The ABriefOfOurselfIsNeverEnoughOfOurEntireSelf.html will format and style a text in capital, Camel and Pascal notations.

The AccordingToManyIHaveSpoken.html will relate verses.

Accounting Income Statement, also known as the, Profit and Loss Statement

The ActToGod.html is a major and minor categorization of the Bible.

The AddressingThePart.html is a canvas drawing of king Nebuchadnezzar's image dream and prophet Daniel's interpretation (Daniel 2:32-33).

The AdewoleOmotoshoEbenezerAdeniji.html paternal grand father's family tree.

The AFitInTime.html ratio of difference between three dates.

The AHistoryOfOurPassageATasteAtUs.html is for viewing and editing expeditions in the Bible. It offers navigation, such as, first, previous, next, and last; as well as, append, delete, and insert.

The AHomeIClaim.html will accept a first and second scripture verse, and compute the difference.

The AlaSQL.js - BibleBookTable.html is for Javascript SQL table query.

The AlaSQL.js - BibleBookArrayOfObjects.html is for Javascript array of object query.

The AlaSQL is - OnlyRefuseSubstainTheLine.html is for client-side SQL, for scripture reference retrieval.

The AlphabetSequenceGroup.html is for AlphabetSequence, and specifying the Bible sections.

The AlwaysCountForYou.html will query the HisWord table based on the datepart, for example, year, quarter, month, and day.

The America Working Four.html is for data definition language (DDL).

The <u>AnAccurateMeasureOfThePresentIsHowFarIAdvanceIt.html</u> is for reverse-engineering the items in the HisWord table. When you enter a number, it will list the words that have this AlphabetSequenceIndex.

The <u>AndThenAtElevenOClockWeAreGoingToGiveYouPreparingOnPollution_ArmorProgrammingBeganInFranceFifteenYearsAgo.html</u> Will determine the date between from and to, for a time of the day.

The AndThePriestSaidAreOneOnlyForMe.html Titles of God, Gematria, Mispar Hechrachi method.

The APerhapsCompare.html will search a scripture reference for a Bible word, and report on the frequency, and first and last occurrences.

The $\underline{APrecedenceOfMenIsTheFollowing.html}$ first occurrence.

The AppreciateTheRest.html will list the days, and their corresponding frequency of occurrence(s) in the Bible.

The <u>Approach.html</u> builds on <u>Exact.html</u>, the enhancement is that if offers a scription reference restriction, and it is the first implementation of <u>Language Integrated</u> <u>Query</u> (Linq).

The AProvenOfMan.html will list the entries in the HisWord table for a particular day.

The AProveOfWhereIAmExisting.html is for AlphabetSequence from various data sources.

The AQuestOnYourBehalf.html will list the various punctuation symbols, and their associated frequency of occurrence(s) in the Bible.

The <u>AreYouASpiritualSon.html</u> is almost a replica of <u>Exact.aspx</u>; the only difference is that the query requests a character substring map; but the schema and its display are exactly the same.

The ArrangingAtPresent.html will compare the timing of Date of Birth (DOB), and Date of Death (DOD).

The AsIMadeMan.html will list the specified Bible calendar.

The As so the Scripture says.html will tabulate the various books that make-up the Bible; it sources its information set from BibleBook.xml, and it uses XMLHttpRequest.

The <u>AssociativeWords.html</u> is word associative, finding the next or previous word. This is an example, and it is hoped that it will lead to greater exploration, of how words are relevant to one another; what provokes or precedes one word.

The AsStepsLearnFromGod.html is the Biblical family tree.

The <u>AsWeSaidOmoSchoolYinNaTryOhunNaMakeEffort.html</u> displays family relationships - father, mother, and siblings.

The ATrialOfOurEnd.html uses Ivan Bozhanov's jstree to display the Bible; in a tree format.

The ATrackOfMyHistoryIsItTheSameAsIAmAliveInYou.html will accept user input in textarea; and provide output chronologically.

The ATypeOfAccountancyOfMyAge.html will parse a URI, and determine the datetimes.

The Babylon.js.Shape.html will draw the various items in the Bible.

The BecauseWeAreHellThisIsOurDefinition.html given a date, weekday, and day of the month; find the previous and next date; for example, Friday the 13th.

The BeginAtLeastAndYouFindTheSufficiencyOfGod.html converts the time to the date span, from until.

The BibleBookDetails.html allows the user to enter a book ID, and it will return the book details.

The BibleBookGroup.html groups Bible books, and calculates the count of the chapters and verses.

The BibleBookIDTitleChapterVerse.html will list the books, chapters, verses, and sum.

The <u>BibleBookLinq.js.html</u> uses <u>Linq.js</u> to group Bible books titles.

The BibleBookQuery.html queries the Bible database, using the book ID, title, and Testament as criteria.

The <u>BibleCommentary.html</u> retrieves information from the various commentaries. The source of our information, include <u>John Wesley's Bible Notes - Commentary of the Bible</u>, <u>Matthew Henry Commentary</u>, and <u>People's New Testament</u>.

The BibleWithoutHands.html queries the what, when, where, who?

The command below, is for bulkcopy

BCP BibleDictionary..BibleDatabaseJohnWesleyBibleNotes in 2015-11-07T1429BibleDatabaseJohnWesleyBibleNotes.txt -T -c -m 1000

The BibleBooksReduceFilter.html counts the chapters and verses in the Bible Books, using the Javascript, client-side, reduce and filter commands.

