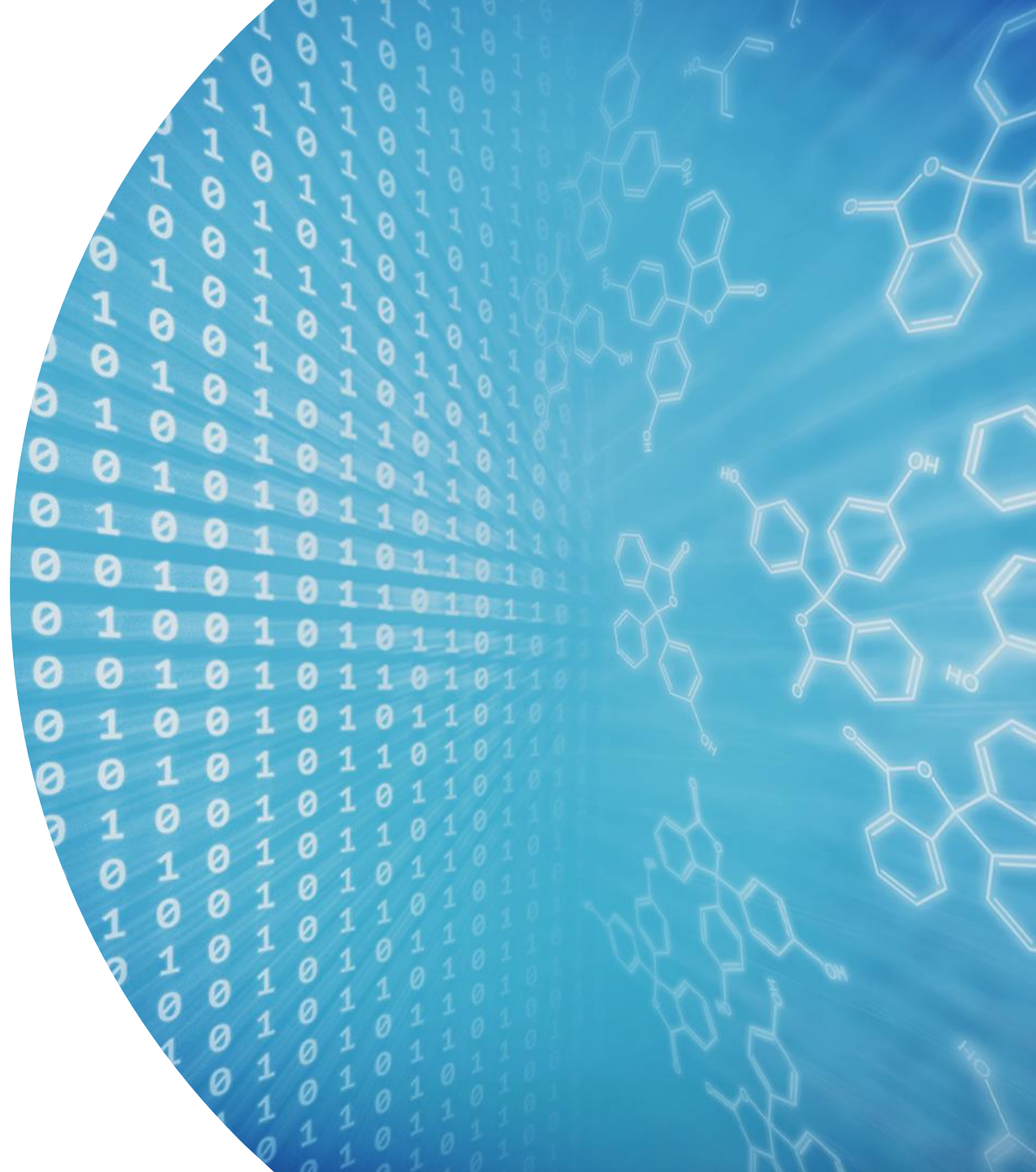


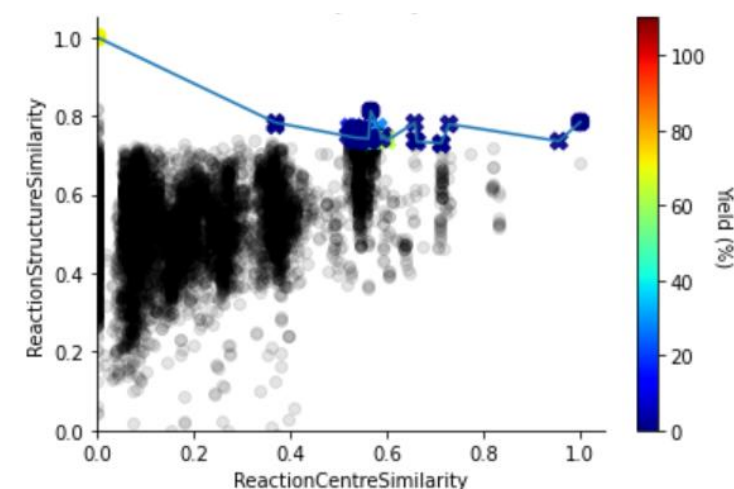
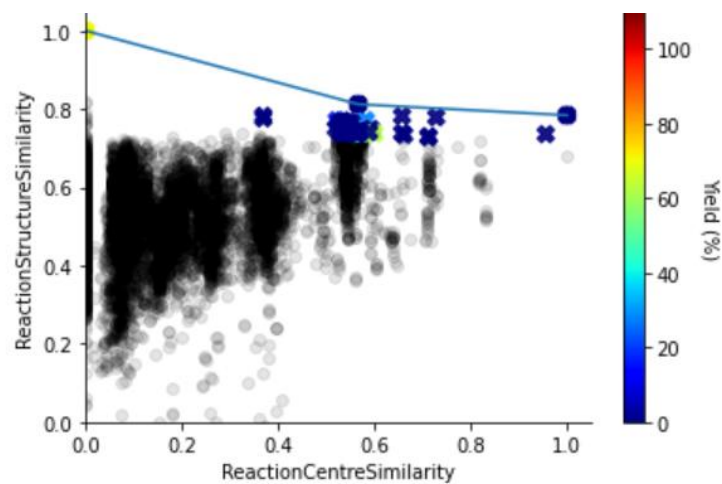
