# **Al Live 2018**

## Build a Microsoft Bot Framework bot with the Bot Builder SDK v4

Using Visual Studio 2017, and ASP.NET Core

Estimated time to complete: 30 Minutes

This walkthrough will show you how you can create, build, and test a simple bot using the Azure Portal first, followed by Visual Studio 2017 using C#, ASP.NET, and the Bot Builder v4 SDK.

#### Contents

Create Your First Bot

Create Your Bot via the Azure Portal

Create Your Bot in Visual Studio 2017

Test Your Bot Locally Using the Emulator

Update Your Bot and Debug

#### Create Your First Bot

You'll create your first bot using the Azure Bot Service via the Azure Portal, and then you'll use Visual Studio 2017 to build a bot. When using Visual Studio 2017, you'll access the Bot Builder v4 SDK runtime components via NuGet.org.

#### Create Your Bot via the Azure Portal

You'll use the Azure Portal to create your first bot.

- 1. Launch a modern browser like Microsoft Edge, Google Chrome, etc. But not Internet Explorer.
- 2. Access https://portal.azure.com
- 3. Log in using an account that has full control of an active Azure Subscription.
- 4. Click the Create a resource link in the upper left-hand portion of the portal home page.
- 5. In the list of items on the Azure Marketplace blade, click AI + Machine Learning.
- 6. Then, select **Web App Bot**.

The Azure Portal will open a Web App Bot blade that you need to fill in with the requested information to create your bot.

7. Use the data in the following table to configure most of the information:

Item	Value	Notes
Bot name	Your bot's display name.	The display name for your bot that appears in channels and directories.
	Consider az360botabc99 where abc	
	are your initials and 99 is a couple of	Your bot's name can only have the following
	numbers like the year you graduated,	characters:
	etc.	-, <b>a-z</b> , <b>A-Z</b> , <b>0-9</b> , and _
Subscription	Your subscription	If necessary, select the Azure subscription
		you want to use if you have more than one.
Resource Group	Click Create New and provide a name	Create a new resource group. It will be easier
	like az360bot.	to clean up when you're done.

Location	East US or East US 2	Select the geographic location for your resource group. Your location choice can be any location listed, though it's often best to choose a location closest to your customers.  The location cannot be changed once the bot is created.  For the lab at <i>Live! 360</i> , consider <b>East US</b> or <b>East US 2</b> .
Pricing tier	FO	Select a pricing tier.
		You may update the pricing tier at any time.
App name	A unique name.  Consider az360botabc99 where abc	The unique URL name of the bot, no more than 35 characters in length.
	are your initials and <b>99</b> is a couple of numbers like the year you graduated, etc.	For example, if you name your bot live360botabc99, then your bot's URL will be http://live360botabc99.azurewebsites.net.
		The name must use alphanumeric and underscore characters only.
		The App name cannot be changed once the bot is created.
Bot template	Echo Bot	Choose <b>SDK v4</b> and <b>C#</b>
App service plan/Location	Select your Bot App Service plan created earlier.	
Azure Storage	A new Azure storage account	Create a new data storage account.
Application Insights	Off	You'll do this later.
Microsoft App ID and password	Auto create App ID and password	You'll see more of this later.

- Once you've filled out the blade and checked your entries, click Create.
   Wait for Azure to create your bot. Use the Notifications pane to monitor the status.
- 9. When your bot is ready, click the **Go to resource** button or navigate via the **Resource Groups** blade.
- 10. Feel free to explore a bit and when you're ready, click **Test in Web Chat** under the **Bot Management** heading.
- Once the page loads, type a message like Hello, world!
   You will receive a debug status message and then a Turn 1 reply to your message.
- 12. Send a few more messages and notice the counter goes up.
- 13. Minimize your browser and move on to the next section.

#### Create Your Bot in Visual Studio 2017

In the first section you built a simple bot via the Azure Portal. Now you'll start from Visual Studio.