The BibleDictionary.html retrieves information from the various dictionaries.

The BibleBookIDTitleChapterVerse.html will list the Bible books, and the count of chapters and verses, as well as provide a sum at the end.

The BibleInputRange.html gauges a place in the Bible.

The BibleJSON.html is for querying the Bible in JSON format using XPath.

BiblePercentage.html

BibleSection.html

The BibleStatistics.html uses SQL (Structured Query Language) to present statistics of the Bible.

The longest book in the Bible Psalms
The longest chapter in the Bible Psalms 119
The longest verse in the Bible Esther 8:9
The shortest book in the Bible 2 John
The shortest chapter in the Bible Psalms 117
The shortest verse in the Bible John 11:35

Duplicate Verses - Count: 120 <u>LetMeBeTheWay.html</u>
Duplicate Verses - Sum: 389 <u>LetMeBeTheWay.html</u>

The BibleStatisticsActivity.html informs on activities in the Bible.

The <u>BibleStatisticsExact.html</u> informs on figures in the Bible..Exact table.

Bible Statistics Exact

Question	Answer
First word in dictionary ascending sort order	Α
First word in record order	In
Last word in dictionary ascending sort order	Zuzims
Last word in record order	Proceeding
Least occurring word	Abaddon
Most occurring word	The
Unique words count	12891

The <u>BibleStatisticsOpposite.html</u> informs on opposites in the Bible.

The BibleStatisticsPunctuationMarks.html says the first and last question marks, colons, and aprostophes that appear in the Bible.

Punctuation Mark First & Decurrence Verse(s) Count

1	Genesis 3:20, Revelation 21:27	1791
:	Genesis 1:3, Revelation 22:18	11444
?	Genesis 3:1, Revelation 17:7	2539

The BibleStatisticsReviewingOfAll.html says the roles that are in the Bible.

 $\label{thm:eq:control} The \ \underline{BibleStatisticsToEverySuccessionThatIsMyRatio.html} \ says \ the \ ratios \ that \ occur \ in \ the \ Bible.$

The BiblicalDaysCalculation.html calculates the sum of Biblical years, Biblical months, and days.

The BiblicalNumbers.html retrieves a sample of the various numbers in the Bible, and compute statistics.

The BibleBookInfo.html is the first implementation of the R Language in SQL Server.

The <u>BibleWord.html</u> is for finding the instances of words in the Bible. The types of search conditions supported are "or", "and", or "phrase". The search manifestation may be for whole word or partial. The search may also be restricted to either the Old or New Testament, or a set of books.

The <u>BigInteger.html</u> will work with the BigInteger.

The BillGates - MelindaFrench Personal.html will restrict the dataset between a range.

The BillInDate.html will display Unified Modeling Language (UML) information for particular parts of the Bible, given the scripture reference.

The BobJossData-Attribute.html will accept a URI and list its data attributes.

The BodyParts.html will do statistics on body parts.

The **BookAuthor.html** will list the authors of the Bible books.

The BringWaterDown.html will list the Bible verses according to the chapter or verse, top or bottom conditions.

The BuildingAHouseThatEnlarges.html will display rectangles that increases in size using canvas.

The <u>CanYouMakeMyLifeAsACertaincyOfYou.html</u> will suggest Bible verses; it reads Word.csv.

The <u>Carlos.html</u> is an experiment with the <u>Soundex</u> implementation of <u>Microsoft SQL Server</u>.

Both census of <u>Numbers 1, 26</u> are tallied. The <u>Census.html</u> is a prove-of-concept of the <u>Over clause</u> implementation of <u>Microsoft SQL Server</u>. <u>jstat</u> offers analysis of each census, and the combined total. The <u>Chart is from ChartJS</u>.

<u>CensusPopulationPivot.html</u> the sum of each tribe, for census 1 and 2.

CensusRollupCubeManOWar.html This is bringing the world of Online Analytical Processing (OLAP) to our research. Bible is a static database; and new records are added to WordEngineering, daily. The census offers the opportunity to compare the count at both times when the men of war were counted, we are interested in seeing growth or dip, and determining the total number of warriors. This is similar to the seal at Revelation, but the count, seal, is always 12,000 for each tribe, and total sealed is 144,000 (Revelation 7:1-8). Also the total is not tallied, previously (Numbers 1, 26). Fully ahead, is the substancy, of the view.

The <u>CensusRunningAggregation.html</u> is for row-level aggregation.

The ChooseYourProphecyAndItIsYourDecision.html will allow the user to enter a date, specify either the Biblical or Gregorian calendar, and state date parts.

The Choosing ALife After Is Seeming APeriod Home. html is for searching based on scripture reference.

The <u>ChurchCalendar.html</u> commences from Advent Sunday, and it includes Christmas, Epiphany, Ash Wednesday, Lent, Easter Sunday; and it concludes at Pentecost. Pastor <u>Lucy Kolin</u> of the <u>Resurrection Lutheran Church</u>, lectured on the church calendar at a meeting held on 2003-12-10. The reason for identifying the source is to offer acknowledgement, and understate that there may be discrepancies with other church denominations.

ColumnSet.html An insert statement, restrict the input to just these columns; in manipulation statements, only these columns, are affected; for example update and delete, will only alter, affect these columns. When SQL Server generates schema scripts, it also generates computed columns values; these entries are not insert-able.

ContainShip.html Roles and time in office.

