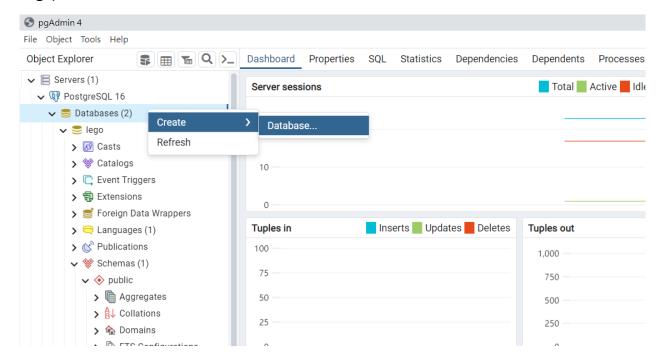
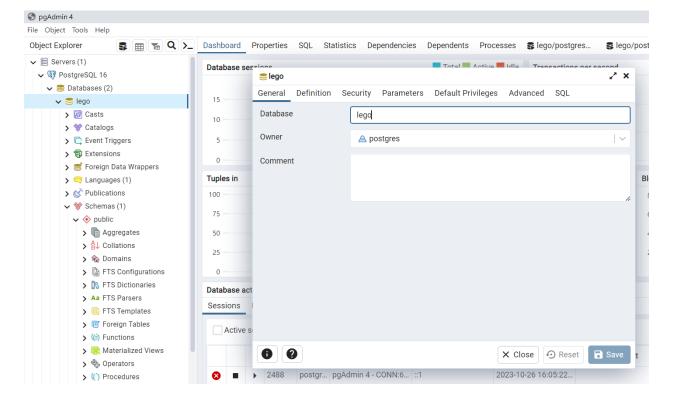
HW1_110550103

Q1. The process of creating the "lego" databases.

Using pdAdmin4 create database.

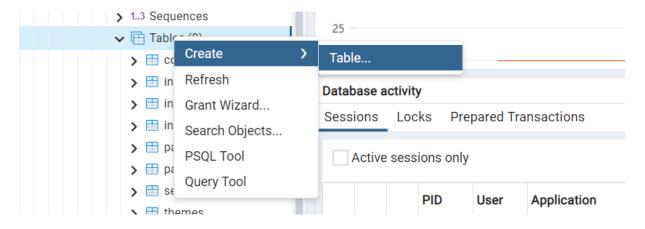


Click save, then database "lego" is created.

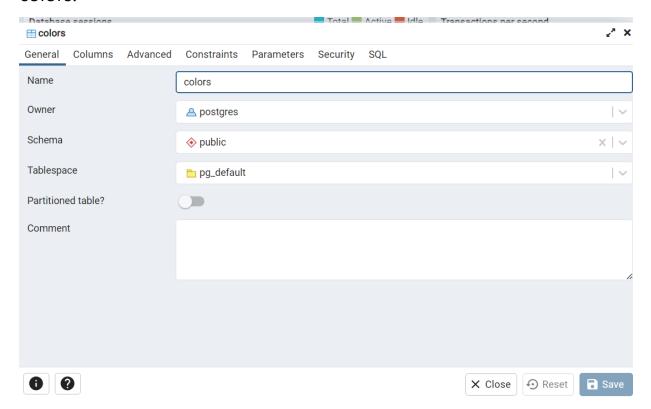


Q2. The process of importing eight required .csv files into lego database. Please include/describe the data type and keys of the imported table in your screenshot, SQL statements, and explanations.

