# **User Manual**

# Introduction

The Custom Virtual File System (CVFS) allows you to create and manipulate virtual disks, directories, and documents using a command-line interface (CLI). You can create new files, delete, rename, search for files based on criteria, save/load the virtual disk, and undo/redo actions. CVFS is an in-memory simulation of a file system, meaning all operations are performed in memory unless saved explicitly to a file.

# **Commands Description**

# (A) Disk Management

#### newDisk

Command: newDisk < diskSize>

Description: Creates a new virtual disk with the specified size (in bytes). This will

clear the current working disk and start fresh.

Example:

CVFS> newDisk 10000

New virtual disk created with size 10000

#### save

Commmand: save <path>

Description: Saves the current virtual disk and all its contents to a file on the

local file system.

Example:

CVFS> save diskBackup.dat
Virtual disk saved to diskBackup.dat

#### load

Command: load <path>

Description: Loads a virtual disk from a file and makes it the working disk.

Example:

CVFS> load diskBackup.dat
Virtual disk loaded from diskBackup.dat

# (B) File and Directory Management

#### newDoc

Command: newDoc <docName> <doctype> <docContent>

Description: Creates a new document with the specified name, type, and

content in the current working directory.

docName at most 10 characters long

Example:

CVFS> newDoc report txt "This is a report file." Document report created.

#### newDir

Command: newDir <dirName>

Description: Creates a new directory with the specified name in the current

working directory.

Example:

CVFS> newDir Documents
Directory Documents created.

#### delete

Command: delete <filename>

Description: Deletes a file or directory with the specified name from the current

working directory.

Example:

CVFS> delete report File report deleted.

#### rename

Command: rename < oldFileName > < newFileName >

Description: Renames an existing file or directory in the current working

directory. Example:

CVFS> rename report reportv2
File report renamed to reportv2

### changeDir

Command: changeDir < dirName >

Description: Changes the working directory to the specified directory. If ".." is

used, it navigates to the parent directory.

Example:

CVFS> changeDir Documents
Changed to directory Documents

#### • list

Command: list

Description: Lists all files and directories in the current working directory.

Example:

CVFS> list

Document Name: report, Type: txt, Size: 88

Document Name: Hello, Type: txt, Size: 56

Total files: 2, Total size: 144

#### rList

Command: rList

Description: Recursively lists all files and directories in the current working

directory and its subdirectories.

# (C) Search and Criteria Management

#### newSimpleCri

Command: newSimpleCri < criName > < attrName > < op > < val>

Description: Creates a new simple criterion based on file attributes (name, type,

or size). The criterion can later be used to search for files.

Example:

CVFS> newSimpleCri nm name contains "final" Simple criterion nm created.

#### IsDocument

Command: IsDocument

Description: A built-in criterion that evaluates whether a file is a document (e.g.,

txt, java, etc.).

# newNegation

Command: newNegation < criName1 > < CriName2 >

Description: Creates a new negation criterion based on an existing criterion

Parameters:

criName1: Name for the new negation criterion.

criName2: Existing criterion to negate.

Example:

CVFS> newNegation ND CR Negation criterion ND created.

# newBinaryCri

Command: newBinaryCri <criname1> <criname3> <logicOp && ||> <criName4> Description: Combines two criteria using a logical operator (&& or ||) to create a composite criterion.

Example:

Parameters:

criName1: Name for the new composite criterion.

criName3: First existing criterion name.

logicOp: Logical operator (&& for AND, || for OR). C

criName4: Second existing criterion name.

# CVFS> newBinaryCri CB CR && ND Binary criterion CB created.

# printAllCriteria

Command: printAllCriteria

Description: Prints all currently defined criteria.

Example:

```
CVFS> printAllCriteria
IsDocument: IsDocument
ND: !( attrName: name, op: contains, val: report )
CR: attrName: name, op: contains, val: report
```

#### search

Command: search < criName >

Description: Searches for files in the current directory based on the specified

criterion. Example:

```
CVFS> search CR

Document Name: report, Type: txt, Size: 104

Total files: 1, Total size: 104
```

#### rSearch

Command: rSearch < criName >

Description: Recursively searches for files in the current directory and its

subdirectories based on the specified criterion.

