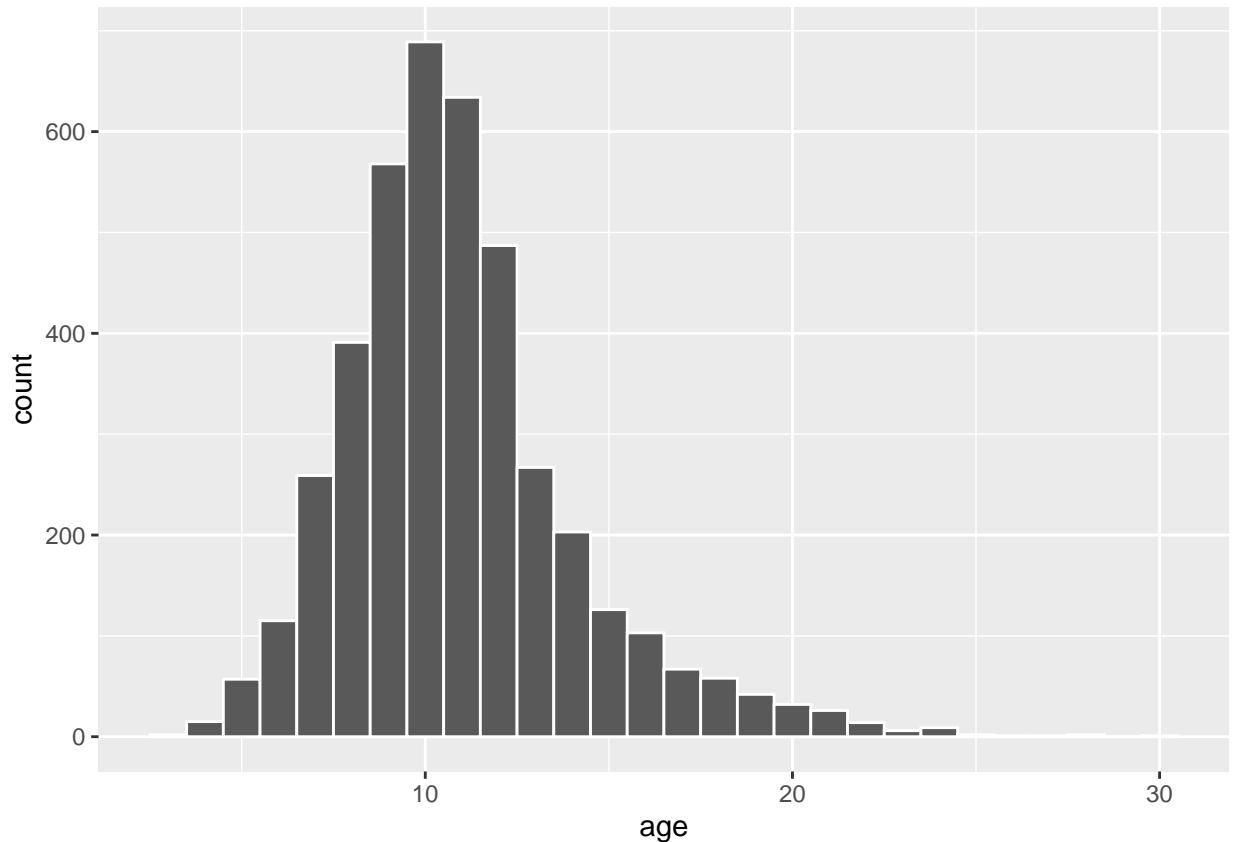


# Pstat231HW2

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```
data1 <- read.csv('/Users/wentaoyu/Documents/UCSB File/Stats/Pstat131/Pstat131/homework-2/homework-2/data/abalone.csv')
#data1 <- read.csv('D:/Github/Pstat131/homework-2/homework-2/data/abalone.csv')
age <- data1[9]+1.5 # extract the rings column since age = rings+1.5
data2 <- cbind(data1,age) # add a new column into the dataframe
names(data2)[10] <- 'age' # rename the new column as age
ggplot(data2, aes(age))+
  geom_histogram(col='white', binwidth = 1) # plot the age column using histogram to make it access.
```



## Question 1

The distribution of age is more likely a normal distribution with positive skew.

```
set.seed(4177) # set seed to make sure the output is stable
data3 = subset(data2, select = -c(rings)) # new dataframe exclude rings
abalone_split <- initial_split(data3, prop = 0.80) # split the data set, then what is the appropriate p
abalone_training <- training(abalone_split) # this is training data set
```

```
abalone_testing <- testing(abalone_split) # this is testing data set
```

## Question 2

```
#simple_abalone_recipe <- recipe(age~., data = abalone_training)
abalone_recipe <- recipe(age~., data = abalone_training) %>%
  step_dummy(all_nominal_predictors()) %>%
  step_interact(terms = ~ shucked_weight:starts_with('type')+
                    diameter:longest_shell+
                    shell_weight:shucked_weight) %>%
  step_center(all_predictors()) %>%
  step_scale(all_predictors())
summary(abalone_recipe)
```

## Question 3

```
## # A tibble: 9 x 4
##   variable      type    role    source
##   <chr>         <chr>  <chr>   <chr>
## 1 type          nominal predictor original
## 2 longest_shell numeric predictor original
## 3 diameter      numeric predictor original
## 4 height        numeric predictor original
## 5 whole_weight  numeric predictor original
## 6 shucked_weight numeric predictor original
## 7 viscera_weight numeric predictor original
## 8 shell_weight  numeric predictor original
## 9 age          numeric outcome  original
```

```
lm_model <- linear_reg() %>%
  set_engine('lm') # create and store a linear regression object
lm_model
```

## Question 4

```
## Linear Regression Model Specification (regression)
##
## Computational engine: lm
```

```
lm_workflow <- workflow() %>% # set up a new workflow
  add_model(lm_model) %>% # add the linear model from question 4
  add_recipe(abalone_recipe) # add the recipe from question 3
lm_workflow
```

## Question 5

```
## == Workflow =====
## Preprocessor: Recipe
## Model: linear_reg()
##
## -- Preprocessor -----
## 4 Recipe Steps
##
```

```
## * step_dummy()
## * step_interact()
## * step_center()
## * step_scale()
##
## -- Model -----
## Linear Regression Model Specification (regression)
##
## Computational engine: lm

lm_fit <- fit(lm_workflow, abalone_training)
```

### Question 6

Required For 231 Students

**Question 8**  $\text{Var}(\hat{f}(x_0))$  and  $\text{Bias}(\hat{f}(x_0))^2$  are the reproducible errors.

$\text{Var}(\epsilon)$  is the irreducible error.

### Question 9

### Question 10