## /Users/kmt.joseph/NetBeansProjects/Final/src/main/java/Final.java

```
This file is the set up and solution to the lab final of Fall 2023.
             * by R. Heise
* Dec 11, 2023 at 9:25:28 p.m.
       8 import java.util.LinkedList;
9 //only use: constructor, add
                                                                                 First. addLast. removeFirst. removeLast. size.
     10//and isEmpty
11
12 public class Final {
/**
* This method works with the nested class SearchSpot,
* it goes through a 2D array/map with the goal of finding a row and column
* value equivalent to value in row/col point on the array/map, for example
* if the row is 5 and the column is 2, and the value at that point is 52,
* then the treasure has been found. Returns the path taken in the form
* of the data structure of a linked list
* @param array The 2D array/map passed into the method that searches for
* the treasure.
                       * the treasure.
* @return the path taken in order to find the treasure, as well as if it
* has found the treasure or not. If one of the base cases are satisfied
* it returns null as the path instead.
                    public static LinkedList<SearchSpot> findTreasure(int[][] array) {
                  //uase case
if (array == null || array.length == 0) {
   System.out.println(x: "Treasure not found");
   return null;
}//if
                    LinkedList<SearchSpot> path = new LinkedList<>();
                                                                                                                                            ,
over the arrav to one greate
                 //while loop to stop the method iterating over the array multiple times
//rather it stops checking at the one plus the length of the array.
//Being the limit variable
while (check < limit {
    if (row < 0 || row >= array.length || column < 0 || column >= array[0].length) {
        System.out.println(x: "Treasure not found");
        return nult;
        //if
        //getting each value for row and column
        int rowClue = value / 10 - 1;
        int rowClue = value / 10 - 1;
        int columnClue = value % 10 - 1;
                            path.addLast(new SearchSpot(row + 1, column + 1));
if (row == rowClue && column == columnClue) {
    System.out.println(x: "Found treasure");
    return path;
}//if
//sets row and column to where it currently is in trow = rowClue;
column = columnClue;
Check+:
while loop
                                                               nd column to where it currently is in the array.
                    }//while loop
//If the code is checked for one more than the size of the it
                      //Any code placed below here will not be evaluated towards your grade
//on this lab exam
```

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## /Users/kmf.joseph/NetBeansProjects/Final/src/main/java/Final.java

```
Lic static void main(String[] args) {
System.out.println(x: "Testing 1 2 3...");
                                 testTreasure();
System.out.println(x: "\n=
testSumMinMax();
\stackrel{***}{*} Tests a bunch of different square arrays for treasure (invariant \ast points).
                    int[][] map4 = {(55, 12, 25, 37, 78, 19, 81, 43, 83), (14, 23, 48, 59, 93, 52, 59, 96, 54), (72, 65, 19, 97, 35, 49, 41, 76, 13), (48, 65, 57, 44, 85, 24, 17, 15, 19), (79, 61, 65, 58, 61, 32, 72, 41, 18), (82, 39, 31, 53, 74, 58, 67, 32, 69), (15, 29, 28, 74, 99, 75, 17, 78, 56), (29, 33, 85, 11, 22, 67, 87, 94, 43), (91, 81, 95, 69, 76, 35, 16, 98, 21)};
                               int[][] map5 = {{11}};
                              int[][] map6 = {{55, 12, 25, 37, 78, 19, 81, 43, 83}, (14, 23, 48, 59, 93, 52, 59, 96, 54), (72, 65, 19, 97, 35, 49, 41, 76, 13), (48, 65, 57, 44, 85, 24, 17, 15, 19), (79, 61, 65, 58, 61, 32, 72, 41, 18), (82, 39, 31, 53, 74, 58, 67, 32, 69), (15, 29, 28, 74, 99, 75, 17, 12, 56), (29, 33, 85, 11, 22, 67, 87, 94, 43}, (91, 81, 95, 69, 76, 35, 16, 98, 21)};
                              int[][] map7 = {{55, 21, 25, 37, 78, 19, 81, 43, 83}, {14, 23, 48, 59, 93, 52, 59, 96, 54}, {72, 65, 19, 97, 35, 49, 41, 76, 13}, {48, 65, 57, 44, 85, 24, 17, 15, 19}, {79, 61, 65, 58, 61, 32, 72, 41, 18}, {82, 39, 31, 53, 74, 58, 67, 32, 69}, {15, 29, 28, 74, 99, 75, 17, 12, 56}, {29, 33, 85, 11, 22, 67, 87, 94, 43}, {91, 81, 95, 69, 76, 35, 16, 98, 21}};
                                int[][] map8 = {};
