

Network Setup – Group project documentation

Group participants

Greater Omorose

Karthik Pai Kakode

Kyle Pearson

Alex Hindmoor

Ummair Haq

Ollie Afia

Contents

– Group project documentation	1
Contents.....	1
Subnetting.....	3
Base Address:	3
IP addressing & Subnetting:.....	3
Vlans:.....	4
Interface Assignments	4
Internet Host.....	4
BRI.....	4
LON	4
Sw1.....	4
Sw2.....	4
Configuration	4
Configuration Requirements:.....	4
Routers:.....	4
Switch:.....	5
Security:	5
Roles.....	5
Network Documentation	6
Network Topology	6
LON Router	8
Running configurations	8
IP Interface.....	9
Show IP Route	10
BRI Router	11
Show Run	11

IP Interface.....	12
Show IP route.....	12
Switch 1.....	13
Show running-config:.....	13
Show ip interface brief:.....	16
Show Vlan:	17
Show interface trunk:	17
Show port security:.....	18
Show cdp neighbours:	18
Switch 2.....	19
Running config	19
IP interface.....	21
VLANS.....	22
Trunk interface.....	23
Port Security	23
CDP Neighbours	23
Configuration Commands.....	23
Router Configuration.....	24
LON Router:.....	24
Erase all previous configurations:	24
Basic Configuration:	24
Configure Interfaces.....	24
Configuring the Sub-Interfaces	24
IP Static Routing	25
BRI Router:.....	25
Erase all previous configurations:	25
Basic Configuration:	25
Configure Interfaces.....	26
IP Static Routing	26
Switch Configuration:.....	26
Switch 1:.....	26
Erase all previous configurations:	26
Basic Configuration:	26
Creating vlan 52 (parking lot):	27
Create Vlans:.....	27
Move the ports to the vlans:	27
Enable trunking:.....	28
Enable EtherChannel:	28

Switch 2:.....	28
Erase all previous configurations:	28
Basic Configuration:	28
VLAN 52 (Parking Lot):	29
Create Vlans:.....	29
Move the ports to the vlans:	29
Enable trunking:.....	30
Enable EtherChannel:	30
Troubleshooting ether channel.....	30
Port security.....	30
SW1&2	30
Port Shutdown	30
All Devices	31
SSH	31
SSH Connection Command	31
BRI Router CDP Shutdown	31

Subnetting

Base Address:

- 172.20.0.0/16 - 11111111-11111111-00000000-00000000
- 172.20.0.0/17 - 11111111-11111111-10000000-00000000
- 172.20.0.0/18 - 11111111-11111111-11000000-00000000
- 172.20.0.0/19 - 11111111-11111111-11100000-00000000
- 172.20.0.0/20 - 11111111-11111111-11110000-00000000
- **172.20.0.0/23 - 172.20.0.1 - 172.20.1.254 - 255.255.254.0**
- **172.20.2.0/26 - 172.20.2.1 - 172.20.2.62 - 255.255.255.192**
- **172.20.2.64/29 - 172.20.2.65 - 172.20.2.70 - 255.255.255.248**

IP addressing & Subnetting:

Network	Subnet	First	Last	Broadcast	VLAN	Usable Hosts
172.20.0.0/23	255.255.254.0	172.20.0.1	172.20.1.254	172.20.1.255	10 Production	510
172.20.2.0/26	255.255.255.192	172.20.2.1	172.20.2.62	172.20.2.63	99 IT	62
172.20.2.64	255.255.255.248	172.20.2.65	172.20.2.70	172.20.2.71	69 Remote Manage	6

Vlans:

Vlans	Description	IP Range	Hosts
10	Production	172.20.0.3 - 172.20.1.254	500
99	IT	172.20.2.3 - 172.20.2.62	50
52	Parking_Lot	N/A	N/A
9	Native	N/A	N/A
69	Remote Manage	172.20.2.65 - 172.20.2.70	6

Interface Assignments

Internet Host

- 210.1.1.1/24

BRI

- S0/0/0: 192.168.1.2/30
- G0/0/1: 210.1.1.2/24

LON

- G0/0/1.10: 172.20.0.1/23
- G0/0/1.99: 172.20.2.1/26
- G0/0/1.69: 172.20.2.65/29
- S0/0/0: 192.168.1.1/30

Sw1

- F/06: 172.20.0.4/23
- F/018: 172.20.2.4/26
- VLAN 10 PROD SW1: 172.20.0.2/23
- VLAN 99 IT SW1: 172.20.2.2/26
- VLAN 69 Remote Manage SW1: 172.20.2.66/29

Sw2

- F/06: 172.20.0.5/23
- F/018: 172.20.2.5/26
- VLAN 10 PROD SW2: 172.20.0.3/23
- VLAN 99 IT SW2: 172.20.2.3/26
- VLAN 69 Remote Manage SW1: 172.20.2.67/29

Configuration

Configuration Requirements:

Routers:

Basic Config (Hostname, Banner, Enable pass, encryption, vty password, console password and telnet access.) !"

IP addresses for all interfaces !" clock rate for serial interfaces !"

Static Routes !"

Host Tables. !"

Telnet from Router to Router. !"

Inter-Vlan Routing !"

Switch:

Basic Config (See Above) !"

VLAN's using 802.1q encapsulation !"

VLAN Trunking !"

EtherChannel !"