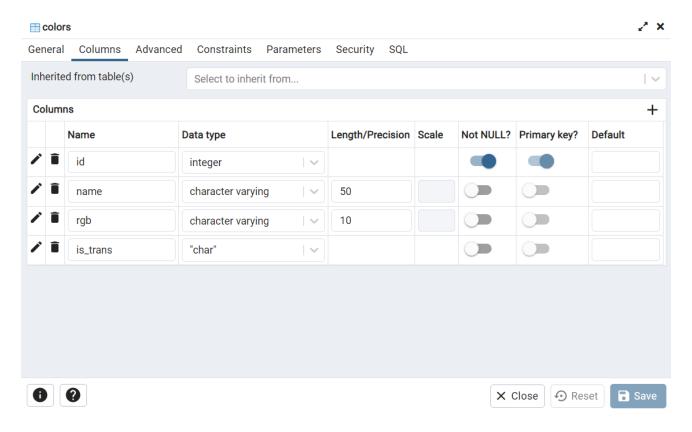
Using Table to create table



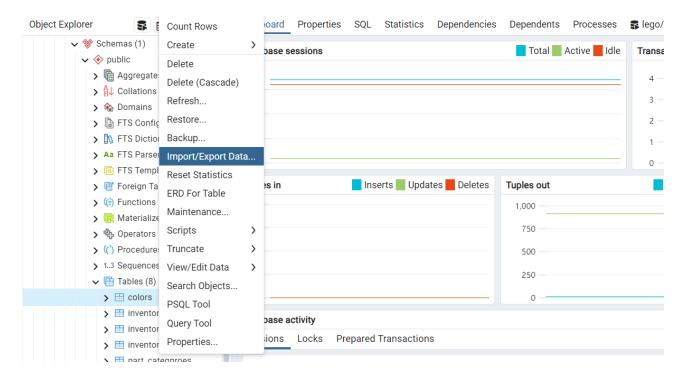
colors:

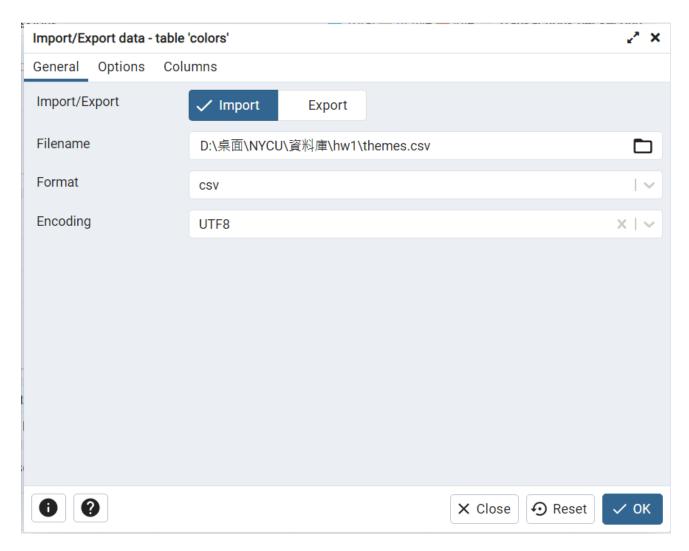


id is unique, so I set it as Not NULL and primary key.



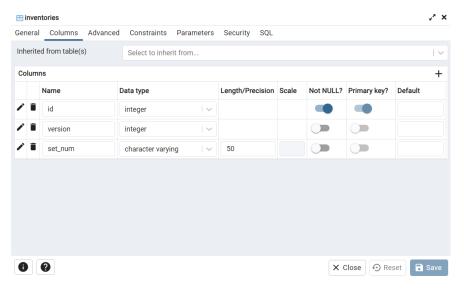
Import colors.csv file





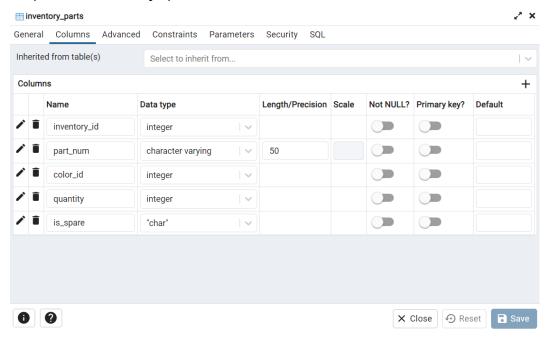
inventories:

Table creation is as same as "color" do Id is unique, so I set it as Not NULL and primary key. Import inventories.csv as "color" do.



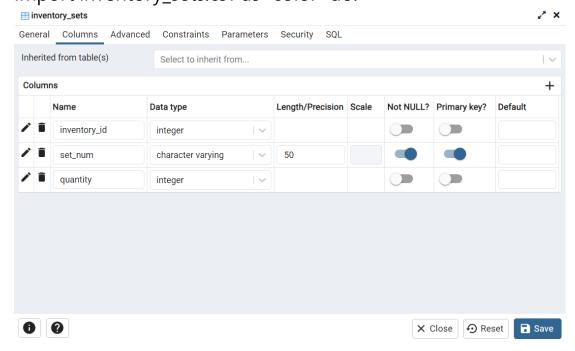
inventory_parts:

Table creation is as same as "color" do Every attribute is not unique, so I didn't set primary key. Import inventory_parts.csv as "color" do.



