

"I acknowledge my responsibility and commitment to the exam rules of the university and I affirm that I will not give nor receive any unauthorized help on this exam and that all work will be my own."

CSE 2025

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~~Amir~~

A: B, 6; C, 16; D, 8;

E: D, 14; G, 19

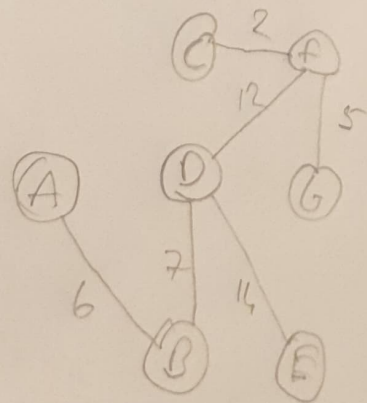
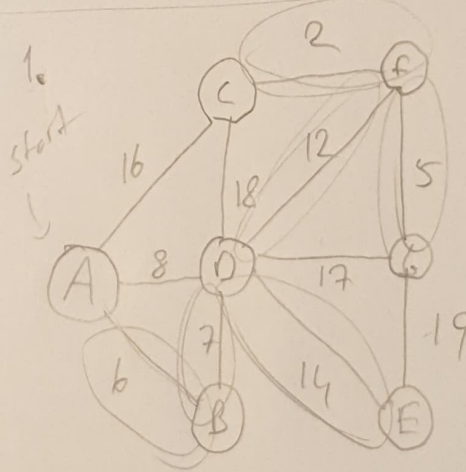
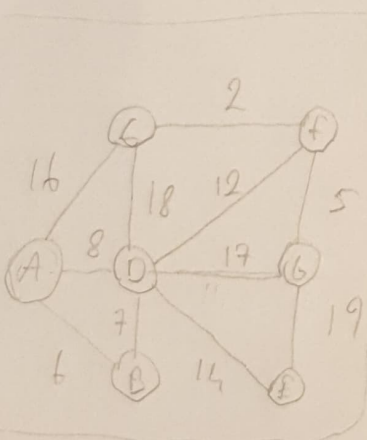
B: A, 6; D, 7

F: C, 2; D, 12; G, 5

C: A, 16; D, 18; F, 2

G: D, 17; E, 19; F, 5

D: A, 8; B, 7; C, 18; E, 14; F, 12; G, 17



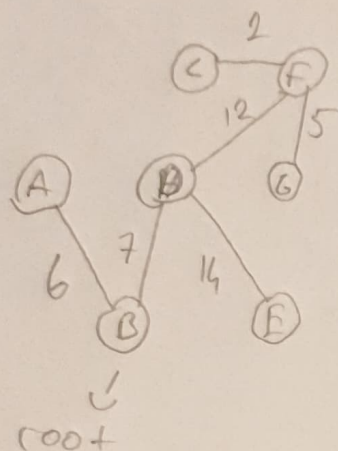
Aras	AB	BD	DF	FE	FG	DE
Length	6	7	12	2	5	14

Total length = 66

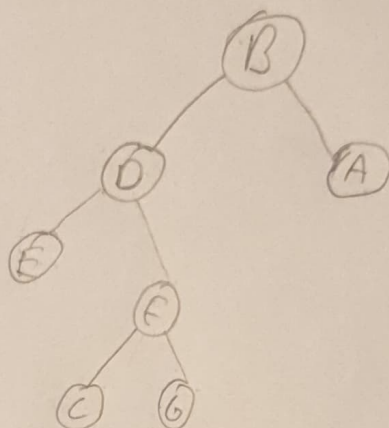
2.

MST

A < B < C < D < E < F < G



Binary tree

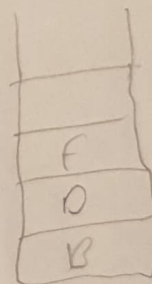


BFS (Queue)

B, D, A, E, F, C, G

→ BFS

DFS (Stacks) → preorder NLR



B, D, E, F, C, G, A

→ DFS

Graphs

$$G = (V, E)$$

Diagraphs \rightarrow directed graphs In-degree \rightarrow incoming out-degree \rightarrow leaving

Topological sort \rightarrow acyclic?

Breadth-First Search (BFS)

Graph: tree'ye çevirme. Tree'yi yazıyoruz. soldan sağa. Herhangi bir sırada yazabilir. Tree'yi oluşturduğumuzda bile BFS: yolumun sırası değişir.

Exploration: tüm verileri girme ve uygun bağlandı. (Queue)

Depth-First Search

Bir node'u düşünür düşünce giriyorsun olduğun stack'e depoluyorsun. Sıra ile yazıyorsun. Step'leri bilmen gerekir

Dijkstra's Alg \rightarrow works on both

Bir verilerin digene en kısa yol (toplam) En kısa yolları seçip ilerle

Note: Dijkstra finds shortest path, Prim's finds MST.

Topological Sort

Look for nodes which has no incoming edge and degree 0.

Sonra edge'lerini sil! Aynı şekilde devam et, Queue \rightarrow bir sonraki node
Time \rightarrow Her time

Prim's Algo. \rightarrow Only works undirected

Pick a node

Kruskal's Algo

En küçük edge'leri yazıp her yere gir

Circle olma