Ports fa0/6 & fa0/18 should be configured with port security to allow only one host. (If port security violated the port should shut down) 🤤 👍

Security:

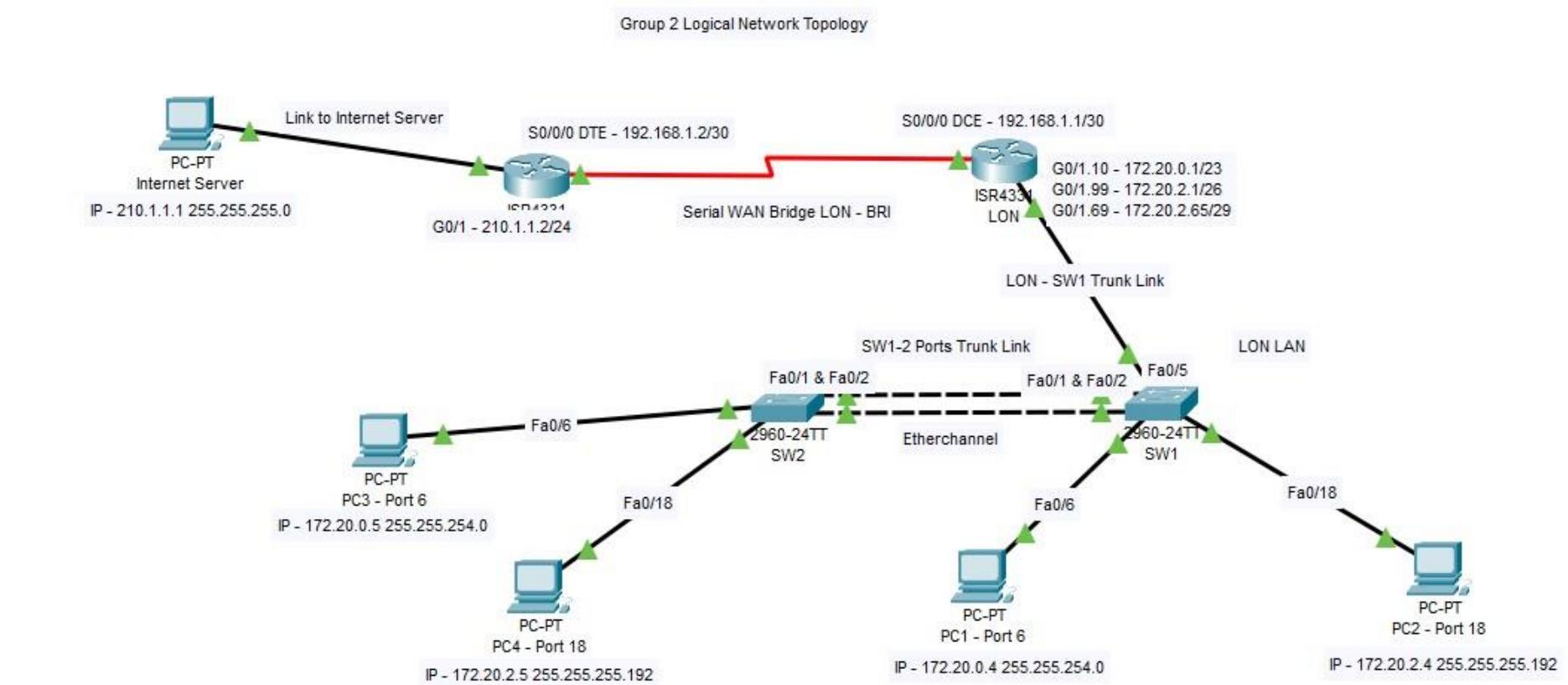
- SSH Secure access
- Port Security
- DTP Mitigation
- CDP disabling on BRI router
- Port Shutdown and Parking

Roles

Name	Role
Alex	Cabling + Switch Security + Internet server + Troubleshooting
Karthik	Cabling + Switch Security + Troubleshooting
Greater	London Router + PC IP: 172.20.0.5 MASK: 255.255.254.0 GATE: 172.20.0.1
Ummair	Brighton Router + PC IP: 172.20.2.5 MASK: 255.255.255.192 GATE: 172.20.2.1
Kyle	Switch 1 + PC IP: 172.20.0.4 MASK: 255.255.254.0 GATE: 172.20.0.1
Ollie	Switch 2 + PC IP: 172.20.2.4 MASK: 255.255.255.192 GATE: 172.20.2.1

Network Documentation

Network Topology



LON Router

Running configurations

```
LON#
LON#show run
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 2102 bytes
!
! Last configuration change at 13:16:23 UTC Fri May 3 2024
version 15.4
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
service password-encryption
!
hostname LON
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
!
enable secret 5 $1$AO/MSp83utKHQ19jBnBCR05VNn0
no aaa new-model
!
!
!
no ip domain lookup
ip domain name cisco.com
ip cef
no ipv6 cef
multilink bundle-name authenticated
!
cts logging verbose
!
license udi pid CISCO2911/K9 sn FCZ191870J1
!
username cisco secret 5 $1$ting$MtEVBuizhe74XN8MEvzJ1
redundancy
!
!
ip ssh time-out 60
ip ssh version 2
!
!
!
interface Embedded-Service-Engine0/0
no ip address
shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
no ip address
shutdown
duplex auto
speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
description Trunk Link to SW1
no ip address
duplex auto
speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1.10
description Default Gateway for vlan 10
encapsulation dot1Q 10
ip address 172.20.0.1 255.255.254.0
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1.69
description Default Gateway for VLAN 69
encapsulation dot1Q 69
ip address 172.20.2.65 255.255.255.248
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1.99
description Default gateway for vlan 99
encapsulation dot1Q 99
ip address 172.20.2.1 255.255.255.192
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
no ip address
shutdown
duplex auto
speed auto
!
interface Serial0/0/0
ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.252
clock rate 2000000
!
interface Serial0/0/1
no ip address
shutdown
clock rate 2000000
!
ip forward-protocol nd
!
no ip http server
no ip http secure-server
!
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 192.168.1.2
ip route 210.1.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.2
!
!
control-plane
!
banner motd ^CAuthorized access only^C
line con 0
password 7 00071A150754
logging synchronous
login
line aux 0
line 2
no activation-character
no exec
transport preferred none
transport output pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh
stopbits 1
line vty 0 4
password 7 01100F175804
logging synchronous
login local
transport input ssh
!
scheduler allocate 20000 1000
!
end
```

The first router within this topology has been named the LON router using the *hostname LON* command, as per the assignment specification.

During the initial setup, passwords were set to access both the privileged exec mode and the console terminal, for security precautions to prevent access to unauthorised persons. By default, the password is clear text, and so the clear text passwords were encrypted with the service password-encryption command.

No IP (Internet Protocol) domain lookup was used to disable the DNS (Domain Name Server) hostname resolution to ensure that unrecognised commands were not being resolved as domain names.

