *** *** ) ( ** ** )
```

## (Search) Space

```
Space ::= Null | (Pair State Space) | (→ Space)
```

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```
Space ::= Null | (Pair State Space) | (→ Space)
```

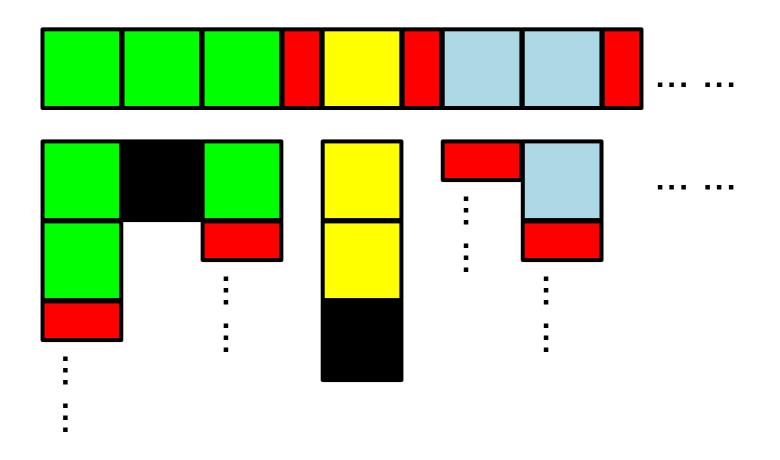
a space with three states



a space with possibly infinite states



# Fairness in Conjunctions



# Search Strategies

strategy	disj	conj
DFSi	unfair	unfair
DFSbi	almost-fair	unfair
DFSf	fair	unfair
BFS	fair	fair

## Why fairness?

- produce answers in less unexpected order
  - repeat° examples
  - BFS produces answer in order of cost
- perform more stably when permuting clauses

# Q & A