The Countrycode.org.html sources its information from country.org.

The Daniel70Weeks - html5-microdata.html will offer information on prophet Daniel's 70 weeks prophecy, and its fulfillment, according to "The Coming Prince"

The DataManipulationLanguageDML-DocumentObjectModelDOM.html is for the data manipulation language (DML).

The <u>DateAdd.aspx</u> adds days to a specified date; when the days to add, is a positive value, then it is a forward date.

The DateAdd.html increments or decrements days by a given value. It differs from DateAdd.aspx, in that it accepts Biblical metrics, like Biblical months and years.

The DateCompute.aspx calculates the date adjusted by the year, month, week, and days.

The <u>DateDifference.html</u> calculates the span between the start and end dates.

The Dater.html calculates the date of birth and death in the Bible.

The <u>DateReverse.html</u> is for the difference between the month and day, interchange.

The DecemberTenThirtyOne.html will accept a date, and it will determine a corresponding scripture reference.

The DeEd.html calculates the scripture reference for a percentage.

Design Patterns.

The DidTheDutchWon.html will compare two scripture references and it will display the words that differ.

The DifferencingFromMyNeed.html is for permutation, using word combination coding provided by Eric Lippert, a Microsoft veteran.

The <u>DirectoryListing.html</u> is for listing files that are in a specified directory.

The <u>DueToDepart.html</u> is for displaying the tables contents, in various formats; it prevents against SQL injection.

The <u>EqualAsPeople.html</u> is for displaying the father of a set of people.

EqualSide.html The numbers, and there occurrences in the Bible. The information is stored in the NumberSign table.

The EsvApi.org.aspx is a web service requestor that extracts information from the ESV (English Standard Version) Bible, and makes it available in a stylistic fashion.

The EveningMorning.html will list the scripture reference and verse text for the words in the order of occurrences.

The Eventuate.html will list the count of occurrences of ContactIDs in our primary tables.

The EverSinceLifeKnowsYouIPretendToBeTheSame.html lists the census, and there running total. The people were tasked, there was no mention of ammunition? The benefit of tasking God; is seeing Him alive, in you.

The EveryMajorWriterIsATalker.html finds the longest word(s) in particular verse(s).

The ExplainPaulsGospel.html obtains scriptural text of Bible citations, just as ScriptureReference.html. It extends, this further, by listing, the headings associated with the text. These headings and their corresponding citations are exhibited by ExplainSacredText.html.

The ExistsIn.html.

 $The \ \underline{ExternalReferenceFor AURIParsingTheDOM.html} \ external \ reference \ for \ a \ URI, \ parsing \ the \ DOM. \ and \ reference \ for \ a \ URI, \ parsing \ the \ DOM. \ and \ a \ URI \ and \ a \ unit \ a \ unit \ a \ unit \ and \ and \ a \ unit \ and \ and \ and \ and \ a \ unit \ and \ and$

The FatherSide.html will find the count of words and letters on either sides of the word.

The FillTheDayWithWhatIsNew.html will retrieve the text in a node.

The FindTheWordThatMakesThePercentageOfTheWord.html finds the partial words that make-up a certain percentage of the whole words.

The FirstAtLast.html finds the first and last words in verses.

The FivePointFourEightOnePointFourEight.html will associate the words in the Bible by using soundex.

The FromFiveToSixAMonthAgo.html checks the Roman representation of letters.

The Full-TextSearch.html uses Full-Text search to query the Bible.

The Full-TextSearchHisWord.html uses Full-Text search to query the HisWord table.

The FullPosition.html determines the next and previous scripture reference.

The Gatherance.html will query documents by using filters.

The GetAPage.html is a conglomerate of information, such as the AlphabetSequence, SacredText, and BibleWord. Showing example.

The GenealogyGeneration.html of Adam.

The GermanIsDetermineToAriseToTheGristlyFifteenYearsAgo.html scripture reference and a percentage.

 $The \ \underline{HalfIncluded.html} \ will \ use \ wildcard; \ front \ of \ word, \ left; \ search \ back, \ right.$

The <u>HeActedHisWillOut.html</u> will find the statistics of the words in a scripture reference.

The $\underline{HeFinallyShowedItToMe.html}$ uses the $\underline{HTML\ Agility\ Pack}$ to query documents.

The HadBeenWrittenToTheChurches.html will list non-unique verses.

The HeIsHalfGone.html will generate header source codes, templates, skeletons, in programming languages.

The source of the reasoning below is <u>A Practical Introduction to Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis by Clifford A. Shaffer Professor 2000A Torgerson Department of Computer Science Virginia Tech Blacksburg, VA 24061 (540) 231-4354 shaffer@vt.edu. Baptizers include {John the Baptist, disciples, Philip, Paul} (Matthew 3:14, John 3:23, Acts 9:18, Acts 16:14-15, Acts 18:8, 1 Corinthians 1:14, 1 Corinthians 1:16). Baptizeds include {Jesus Christ, Ethopian eunuch, Paul, Cornelius, Lydia, Crispus, Gaius, Stephanas} (Matthew 3:13-16, Mark 1:9, Luke 3:21, Acts 9:18, Acts 10:48, Acts 16:14-15, Acts 18:8, 1 Corinthians 1:14, 1 Corinthians 1:16). Jesus Christ is a member of the baptized set, ∈ but in one case, it is explicitly stated that Jesus Christ, Himself, did not baptize, ∉, as Jesus Christ disciples, did the baptisms (John 4:2). Jesus Christ is the only begotten Son of God (Psalms 2:7, John 1:18, John 3:16, John 3:18, Acts 13:33, Hebrews 1:5, Hebrews 5:5, 1 John 4:9); therefore, Jesus Christ is equal, =, to God (John 5:18). A permutation of man's sequence is God, Jesus Christ, and then the human race (1 Corinthians 15:23-29). The baptizer is probably spiritually more mature, greater than, >, the baptized (Matthew 3:14). Paul was baptized, and he subsequently baptized, the only person mentioned as belonging to both sets; therefore, Paul is a member of the intersection, ∩, of the baptizer and baptized sets (Acts 9:18, Acts 16:14-15, Acts 18:8, 1 Corinthians 1:14, 1 Corinthians 1:16).</u>

