

The background of the slide features abstract, flowing waves in shades of red, orange, and yellow. These waves are layered and curved, creating a sense of movement and depth. The colors transition from deep red on the left to bright yellow on the right, with various shades of orange in between. The overall effect is dynamic and modern.

CROSS PLATFORM DEVELOPMENT

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ABOUT ME

- Glenn Stephens, BCompSci (UNE), MBA (USQ), GradCertArts (UNE)
- Began writing software in the 80s
- Worked as Software Developer, Team Leader, Architect, CEO
- Worked in Finance, Education, Security, ehealth
- Currently
 - Senior Content Developer at Microsoft
 - Director, Orchard ebusiness Pty Ltd



STRUCTURE

- What is Cross Platform Development
- Cross Platform Benefits
- The Modern Ways to do it
- Q&A

WHAT IS CROSS PLATFORM DEVELOPMENT?

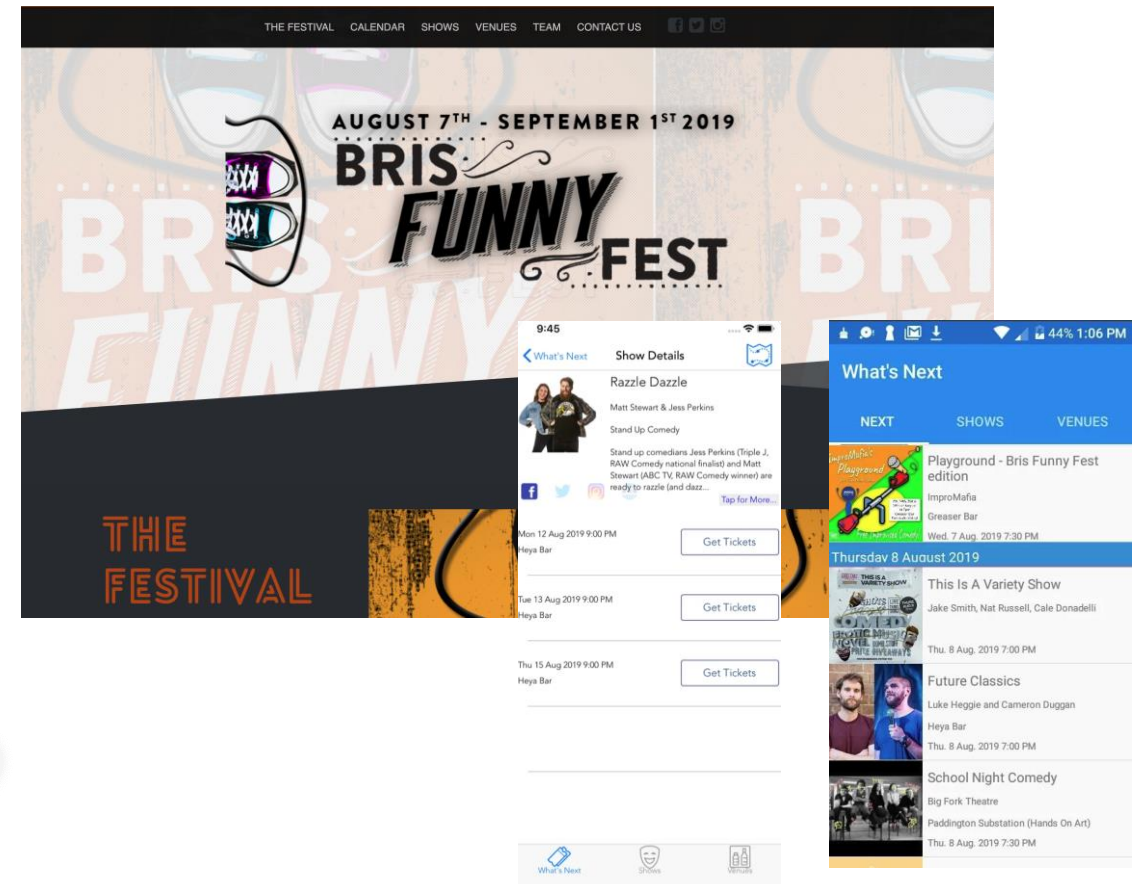
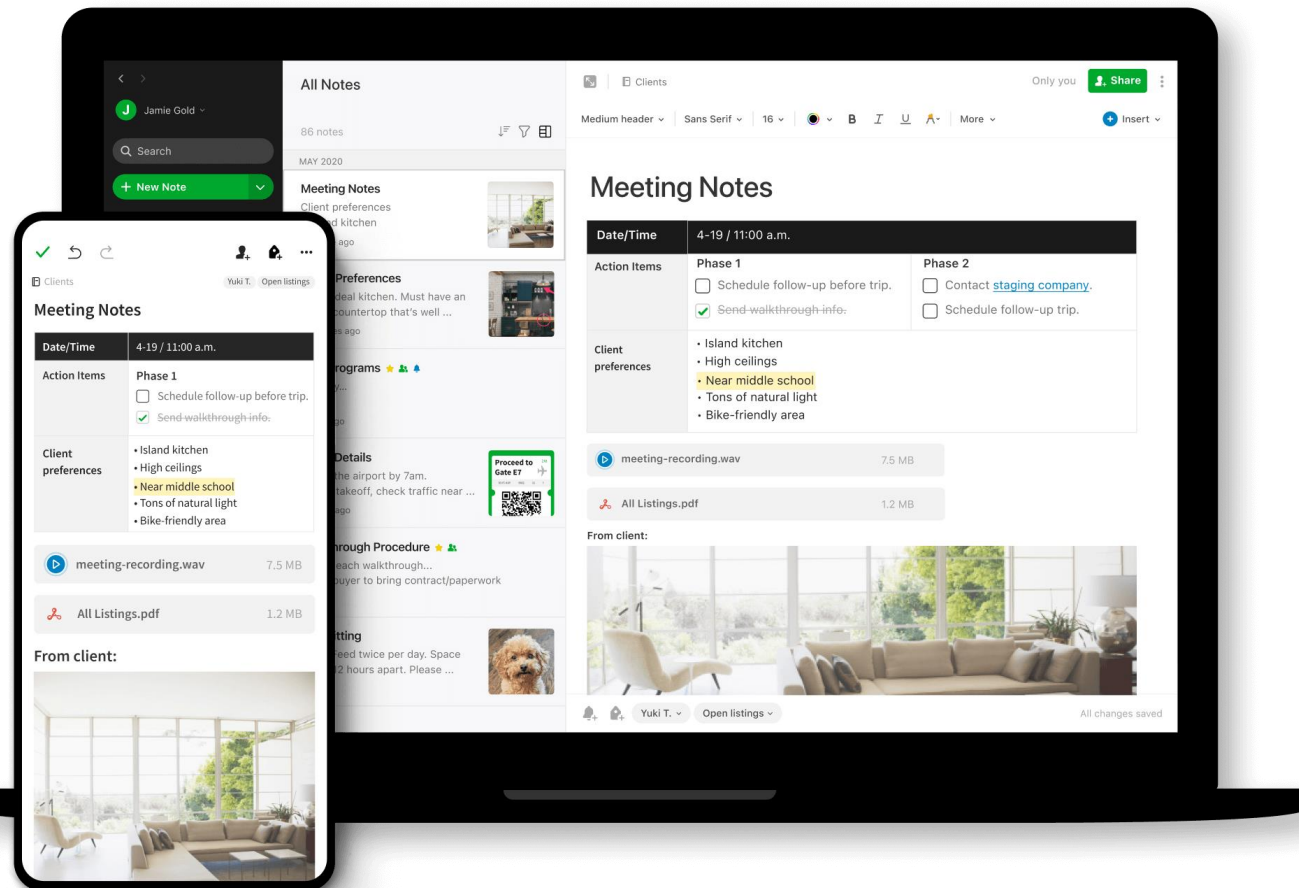