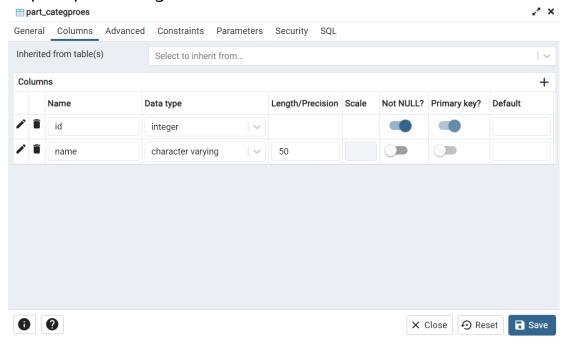
inventory_sets:

Table creation is as same as "color" do set_num is unique, so I set it as Not NULL and primary key. Import inventory_sets.csv as "color" do.



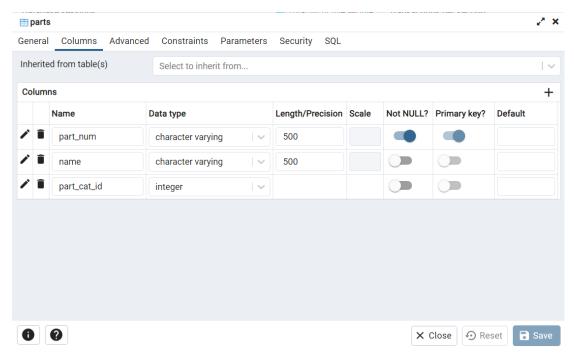
part_categories:

Table creation is as same as "color" do id is unique, so I set it as Not NULL and primary key. Import part_categories.csv as "color" do.



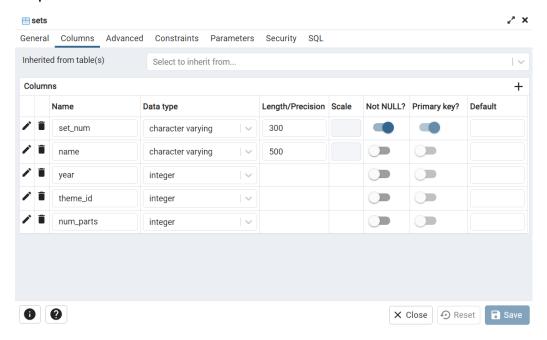
parts:

Table creation is as same as "color" do part_num is unique, so I set it as Not NULL and primary key. Import parts.csv as "color" do.



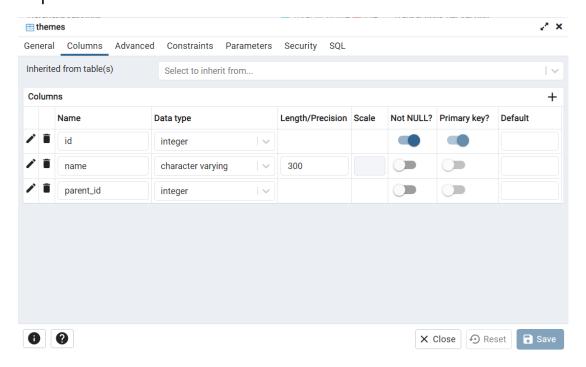
sets:

Table creation is as same as "color" do set_num is unique, so I set it as Not NULL and primary key. Import sets.csv as "color" do.



themes:

Table creation is as same as "color" do id is unique, so I set it as Not NULL and primary key. Import themes.csv as "color" do.