The table below is an extraction from the List of XML and HTML character entity references

Name	Character	Unicode	Description
cap	\cap	2229	Intersection
ni	∋	220B	contains as member
notin	∉	2209	not an element of
isin	€	2208	element of

The <u>HisWord.Aspx</u> is for making inquiries about the information stored in the HisWord table.

The <u>HobiGoUp.html</u> will calculate the AlphabetSequence, after the user enters, each key; and it will display the scripture reference, for where the number occurs in the Bible.

The <u>HoweverOurProgressArePersonal.html</u> is for querying activities in the Bible.

The HowYouMakeUseOfHisOwn.html is for querying numbers that appear together.

The HowWeWouldLearnToSay.html is for listing the volumes and areas defined in the Bible.

The HTMLTableToCSV.html will export a HTML table to a CSV file.

The IAmAfraidOfTheMark.html will allow the user to specify the scripture reference.

The IAmNotForgotten.html is for tables and views schema.

The IAmNotSharingYouAsAPeopleIAmSharingAManAsMyPeople.html will determine the numbers that sum up, to the number entered by the user; and calculate the AlphabetSequence.

The IAmTotallyInterestedInAForeignKey.html will list a sample of the objects in the Bible. Object for software research.

The IDontThinkICanGetInNba.html sort scripture reference, alphabetically.

The IfIPassIWillGetThereAtOneOClock.html will use inheritance to calculate the verse ratio in a book group, for example 2 Corinthians 11:2, from Pauline Epistles.

The IfYouAccumulateYourselfWhereAreYouDepreciated.html retrieves the first unique anchors in a html document.

The IHaveKnowItForTwentySix.html parses URI searching for words in parentheses, assuming they are scripture references.

The IHaveNeverFurtherHitFourCInTheLoad.html will convert into word.

The IKnowAsDoing.html is for soundex.

The InDefine.html is a question and answer module, that offers a word game to the user.

The InformedGuests.html will determine the difference between two scripture references.

The InSeldomWeekInComputerTermsWhatIsItCalled.aspx retrieves information from the various dictionaries. The source of our information, include Bible Database, Easton's Bible Dictionary, Hitchcock's New and Complete Analysis of the Holy Bible, Nave's Topical Bible, R. A. Torrey's The New Topical Textbook, and Strong's Exhaustive Concordance of the Bible.

The InSomeonesLifeILived.LettingHimGive.TheReachingOfSomeone.html offers the word of the day, there are no query parameters.

The InSuch.html is an attempt to find out, if AlphabetSequence applies to other groupings in the Bible.

The IntegratedLicense.aspx is for inspecting the author's experience, dream, and remembrance.

The InTheUpside.html will limit its result set to the count of words in a verse.

The InTimeAnswerPast.html is for questions and answers with scripture references.

 $The \ \underline{InYourKindnessYouHaveNotExcludedMe.html} \ will \ list \ from \ and \ until \ dates, \ in \ timespan \ of \ the \ Bible.$

 $The \ \underline{IRealizeMyFullSenseInMakingMan.html} \ will \ list scripture \ references \ where \ a \ person, \ body \ part, \ or \ activities \ are \ mentioned.$

The INFORMATION SCHEMA

The IsMakingRemainderOfTime.html will parse a URI and determine the most occurring and longest words. Andrew Troelsen and Philip Japikse provided the initial C# sample source file listing.

The <u>IsNecessaryTheSame.html</u> Enter a number, find sequence words, letters.

The ItIsMeWhenItSeemAtAll.html will list timespan.

The IThinkInAfricaWaterDry.html Duplicate verse text, having more than one occurrences.

 $The \ \underline{ItWasTwoThirtyThreeZeroThreeZeroEight.html} \ time.$

The IValueMostWhereIAmPurposelyUse.html will list the count of verses that make-up the Bible.

The IWantATenThousandDayIWillConceive.html will search the software files for word occurrences and probability.

The IWasThereForAMinuteNevada.html will list some of the titles in the Bible, such as, king, queen, priest, priestess, prophet.

The IWillFeelAWinningAge.html will use regular expression to match all the dates at a url, and determine the timespan between a given date.

The IWillLliftItUpIDontTearItByName.html.

The IWillTakeThemUpForTakingMyDelay.html will sort scripture reference(s).

The IwoAtiTutu.html will list the elements statistics of the DOM.

The IWontBringWhereIAmToSeeWhereIAmYours.html will list the scripture reference with there positions in the whole Bible, Testament, and Book.

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The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) - Data Definition Language (DDL).html will parse a JSON url, and will determine the data's names and types.

The JeshuaBrothers.html will list the stored procedures, and their output.