A Banner MOTD (Message of the Day) was set to ensure that unauthorised users know that they should not be connecting or using this device.

The IP domain name cisco.com was used as a placeholder for a proper DNS to ensure the functionality of SSH (Secure Shell). Furthermore, an account was created for SSH using the username: cisco and the secret password: class. SSH version 2 was enabled on this device as a more secure method compared to telnet to be able to remote connect between the routers and switches within the network. SSH was configured with a time-out of 60 seconds to ensure that the connection is closed after no activity for 60 seconds.

Interface G0/1 was selected to be the trunk link to Switch 1. As per the Router-on-a-stick method of inter-vlan routing, this interface was then divided into the G0/1.10, G0/1.69, and G0/1.99 sub-interfaces. Each interface was configured with descriptions of their use for easy-to-follow config and encapsulated using 802.1q encapsulation to ensure inter-vlan routing.

The G0/1.10 sub-interface was assigned the IP address 172.20.0.1 255.255.254.0 and encapsulated to allow traffic from vlan 10.

The G0/1.69 sub-interface was assigned the IP address 172.20.2.65 255.255.255.248 and encapsulated to allow traffic from vlan 69.

The G0/1.99 sub-interface was assigned the IP address 172.20.2.1 255.255.255.192 and encapsulated to allow traffic from vlan 99.

Serial0/0/0 is the port that is connected to the BRI router, simulating a WAN (Wide Area Network). It was assigned the IP 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.252 as per the assignment specification. The DCE was set on this side of the connection and the clock rate has been set to 2,000,000 bits per second to ensure that there is no throttling to the connection out of the network. This could potentially be an issue without proper security such as ACL's (Access Control Lists) or IDS (Intrusion Defence Systems) being installed, however within this assignment specification 2,000,000 bits seemed appropriate.

IP Interface

Interface	IP-Address	OK?	Method	Status	Protocol
Embedded-Service-Engine0/0	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
GigabitEthernet0/0	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
GigabitEthernet0/1	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
GigabitEthernet0/1.10	172.20.0.1	YES	Manual	up	up
GigabitEthernet0/1.69	172.20.2.65	YES	Manual	up	up
GigabitEthernet0/1.99	172.20.2.1	YES	Manual	up	up
GigabitEthernet0/2	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
Serial0/0/0	192.168.1.1	YES	Manual	up	up
Serial0/0/1	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down

This is the output from the IP interface brief, as per the previous config, G0/1, its sub-interfaces and Serial 0/0/0 are the only ports active. All other ports have been administratively disabled for security purposes.

Show IP Route

```
LON#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
      i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
      ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
      o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route, H - NHRP, 1 - LISP
      a - application route
      + - replicated route, % - next hop override

Gateway of last resort is 192.168.1.2 to network 0.0.0.0

S*   0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 192.168.1.2
    172.20.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 6 subnets, 4 masks
C     172.20.0.0/23 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1.10
L     172.20.0.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1.10
C     172.20.2.0/26 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1.99
L     172.20.2.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1.99
C     172.20.2.64/29 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1.69
L     172.20.2.65/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1.69
C     192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C       192.168.1.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
L       192.168.1.1/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
S     210.1.1.0/24 [1/0] via 192.168.1.2
```

In the IP route the wild card 0.0.0.0 was used in creating the gateway of the last resort to ensure that any packet can reach the internet via the interface port with IP address 192.168.1.2 without being dropped at London router. To ensure a connection from the LON LAN (Local Area Network) through to the Internet Server, a direct static route was configured to the 210.1.1.0 network with a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0 or /24.

The routes directly connected to the LON router are the 3 subnets for VLANs 10,69 and 99 connected using the router-on-a-stick method of inter-vlan routing as well as the serial connection to the BRI router.

BRI Router

Show Run

```
May 3 14:40:00.599: ZSYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
BR#show run
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 1666 bytes
!
! Last configuration change at 14:40:00 UTC Fri May 3 2024
!
version 15.4
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
service password-encryption
!
hostname BRI
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
!
enable secret 5 $1$08aV$eQ/pnFzCJ.w/sBbnJcZj
no aaa new-model
!
!
!
!
ip domain name cisco.com
ip cef
no ipv6 cef
!
multilink bundle-name authenticated
!
cts logging verbose
!
license udi pid CISCO1921/K9 sn FCZ2141B1CD
license boot module c1900 technology-package securityk9
!
username cisco secret 5 $1$bojcSKHP9y67k1X8/7GujIIDup0
redundancy
!
no cdp run
ip ssh version 2
!
!
!
interface Embedded-Service-Engine0/0
no ip address
shutdown
!
Interface GigabitEthernet0/0
no ip address
shutdown
duplex auto
speed auto
!
Interface GigabitEthernet0/1
ip address 210.1.1.2 255.255.255.0
duplex auto
speed auto
!
interface Serial0/0/0
ip address 192.168.1.2 255.255.255.252
!
interface Serial0/0/1
no ip address
shutdown
clock rate 2000000
!
ip forward-protocol nd
!
no ip http server
no ip http secure-server
!
ip route 172.20.0.0 255.255.254.0 192.168.1.1
ip route 172.20.2.0 255.255.255.192 192.168.1.1
ip route 172.20.2.0 255.255.255.192 172.20.2.1
!
!
control-plane
!
banner motd ^Cuthorized access only #
^C
!
line con 0
password 7 14141B180F0B
logging synchronous
login
line aux 0
line 2
no activation-character
no exec
transport preferred none
transport output pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh
stopbits 1
line vty 0 4
password 7 030752180500
logging synchronous
login local
transport input ssh
!
scheduler allocate 20000 1000
!
end
```

The second router within this topology has been named the BRI router using the *hostname BRI* command, as per the assignment specification.

As per the LON router, during the initial setup, passwords were set to access both the privileged exec mode and the console terminal, for security precautions to prevent access to unauthorised persons. By default, the password is clear text, and so the clear text passwords were encrypted with the service password-encryption command.