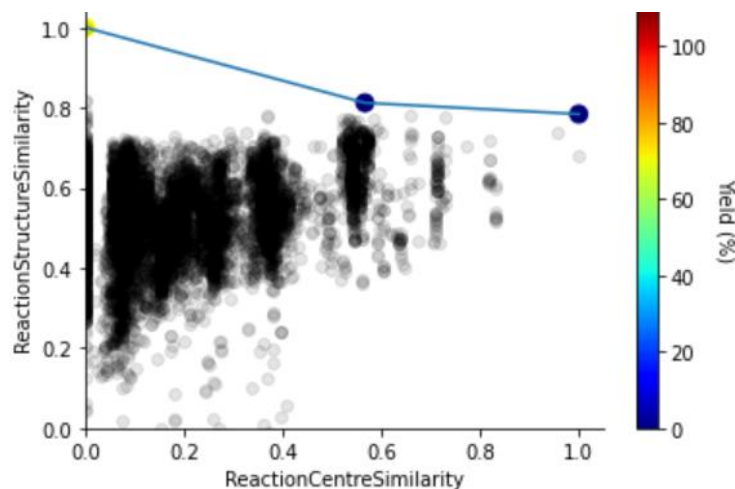
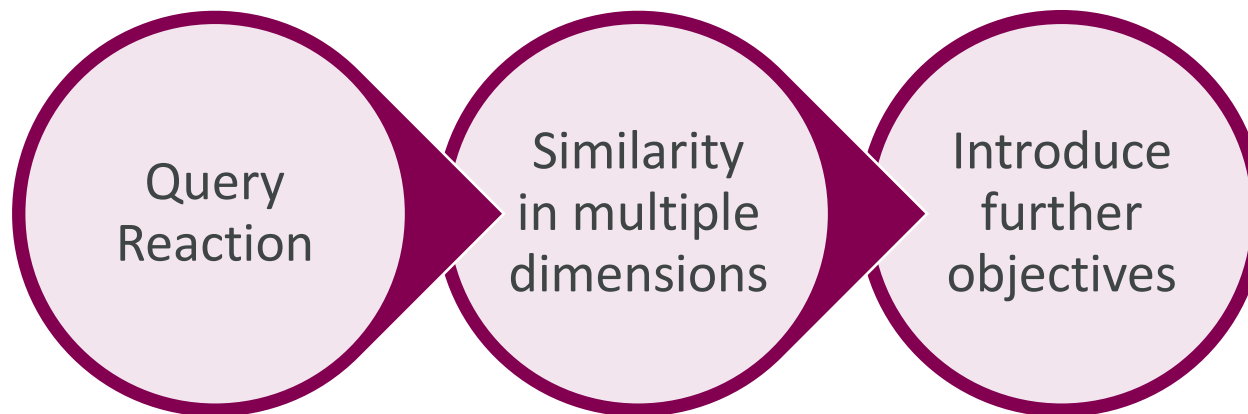
# Multiobjective Reaction Similarity with the RDKit