The <u>JesusToSacrificeEverythingToSacrificeAll.html</u> will list the verse(s) including parenthesis.

JohnJohnToFourteen.html will count the occurrences in scripture reference.

The JonSuh.com - JavaScriptTemplatingBibleBook.html will list and format Bible books by using JavaScript templating.

July1951NineteenFiftyOne.html Using Linq; for condition and sorting.

The JumpOverTheThirteenth.html will decide the scripture reference using a ratio.

The JSZip.html file compression.

The JustThirtyOneDaysDivided.html for a given selector, computes the occurrences, join IDs.

The Kitan.html will display the corresponding book, chapter, and verse; for a user entered number.

The KnowingMeAsAPersonIsSeeingYouAsAPeople.html will list the first and last letters.

The KnowingTheObvious.html will list a sample of the use cases in the Bible.

The <u>labs.bible.orgNETBibleWebService.html</u> is for seeing Bible citations from <u>Bible.org NET Bible Web Service (API)</u>. For example, <u>votd</u> (Verse of the Day), random, John 1.

The LastAfter.html will list the letters occurrences, in the first and last positions, in the Bible.

The <u>LaurenLangbert - LLangbert@quickbase.com - OurConnectionWithPeopleAreOurPastime.html</u> will list the time.

The Lent.html adds the date parts, and calculates the AlphabetSequence.

The LetMeBeTheWay.html will list duplicates in the Bible.

The LetPeterGo.html takes the most popular phrases in the Bible, and replace the words with the name of the actors.

The LeviticusAirDrop.html will allow the user to specify the BookIDs.

The LifesNormancy.html will accept initial or abbreviation, and determine the scripture reference. For example, NCY 2 Chronicles 3, 2 Thessalonians 1

The ListCount.html will count generations.

The LivedBeyondTheWilderness.html is for querying based on the BooK ID, Chapter ID, Verse ID.

The LivesOnWord.html will create or alter a URI, and solicit response.

<u>LovingLiving.html</u> Knowing to be kind; I realize my view.

MakeMeKnow.html uses count and length of words for retrieval.

MakingTodayAMemoryOfTomorrow.html The words that have the same first letters, initialism, are returned.

The MelSupposeInTime.html takes a number, and find words with the same length.

The MakingITruelsLeftToNoOneEspeciallyUpToMe.html will list the various methods of communications that are mentioned in the Bible.

The MapTime.html will draw the analog clock, and list the various times, recorded in the Bible.

The MeetMyEndThrough.aspx will parse through the Bible, and determine the numbers, and scriptural occurrence(s).

The MightyMenOfDavid2Samuel23.html will sample king David's mighty men, as listed in 2 Samuel 23.

The MiraculousPower.html will trace the various stages of our lives.

The MissingItSimpleHeDid.html will allow the user to enter Bible citations, and enter the words that appear, in these Bible citations.

The MondayFifteenthNineteenSeventyThree.html find the months when the dates occurs on the day of the week.

The MoFeMaLoleMoNiyawoLe.html will allow the user to enter a scripture reference, and it will output the distinct count of books, chapters, and verses.

The MoKanNiOFileNaNi.html will list the HisWord entries for holidays.

The MostlyAbsentFact.html will do a where conditional like query on the scripture reference.

The MyCondemn.html will accept a Book ID, and verse ID; and it will calculate the distance apart. G-d.

The NaturalOccurringSequence.html will report when the alphabet sequence identifiers are the same, in order.

The NeedingWhereIAm.html will list the related verses in the Bible.

The NorthCarolinaWantToHaveOurOwnNavy CarolWasVotingForChiefLeye.html will group by either ContactID, Dated, or URI.

The NotHappyWithAPlaceClassX.html will query on the Bible word, number, logic and version.

The NotOnlyMeIWillBeAsSome.html will allow the user to enter Bible citations, and it will show the words that appear in these citations, and there frequency of occurrence.

The NothingBeyondMeIsAcceptableToMe.html will accept a Bible version, and provide the most occurring and longest word(s).

The NoticingTheSame.html will record the events in the Bible, along with the actors involved, scripture reference, and the places of occurrences.

The OneSixThreeButYouCantTellThat.html will allow the user to enter a book, chapter, and verse.

The OccurrenceOfTheMotion.html allows the user to enter words; select the combination - or, and, phrase; and it will find the occurrences in the Bible, and afterwards determine the correlation between these words and the alphabet sequence of these positions in the HisWord table.

The OftenTimeIsTheGuise.html allows the user to enter a date, and use dates in the Bible as offsets.

The OjoToOhunBaPariPeluWon.html will rank Bible books, according to their number of chapters.

OneForTheForbiddenBoy.html sample statistics in the Bible; based on the numbers, in the Bible.

 $\underline{OneOfTheFamousWebsiteIKnowThrewUsByComfortAsYouGoTo.html} \ is \ a \ query \ for \ the \ Remember \ table.$

OurFixationOnNumber.html A set of letters that must exists in the word(s) found.

OurPeople.html find the word that have the matching alphabets.

<u>OurTogetherMayNeverLast,ButOurJoinAreForever.html</u> jsonresume.org Takes a standard format; and makes reason out of it? With the specified work experience, predict the organizations that have openings in similar roles; which recruiters specialize in filling these positions? With the level of education, which learning institutions offer advancement programme(s). Where is the skill set useful, or obliterated? Our initial work uses the <u>behindthename.com</u> to find the name meaning and origin.

