

Graph Theory Project

Steps:

- 1) Parse the regular expression from infix to postfix notation.
- 2) Build a series of small NFA's for parts of the regular expression.
- 3) Use the smaller NFA's to create the overall NFA.
- 4) Implement the matching algorithm using the NFA.

Step 1 –

To do this step I will need to learn how to implement the shunting yard algorithm, through videos provided and research online.

I will add a feature of user input. This will make it easier to test various strings.

Step 2 –

To do this step I needed to learn how to use the postfix notation to create small NFA's, In the video on LearnOnline we were shown how to do this by using fragments.

Step 3 –

Once step two was finished it should be manageable to use the small NFA's to create a bigger one.

Step 4 –

Looking at the video provided on matching we need to be able to take in two strings. I will use user input to do this so I can again test various strings and regular expressions.

For user input I used the following,

```
regex = input("Enter regular expression: ")  
s = input("Enter String to compare: ")
```

In another document called GraphTheoryProjectWithFileReader two files will be taken in. One file will have a regular expression and the other file with a string to compare. I used the following code.

```
with open('Test.txt', 'r') as RegularExpression:  
    regex = RegularExpression.read()  
  
with open('Test2.txt', 'r') as CompareString:  
    s = CompareString.read()
```

I found this to be the best way to read in the files. There was various ways to read in the file, like using `readLine()`. I thought `read()` would work better.

I also added in the '+' and '?' operator. I looked on the website

“<https://www.debuggex.com/cheatsheet/regex/python>” and it helped me to figure out how to implement them.

I used the following code to get the “+” operator to work.

```
elif c == '+':  
    frag = nfa_stack.pop()  
    frag.accept.edges.append(frag.start)  
    newfrag = Fragment(frag.start, frag.accept)
```

Seeing that this operator as to take in one or more I used the frag.start and frag.accept so it will be true if more than one is entered and false if there is an empty string.