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Gothenburg, Sweden



# Motivation: Synthetic Planning with Multiple Objectives



# Public Dataset and Subset for Demonstration

JOURNAL OF  
CHEMICAL INFORMATION  
AND MODELING

Article

[pubs.acs.org/jcim](https://pubs.acs.org/jcim)

## Development of a Novel Fingerprint for Chemical Reactions and Its Application to Large-Scale Reaction Classification and Similarity

Nadine Schneider,<sup>†</sup> Daniel M. Lowe,<sup>‡</sup> Roger A. Sayle,<sup>†</sup> and Gregory A. Landrum<sup>\*,†</sup>

Source:

*J. Chem. Inf. Model.* **2015**, 55, 1, 39–53.

erratum: *J. Chem. Inf. Model.* **2015**, 55, 2, 474.

- ❖ Public dataset on which reaction difference usage was demonstrated
- ❖ Using 50,000 reactions derived from USPTO data from the supporting information
- ❖ 1,000 Chloro-Suzuki type reaction subset (reaction class = 3.1.6)



# Axes of Reaction Similarity

## Reaction Structure Similarity

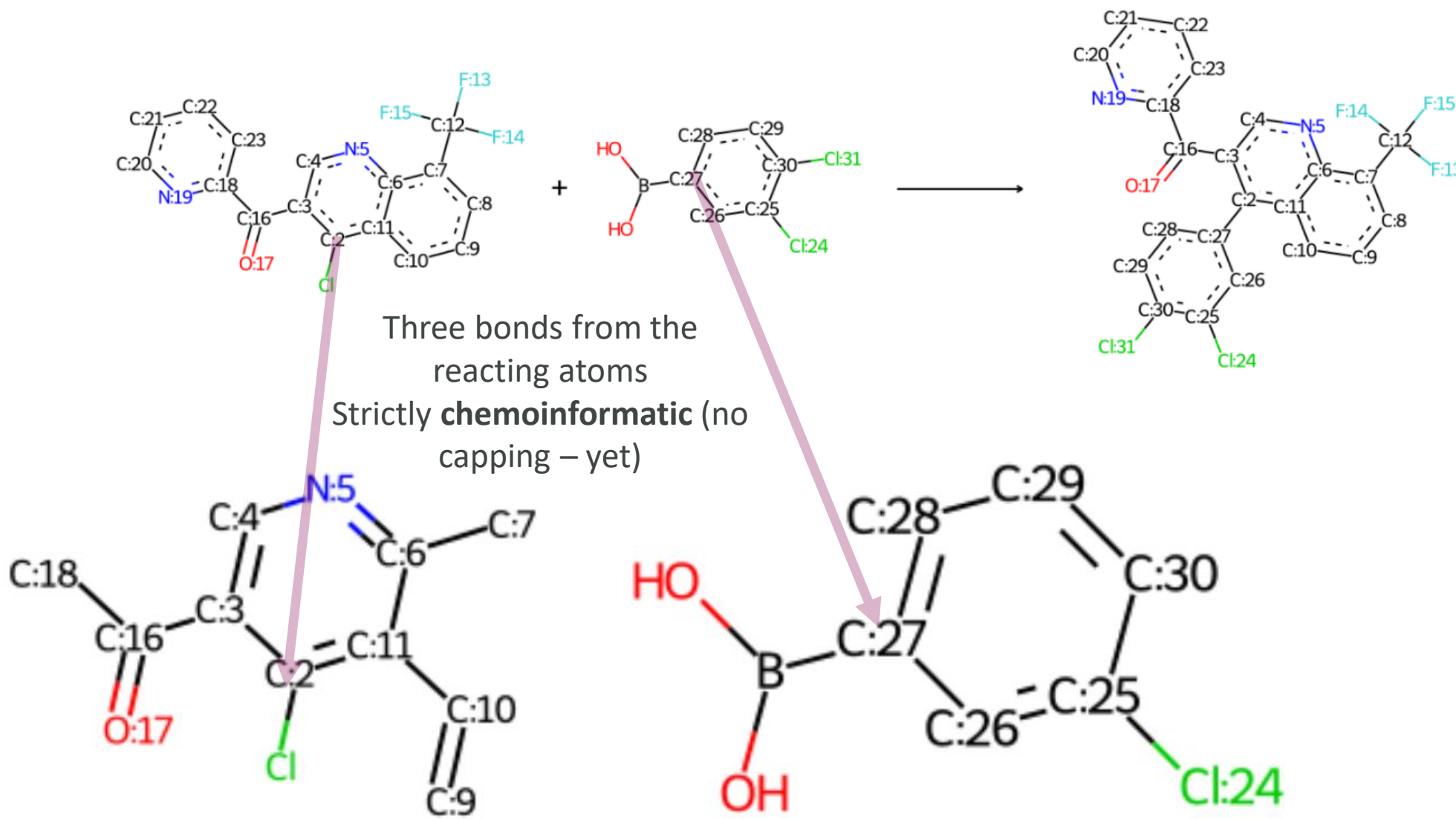
- ❖ Representation: Reaction difference fingerprint (2048 bits) + Morgan fingerprint of the product (radius = 3, 2048 bits)
  - ❖ Computed with rdkit
  - ❖ Similarity measure: Dot product
- Represents the reaction as a **whole** and weights product.

## Reaction Centre Similarity

- ❖ Representation: Reaction centres (submol, radius=3) as fingerprints: Morgan fingerprint (radius = 3, 1024 bits per reactant) or rdkit fingerprint
  - ❖ `rxn.GetReactingAtoms (mapped AtomsOnly=True)`
  - ❖ Similarity measure: Tanimoto similarity
- Represents the reaction in its **centre**.



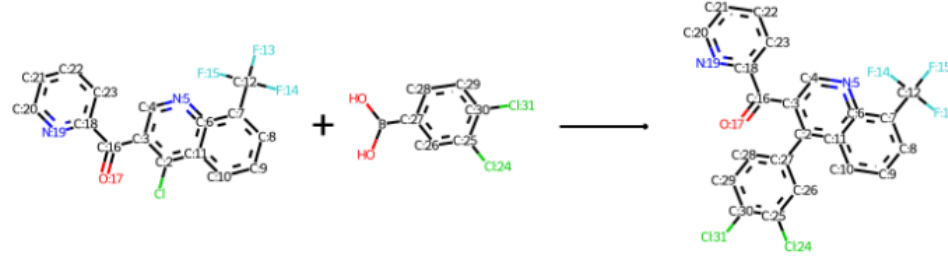
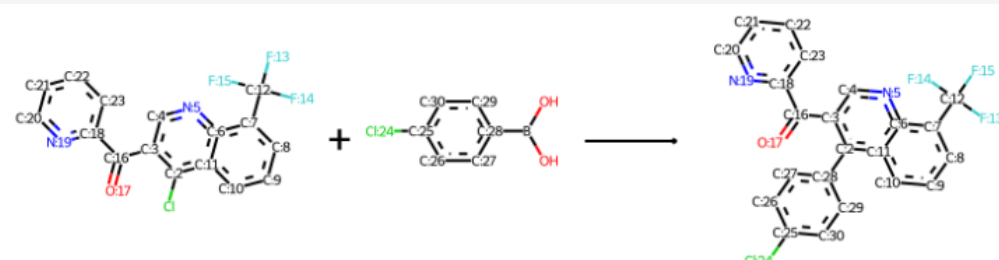
# Reaction Centre Fingerprint Computation Details

