

Validation

1

Validation Data

- 4 Measured aruco trials for the corresponding validation path
- Compare measured vs ground truth:
 - Step 1: Load 24-trial derived registration matrix (aruco → kuka)
 - Step 2: Transform all measured aruco points to kuka reference frame
 - Step 3: calculate path lengths (mm) for each sequential trajectory
 - Step 4: Get respective trajectory RMSE

2

Calibration and Validation JSON

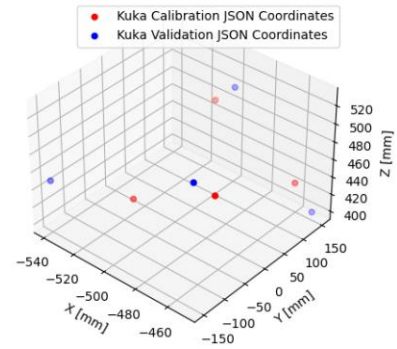
```

----- Calibration JSON-----
[[-0.5  0.1  0.5 ]
 [-0.45 -0.1  0.5 ]
 [-0.5  -0.1  0.45]
 [-0.45  0.1  0.45]]
----- Validation JSON-----
[[-0.5  0.15  0.5 ]
 [-0.45 -0.15  0.53]
 [-0.54 -0.15  0.45]
 [-0.45  0.15  0.4 ]]

```

Original JSON FILE data (m)

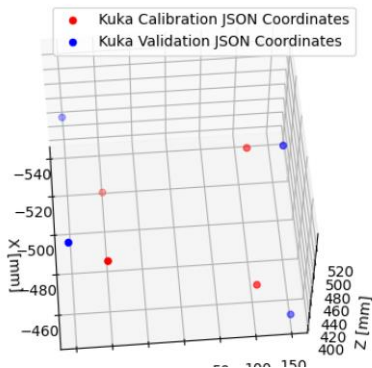
Calibration and Validation Kuka Positions in Kuka Reference Frame



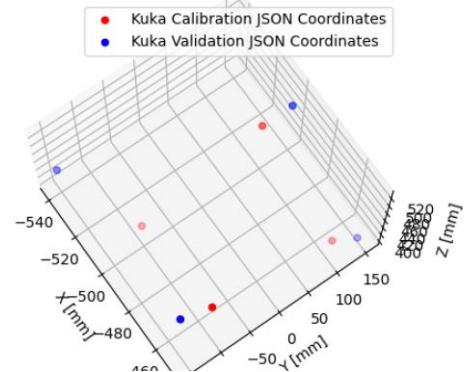
Plotted in millimeters!

3

Calibration and Validation Kuka Positions in Kuka Reference Frame



Calibration and Validation Kuka Positions in Kuka Reference Frame



4

Trajectories

- Compare ground truth trajectories (Validation JSON) to the measured aruco (transformed to kuka reference frame) coordinates.
- 4 Validation trials were used
- Trajectories
 - 0→ 1
 - 1→ 2
 - 2→3

5

Trajectories

```

-----Ground truth in MILLIMETERS-----
[[305.6141358 ]
 [120.41594579]
 [317.17503054]]

```

```

-----Aruco Derived in MILLIMETERS---
[[[299.21570388]
  [126.83710028]
  [296.30576788]]

 [300.54827578]
 [126.36543566]
 [296.33447641]]

 [300.63474065]
 [125.03524995]
 [286.71506516]]

 [300.81563538]
 [125.51590307]
 [290.41719688]]]

```

6

Trajectory RMSE ** all on validation data

```
Root Mean Square Error in Millimeters:
```

```
[[ 5.34843087]  
 [ 5.56720733]  
 [25.06813702]]
```