- 1. Start Visual Studio 2017.
- 2. Choose File | New | Project.
- 3. In the New Project dialog, under Visual C#, choose Bot Framework.
- 4. Expand the Bot Framework node so you can see and select Multi-project.
- 5. From the middle pane select **Bot Builder Echo Bot V4**.
- 6. Provide a Name like Vs360bot.
- 7. Set the Location to C:\botlab.
- 8. Ensure Create directory for solution is checked.
- 9. Ensure Add to Source Control is NOT checked.
- 10. Click **OK**.
- 11. Select Build | Rebuild Solution.
- 12. In the Solution Explorer window, double-click on the Properties node.
- 13. Change the Target Framework to .NET Core 2.1.
- 14. Save your work via File | Save All.
- 15. Select Build | Rebuild Solution.
- 16. In the Solution Explorer, right-click on the Solution node and choose Manage NuGet Packages for Solution.
- 17. In the NuGet Solution window, if **Updates** is showing a number next to it, select the **Updates** link.
- 18. Click Select all packages followed by the Update button and complete the NuGet package update process.
- 19. Save your work via File | Save All.
- 20. Select Windows | Close All Documents to tidy up Visual Studio.
- 21. Leave Visual Studio open and continue to the next section.

### Test Your Bot Locally Using the Emulator

Now that you've created and built your bot, you'll test it.

- 1. In Visual Studio, select **Debug | Start Debugging**. Visual Studio starts your default browser and points to localhost on a custom port for your bot.
- 2. Minimize your browser and Visual Studio 2017.
- 3. Start the **Bot Framework Emulator (V4)**.
- 4. Click the **Open Bot** button on the *Welcome* page.
- 5. Navigate to into C:\botlab\ and drill down until you find the BotConfiguration.bot file.
- 6. Select it and click the **Choose file** button in the dialog.
- 7. When you do, you should see a bunch of status messages in the LOG window on right side of the emulator.
- 8. In the **Type your message field**, enter a message like **Hello, World Local!** and press Enter. You should see what you typed followed by the bot's reply like earlier up in Azure.
- 9. Select your message first and notice the JSON message in the INSPECTOR JSON window.
- 10. Select the reply and review its data.
- 11. When ready, switch to your web browser and close it (or at least the tab used by your bot).
- 12. In Visual Studio, select **Debug | Stop Debugging**.
- 13. Leave things open and continue to the next section.

### Update Your Bot and Debug

You'll now make a change to your bot and debug it running

- 1. In the Solution Explorer window, open the CounterState.cs file.
- 2. Add two new members as follows:

```
public bool GreetingDone { get; set; } = false;
public bool HadEnough { get; set; } = false;
```

- 3. Save your changes.
- 4. Next from the Solution Explorer window, open the EchoWithCounterBot.cs file.
- 5. Find an existing block of code around line 64 as follows:

```
if (turnContext.Activity.Type == ActivityTypes.Message)
{
    // Get the conversation state from the turn context.
    var state = await _accessors.CounterState.GetAsync(turnContext, () => new CounterState());

// Bump the turn count for this conversation.
    state.TurnCount++;
```

6. Replace the rest of the code within the if block with the following block of code after state.TurnCount++;.

```
var responseMessage =
   $"Turn {state.TurnCount}: You sent '{turnContext.Activity.Text}'\n";
if (!state.GreetingDone)
    responseMessage = "Hello, welcome to the Echo Bot!";
    state.GreetingDone = true;
    state.HadEnough = false;
else if (!state.HadEnough && state.GreetingDone)
    if (turnContext.Activity.Text.ToLower().Contains("goodbye"))
        responseMessage = "Sorry to see you go. Bye!";
        state.TurnCount = 0;
        state.GreetingDone = false;
        state.HadEnough = true;
    }
}
await accessors.CounterState.SetAsync(turnContext, state);
await _accessors.ConversationState.SaveChangesAsync(turnContext);
await turnContext.SendActivityAsync(responseMessage);
```

- 7. Save your changes.
- 8. Select Debug | Start Debugging.
- 9. Once the browser shows your bot's home page, switch back to the emulator click the **Restart conversation** button.
- 10. Type a greeting message. What do you see?
- 11. Type some other message. What do you see?

- 12. Type **Goodbye**. What do you see?
- 13. Switch back to Visual Studio, and place a breakpoint on the **if** statement.
- 14. Switch back to the emulator and repeat the process (do NOT restart the conversation), examining the state variables and the flow as you go.
- 15. When ready, switch to your web browser and close it (or at least the tab used by your bot).
- 16. In Visual Studio, select **Debug | Stop Debugging**.
- 17. Take a quick break and move on to the next lab.