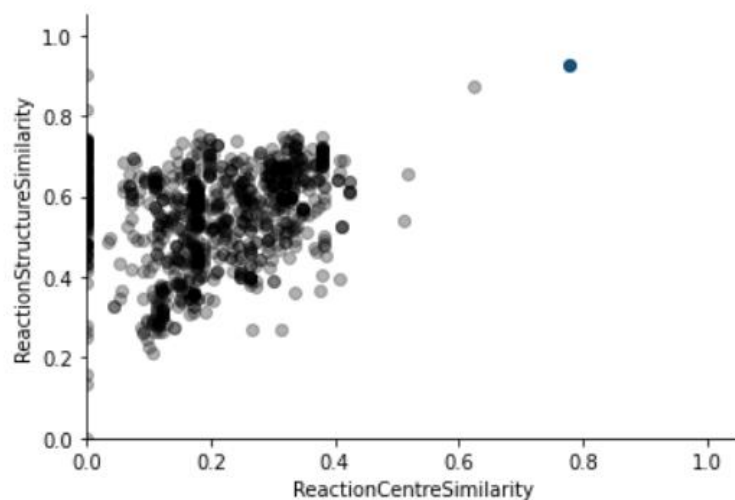


US Patent  
ID:US08383620



# Results: Case 1 – One Dominant Point

ID	rxn Image	ReactionCentreSimilarity	ReactionStructureSimilarity	USPatentID
0 Query		1.000000	1.000000	US08383620
1 512		0.681818	0.923848	US07576215

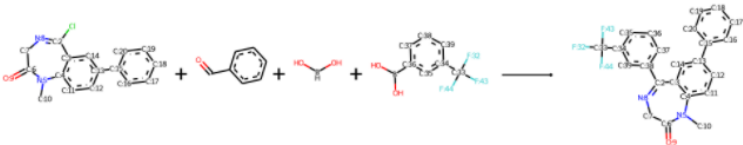
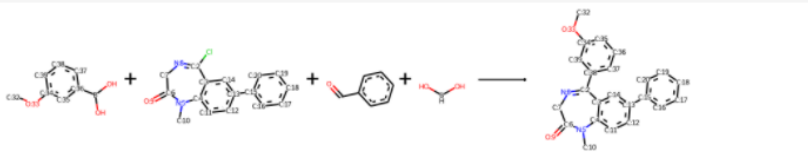
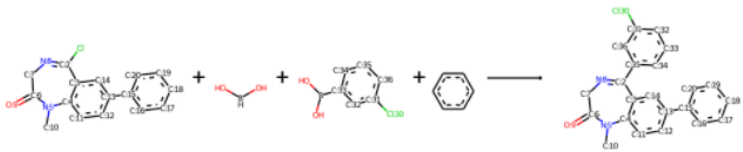
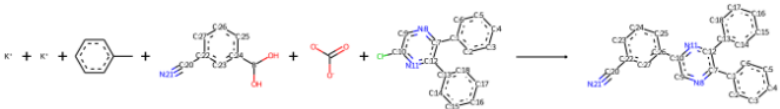