OurTypeAtTheEnd.html When I seem to have ended; that is when I regained my value.

PaulWhoCouldTalkAboutYouIndividualProsperity.html will display contact related information.

People will identify the people and their progenitors.

The PlacesInTheBible.html will list the places, and there references in the Bible; the source for the link of places is List of biblical places.

The Placeth.html will list the events in the Bible, and offer the user, the opportunity to say the place.

The PhrasesInTheBible.aspx will list the phrases, and there representation in the Bible.

The PhraseTwoOrMoreWordsThatReOccur.html will find the phrases in the Bible; two or more words that appear in more than one place.

plot.ly Census

The PrecedeMyTalking.html will list Bible books by groups.

The PreparedForTime.html will extract nodes without children and form AlphabetSequence hyperlinks.

 $The \ \underline{PressureByYourTeamMetAtY.html} \ will \ list similar \ verses, Soundex, in \ versions \ of \ the \ Bible.$

The <u>Programmative.html</u> will accept a scripture reference, and return the set of scripture references that it has reverse-engineered using the alphabet sequence; these is a corresponding set.

<u>PropertiesOnTheWeb.html</u> is a way of obtaining user maintenance of the web.

<u>PublishingTheFactNotAlludingToTruth.html</u> compares the date the user enters with the dates in history.

ReferringToHimAsMyWork.html will search words by alphabet(s).

The <u>RelatedVerses.aspx</u> will determine the correlation between the words, between the various verse text.

The RepeatedWords.html will find the words that are repeated in the Bible verses, beside each other.

The <u>ScriptureReference.html</u> as the name indicates, is for displaying <u>Bible citations</u>. If no Bible citation is specified, then the complete Bible is displayed. Use the colon letter to separate the chapter from the verse, and use the Hyphen-minus symbol, as the range delimiter. To enter more than one Bible citations, separate each subset with a comma or semi-colon. For the computer to choose, enter, qotd, or random. The title of a sub-text may also be entered, for example, Holy of Holies, Shema, Akedah. I have taken, a leaf, from httmlbible.com, for my formatting. The display, is a show, of what I learnt from httmlbible.com.

The Sefaria.org - TextsAPI.html

The SeparateTheirDesireOfTheBible.html will search for a clause, within a scripture reference.

The Serving Who.html will search for a clause, within a scripture reference; group by book or chapter.

The SheWalkedTowardInFourDays.html will search for a clause, and group by Testament, book, or chapter.

The ShowingAPersonHowHeIsTrulyIs.html will offer information on word usage.

The Sign-UpForTheNewAppleIIInvesting.html uses regular expressions on both sides, both the database, sql, and the front end, javascript, to find the words that are

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exact matches, and count the occurrences.

The SiteVisit.html allows the user to measure the time spent on the internet.

The SixDifferentThingToLet.html computer will say a random scripture reference, and the user will try to enter what the computer said.

The StartingQuestion.html will find the preceding punctuation marks

The StatedInTheBible.html stages in a life.

The <u>SternIsTheBloodyNameOfTheSin.html</u> is an attempt to find the previous occurrence of the Bible; using a date, we will go back, and determine previous entries, according to the calendar. For example, using the date, 2008-03-11, we will find week of year; that is between 2001-04-17 ... 2008-03-11.

The SurveyJS.io - Bible.html.

The SysColumns.html and their definitions.

The TableSize.html will list the sizes of the tables in descending order.

The ThatIMaySeemInTheMannerYouMadeMe.html is a demonstration of the user's aptitude with the Bible.

The <u>ThatIsNotWhereHisVoiceIsAt.html</u> uses alasql.

The ThatIsWhyWeAreTodayToSeemTomorrowForever.html is an adaptation of BibleWord.html, it does grouping.

The That's What WeGot To Do.html will parse a url, and return the difference in dates.

The The The Closeness To Confirmation.html people can look into these events; and when they fulfill it, in their lives.

The TheDaysHeGivesUsIsFullAheadThereIsUponChange.html is a data dictionary.

The TheFansMayThinkYouAreFromADifferentCompanyYouAreFromADifferentKind.html is a format for a prayer/petition.

The TheIdentityBelongs.html is a survey of urls/uris and chooses remarkable attributes.

The TheLastTime.html is a query of the metric and unit of the Bible.

The TheLoveOfResemblance.html will run a total on repeats.

 $The \ \underline{The Mid-TermFrom Mid-TermIs What Allow For Changes. html} \ is \ a \ query \ of \ the \ occasions \ in \ the \ Bible.$

The TheNeglectityOfDesire.html is for scripture reference and word count(s).

The The NightWasOverWhenIWas HeCelebrateHimselfOverYou.html retrieves Bible verses based on the unit, start, end, and interval specified by the user.

The TheOftenAreLater.html determines the AlphabetSequenceIndex of a word, which it converts to Roman numeral.

 $The \ \underline{The Only Two Case That Is Going To Succeed Are The Case Pioneer. html} \ is \ an \ income \ and \ expense.$

The <u>ThePilgrimAreMemoryOfOurForever.html</u> is a survey questionaire, of the questions and answers in the Bible.

The <u>ThereAreNoTalkingLanguage.html</u> will search by ContactIDs.

The TheResponsibilityPlacedOnReasoning.html will analyze situations in the Bible.

The The The TripAmong.html is a query of the words in the Bible, that have the same soundex as the TopLevelDomain.

