

# SUMMARY OUTPUT

<i>Regression Statistics</i>	
Multiple R	0.92936641
R Square	0.86372192
Adjusted R Square	0.84668716
Standard Error	942.266054
Observations	10

<i>ANOVA</i>					
	<i>df</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Significance F</i>
Regression	1	45017877.5	45017877.5	50.7034981	9.9937E-05
Residual	8	7102922.54	887865.317		
Total	9	52120800			

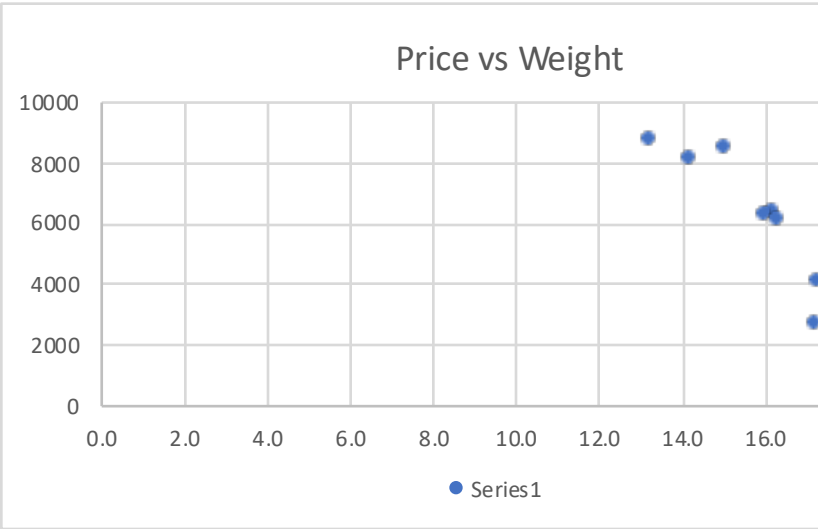
	<i>Coefficients</i>	<i>Standard Error</i>	<i>t Stat</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>Lower 95%</i>	<i>Upper 95%</i>
Intercept	28818.0037	3267.25684	8.82024435	2.1489E-05	21283.6959	36352.3115
X Variable 1	-1439.0064	202.089512	-7.1206389	9.9937E-05	-1905.0257	-972.98719

<i>Lower 95.0% Upper 95.0%</i>	
21283.6959	36352.3115
-1905.0257	-972.98719

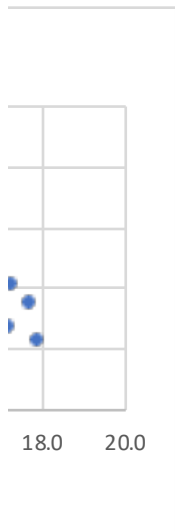
t-Test: Two-Sample Assuming Equal Variances

	<i>Weight</i>	<i>Price</i>
Mean	15.9	6033.33333
Variance	2.2675	4861975
Observations	9	9
Pooled Variance	2430988.63	
Hypothesized	0	
df	16	
t Stat	-8.1870243	
P(T<=t) one-tail	2.0518E-07	
t Critical one-tail	1.74588368	
P(T<=t) two-tail	4.1037E-07	
t Critical two-tail	2.1199053	

Model	Weight	Price
Fierro 7B	17.9	2200
HX 5000	16.2	6350
Durbin Ultralight	15.0	8470
Schmidt	16.0	6300
WSilton Advanced	17.3	4100
bicyclette vélo	13.2	8700
Supremo Team	16.3	6100
XTC Racer	17.2	2680
D’Onofrio Pro	17.7	3500
American a #6	14.2	8100



3347.7  
7233



1. *Bicycling World*, a magazine devoted to cycling, reviews hundreds of bicycles through its Road-Race category. The category contains reviews of bicycles used by riders primarily interested in racing. One of the most important factors in selecting a bicycle for racing is its weight. The following data show the weight (lb) and price (\$) for ten racing bicycles reviewed by the magazine:

A. Develop a scatter chart with weight as the independent variable. What does the scatter chart tell you about the relationship between the weight and price of these bicycles?

**There is an inverse relationship between weight and price.**

B. Use the data to develop an estimated regression equation that could be used to estimate the price of a bicycle, given its weight. What is the estimated regression model?

**$y = 28818 - 1439x$**

C. Test whether each of the regression parameters is equal to zero at a 0.05 level of significance. What are the correct interpretations of the estimated regression parameters? Are these interpretations reasonable?