# (D) Undo/Redo Management

#### • undo

Command: undo

Description: Reverses the last command executed in the system.

Example:

CVFS> undo
Undo successful.

#### • redo

Command: redo

Description: Reapplies the most recently undone command.

Example:

CVFS> redo
Redo successful.

# (E)System Control

### quit

Command: quit

Description: Terminates the CVFS system.

Example:

CVFS> quit
Terminating the CVFS system.

Process finished with exit code 0

# **Step-by-Step Instructions**

To get started with CVFS, this section provides a sample workflow demonstrating common operations.

# **Example Workflow**

Scenario: Create a new virtual disk, add documents and directories, define search criteria, perform searches, and manage files.

# 1 Launch CVFS:

Open the terminal and run java -jar cvfs.jar.

You should see the prompt: CVFS>

Welcome to the Custom Virtual File System (CVFS) CVFS>

# (2) Create a New Disk:

Command: newDisk 10000

Effect: Initializes a new virtual disk with a maximum size of 10,000 units.

CVFS> newDisk 10000

New virtual disk created with size 10000

# (3) Add Documents:

Command: newDoc summary txt "This is the summary document."

Effect: Creates a summary document of type txt with specified content.

CVFS> newDoc summary txt "This is the summary document."

Document summary created.

Command: newDoc report java "public class Report {}"

Effect: Creates a report document of type java with specified content.

CVFS> newDoc report java "public class Report {}"
Document report created.

# 4 Create a Directory:

Command: newDir Projects

Effect: Creates a Projects directory.

CVFS> newDir Projects
Directory Projects created.

# (5) Navigate to the New Directory:

Command: changeDir Projects

Effect: Changes the working directory to Projects.

CVFS> changeDir Projects
Changed to directory Projects

# (6) Add a Document in the Subdirectory:

Command: newDoc project1 java "public class Project1 {}"

Effect: Creates a project1 document inside Projects.

CVFS> newDoc project1 java "public class Project1 {}"
Document project1 created.

# 7 Return to Root Directory:

Command: changeDir ..

Effect: Navigates back to the root directory.

CVFS> changeDir .. Changed to parent directory.

# (8) List Files in Root Directory:

Command: list

Effect: List out information of the directory.

# CVFS> list Document Name: summary, Type: txt, Size: 98 Document Name: report, Type: java, Size: 84 Directory Name: Projects, Size: 128 Total files: 3, Total size: 310

# 9 Define a Simple Criterion:

Command: newSimpleCri CR name contains "sum"

Effect: Creates a criterion CR that selects files with names containing "sum".

CVFS> newSimpleCri CR name contains "sum" Simple criterion CR created.

# 10 Define Another Simple Criterion:

Command: newSimpleCri AB size >= 50

Effect: Creates a criterion AB that selects files with size greater than or equal to 50.

CVFS> newSimpleCri AB size >= 50
Simple criterion AB created.

# (11) Create a Binary Criterion Combining CR and AB with AND:

Command: newBinaryCri BC CR && AB

Effect: Creates a criterion BC that selects files satisfying both CR and AB.

CVFS> newBinaryCri BC CR && AB
Binary criterion BC created.

# (12) Print All Criteria:

Command: printAllCriteria

```
CVFS> printAllCriteria

AB: attrName: size, op: >=, val: 50

BC: (attrName: name, op: contains, val: sum) && (attrName: size, op: >=, val: 50)

IsDocument: IsDocument

CR: attrName: name, op: contains, val: sum
```

# (13) Search for Files Matching Criterion BC:

Command: search BC

Output:

```
CVFS> search BC

Document Name: summary, Type: txt, Size: 98

Total files: 1, Total size: 98
```

# (14) Undo the Last Command (Search Does Not Affect State):

Command: undo

Effect: Undoes the creation of criterion BC.