Query restriction by count of words. The Voice Of Germany The End Of Germany.html

The ThinkLikeIThinkYouWouldThink.html will reverse-engineer the tables, and present the information in the represented format, for example, csv, html, json, sql, xml. The schema of the database.

The ThirteenFiveThereIsAGirlAndHerMotherAt.html day of the year percentage.

The ThisIsTheElusiveMisterGrayFifth.html presents questions and answers, which are numeric.

The event ThisIsTheEventInTheirLives.html according to age.

Breaking sentence into two ThisIsTheThingThatWillDetermineIfHeIsOurMan.html.

The This Paper Will Argue The Sum Of Cost.html will record the transactions in the Bible. A search was done, for the various kind of currencies, money, Shekels, silver, gold, and probably when it is a gift, the financial amount was not mentioned.

The This Paper Will Argue The Sum Of Cost. html will record the transactions in the Bible. A search was done, for the various kind of currencies Shekels, silver, gold, and probably when it is a gift, the financial amount was not mentioned.

The TimeHasAdjustedAsTheEvent.html Crossword puzzle

The TiNiyiMiObiMo.html URI search parameters.

The ToACertainDegreeLetManSeemHimself.html is a sequence diagram.

The ToBeginAtTheLeastIsToSeeTheResemblance.html accepts an uri, and presents the words in the Bible.

<u>ToCarrySomeone.html</u> For a given time of the day, determine the time in between?

<u>ToCarrySomeone.aspx</u> For a given time of the day, determine the days in between?

The ToHaveLiveALifeIAmAProveOf.html accepts a word, and gives the concordance.

The ToHelpOneAnotherChooseTheChoosingOfOurTime.html is the first use of SQL window function.

The ToKnowMyPercentageOfMyScore.html will list the various ratios in the Bible, and their associated scripture reference.

The ToLiveACompleteLifeIsNotToHaveSpentTheFew.html will find the word(s) that occur at positions, within a scripture reference.

The ToLovelSupposeUnknown.html will retrieve the scripture numbers for a date that is separated into the year, month, day.

The ToMostExpectMyName.html book, chapter and verse query.

The ToPretendThereIsNoOneElseAboveYouIsToSeeNoOneBelowYou.html will arrange the Bible verses in the order specified by the user.

The ToRememberHisConversationAsMine.html The user may enter a date, and calculate the date entrance, a country is optional. For example, my date of birth is 1967-10-15, and country of birth got independent on 1960-10-01; therefore, the country got independence a generation before the second millenium, and I was given birth to thirty three years, later, Jesus' lifetime.

The TrueOriginSelect.html will list the names of churches, and give the user the option to determine their denominations.

The TwoField.html will allow the specification of a scripture reference, and adding a number.

The TypeViewer.html will allow the user to get reflection on types. The bulk of the work is from C# 6.0 and the .NET 4.6 Framework by Andrew Troelsen Philip Japikse

The TypesTheBeing.html will report the various actors and their classification.

The UnlessOneIsTrueWhereIsTheFound.aspx is for date duration.

The <u>UnixEpochDateTime.html</u> is modeled after <u>Date/Epoch Time Converter - JavaScript Utilities/Tools - ESQSoft</u>, and it is for converting between the <u>Unix time</u> and the human readable date time format.

The URIView.html will list URIs.

The <u>UserTechnology.html</u> will aid in finding rememberance in dates.

The VerseStepper.html uses webworkers to sequence through the Bible.

The <u>WantingMeToTheGrooveButTheGrooveDontTakeControlOfMeWantingMeToControlOfMyself.html</u> will list the Bible books, chapters, and verses in descending order of occurrences.

The WhatDidGokeSayINL.html will accept initials, and determine the scripture reference.

The WhatDivideTheConcern.html will construct a where clause according to range and percentage.

The WhatDoYouNeedOutOfLifeThatIsWhatIHaveChosenForYou.html will determine the ratio of scripture reference from a Bible books group, for example 2 Corinthians 11:2, from Pauline Epistles.

The WhatFollowsTheWordIsHowPersonallyYouUseIt.html will retrieve editable sacred text.

The WhatIsAcceptedAsAPersonIsAcceptedAsAGod.html is a quiz for entering the most occurring word, and scripture reference.

 $\underline{What Is Happening Twelfth Saturday WoBoSeWoWa.html}\\$

The WhatHisWordCanSayByDeedAlone.html will list the Bible books and AlphabetSequence.

The WhatInstrumentOfValueDoIObtain.html percentage of markup in a document?

The WhatIsYourQuestOfInterestCommonGoals.html will list all the verses within a specified range.

The What Are The Regular Factor Influencing Your Perception. html will list the various sense organs, and there occurrences in the Bible. For example, smell, sound, see.

 $\underline{WhatRolesAreMentionMostInTheBible.html?word=Winter, \underline{Spring, Summer, Fall}}$

The WhatSetsUsApartIsHowWeAreFavorableAtUse.html Bible groups.

The WhatTimeIsItPleaseNineFortyNine.html time of the day percentage.

The WhenDoesGodStepIntoTheAffairsOfMen.html is for finding the ratio between three scripture references.

The WhenEmptynessIsFarAway.html is for identifying the main actor, in a book.

The WhenGoodThingsHappen.html searches for Bible word and thesaurus.

The WhenLifeChooseAPathLifeIsMadeOfAPart.html will allow to query the various directions.