Q3. The SQL statements and output results of 4a

```
select sets.name as sets_name, themes.name as themes_name
from sets join themes
on sets.theme_id = themes.id
where sets.year = 2017
```

Total row: 296

https://github.com/KennyHsu91/2023_fall_DB/blob/master/hw1/result/4a.csv

	sets_name character varying (500)	themes_name character varying (300)
1	Assembly Square	Modular Buildings
2	Carousel	Creator
3	Creative Builder Box	Classic
4	Creative Box	Classic
5	Blue Creative Box	Classic
6	Red Creative Box	Classic
7	Green Creative Box	Classic
8	Orange Creative Box	Classic
9	Demolition Site	Juniors
Tota	Police Truck Chase al rows: 296 of 296	luniore

Q4. The SQL statements and output results of 4b

```
select count(*) as set_total_num, year
from (
    select *
    from sets
    where 1950<=sets.year and sets.year<=2017
    )
group by year
order by set_total_num desc</pre>
```

Total row: 66

https://github.com/KennyHsu91/2023_fall_DB/blob/master/hw1/result/4b.csv

	set_total_num bigint	year integer
1	713	2014
2	665	2015
3	615	2012
4	596	2016
5	593	2013
6	503	2011
7	447	2002
8	444	2010
9	415	2003
10	402	2000
Total	rows: 66 of 66	Query com

Q5.The SQL statements and output results of 4c

```
with cnt(name, theme_num) as(
    select themes.name, count(*)
    from sets, themes
    where sets.theme_id=themes.id
    group by themes.id
)
select name, theme_num
from cnt
order by theme_num desc
limit 1
```

Total row: 1

	name character varying (300)	theme_num bigint
1	Gear	246

Total rows: 1 of 1 Query complete 00:00:00.041

Q6. The SQL statements and output results of 4d

```
select themes.name, avg(sets.num_parts) as avg_num_part
from sets join themes
on sets.theme_id=themes.id
group by themes.id
order by avg_num_part asc
```

Total row:575

https://github.com/KennyHsu91/2023_fall_DB/blob/master/hw1/result/4d.csv

	name character varying (30	0)	avg_num_part numeric
1	Wooden Box Set		-1.000000000000000000000000000000000000
2	Train		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
3	Samsonite		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
4	Mindstorms		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
5	Key Chain		0.18181818181818181818
6	Technic		1.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
7	Imperial Guards		1.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
8	Supplemental		1.8000000000000000
9	Power Functions		1.8823529411764706
Tota			2 000000000000000000000000000000000000

Q7. The SQL statements and output results of 4e

```
select count(*) as cnt, cn
from(
select distinct inventory_parts.part_num , colors.name as cn
from inventory_parts, colors
where inventory_parts.color_id=colors.id
order by inventory_parts.part_num
)
group by cn
order by cnt desc
```

Total row:10

	cnt bigint	cn character varying (50)
1	4714	White
2	4376	Black
3	2938	Yellow
4	2882	Red
5	2000	[No Color]
6	1833	Blue
7	1596	Light Bluish Gray
8	1519	Dark Bluish Gray
9	1351	Light Gray
10	1048	Tan

Total rows: 10 of 10 Query complete 00:00:02.062

Q8. The SQL statements and output results of 4f

```
with qu(in_id,qu_sum,part_num,colorname) as
(
    select
        inventory_parts.inventory_id,
        sum(inventory_parts.quantity),
        inventory_parts.part_num,
        colors.name
    from inventory_parts, colors
    where inventory_parts.color_id = colors.id
    group by
        colors.id,
        inventory_parts.inventory_id,
        inventory_parts.part_num
),
    t_q(t_id,t_n , cname ,total) as
(
```

```
select
           sets.theme_id as t_id,
           themes.name as t_n,
           qu.colorname as cname,
           sum(qu.qu_sum) as total
       from qu,inventories,sets,themes
       where
           qu.in_id=inventories.id and
           inventories.set_num=sets.set_num and
           sets.theme_id = themes.id
       group by sets.theme_id, qu.colorname, themes.name
       order by themes.name asc
 maxtotal (m_id,max_tot)as
   select t_id, max(total) as max_tot
   from t_q
   group by t_id
select t_q.t_n, t_q.cname
from t_q inner join maxtotal on t_q.t_id=maxtotal.m_id and t_q.total =
maxtotal.max_tot
```

Total row:568

https://github.com/KennyHsu91/2023_fall_DB/blob/master/hw1/result/4f.csv

	t_n character varying (30	cname character varying (50)
1	12V	Black
2	12V	Light Gray
3	4 Juniors	White
4	4.5V	Black
5	4.5V	Blue
6	9V	Black
7	9V	Dark Bluish Gray
8	Advent	Red
9	Advent Sub-Set	Red
10	Adventurers	Black
Tota	Total rows: 568 of 568	