

Data scraping with

Requests, BeautifulSoup and Selenium

Installing BeautifulSoup

```
$ pip install beautifulsoup4
```

or

install with PyCharm

Test your module.

```
>>> from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
```

HTML Document - Requests

```
>>> import requests
```

```
>>> req = requests.get("http://samblog.org/?lang=en")
```

```
>>> html_doc = req.content
```

```
>>> from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
```

```
>>> soup = BeautifulSoup(html_doc, 'html.parser')
```

```
>>> soup.title
```

```
<title>
```

```
    SamBlog – Şehir Araştırmaları Merkezi
```

```
</title>
```

```
>>> soup.title.name
```

```
title
```

```
>>> soup.title.string
```

```
SamBlog – Şehir Araştırmaları Merkezi
```

```
>>> soup.title.parent.name
```

```
head
```

```
>>> soup.a
```

```
<a class="header-9" id="close-sidebar-nav"><i class="penci-faicon fa fa-close"></i></a>
```

```
>>> soup.a['class']
```

```
['header-9']
```

```
>>> soup.find_all('a')
```

```
[<a class="header-9" id="close-sidebar-nav"><i class="penci-faicon fa fa-close"></i></a>, <a href="http://samblog.org/?lang=en"></a>, <a href="https://www.facebook.com/sehirsam/" rel="nofollow" target="_blank"><i class="penci-faicon fa fa-facebook"></i></a>, <a href="https://twitter.com/SamSehir" rel="nofollow" target="_blank"><i class="penci-faicon fa fa-twitter"></i></a>, <a href="mailto:sam@sehir.edu.tr"><i class="penci-faicon fa fa-envelope"></i></a>, <a href="http://samblog.org/who-we-are/?lang=en">Who We're</a>, ... ]
```

```
>>> soup.find(class_='retweet')
```

```
<a class="retweet" href="https://twitter.com/intent/retweet?tweet_id=1250712848227078149" target="_blank">Retweet</a>
```

For loop in links...

```
>>> for link in soup.find_all('a'):
    print(link.get('href'))
```

None

<http://samblog.org/?lang=en>

<https://www.facebook.com/sehirsam/>

<https://twitter.com/SamSehir>

<mailto:sam@sehir.edu.tr>

<http://samblog.org/who-we-are/?lang=en>

<http://samblog.org/projects/?lang=en>

...

Searching by CSS class

```
>>> soup.find("a", class_="favorite")
```

```
<a class="favorite"  
href="https://twitter.com/intent/favorite?tweet_id=1250712848227078149"  
target="_blank">Favorite</a>
```

```
>>> soup.find_all("a", class_="favorite")
```

or

```
>>> soup.find_all("a", attrs={"class": "favorite"})
```

```
[<a class="favorite"  
href="https://twitter.com/intent/favorite?tweet_id=1250712848227078149"  
target="_blank">Favorite</a>, <a class="favorite"  
href="https://twitter.com/intent/favorite?tweet_id=1249741205895864323"  
target="_blank">Favorite</a>, <a class="favorite"  
href="https://twitter.com/intent/favorite?tweet_id=1247085574261035009"  
target="_blank">Favorite</a>, ... ]
```

Selenium

Selenium uses your browser. Therefore, if webpage is written in JavaScript, you can scrape it without any problem.

Installation

```
>>> pip install selenium
```

```
from selenium import webdriver
```

```
driver = webdriver.Chrome('chromedriver.exe') <---- it uses Chrome Browser  
driver.get("http://www.python.org")  
elem = driver.find_element_by_name("q")  
html = driver.page_source  
driver.close()
```


Selenium

```
element = driver.find_element_by_id("passwd-id")
```

```
element = driver.find_element_by_name("passwd")
```

```
element = driver.find_element_by_xpath("//input[@id='passwd-id']")
```

```
<a href="http://example.com/elsie" class="sister" id="link1">Elsie</a>
```

```
//tagname[@key='value']
```



```
//a[@class='sister']
```

```
//a[@id='link1']
```

Selenium

You can use

- Click action
- Drag and drop
- Fill forms
- Parsing iframes
- Collect cookies
- Solve CAPTCHA
- Whatever the browser can do.

Searching in Selenium

- `find_element(by='id', value=None)`
- `find_element_by_class_name(name)`
- `find_element_by_css_selector(css_selector)`
- `find_element_by_id(id_)`
- `find_element_by_link_text(link_text)`
- `find_element_by_name(name)`
- `find_element_by_partial_link_text(link_text)`
- `find_element_by_tag_name(name)`
- `find_element_by_xpath(xpath)`
- And their plural versions (`find_elements____`)

Practice Session (Week 9) - BeautifulSoup

In this practice session you will become a web scraper from **Sehir** website. Using your **BeautifulSoup** skills that you learned a little time ago you will **fetch** Awards, Grants and Achievements about Istanbul Sehir University's web page in details that with **title**, **description**, **date** and **link** of the page.

<https://www.sehir.edu.tr/en/Awards-Grants-and-Achievements>



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February 2018

ŞEHİR Faculty Member Assist. Prof. Yunus Uğur

Mapping the Ottoman Cities: Socio-Spatial Conjunctions and Distinctiveness (1520-1540)

TÜBİTAK grant for the project of Assist. Prof. Yunus Uğur from ŞEHİR History Department and Center for Urban Studies



February 2018

ŞEHİR Faculty Member Assist. Prof. Fatih Altuğ

Women Writers' Literary Environment in Late Ottoman İstanbul (1869-1923)

TÜBİTAK grant for the project of Assist. Prof. Fatih Altuğ from ŞEHİR Turkish Language and Literature Department



December 2017

ŞEHİR School of Law Students

International Arbitration Moot

ŞEHİR Investment Arbitration Moot Team represented Turkey in Boston, MA



August 2017

Assoc. Prof. Kahraman Şakul / TÜBİTAK 1001 - Scientific and Technol...

Ottoman Siege Warfare in the Seventeenth Century

ŞEHİR Faculty Member Assoc. Prof. Kahraman Şakul's project entitled "Ottoman Siege Warfare in the Seventeenth Century" has been awarded with TÜBİTAK grant



Assist. Prof. Ali Çakmak / TÜBİTAK 1001 Scientific and Technological ...

New Methods and Algorithms to Estimate the Selectivity of SQL LIKE Queries

From LMS

Download *Practice.Session.Week11.pdf* file