 $\label{thm:continuity:continuity:equation:def:matter} The \ \underline{WhenIsHeLivingAsAFutureOfOurBeing.html} \ is \ for \ tense.$

Artifact Description

Jesus' lifetime WhenMyAgeIsForever.html

The WhenNothingUpToDateIsFurtherMore.html will use the left and right letters, or beside, to retrieve Bible words.

The WhenReadingThisIsMyUsualPassage.html will accept a user's scripture reference and commentary; it uses Captcha and contenteditable.

The WhenOneSeldomlyDoWhatIsRightOneSeldomlyDoWhatIsMeans.html will transform a Xml document, with a Xslt document.

The WhenRecencyOfTodayIsAllIHaveOfTomorrow.html will use the positions entered to determine the substring, and do AlphabetSequence on this.

The WhenThePastorIsPreachingYouDontWithTheScriptureToComeInSubsequent.html will let the user specify a virtual directory, and parse the files, listing the keyword. Google.com

Where About Of God Is Where About IK now.html

WhereAreI.html WhoIs for social networking sites like Facebook, Github, Twitter, Wordpress ...

The WhereIChoseIDetermineUse.html word occurrences for criteria which may include scripture reference, Bible word and version.

The WhereIHaveTrainedWhereIHaveFollowedToQueryAsSum.aspx will add two dates.

The WhereIsItNavyGovernment.html will list the various books in the Bible, and their corresponding chapters; either the book or the chapter could be clicked to get the text.

The WhereYouWillLiveForeverThatIsWhatIHaveChosenForYou.html will use https://www.whois.com/whois/givingpledge.org as a example. Needing man, is a example, of following him. This I have search for a useful man, as a proven me.

The WhichBookMentionsNumberTheMost.html will list the Bible books according to their number occurrences.

The WhoIsYourManagerCrazyMisterMartinMisterMartinAsAGood.html will query on book, chapter and verse.

The WhoSoughtTheEarlierPeopleTrial.html will find the AlphabetSequence and scripture reference for each letter in a word.

The WhyPickOneAndChooseAnother.html will list Bible books and scripture reference.

The WillTargetTuesdayDecemberThirtyFirst.html will find the occurrences of the previous and next year for a given weekday, day of the month and month.

The wintellect.com - class biblebooks.html is the first time, JavaScript's class keyword is used; introduced in Standard ECMA-262 6th Edition / June 2015 ECMAScript® 2015 Language Specification

The WordBehindOurPages.html will list the words that occur in a url, with their statistics in the Bible.

The WordBrokenIntoLength.html determine the AlphabetSequence for each set?

The WordGroup.html will reverse engineer the databases, and display the schema of the selected tables on a canvas.

The WordMeaning.html are the words and their interpretations.

The WordSearch uses Christian Heilmann's SongSearch as an example, and it accesses a CSV file.

The WornAsWellAsIMade.html will accept a scripture reference and a word, and find the closest text.

The WordsInParentheses.aspx will identify the verse text that contain parenthesis.

The YouCantGoogleItOnFriday.html will accept and parse an URI, and create links for the scripture references.

The YouDontNeedAHornet.html will accept a word and determine the vowel percentage for a scripture reference.

The YouHaveIncludedInYou.html will retrieve the various actors, and their operations.

The YouJustFakeOneTakeOne.html will calculate the running average for the Bible chapters and verses.

The YourGirlSheIsInTrueTips.html will accept a percentage and present a scripture reference.

The YourIDOrWhatDoYouWriteYourCommonID.html will accept a scripture reference, and selection; and it will reverse-engineer the AlphabetSequenceIndexScriptureReference.

 $The \ \underline{YouStartFormingYourOwnExample.html} \ queries \ the \ URL \ based \ on \ the \ query \ selector.$

AlphabetSequence Language Implementation

AlphabetSequence.cpp

AlphabetSequence.go

AlphabetSequence.java

AlphabetSequence.js

AlphabetSequence.py

AlphabetSequence.vb

R Language

R Language - Census Statistics

```
firstCensus = c(46500, 59300, 45650, 74600, 54400, 57400, 40500, 32200, 35400, 62700, 41500, 53400)
firstCensusStatistics = c(length(firstCensus), min(firstCensus), max(firstCensus), mean(firstCensus), sum(firstCensus))
secondCensus = c(43730, 22200, 40500, 76500, 64300, 60500, 52700, 32500, 45600, 64400, 53400, 45400)
secondCensusStatistics = c(length(secondCensus), min(secondCensus), max(secondCensus), mean(secondCensus), sum(secondCensus))
combinedCensus = firstCensus + secondCensus #r-tutor.com/r-introduction/vector/vector-arithmetics
combinedCensusStatistics = c(length(combinedCensus), min(combinedCensus), max(combinedCensus), mean(combinedCensus), sum(combinedCensus))
sequenceIdentity = seq(from=1, to=12) #sequenceIdentity = 1:12
firstCensusMinimum = (sort(firstCensus)[1])
tribes = c("Reuben", "Simeon", "Levi", "Judah", "Dan", "Naphtali", "Gad", "Asher", "Issachar", "Zebulun", "Joseph", "Benjamin")
josephAges = numeric()
josephAges[1] = 17
josephAges[2] = 30
bibleBooks = read.table("2018-06-19T2200BibleBook.txt", sep=";", header=TRUE)
summary(firstCensus)
plot(firstCensus)
```

R Language - AlphabetSequence