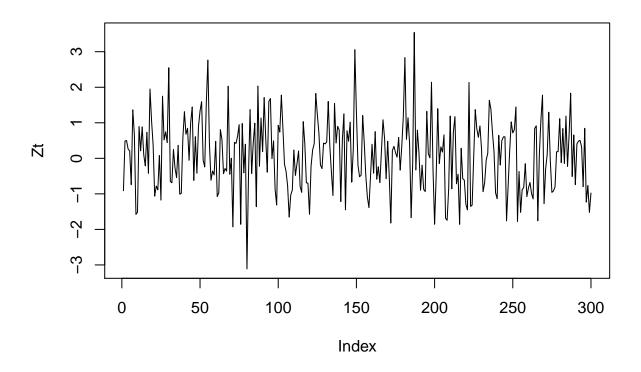
Questions 3, 4, and 5

Kendall Brown January 29, 2018

3a.

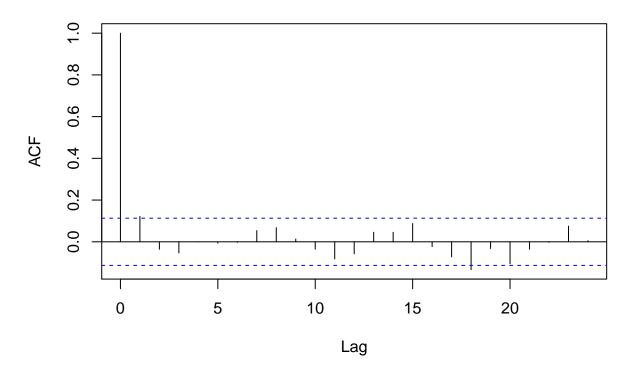
```
Zt=rnorm(300)
plot(Zt, main="Plot of Time Series", type='l')
```

Plot of Time Series



```
Ztacf=acf(Zt,plot=F)
plot(Ztacf,main="Plot of Auto Covariance Function")
```

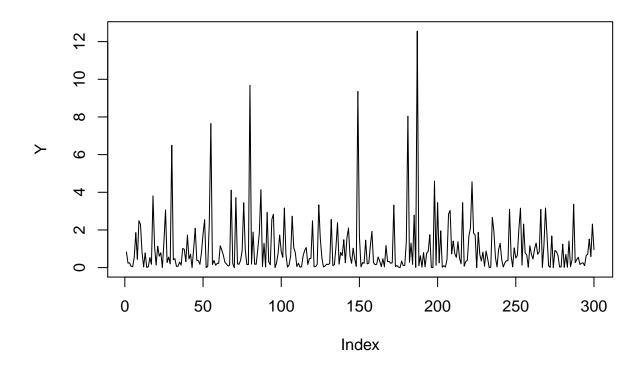
Plot of Auto Covariance Function



```
3b.

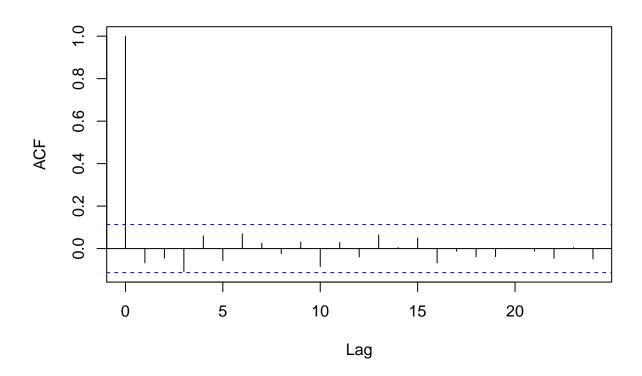
Y=Zt^2
plot(Y, main="Plot of Time Series Y=Zt^2", type='1')
```

Plot of Time Series Y=Zt^2



Yacf=acf(Y,plot=F)
plot(Yacf,main="Plot of Auto Covariance Function Y=Zt^2")

Plot of Auto Covariance Function Y=Zt^2



3c. The acf of Y and Zt appear to be similar enogh to be from a gausian white noise function with both functions being stationary. However, one stark difference of the Y acf function is that the values appear to vary less implying that Y could very well come from a non-gausian distribution.

```
4b.
```

```
matA=matrix(c(6,4,-2,1,-1,2,-2,1,-1),3,3,byrow=TRUE)
\mathtt{matA}
         [,1] [,2] [,3]
##
##
   [1,]
            6
                  4
## [2,]
## [3,]
           -2
                  1
                      -1
matB=matrix(c(2,-1,0),3,1)
\mathtt{matB}
         [,1]
##
##
   [1,]
            2
## [2,]
           -1
## [3,]
            0
matAin=solve(matA)
{\tt matAin}
##
           [,1]
                   [,2]
                           [,3]
## [1,] 0.0625 -0.125 -0.375
## [2,] 0.1875
                 0.625
                          0.875
## [3,] 0.0625 0.875
                         0.625
```

```
matAin%*%matB

## [,1]
## [1,] 0.25
## [2,] -0.25
## [3,] -0.75
    5.

polyroot(c(1,-2))

## [1] 0.5+0i
polyroot(c(1,-.45,.05))

## [1] 4+0i 5-0i
```