CROSS PLATFORM DEVELOPMENT

- Reduces development time
- Reduces testing time
- Often requires code to be more maintainable and well structured

EXAMPLES





THE BENEFITS TO CROSS PLATFORM

- Efficiency
 - Write for more platforms at once
 - Reach more customers with a smaller total effort
- Cost
 - Cost is reduced
 - Time to market can be quicker

WHAT IS A PLATFORM?



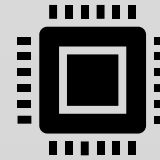
Desktop



Web



Tablet



IoT



Cloud

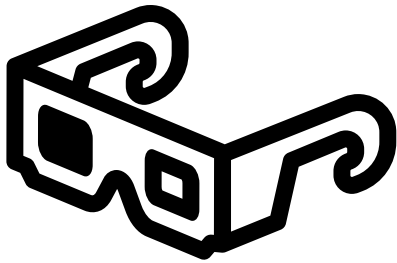


Phone

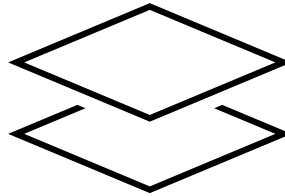


TV

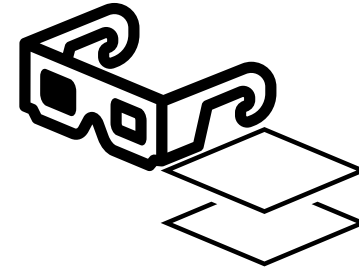
THE PATHS...