                               System.out.println(x: "Map 1");
printGrid(grid: map1);
path = findTreasure(array: map1);
System.out.println(x: path);
                                 System.out.println(x: "\n\nMap 2");
printGrid(grid: map2);
path = findTreasure(array: map2);
System.out.println(x: path);
                                 System.out.println(x: "\n\nMap 3");
printGrid(grid: map3);
path = findTreasure(array: map3);
System.out.println(x: path);
                                 System.out.println(x: "\n\nMap 4");
printGrid(grid: map4);
path = findTreasure(array: map4);
System.out.println(x: path);
                                 System.out.println(x: "\n\nMap 5");
printGrid(grid: map5);
path = findTreasure(array: map5);
System.out.println(x: path);
                                 System.out.println(x: "\n\nMap 6");
printGrid(grid: map6);
path = findTreasure(array: map6);
System.out.println(x: path);
                                 System.out.println(x: "\n\nMap 7");
printGrid(grid:map7);
path = findTreasure(array: map7);
System.out.println(x: path);
                                System.out.println(x: "\n\nMap 8 null");
printGrid(grid: map8);
path = findTreasure(array: map8);
System.out.println(x: path);
                               System.out.println(x: "\n\nMap 9");
printGrid(grid: map9);
path = findTreasure(array: map9);
System.out.println(x: path);
testTreasure
                         * Prints a 2-d array of 2 digit ints to standard output.

* Puts a space between each int. Has column and row numbers.
                           ⊳
k @param grid the array to print
                     public static void printGrid(int[][] grid){
   if (grid.length == 0) //print nothing if empty
                               //top indices
System.out.print(s: " ");
for(int col = 1; col <= grid[0].length; col++){
    System.out.printf(format: "%2d ", args: col);</pre>
                                 System.out.println();
                                 //border
System.out.print(s: " ");
for(int col = 1; col <= grid[0].length; col++){
    System.out.print(s: "---");</pre>
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```
//body and row numbers (with border)
for(int row = 0; row < grid.length; row++) {
    System.out.print((row + 1) + " | ");
    for(int col = 0; col < grid[row].length; col++) {
        System.out.printf(rownat: "%2d ", grid[row][col]);
    }
}</pre>
                        System.out.println();
}//printGrid
public static void testSumMinMax(){
   BSTree myEmployees = new BSTree();
           System.out.println(x: "Test sumMinMax empty tree
System.out.println(x: myEmployees.sumMinMax());
           myEmployees.insert(.ddvum: 50, name: "Bugs Bunny");
System.out.println("Tree: " + myEmployees);
System.out.println(x: myEmployees.sumMinMax());
           myEmployees.insert(LoNum: 30, name: "Mickey Mouse");
System.out.println("Tree: " + myEmployees);
System.out.println(x: myEmployees.sumMinMax());
            myEmployees.insert(idNum: 80, name: "Minnie Mouse");
System.out.println("Tree: " + myEmployees);
System.out.println(x: myEmployees.sumMinMax());
            myEmployees.insert(idNum: 25, name: "Donald Duck");
System.out.println("Tree: " + myEmployees);
System.out.println(x: myEmployees.sumMinMax());
            myEmployees.insert(idNum:65, name: "Pluto");
System.out.println("Tree: " + myEmployees);
System.out.println(x: myEmployees.sumMinMax());
            myEmployees.insert(idNum: 40, name: "Santa Claus");
System.out.println("Tree: " + myEmployees);
System.out.println(x: myEmployees.sumMinMax());
            myEmployees.insert(idMum: 100, name:"Queen Elsa");
System.out.println("Tree: " + myEmployees);
System.out.println(x: myEmployees.sumMinMax());
            myEmployees.insert(idNum: 70, name: "Anna");
System.out.println("Tree: " + myEmployees);
System.out.println(x: myEmployees.sumMinMax());
            myEmployees.insert(idNum:58, name:"0laf");
System.out.println("Tree: " + myEmployees);
System.out.println(x: myEmployees.sumMinMax());
            myEmployees.insert(udtum:101, name: "Ausci 235");
System.out.println("Tree: " + myEmployees);
System.out.println(x: myEmployees.sumMinMax());
            myEmployees.insert(!dNum: 10, name: "Java Reigns");
System.out.println("Tree: " + myEmployees);
System.out.println(x: myEmployees.sumMinMax());
```

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