No IP (Internet Protocol) domain lookup was used to disable the DNS (Domain Name Server) hostname resolution to ensure that unrecognised commands were not being resolved as domain names.

A Banner MOTD (Message of the Day) was set to ensure that unauthorised users know that they should not be connecting or using this device.

The IP domain name cisco.com was used as a placeholder for a proper DNS to ensure the functionality of SSH (Secure Shell). Furthermore, an account was created for SSH using the username: cisco and the secret password: class. SSH version 2 was enabled on this device as a more secure method compared to telnet to be able to remote connect between the routers and switches within the network. SSH was configured with a time-out of 60 seconds to ensure that the connection is closed after no activity for 60 seconds.

G0/1 was the port assigned to the Internet server, as per the assignment specification. The IP address and subnet mask used for this was 210.1.1.2 255.255.255.0 or /24.

Furthermore, S0/0/0 was configured as the DTE connection simulating a WAN to the LON router. The IP address and subnet mask used was 192.168.1.2 255.255.255.252 or /30. The clock rate has been set via the DCE as 2,000,000.

IP Interface

```
BRI#show ip int brief
Interface          IP-Address      OK? Method Status       Protocol
Embedded-Service-Engine0/0 unassigned   YES unset administratively down down
GigabitEthernet0/0    unassigned   YES unset administratively down down
GigabitEthernet0/1    210.1.1.2    YES manual down        down
Serial0/0/0           192.168.1.2  YES manual up         up
Serial0/0/1           unassigned   YES unset administratively down down
```

This is the output from the IP interface brief, as per the previous config, G0/1 and Serial 0/0/0 are the only ports active. All other ports have been

administratively disabled for security purposes. In this figure, G0/1 is down due to us unplugging the connection for internet requirement whilst taking screenshots.

Show IP route

```
BRI#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
      i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
      ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
      o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route, H - NHRP, 1 - LISP
      a - application route
      + - replicated route, % - next hop override

Gateway of last resort is not set

  172.20.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
S     172.20.0.0/23 [1/0] via 192.168.1.1
S     172.20.2.0/26 [1/0] via 192.168.1.1
C     192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C     192.168.1.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
L     192.168.1.2/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
BRI#
```

Two static routes were configured on the BRI router to connect to our two subnets in the LON LAN. These are the networks as follows:

- 172.20.0.0/23
- 172.20.2.0/26

The commands for these are: ip route (Network Address) (Subnet Mask) (Next Hop/Forwarding Port)

As a note, the network 210.1.1.0 is not currently shown in this IP route statement due to the connection being disconnected during screenshots due to an internet connection requirement.

Switch 1

Show running-config:

```
Current configuration : 4298 bytes
!
! Last configuration change at 00:41:23 UTC Tue Mar 2 1993
!
version 15.2
no service pad
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
service password-encryption
!
hostname SW1
!
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
!
enable secret 5 $1$iy/6$TAl523ophGBgXTRwIIZRyl
!
username cisco secret 5 $1$zh43$3sHFZ3bWLNFUul99c4tfRl
no aaa new-model
system mtu routing 1500
!
!
!
!
!
!
no ip domain-lookup
ip domain-name cisco.com
!
!
!
spanning-tree mode pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
!
vlan internal allocation policy ascending
!
!
!
!
!
interface Port-channel1
switchport access vlan 52
switchport trunk native vlan 9
switchport trunk allowed vlan 9,10,69,99
switchport mode trunk
!
interface FastEthernet0/1
switchport access vlan 52
switchport trunk native vlan 9
switchport trunk allowed vlan 9,10,69,99
switchport mode trunk
channel-group 1 mode active
!
interface FastEthernet0/2
switchport access vlan 52
switchport trunk native vlan 9
switchport trunk allowed vlan 9,10,69,99
switchport mode trunk
channel-group 1 mode active
!
interface FastEthernet0/3
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/4
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/5
switchport access vlan 52
switchport trunk native vlan 9
switchport trunk allowed vlan 9,10,69,99
switchport mode trunk
!
interface FastEthernet0/6
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
switchport port-security mac-address sticky
switchport port-security mac-address sticky a08c.fde5.69d4
switchport port-security aging time 60
switchport port-security aging type inactivity
switchport port-security
!
interface FastEthernet0/7
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/8
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/9
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/10
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/11
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/12
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/13
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/14
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/15
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/16
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
```

```

interface FastEthernet0/17
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/18
switchport access vlan 99
switchport mode access
switchport port-security mac-address sticky
switchport port-security mac-address sticky a08c.fde5.6ad0
switchport port-security aging time 60
switchport port-security aging type inactivity
switchport port-security
!
interface FastEthernet0/19
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/20
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/21
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/22
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/23
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/24
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface Vlan1
!
interface Vlan10
ip address 172.20.0.2 255.255.254.0
!
interface Vlan69
ip address 172.20.2.66 255.255.255.248
!
interface Vlan99
ip address 172.20.2.2 255.255.255.192
!
```

The first section of the running configuration shows the basic configuration of Switch 1 showing the set hostname, with a secret password that is encrypted for security reasons.

The next part within the running configuration shows all the ports on the switch and their custom configs. There is also the ether channel config just before each port, named as ‘portchannel 1’.

All ports at the beginning were moved to vlan 52 and shutdown, so that if any host would connect, it would be shutdown. Ports 1 and 2 were involved in a trunk between switches, allowing for all vlans and a native vlan of 9. these two ports were also included in ether channel, which is what the ‘channel-group 1 mode active’ command does.

Port 5 was also involved in a trunk to the router, which would allow for all vlans and have a native vlan of 9.

Port 6 and 18 were customised to be set to a specific vlan. Port 6 on vlan 10(production) and port 18 on vlan 99 (IT). These are the hosts connected to the hosts which shows that they also have port security implemented onto them. This port security allowed for only 1 MAC address to be allowed on a port so if a different host was to connect to that port, it would be allowed on the network as the MAC address set on the port, doesn't match. The aging time on the port security has an aging time of 60, meaning it will update every 60 minutes. It also has an aging time inactivity, meaning that if it has not heard from the pc for some time, it will drop that MAC address to allow for another host.