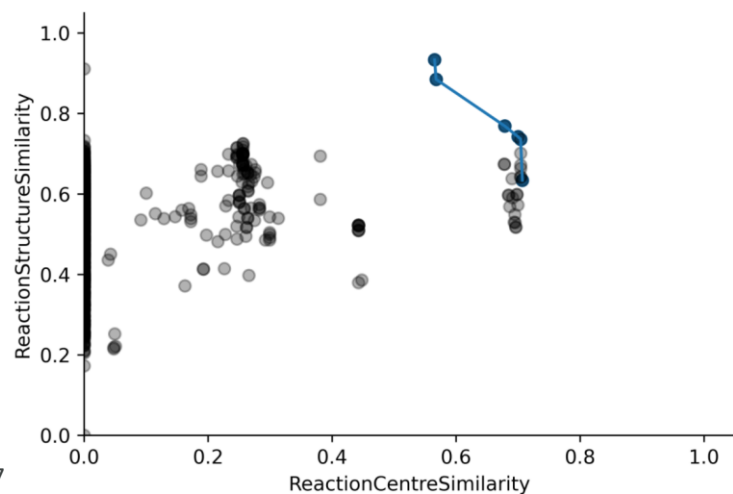
- ❖ Retrieval of a clear "favourite"
- ❖ Minor pattern difference leads to minor subtraction in reaction structure similarity
- ❖ Penalty in reaction centre similarity for "missing" Cl atom is high
  - ❖ → Should incorporate electronic effects





# Results: Case 2 – Pareto Front

ID	rxn Image	ReactionCentreSimilarity	ReactionStructureSimilarity	USPatentID
0 Query		1.000000	1.000000	US08383620
1 894		0.565355	0.933571	US07410963
2 236		0.567843	0.884806	US07410963
3 343		0.678533	0.768790	US08329903



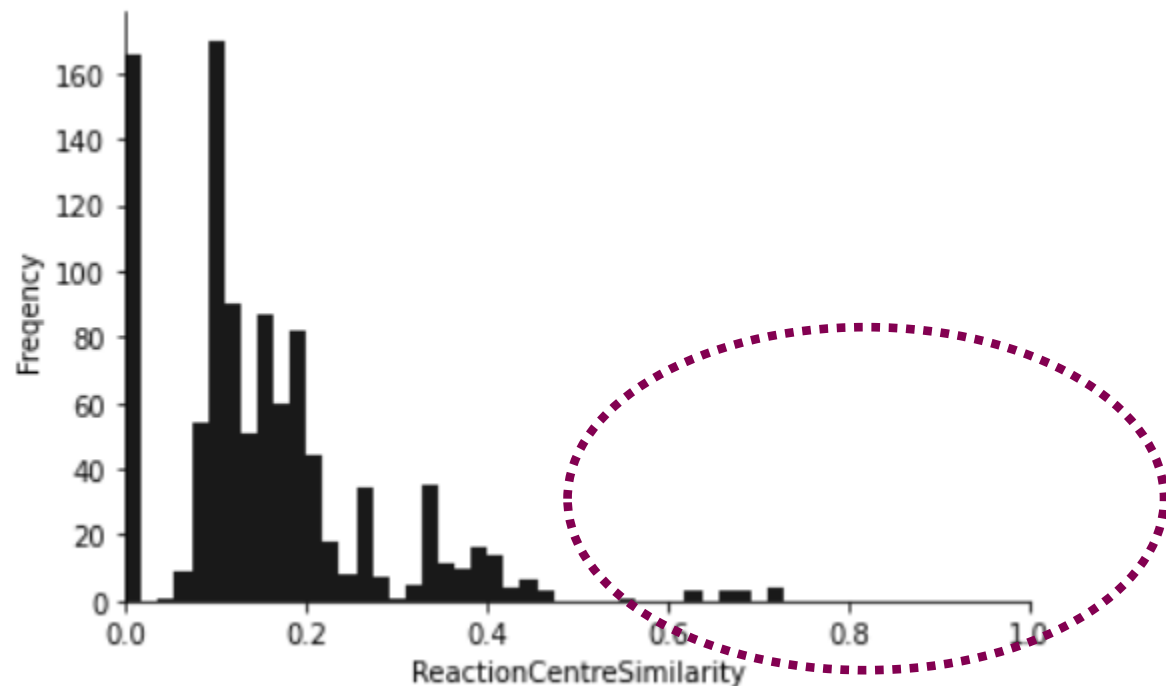
- ❖ Retrieval of Pareto Front in two dimensions
- ❖ Seven-rings give expected neighbors in reaction structure similarity
- ❖ Few close neighbours in reaction centre similarity