A tool that provides
the capabilities



One that allows for
Native integrations



One that allows for
both

MODERN TOOLING

- Xamarin
 - <https://visualstudio.microsoft.com/xamarin/>
- React Native
 - <https://reactnative.dev/>
- Flutter
 - <https://flutter.dev/>
- Swift
 - <https://developer.apple.com/swift/>
- Ionic
 - <https://ionicframework.com/>
- Unity3D
 - <https://unity.com/>

THINKING CROSS PLATFORM

Strategies, Patterns and Tooling





ARCHITECTURAL PATTERNS

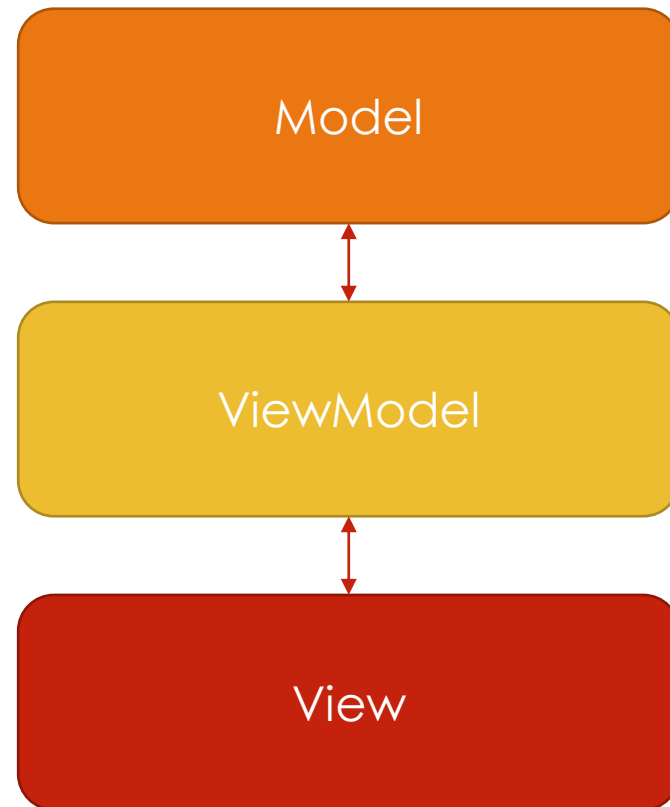
- MVVM
 - Model-View-ViewModel
- MVU
 - Model-View-Update



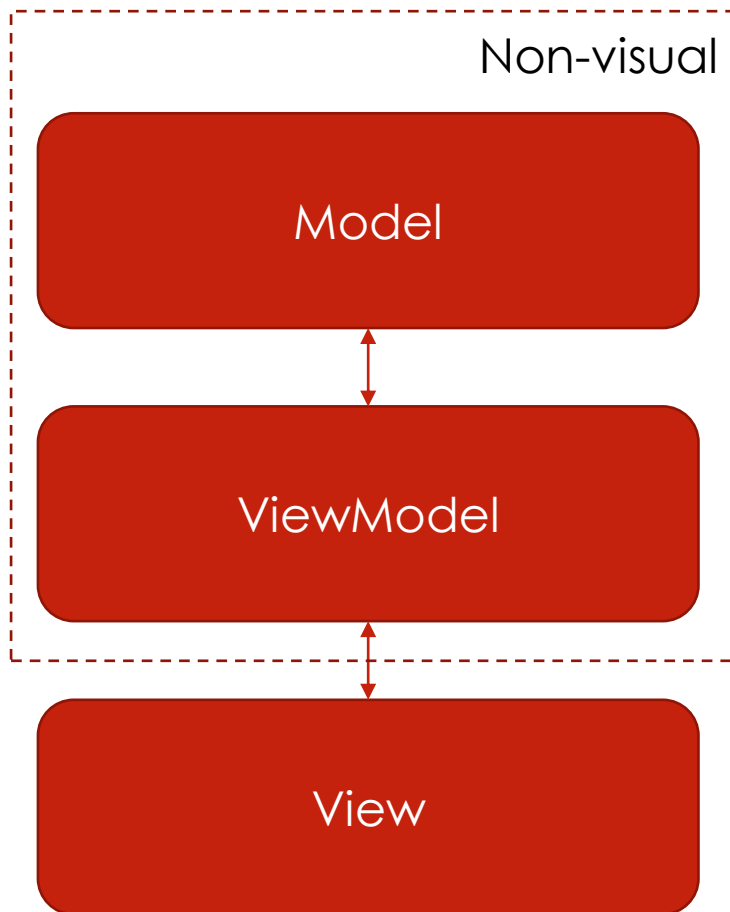
NATIVE VS SHARABLE CODE

- There will always be percentage of code that is native to your app
- There will always be a percentage of code that is shared between platforms