Next is the vlans with their given ip addresses and subnet masks which had been subnetted.

The default gateway allows for access through ssh, which has been implemented into the network for added security.

```
ip default-gateway 172.20.2.65
ip http server
ip http secure-server
ip ssh time-out 60
ip ssh version 2
!
no vstack
banner motd ^C
Authorized access only ^C
!
line con 0
password 7 045802150C2E
logging synchronous
login
line vty 0 4
password 7 060506324F41
logging synchronous
login local
transport input ssh
line vty 5 15
password 7 060506324F41
logging synchronous
login
!
end
```

Here, it also shows the banner which comes up when you type the wrong password, entering the network.

'line con 0' is used to access the terminal through the console connection

Line vty 0 4 has ssh enabled and both vty 0 4 and 5 15 have encrypted passwords, also they have logging synchronous which prevents log messages from interfering with command inputs.

Additionally, telnet is disabled on both terminal lines for security purposes.

Show ip interface brief:

Interface	IP-Address	OK?	Method	Status	Protocol
Vlan1	unassigned	YES	unset	up	down
Vlan10	172.20.0.2	YES	manual	up	up
Vlan69	172.20.2.66	YES	manual	up	up
Vlan99	172.20.2.2	YES	manual	up	up
FastEthernet0/1	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
FastEthernet0/2	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
FastEthernet0/3	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/4	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/5	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
FastEthernet0/6	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
FastEthernet0/7	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/8	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/9	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/10	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/11	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/12	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/13	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/14	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/15	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/16	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/17	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/18	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
FastEthernet0/19	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/20	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/21	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/22	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/23	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/24	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
GigabitEthernet0/1	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
GigabitEthernet0/2	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
Port-channell	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up

The show ip interface brief shows that all ports are administratively down as they were initially sent to vlan 52 which shuts down the ports, unless they were sent to other vlans after or for trunking. Ports 6 and 18 are down in this are down due to them being disconnected to allow for internet usage on this document. It also shows the custom ip addresses set for the different vlans. Lastly is the 'port-channel 1' which is the ether channel.

Show Vlan:

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports							
1	default	active								
9	Native	active								
10	Production	active	Fa0/6							
52	ParkingLot	active	Fa0/3, Fa0/4, Fa0/7, Fa0/8 Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Fa0/11, Fa0/12 Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16 Fa0/17, Fa0/19, Fa0/20, Fa0/21 Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24, Gi0/1 Gi0/2							
69	Remote_Manage	active								
99	IT	active	Fa0/18							
1002	fdmi-default	act/unsup								
1003	token-ring-default	act/unsup								
1004	fdnet-default	act/unsup								
1005	trnet-default	act/unsup								
VLAN	Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Transl	Trans2
1	enet	100001	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
9	enet	100009	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
VLAN	Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Transl	Trans2
10	enet	100010	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
52	enet	100052	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
69	enet	100069	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
99	enet	100099	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1002	fdmi	101002	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1003	tr	101003	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1004	fdnet	101004	1500	-	-	-	ieee	-	0	0
1005	trnet	101005	1500	-	-	-	ibm	-	0	0
Remote SPAN VLANs										
Primary	Secondary	Type	Ports							

Ports 6 and 18 are set to their own vlan with every other port being on vlan 52 for security reasons. Port 1,2 and 5 aren't on the show vlan as they are used for trunking, 1 and 2 for connection between switches and 5 for the connection to the London router.

Show interface trunk:

Port	Mode	Encapsulation	Status	Native vlan
Fa0/5	on	802.1q	trunking	9
Pol	on	802.1q	trunking	9
Port Vlans allowed on trunk				
Fa0/5	9-10,69,99			
Pol	9-10,69,99			
Port Vlans allowed and active in management domain				
Fa0/5	9-10,69,99			
Pol	9-10,69,99			
Port Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned				
Fa0/5	9-10,69,99			
Pol	9-10,69,99			

This section shows the trunking ports used in the network with the vlans allowed on the trunk, being all vlans. 'pol' is the ether channel trunking which is ports 1 and 2 which allows for data to be sent across 2 ports instead of just 1. This would mean that data can share bandwidth across two ports, helping in load balancing and redundancy.

Spanning tree isn't used as loops won't happen with the use of ether channel.

Encapsulation 802.1q has been used as a part of inter-VLAN routing and the router on a stick method to encapsulate packets traveling over VLANs and enable communication between devices on different VLANs.

Show port security:

Secure Port	MaxSecureAddr (Count)	CurrentAddr (Count)	SecurityViolation (Count)	Security Action
Fa0/6	1	1	0	Shutdown
Fa0/18	1	1	0	Shutdown
Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port) :				0
Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) :				8192

This section shows which ports have implemented port security onto them. This shows how many addresses should be on the port, being 1 in this case. It also shows how many addresses are on the port which is 1. there shouldn't be more than one current address on the port as only a maximum of 1 has been configured. It also shows how many violations have occurred on the ports. The ports have been set to shut down so if any new host with a different MAC connects to that port, it will then shut the port down as a security measure.

Show cdp neighbours:

Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans Bridge, B - Source Route Bridge S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater, P - Phone, D - Remote, C - CVTA, M - Two-port Mac Relay
Device ID Local Intrfce Holdtme Capability Platform Port ID
SW2.cisco.com Fas 0/1 167 S I WS-C2960+ Fas 0/1
SW2.cisco.com Fas 0/2 140 S I WS-C2960+ Fas 0/2
LON.cisco.com Fas 0/5 124 R B S I CISCO2911 Gig 0/1
Total cdp entries displayed : 3

CDP configurations show which devices the switch is connected to, in this config we can see that switch 1 is connected to both switch 2 and LDN router.