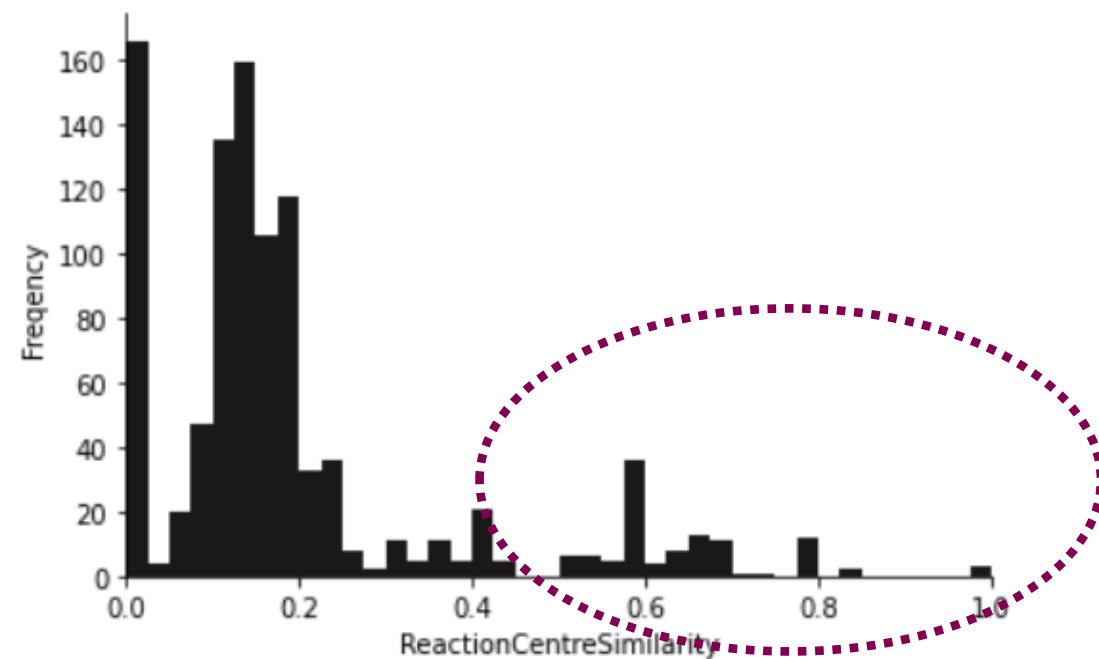
# Reaction Centre Similarity: Effect of Representation



## Morgan Fingerprint (radius =3)



## Rdkit Fingerprint



→ RDKit fingerprint-based reaction centre comparisons vs. 1000 Cl-Suzuki type reactions are more spread out.



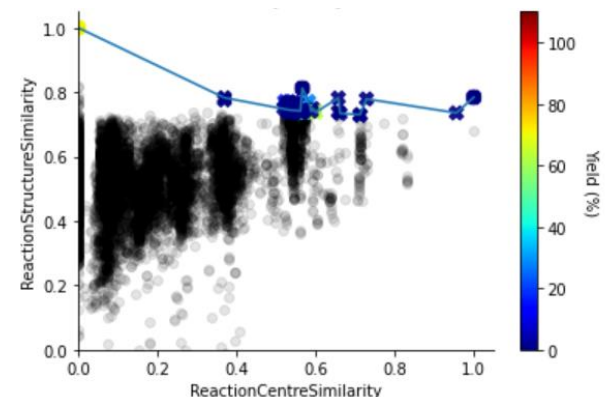


# Summary/Acknowledgements

1. We are using the rdkit to retrieve reactions from a data set with multiple objectives:

- i. Most similar overall
- ii. Most similar in the reaction centre

→ further objectives: yield, date, ...



2. Preliminary investigations have shown that for reaction centres, rdkit fingerprints give a more widely distributed similarity histogram than Morgan fingerprints.

Acknowledgements:

- ❖ Per-Ola Norrby, Data Science & Modelling, Pharmaceutical Sciences, Biopharmaceuticals R&D, AstraZeneca, Gothenburg, Sweden
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