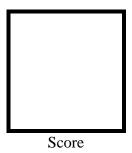


PAMANTASAN NG LUNGSOD NG MAYNILA

(University of the City of Manila) Intramuros, Manila

Microprocessor Lab

Laboratory Activity No. 2 **Arduino and Tinkercad Interface**



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Submitted to:

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I. Objectives

This laboratory activity aims to implement the principles and techniques of hardware programming using Arduino through:

- creating an Arduino programming and circuit diagram.

II. Method/s

- Perform a task problem given in the presentation.
- Write a code and perform an Arduino circuit diagram of a ring counter that display eight (8)LEDs starting from left.

III. Results

TinkerCad

Exercise 1: Write a code that does a ring counter display for eight (8) LEDs starting from left.

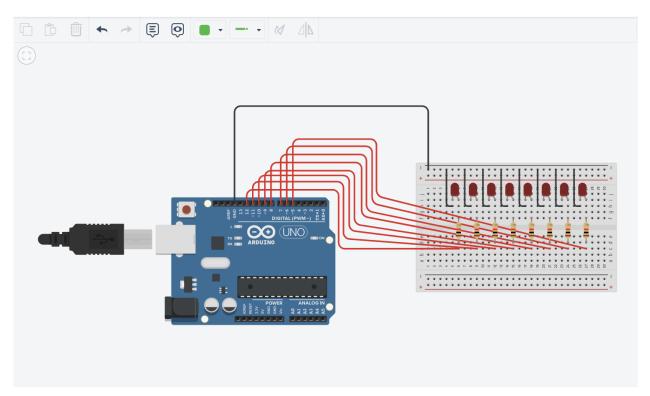


Figure No.1 Ring Counter Display Circuit Diagram

Components Used

- **1.** 8 LEDs
- 2. Resistor
- 3. Breadboard

CODE:

```
1 // C++ code
2 //
3 /*
         Ring counter display for eight (8) LEDs starting from left.
 7 void setup()
 8 {
8 {
9    Serial.begin(9600);
10    pinMode(5, OUTPUT);
11    pinMode(6, OUTPUT);
12    pinMode(7, OUTPUT);
13    pinMode(8, OUTPUT);
14    pinMode(9, OUTPUT);
15    pinMode(10, OUTPUT);
16    pinMode(11, OUTPUT);
17    pinMode(12, OUTPUT);
18 }
18 }
19
20 void loop()
21 {
22 digitalWr
        digitalWrite(12, HIGH);
delay(500);
23
        Serial.println("The LED1 is HIGH");
digitalWrite(12, LOW);
24
25
26
       delay(500);
27
         Serial.println("The LED1 is LOW");
28
29
         digitalWrite(11, HIGH);
30
        delay(500);
         Serial.println("The LED2 is HIGH");
32
         digitalWrite(11, LOW);
33 delay(500);
```

```
Serial.println("The LED2 is LOW");
34
36
     digitalWrite(10, HIGH);
37
     delay(500);
     Serial.println("The LED3 is HIGH");
     digitalWrite(10, LOW);
39
40
     delay(500);
41
     Serial.println("The LED3 is LOW");
42
43
     digitalWrite(9, HIGH);
44
     delay(500);
45
     Serial.println("The LED4 is HIGH");
46
     digitalWrite(9, LOW);
     delay(500);
47
     Serial.println("The LED4 is LOW");
48
49
50
     digitalWrite(8, HIGH);
51
     delay(500);
     Serial.println("The LED5 is HIGH");
52
53
     digitalWrite(8, LOW);
54
     delay(500);
55
     Serial.println("The LED5 is LOW");
56
57
     digitalWrite(7, HIGH);
58
     delay(500);
59
     Serial.println("The LED6 is HIGH");
60
     digitalWrite(7, LOW);
61
     delay(500);
     Serial.println("The LED6 is LOW");
62
63
64
     digitalWrite(6, HIGH);
65
     delay(500);
66 Serial.println("The LED7 is HIGH");
67 digitalWrite(6, LOW);
     delay(500);
68
     Serial.println("The LED7 is LOW");
69
70
71
     digitalWrite(5, HIGH);
72
     delay(500);
     Serial.println("The LED8 is HIGH");
     digitalWrite(5, LOW);
     delay(500);
     Serial.println("The LED8 is LOW");
76
77
78 }
```

IV. Conclusion

The conclusion expresses the summary of the whole laboratory report as perceived by the authors of the report.

CODE

```
const int numLeds = 8;
int ledPins[numLeds] = {2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9};
void setup() {
  for (int i = 0; i < numLeds; i++) {
     pinMode(ledPins[i], OUTPUT);
  }
}

void loop() {
  for (int i = 0; i < numLeds; i++) {
     digitalWrite(ledPins[i], HIGH);
     delay(250);
     digitalWrite(ledPins[i], LOW);
  }
}</pre>
```

References