Switch 2

Running config

```
switchport mode trunk
channel-group 1 mode active
!
interface FastEthernet0/3
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/4
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/5
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/6
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
switchport port-security mac-address sticky
switchport port-security mac-address sticky a08c.fde5.6a75
switchport port-security aging time 60
switchport port-security aging type inactivity
switchport port-security
!
interface FastEthernet0/7
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/8
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/9
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/10
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/11
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/12
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/13
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/14
switchport mode trunk
channel-group 1 mode active
!
Current configuration : 4217 bytes
!
! Last configuration change at 00:38:41 UTC Tue Mar 2 1993
!
version 15.2
no service pad
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
service password-encryption
!
hostname SW2
!
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
!
enable secret 5 $1$mkpR$vPdu9L1qPzQpSZ6FS9YRH0
!
username cisco secret 5 $1$wMOb$ywpAGEaD3HpMtU46ctq9K1
no aaa new-model
system mtu routing 1500
!
!
!
!
!
no ip domain-lookup
ip domain-name cisco.com
!
!
!
spanning-tree mode pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
!
vlan internal allocation policy ascending
!
!
!
!
interface Port-channel1
switchport access vlan 52
switchport trunk native vlan 9
switchport trunk allowed vlan 9,10,69,99
switchport mode trunk
!
interface FastEthernet0/1
switchport access vlan 52
switchport trunk native vlan 9
switchport trunk allowed vlan 9,10,69,99
```

This part of the running configuration shows the addition of passwords and the encryption of those passwords to ensure the security of our terminal lines.

Next, we implement VLAN 52 which we've named 'Parking Lot'. The parking lot is used to group up the unused ports, this makes the process of securing these unused ports easier.

For switch 2 we have configured ports 1 and 2 to trunk ports to allow data from multiple VLANs to pass through helping with inter-VLAN communication.

VLAN 9 has been specified as the 'Native' VLAN. This configuration is to ensure that any untagged traffic doesn't interfere with the defined VLANs.

The VLANs allowed across these trunk ports are the Native VLAN 9 the Production VLAN 10 the remote management VLAN 69 and the IT department VLAN 99.

```

switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/15
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/16
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/17
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/18
switchport access vlan 99
switchport mode access
switchport port-security mac-address sticky
switchport port-security mac-address sticky a08c.fde2.f506
switchport port-security aging time 60
switchport port-security aging type inactivity
switchport port-security
!
interface FastEthernet0/19
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/20
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/21
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/22
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/23
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface FastEthernet0/24
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
switchport access vlan 52
switchport mode access
shutdown
!
interface Vlan1

```

```

!
interface Vlan10
ip address 172.20.0.3 255.255.254.0
!
interface Vlan69
ip address 172.20.2.67 255.255.255.254
!
interface Vlan99
ip address 172.20.2.3 255.255.255.192
!
ip default-gateway 172.20.2.65
ip http server
ip http secure-server
ip ssh version 2
!
no vstack
banner motd ^C
Authorised Access Only! ^C
!
line con 0
password 7 02050D480809
logging synchronous
login
line vty 0 4
password 7 14141B180F0B
logging synchronous
login local
transport input ssh
line vty 5 15
password 7 14141B180F0B
logging synchronous
login
!
end

```

In this section of the running configuration, the banner of the day is defined as "Authorised Access Only! 'line con 0' is used to access the terminal through the console connection

Line vty 0 4 has ssh enabled and both vty 0 4 and 5 15 have encrypted passwords, also they have logging synchronous which prevents log messages from interfering with command inputs.

Additionally, telnet is disabled on both terminal lines for security purposes.

Ports 6 and 18 are the only host ports as per the topology brief, switch 2 only has 2 devices connected to it.

Port 6 is on production VLAN (VLAN 10) and Port 18 is on IT VLAN (VLAN 99). Both ports have port security enabled

IP interface

Interface	IP-Address	OK?	Method	Status	Protocol
Vlan1	unassigned	YES	unset	up	down
Vlan10	172.20.0.3	YES	manual	up	up
Vlan69	172.20.2.67	YES	manual	up	up
Vlan99	172.20.2.3	YES	manual	up	up
FastEthernet0/1	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
FastEthernet0/2	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
FastEthernet0/3	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/4	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/5	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/6	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
FastEthernet0/7	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/8	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/9	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/10	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/11	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/12	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/13	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/14	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/15	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/16	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/17	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/18	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
FastEthernet0/19	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/20	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/21	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/22	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/23	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
FastEthernet0/24	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
GigabitEthernet0/1	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
GigabitEthernet0/2	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
Port-channel1	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up

This is the IP interface brief which shows assigned IP addresses to VLANs, and which ports are up and down

NOTE: port 6 and 18 are down in this picture as we disconnected the PCs to take these screenshots and add them to our group document

VLANS

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports							
1	default	active								
9	Native	active								
10	Production	active	Fa0/6							
52	ParkingLot	active	Fa0/3, Fa0/4, Fa0/5, Fa0/7 Fa0/8, Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Fa0/11 Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15 Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/19, Fa0/20 Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24 Gi0/1, Gi0/2							
69	Remote_Access	active								
99	IT	active	Fa0/18							
1002	fdmi-default	act/unsup								
1003	token-ring-default	act/unsup								
1004	fdmnet-default	act/unsup								
1005	trnet-default	act/unsup								
VLAN	Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Transl	Trans2
1	enet	100001	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
9	enet	100009	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
VLAN	Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Transl	Trans2
10	enet	100010	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
52	enet	100052	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
69	enet	100069	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
99	enet	100099	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1002	fdmi	101002	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1003	tr	101003	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1004	fdmnet	101004	1500	-	-	-	ieee	-	0	0
1005	trnet	101005	1500	-	-	-	ibm	-	0	0
Primary	Secondary	Type	Ports							

This screenshot identifies the VLANs setup.

VLAN 9 is the Native VLAN and is used to ensure that any untagged traffic doesn't interfere with the defined VLANs.

VLAN 10 is the Production VLAN as defined in the assignment brief, it has port 6 assigned to it.

VLAN 52 is the parking lot, as stated before this holds the unused ports that have been shut down for security reasons

VLAN 69 is the Remote_Access VLAN which helps with the use to remotely manage the switches using SSH VLAN

99 is the IT department VLAN as defined in the assignment brief, it has port 18 assigned to it.