Output:

```
CVFS> undo
Undo successful.
```

# 15 Redo the Last Undone Command:

Command: redo

Effect: Redoes the creation of criterion BC.

CVFS> redo
Redo successful.

# (16) Terminate CVFS:

Command: quit

Output:

CVFS> quit

Terminating the CVFS system.

# **Troubleshooting**

Below are common problems and their solutions.

# (1) Invalid Command Format

Symptom: Attempting to execute a command with incorrect syntax.

CVFS> newDisk Name 33554432

Error: Usage: newDisk diskSize

CVFS> newdisk 8192

Unknown command: newdisk

Solution:

Ensure that you follow the exact command structure.

Refer to the Commands Overview section for correct usage examples.

Example:

CVFS> newDisk 33554432

New virtual disk created with size 33554432

CVFS> newDisk 8192

New virtual disk created with size 8192

Error:

CVFS> newDoc

Error: Usage: newDoc docName docType docContent

CVFS> newDoc abcdefghijk txt "1234567890"

Error: Invalid file name.

CVFS> newDoc abcdefghij docx "1234567890"

Error: Document type not allowed.

Solution: Provide all required parameters:

CVFS> newDoc abcdefghij txt "1234567890" Document abcdefghij created.

# (2) Invalid File or Directory Name

Symptom: Attempting to create or rename a file/directory with invalid characters or exceeding length limits.

Error:

CVFS> newDir あいしている Error: Invalid file name.

Solution:

Use only English letters and digits in names.

CVFS> newDir aishiteiru
Directory aishiteiru created.

Error:

CVFS> newDir Projects\_Directory
Error: Invalid file name.

Solution:

Ensure names do not exceed 10 characters.

CVFS> newDir Projects
Directory Projects created.

# (3) Duplicate File or Directory Name

Symptom: Attempting to create or rename a file/directory to a name that already exists in the current directory.

#### Error:

```
CVFS> newDoc summary txt "Summary."

Document summary created.

CVFS> newDoc summary txt "Another summary."

Error: File with the same name already exists.
```

#### Solution:

Choose a unique name that does not conflict with existing files or directories.

```
CVFS> rename summary summary1

File summary renamed to summary1

CVFS> newDoc summary txt "Another summary."

Document summary created.
```

# (4) Unsupported Document Type

Symptom: Attempting to create a document with a type other than txt, java, html, or css.

Error:

```
CVFS> newDoc notes pdf "PDF"
Error: Document type not_allowed.
```

#### Solution:

Use one of the supported document types.

```
CVFS> newDoc notes txt "TXT"

Document notes created.
```

# **5** Disk Space Exceeded

Symptom: Adding files or directories that cause the virtual disk's size to exceed its maximum limit.

#### Example:

```
CVFS> newDisk 9

New virtual disk created with size 9

CVFS> newDoc largeDoc txt "..."

Error: Disk space exceeded.
```

#### Solution:

Delete unnecessary files or directories to free up space.

Or create a new disk with a larger size.

```
CVFS> newDisk 1000

New virtual disk created with size 1000

CVFS> newDoc largeDoc txt "..."

Document largeDoc created.
```

# **6** Criterion Not Found

Symptom: Attempting to use a criterion name that does not exist. Error:

```
CVFS> search YuenIsBest
Error: Criterion not found.
```

#### Solution:

Ensure the criterion is created before use.

Verify the criterion name is correct.

```
CVFS> search Yu

Document Name: Test, Type: txt, Size: 148

Total files: 1, Total size: 148
```

# 7 File Not Found

Symptom: Attempting to delete or rename a file/directory that does not exist.

Error:

```
CVFS> delete unknownFile Error: File not found.
```

# Solution:

Verify the file or directory name.

Use the list or rList command to view existing files.

```
CVFS> list

Document Name: largeDoc, Type: txt, Size: 46

Document Name: Test, Type: txt, Size: 148

Total files: 2, Total size: 194
```