MODEL-VIEW-VIEWMODEL



MODEL-VIEW-VIEWMODEL



- Data and Services used in the app
- REST Clients
- Data Layers
- abstractions

- Contains the data and behavior that represents an app/screen
- Work against abstractions or services in shared code

- Views can be written for the targeted platform or idiom
- This is ideal for the consumer based applications

MVVM EXAMPLE

```
public class CounterViewModel : ViewModel
{
    int counter;

    public int Counter {
        get => counter;
        set {
            SetProperty(ref counter, value);
        }
    }

    public Command IncrementCounter { get; private set; }

    ...
}
```

WORKING WITH ABSTRACTIONS

```
public interface IMessageDialog {  
    void ShowMessage(string title, string message, string buttonText);  
}
```

WORKING WITH ABSTRACTIONS

```
public class HandleOperationsViewModel : ViewModel
{
    IMessageDialog _msgDialog;

    public HandleOperationsViewModel(IMessageDialog msgDialog) {
        this._msgDialog = msgDialog;
    }

    void DoSomething()
    {
        msgDialog.ShowMessage("Welcome", "Thanks for running the app", "Close");
    }
}
```

WORKING WITH ABSTRACTIONS

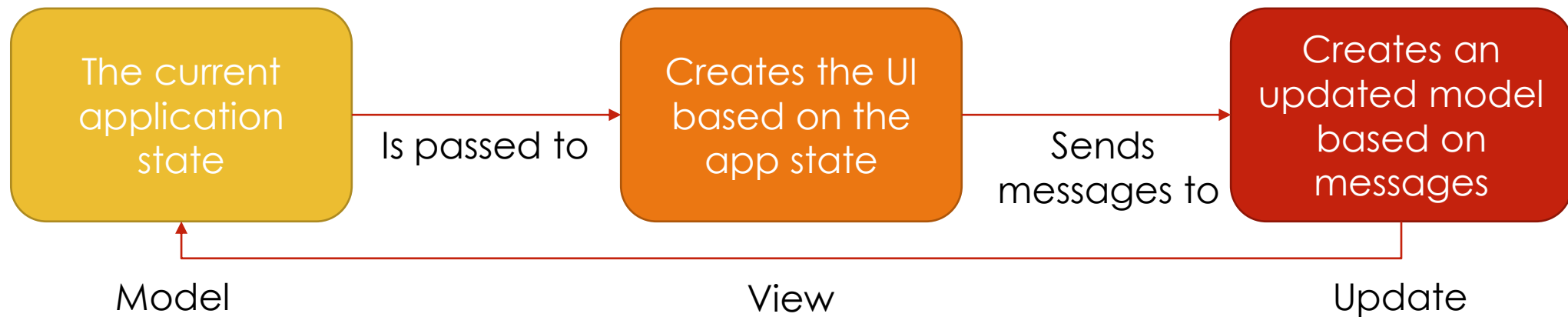
```
class MessageDialog_iOS : IMessageDialog {  
    ...  
}  
  
class MessageDialog_Android : IMessageDialog {  
    ...  
}  
  
class MessageDialog_Blazor : IMessageDialog {  
    ...  
}
```

DEMO

A simple MVVM example running on iOS and Android



MODEL-VIEW-UPDATE



```
type Model = { Count: int }
type Msg = | Increment of int | IncrementRandom | CmdIncrementRandom
let init() = { Count = 0 }, Cmd.none
let private random = Random()
let private incrementRandom () = (Increment(random.Next(0, 100)))
let update msg model =
    match msg with
    | Increment value -> { model with Count = model.Count + value }, Cmd.none
    | IncrementRandom -> model, Cmd.ofMsg CmdIncrementRandom
    | CmdIncrementRandom -> model, Cmd.ofMsg (incrementRandom())
```


```
let view (model: Model) dispatch =  
  View.ContentPage  
    (content =  
      View.StackLayout  
        (children =  
          [ View.Label(text = sprintf "Current Count: %d" model.Count)  
            View.Button(  
              text = "Increment",  
              command = (fun () -> dispatch (Increment 1)))  
            View.Button(  
              text = "Increment Random",  
              command = (fun () -> dispatch IncrementRandom))  
          ]))
```

```
let program = Program.mkProgram init update view
```

DEMO

A simple MVU app running on iOS and Android





Q&A