Trunk interface

```
SW2#show int trunk

Port      Mode          Encapsulation  Status        Native vlan
Po1       on           802.1q         trunking     9

Port      Vlans allowed on trunk
Po1       9-10,69,99

Port      Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Po1       9-10,69,99

Port      Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Po1       9-10,69,99
```

In the trunk configurations we can see that all VLANs use trunking which allow traffic to be sent throughout the network.

We have chosen not to implement spanning tree as there is no need as loops should not occur with Ether channel enabled.

Encapsulation 802.1q has been used as a part of inter-VLAN routing and the router on a stick method to encapsulate packets traveling over VLANs and enable communication between devices on different VLANs.

Port Security

```
SW2# show port-security
Secure Port  MaxSecureAddr  CurrentAddr  SecurityViolation  Security Action
              (Count)        (Count)        (Count)
-----
Fa0/6          1            1            0            Shutdown
Fa0/18         1            1            0            Shutdown
-----
Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port) : 0
Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) : 8192
```

Port security has been setup to shut down if it has been violated, when a device with a different mac address connects to the port, it will automatically shut down.

CDP Neighbours

```
SW2# show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans Bridge, B - Source Route Bridge
                  S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater, P - Phone,
                  D - Remote, C - CVTA, M - Two-port Mac Relay

Device ID      Local Intrfce     Holdtme     Capability  Platform  Port ID
SW1.cisco.com  Fas 0/2          143          S I        WS-C2960+ Fas 0/2
SW1.cisco.com  Fas 0/1          171          S I        WS-C2960+ Fas 0/1

Total cdp entries displayed : 2
```

CDP configurations show which devices the switch is connected to, in this config we can see that switch 2 is only connected to switch 1.

Configuration Commands

Router Configuration

LON Router:

*Erase all previous
configurations:*

```
erase startup-config reload
```

Basic Configuration:

```
Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#hostname LON
LON(config)#no ip domain lookup
LON(config)#enable secret class
LON(config)#line console 0
LON(config-line)#password cisco
LON(config-line)#login
LON(config-line)#logging synchronous
LON(config-line)#exit
LON(config)#line vty 0 4
LON(config-line)#password cisco
LON(config-line)#login
LON(config-line)#logging synchronous
LON(config-line)#transport input telnet
LON(config-line)#exit
LON(config)#banner motd #Authorized Access Only!#
LON(config)#service password-encryption
LON(config)#end
```

Configure Interfaces

```
LON#configure terminal
LON(config)#interface Serial0/0 /0
LON(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.252
LON(config-if)#clock rate 2000000
LON(config-if)#no shutdown
LON(config)#end NOTE: The clock rate should  
be set to 2 million.
```

Configuring the Sub-Interfaces

```
LON#configure terminal
LON(config)#interface g0/1.10
LON(config-subif)#Description Default Gateway for vlan 10
LON(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1q 10
LON(config-subif)#ip address 172.20.0.1 255.255.254.0
LON(config-subif)#exit

LON(config)#interface g0/1.99
LON(config-subif)#Description Default Gateway for vlan 99
```

```

LON(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1q 99
LON(config-subif)#ip address 172.20.2.1 255.255.255.192
LON(config-subif)#exit

LON(config)#interface g0/1.69
LON(config-subif)#Description Default Gateway for vlan69
LON(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1q 69
LON(config-subif)#ip address 172.20.2.65 255.255.255.248
LON(config-subif)#exit

LON(config)#interface g0/1
LON(config-if)#description Trunk Link to SW1
LON(config-if)#no shutdown
LON(config-if)#end

```

IP Static Routing

```

LON#configure terminal
LON(config)#ip route 210.1.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.2 LON(config)#ip
route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 192.168.1.2-

```

BRI Router:

*Erase all previous
configurations:
erase startup-config
reload*

Basic Configuration:

```

Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#hostname BRI
BRI(config)#no ip domain lookup
BRI(config)#enable secret class
BRI(config)#line console 0
BRI(config-line)#password cisco
BRI(config-line)#login
BRI(config-line)#logging synchronous
BRI(config-line)#exit
BRI(config)#line vty 0 4
BRI(config-line)#password cisco
BRI(config-line)#login
BRI(config-line)#logging synchronous
BRI(config-line)#transport input telnet
BRI(config-line)#exit
BRI(config)#banner motd #Authorized Access Only!#
BRI(config)#service password-encryption
BRI(config)#end

```

Configure Interfaces

```
BRI(config)#interface Serial0/0 /0  
BRI (config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.2 255.255.255.252  
BRI(config-if)#clock rate 2000000  
BRI(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
BRI(config)#interface g0/1  
BRI(config-if)#ip address 210.1.1.2 255.255.255.0  
BRI(config-if)#no shutdown
```

IP Static Routing

```
BRI#configure terminal  
BRI(config)#ip route 172.20.0.0 255.255.254.0 192.168.1.1  
BRI(config)#ip route 172.20.2.0 255.255.255.192 192.168.1.1  
BRI(config)#ip route 172.20.2.0 255.255.255.192 172.20.2.1
```

Switch Configuration:

Switch 1:

Erase all previous configurations:

```
erase startup-config delete  
flash:vlan.dat reload
```

Basic Configuration:

```
switch>enable switch#configure  
terminal switch(config)#no ip  
domain lookup  
switch(config)#hostname SW1  
SW1(config)#enable secret class  
SW1(config)#service password-encryption  
SW1(config)#banner motd #Authorized Access Only#  
SW1(config)#line console 0  
SW1(config-line)#password cisco  
SW1(config-line)#login  
SW1(config-line)#logging synchronous  
SW1(config-line)#exit  
SW1(config)#line vty 0 15  
SW1(config-line)#password cisco  
SW1(config-line)#login  
SW1(config-line)#logging synchronous  
SW1(config-line)#end
```

Creating vlan 52 (parking lot):

```
SW1(config)#vlan 52
SW1(config-vlan)#name ParkingLot
SW1(config-vlan)#exit
NOTE: do a show vlan to see the ports in vlan 1 in order to switch to vlan 52
SW1(config)#int range f0/1-24,g0/1-2
SW1(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
SW1(config-if-range)#switchport access vlan 52
SW1(config-if-range)#shutdown
SW1(config-if-range)#exit
```

