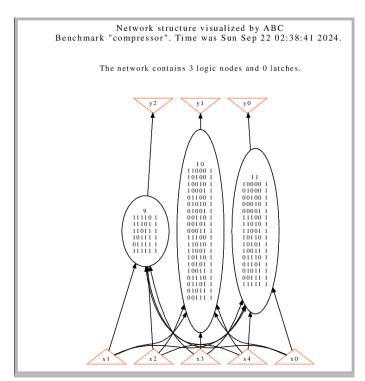
B10901158

Problem 2

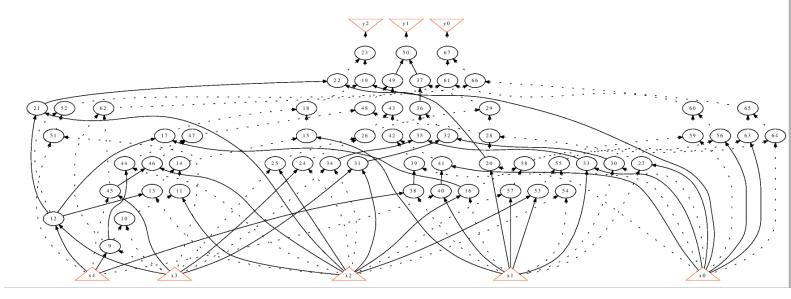
(b) $1 \sim 3$



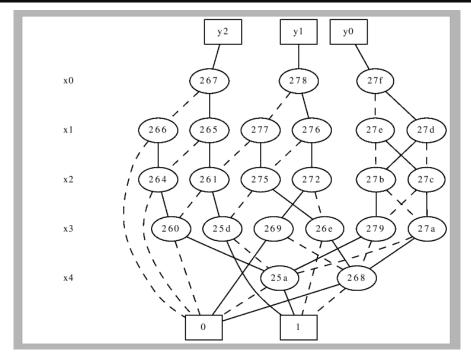
(b) $4 \sim 5$

Network structure visualized by ABC Benchmark "compressor". Time was Sun Sep 22 02:42:20 2024.

The network contains 59 logic nodes and 0 latches.



```
Composition of the string of t
```



Problem 3

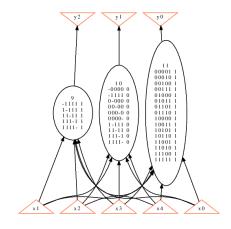
(a) 1.

```
abc 01> read ../comp.blif
abc 02> print_stats
compressor : i/o = 5/ 3 lat = 0 nd = 3 edge = 15 cube = 42 lev = 1
abc 02> aig
abc 02> print_stats
compressor : i/o = 5/ 3 lat = 0 nd = 3 edge = 15 aig = 65 lev = 1
abc 02> strash
abc 03> print_stats
compressor : i/o = 5/ 3 lat = 0 and = 59 lev = 8
```

logic network in AIG (below)

Network structure visualized by ABC Benchmark "compressor". Time was Sun Sep 22 03:04:15 2024.

The network contains 3 logic nodes and 0 latches

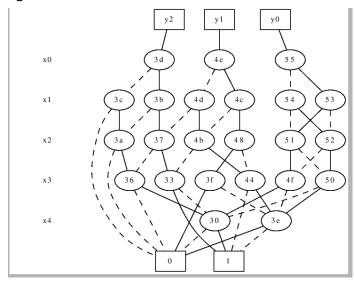


structurally hashed AIG is already showed in problem2

by print_stats and show command, I find the aig command only change each node to AIG separately (# of nodes is not changed after aig command), and the strash command change the whole network to AIG (the node is disappeared)

(a) 2.

logic network in BDD(below)



collapsed BDD is already showed in problem2

I think bdd command change each node to BDD and collapse command change each PO to BDD just like the aig command and strash command, but the original network only contains 3 nodes and each node is corresponding to one PO (change each node to BDD is the same to change each PO to BDD), so the results and graphs of two command (bdd and collapse) is the same.

```
abc 01> read ../comp.blif
abc 02> strash
abc 03> collapse
abc 04> sop
```