High RMS error in Z.... Need to investigate

7

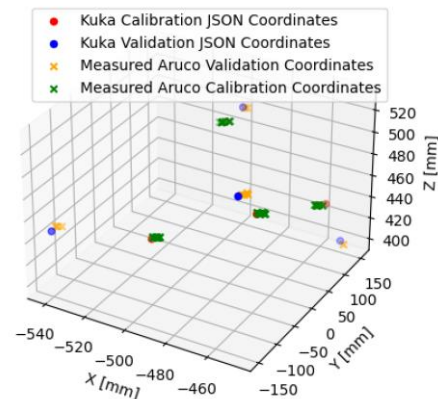
Look into Positional accuracy

8

Positions in Kuka reference frame

- Note that validation coordinates are outside the volume of the the calibration positions

Measured Aruco and Kuka Positions in Kuka Reference Frame



9

Validation GT vs Aruco Derived Positional Measurements

vs Nlist validation in mm

```
[[-500. 150. 500.]
 [-450. -150. 530.]
 [-540. -150. 450.]
 [-450. 150. 400.]]
```

```
-----position of equivalent validation in mm -----
[[[-499.09494588 152.60149207 500.03070146]
 [-447.63109274 -140.48827137 531.33405329]
 [-542.07205681 -130.18328139 447.29619578]
 [-447.99785864 146.54580219 398.63237326]]

 [[-497.97054068 153.80455654 499.39409629]
 [-447.15476111 -140.79754522 530.32343936]
 [-541.87845923 -130.27053665 447.34858512]
 [-447.99785864 146.54580219 398.63237326]]

 [[-499.26636299 150.26149389 499.3570255 ]
 [-449.41453534 -144.60975375 530.13022628]
 [-541.24324578 -127.60109045 446.99174516]
 [-499.2867459 151.20366096 499.07908812]]

 [[-498.163803 151.5052659 499.39423112]
 [-448.32091004 -143.54314189 530.25147614]
 [-539.98844075 -124.55221117 446.64136739]
 [-447.42872815 146.53252419 398.80922238]]]
```

Use Transformation matrix: aruco → kuka

10

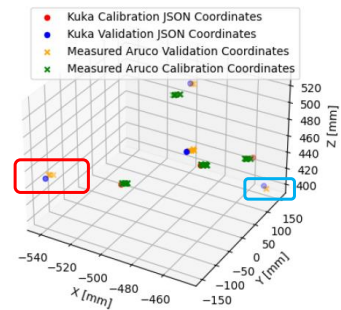
Positional RMSE

```
-----RMSE of Validation in mm-----
[ 2.89709858  8.13538037 22.22213737 55.45938044]
```

Point 0 Point 1 **Point 2** **Point 3**

Points 2 and points 3 have the largest RMSE errors

Measured Aruco and Kuka Positions in Kuka Reference Frame

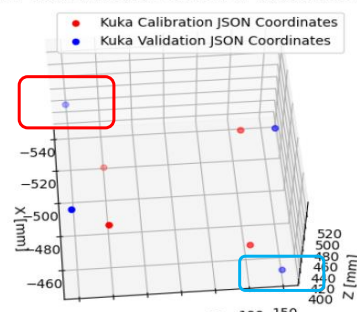


11

Hypothesis

- Larger error may be due to calibration volume does not cover these points

Calibration and Validation Kuka Positions in Kuka Reference Frame



12

Check RMSE for Aruco measurements used for repeatability study

- Recall that in the calibration study we used 5 points from the 29-calibration trial acquisition (24 for registration matrix + 5 for quality assessment)
- ➔ Test hypothesis. If so, we expect better positional accuracy for point within the calibration volume space

```
-----RMSE of Validation in mm-----
[ 3.94456466  3.25973863  9.40573536 13.31886751]
```

13

See all together:

Using Validation data+JSON data

Using repeatability data + calibration JSON

```
-----RMSE of Validation in mm-----
[ 2.89709858  8.13538037 22.22213737 55.45938044]
```

```
-----RMSE of Validation in mm-----
[ 3.94456466  3.25973863  9.40573536 13.31886751]
```

Takeaways: Positional accuracy is better when points are located within the calibration volume space. Therefore, for future application this would need to be optimized for the working space.

14