**The t-stat indicates an inverse relationship between weight and price. The t-stat is statistically significant when  $\alpha = 0.05$ , and higher weights are associated with lower prices. The t-stat indicates statistical significance with it being less than 0.01.**

D. How much of the variation in the prices of the bicycles in the sample does the regression model estimated in part b explain?

**0.864**

E. The manufacturers of the D'Onofrio Pro plan to introduce the 15-pound D'Onofrio Pro bicycle next year. Use the regression model you estimated in part a to predict the price of the D'Onofrio Pro bicycle.

**\$7233**

F. The owner of Michele's Bikes of Nesika Beach, Oregon is trying to decide if she should make room for the D'Onofrio Elite bicycle in its inventory. She is convinced that she should only make room for the D'Onofrio Elite if she can sell it for more than \$7,000 and so she will not make room for the bicycle unless its estimated price is less than \$7,000. Under this condition, use the regression model you estimated in part (A), what decision should the owner make?

**The estimated price is \$3347.7, so she should put this in the store's inventory.**

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# SUMMARY OUTPUT

<i>Regression Statistics</i>	
Multiple R	0.93460517
R Square	0.87348682
Adjusted R Square	0.8497656
Standard Error	5.75657457
Observations	20

## ANOVA

	<i>df</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Significance F</i>
Regression	3	3660.73959	1220.24653	36.8230122	2.064E-07
Residual	16	530.210412	33.1381507		
Total	19	4190.95			

	<i>Coefficients</i>	<i>Standard Error</i>	<i>t Stat</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>Lower 95%</i>	<i>Upper 95%</i>
Intercept	-91.759498	15.2227601	-6.0277833	1.7576E-05	-124.03031	-59.488689
Age	1.07674106	0.16596361	6.48781412	7.4873E-06	0.72491392	1.42856819
Blood Pressure	0.25181347	0.04522552	5.56795102	4.2437E-05	0.15593966	0.34768729
Smoker	8.73987106	3.00081543	2.9124987	0.01017355	2.37842652	15.1013156

<u>Lower 95.0% Upper 95.0%</u>		
-124.03031	-59.488689	34.2661222
0.72491392	1.42856819	-24.025788
0.15593966	0.34768729	22.3134314
2.37842652	15.1013156	



<b>Risk</b>	<b>Age</b>	<b>Blood Pressure</b>	<b>Smoker</b>
12	57	152	0
24	67	163	0
13	58	155	0
56	86	177	1
28	59	196	0
51	76	189	1
18	56	155	1
31	78	120	0
37	80	135	1
15	78	98	0
22	71	152	0
36	70	173	1
15	67	135	1
48	77	209	1
15	60	199	0
36	82	119	1
8	66	166	0
34	80	125	1
3	62	117	0
37	59	207	1

2. A recent 10-year study conducted by a research team at the Great Falls Medical School was conducted to assess how age, systolic blood pressure, and smoking relate to the risk of strokes. Assume that the data are from a portion of this study. Risk is interpreted as the probability (times 100) that the person will have a stroke over the next 10-year period. For the smoking variable, define a dummy variable  $x_3$  indicating a smoker and 0 indicating a nonsmoker.

A. Develop an estimated multiple regression equation that relates risk of a stroke to the person's age, systolic blood pressure, and whether the person is a smoker.

B. Is smoking a significant factor in the risk of a stroke? Explain. Use a 0.05 level of significance.

**The p-value is equal to 0.01, which is less than 0.05, so yes.**

C. What is the probability of a stroke over the next ten years for Art Speen, a 68-year-old smoker with a systolic blood pressure of 175? What action might the physician recommend for this patient?

**34.3%**

D. An insurance company will only sell its Select policy to people for whom the probability of a stroke over the next ten years is less than .01. If a smoker with a systolic blood pressure of 230 applies for a Select policy, under what condition will the company sell him the policy if it adheres to this standard?

**$y = -91.759498 + 1.07674106(\text{age}) + 0.25181347(230) + 8.73987106(1)$ .**

**$= -24.025788$**

**$-24.025788 + 1.07674106(\text{age}) < 0.01$**

**$\text{Age} < 24.025788 / 1.07674106$**

**$\text{Age} < 22.3$**

**The insurance company can sell its Select policy to him if he is less than 22 years old.**

E. What other factors could be included in the model as independent variables? Choose the correct answer from the list below.

**Gender, stress level, weight, whether or not there's a history of heart issues**

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