

LETS CREATE OUR OWN ALGORITHM

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + c \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0$$

SECOND ORDER IN SPACE

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{u_{j+1}^n - u_{j-1}^n}{2 \Delta x}$$

FOURTH ORDER IN TIME

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{-u_j^{n+2} + 8u_j^{n+1} - 8u_j^{n-1} + u_j^{n-2}}{12 \Delta t}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-u_j^{n+2} + 8u_j^{n+1} - 8u_j^{n-1} + u_j^{n-2}}{12 \Delta t} + c \left( \frac{u_{j+1}^n - u_{j-1}^n}{2 \Delta x} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-\frac{1}{12}u_j^{n+2} + \frac{2}{3}u_j^{n+1} - \frac{2}{3}u_j^{n-1} + \frac{1}{12}u_j^{n-2}}{\Delta t} + c \left( \frac{u_{j+1}^n - u_{j-1}^n}{2 \Delta x} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow u_j^{n+1} = \frac{1}{8}u_j^{n+2} + u_j^{n-1} - \frac{1}{8}u_j^{n-2} - 3 \frac{c \Delta t}{4 \Delta x} (u_{j+1}^n - u_{j-1}^n)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{8}u_j^{n+2} - u_j^{n+1} + u_j^{n-1} - \frac{1}{8}u_j^{n-2} - 3 \frac{c \Delta t}{4 \Delta x} (u_{j+1}^n - u_{j-1}^n) = 0$$

$$u_j^{n+2} = u_j^n \pm 2 \Delta t \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{4 \Delta t^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} \pm \frac{8 \Delta t^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial t^3} + \frac{16}{24} \frac{\Delta t^4 \partial^4 u}{\partial t^4} + \dots$$

$$u_j^{n+1} = u_j^n \pm \Delta t \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{\Delta t^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} \pm \frac{\Delta t^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial t^3} + \frac{\Delta t^4 \partial^4 u}{24 \partial t^4} + \dots$$

$$u_{j+1}^n = u_j^n \pm \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\Delta x^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \pm \frac{\Delta x^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} - \frac{\Delta x^4 \partial^4 u}{24 \partial x^4} + \dots$$

We saw before...

$$v_{j+1} - v_{j-1} = 2\Delta x \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + \frac{1}{6} \Delta x^2 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} + \frac{1}{120} \Delta x^4 \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x^4} + \dots$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{8} (v_j^{n+2} - v_0^{n+1} + v_j^{n-1} - \frac{1}{8} v_0^{n-2}) = (v_j^{n-1} - v_j^{n+1}) + \frac{1}{8} (v_j^{n+2} - v_j^{n-2})$$

$$\Rightarrow v_j^{n-1} - v_j^{n+1} = -2 \left( \Delta t \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t^2 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} + \frac{1}{120} \Delta t^4 \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial t^4} + \dots \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow v_j^{n+2} - v_j^{n-2} = 2 \left( 2\Delta t \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t^3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} + \frac{32}{120} \Delta t^5 \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial t^4} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 \cdot \frac{1}{8} \left( \left( 2\Delta t \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t^3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} + \frac{32}{120} \Delta t^5 \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial t^4} \right) - \left( \Delta t \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t^2 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} + \frac{1}{120} \Delta t^4 \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial t^4} + \dots \right) \right) - \frac{3}{4} \cancel{c} \left( 2 \left( \Delta x \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + \frac{1}{6} \Delta x^2 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} + \frac{1}{120} \Delta x^4 \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x^4} \right) \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 \cdot \left( \left( 2\Delta t \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t^3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} + \frac{4}{120} \Delta t^5 \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial t^4} \right) - \left( \Delta t \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t^2 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} + \frac{1}{120} \Delta t^4 \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial t^4} + \dots \right) \right) - \frac{3}{4} \cancel{c} \left( 2 \left( \Delta x \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + \frac{1}{6} \Delta x^2 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} + \frac{1}{120} \Delta x^4 \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x^4} \right) \right)$$

DIVIDE PER  $\Delta t$ ; TAKE NOTE THAT THE TERM  $\Delta t^2$  IS GONE

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{40} \Delta t^4 \frac{\partial^5 v}{\partial t^5} - \frac{3}{4} c \left( \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + \frac{1}{6} \Delta x^2 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} + \frac{1}{120} \Delta x^4 \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x^4} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} - c \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = -\frac{1}{40} \cancel{\Delta t^4} \frac{\partial^5 v}{\partial t^5} + \frac{3}{4} c \left( \frac{1}{6} \cancel{\Delta x^2} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} + \frac{1}{120} \Delta x^4 \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x^4} \right)$$

ERROR

We see that it's  $O(\Delta t^4) + O(\Delta x^2)$

CONSISTENCY

$$\epsilon_{ROR} = -1/4 \cdot \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial t^4} + \frac{3c}{4} \left( \frac{1}{6} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^3} + \frac{1}{120} \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4} \right)$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \epsilon_{ROR} = 0$$

$$\Delta x \rightarrow 0$$

THUS, THIS ALGORITHM IS CONSISTENT

# STABILITY

$$\frac{1}{8} v_j^{n+2} - v_i^{n+1} + v_j^{n-1} - \frac{1}{8} v_j^{n-2} - \frac{3\gamma c \Delta t}{\Delta x} (v_{j+1}^n - v_{j-1}^n) = 0$$

LINER EQUATION SO:

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{8} e_j^{n+2} - e_i^{n+1} + e_j^{n-1} - \frac{1}{8} e_j^{n-2} - \frac{3\gamma c \Delta t}{\Delta x} (e_{j+1}^n - e_{j-1}^n) = 0$$

AFTER DIVISION BY  $e_j^n = e^{at} e^{ik_m \Delta x}$  ;  $\theta = 3\gamma \frac{c \Delta t}{\Delta x}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{8} e^{2at} - e^{at} + e^{-at} - \frac{1}{8} e^{-2at} - \theta (e^{ik_m \Delta x} - e^{-ik_m \Delta x}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{8} e^{2at} - e^{at} + e^{-at} - \frac{1}{8} e^{-2at} - \theta (2 i \sin(k_m \Delta x)) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{8} (e^{at})^2 - (e^{at}) + (e^{-at}) - \frac{1}{8} (e^{-at})^2 - \theta (2 i \sin(k_m \Delta x)) = 0$$

We HAVE TO FIND  $e^{at} = \theta$