Create Vlans:

```
SW1(config)#vlan 10
SW1(config-vlan)#name Production
SW1(config-vlan)#exit
SW1(config)#interface vlan 10
SW1(config-if)#ip address 172.20.0.2 255.255.254.0
SW1(config-if)#exit
SW1(config)#vlan 99
SW1(config-vlan)#name IT
SW1(config-vlan)#exit
SW1(config)#interface vlan 99
SW1(config-if)#ip address 172.20.2.2 255.255.255.192
SW1(config-if)#exit
SW1(config)#vlan 69
SW1(config)#name Remote_Manage
SW1(config)#exit
SW1(config)#interface vlan 69
SW1(config-if)#ip address 172.20.2.66 255.255.255.248
SW1(config-if)#exit
SW1(config)#vlan 9
SW1(config-vlan)#name Native
SW1(config-vlan)#exit
```

Move the ports to the vlans:

```
SW1(config)#interface f0/6
SW1(config-if)#switchport mode access
SW1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 10
SW1(config-if)#No shut
SW1(config-if)#exit

SW1(config)#interface f0/18
SW1(config-if)#switchport mode access
SW1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 99
SW1(config-if)#No shut
```

```
SW1(config-if)#end
```

Enable trunking:

```
SW1(config)#interface range f0/1-2
SW1(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk
SW1(config-if-range)#switchport nonegotiate
SW1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk allowed vlan 9,10,69,99
SW1(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 9
SW1(config-if-range)#no shut
SW1(config-if-range)#end
```

```
SW1(config)#interface f0/5
SW1(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
SW1(config-if)#switchport nonegotiate
SW1(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan 9,10,69,99
SW1(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 9
SW1(config-if)#no shut
SW1(config-if)#end
```

Enable EtherChannel:

```
SW1(config)#interface range f0/1-2
SW1(config-if-range)#channel-group 1 mode active
SW1(config-if-range)#exit
```

Switch 2:

Erase all previous configurations:

```
erase startup-config delete
flash:vlan.dat reload
```

Basic Configuration:

```
switch>enable switch#configure
terminal switch(config)#no ip
domain lookup
switch(config)#hostname SW2
SW2(config)#enable secret class
SW2(config)#service password-encryption
SW2(config)#banner motd #Authorized Access Only. #
SW2(config)#line console 0
SW2(config-line)#password cisco
SW2(config-line)#login
SW2(config-line)#logging synchronous
SW2(config-line)#exit
```

```
SW2(config)#line vty 0 15
SW2(config-line)#password cisco
SW2(config-line)#login
SW2(config-line)#logging synchronous
SW2(config-line)#end
```

VLAN 52 (Parking Lot):

```
SW2(config)#vlan 52
SW2(config-vlan)#name ParkingLot
SW2(config-vlan)#exit
NOTE: do a show vlan to see the ports in vlan 1 in order to switch to vlan 52
SW2(config)#int range f0/1-24,g0/1-2
SW2(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
SW2(config-if-range)#switchport access vlan 52
SW2(config-if-range)#shutdown
SW2(config-if-range)#exit
```

Create Vlans:

```
SW2(config)#vlan 10
SW2(config-vlan)#name Production
SW2(config-vlan)#exit
SW2(config)#interface vlan 10
SW2(config-if)#ip address 172.20.0.3 255.255.254.0
SW2(config-if)#exit

SW2(config)#vlan 99
SW2(config-vlan)#name IT
SW2(config-vlan)#exit
SW2(config)#interface vlan 99
SW2(config-if)#ip address 172.20.2.3 255.255.255.192
SW2(config-if)#exit
SW2(config)#vlan 69
SW2(config)#name Remote_Manage
SW2(config)#exit
SW2(config)#interface vlan 69
SW2(config)#ip address 172.20.2.67 255.255.255.248
SW2(config)#exit
```

```
SW2(config)#vlan 9
SW2(config-vlan)#name Native
SW2(config-vlan)#exit
```

Move the ports to the vlans:

```
SW2(config)#interface f0/6
SW2(config-if)#switchport mode access
SW2(config-if)#switchport access vlan 10
```

```
SW2(config-if)#No shut
SW2(config-if)#exit

SW2(config)#interface f0/18
SW2(config-if)#switchport mode access
SW2(config-if)#switchport access vlan 99
SW2(config-if)#No shut
SW2(config-if)#end
```

Enable trunking:

```
SW2(config)#interface range f0/1-2
SW2(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk
SW2(config-if-range)#switchport nonegotiate
SW2(config-if-range)#switchport trunk allowed vlan 9,10,69,99
SW2(config-if-range)#switchport trunk native vlan 9
SW2(config-if-range)#no shut
SW2(config-if-range)#end
```

Enable EtherChannel:

```
SW2(config)#interface range f0/1-2
SW2(config-if-range)#channel-group 1 mode active
SW2(config-if-range)#end
```

Troubleshooting ether channel

```
SW2(config)# interface port channel 1
```

Port security

SW1&2

```
SW1&2: int range fa0/6, fa0/18
```

```
SW1&2: switchport port-security
```

```
SW1&2: switchport port-security maximum 1
```

```
SW1&2: switchport port-security mac-address sticky
```

```
SW1&2: switchport port-security violation shutdown
```

```
SW1&2: switchport port-security aging time 60
```

```
SW1&2: switchport port-security aging type inactivity
```

Port Shutdown

After demonstrating port shutdown Do

as follows:

SW1

SW1: int range fa0/16, fa0/18

SW1: shutdown

SW1: no shutdown

SW2

SW2: int range fa0/16, fa0/18

SW2: shutdown

SW2: no shutdown

All Devices

SSH

(config)# ip domain-name cisco.com

(config)# crypto key generate rsa general-keys modulus 2048

(config)# username cisco secret class

(config)# ip ssh version 2

(config) ip ssh time-out 60

(config)# line vty 0 4

(config-line)# transport input ssh

(config-line)# login local

SSH Connection Command

ssh-l cisco (*Insert ip address*)

BRI Router CDP Shutdown

BRI(config)#no cdp run