

CSE3038 - Quiz 3 - 20 Minutes

Q1. (40)

Assume that we have a 16-way set associative cache where cache size is 8192 KB. Assume that the block size is 256 words, and 32-bit memory address is considered. (Assume that we consider byte addressing)

How many bits are needed for the following fields? **Show your work to get full credit.**

Tag	Index	Offset (total)
13	9	10

$256 \times 4 = 1024 \text{ bytes} = 2^{10} \text{ bytes}$  (block size) (10-bits offset)

$8192 \text{ KB} = 8 \times 1024 \text{ KB} = 2^{23} \text{ bytes}$

$\frac{2^{23}}{(256 \times 4)} = 2^{13}$   $\frac{2^{13}}{16\text{-way}} = \frac{2^{13}}{2^4} = 2^9$  (# of sets) (10 bit index)

$(32 - 10 - 9 = 13 \text{ bits})$   
→ TAG

Q2. (60)

Suppose you have a **two-way set associative cache** with **two-word blocks** and a **total cache size of 32 words**. Assume LRU replacement. After running a certain program, the observed string of **word** addresses for instruction fetch is given below.

Show the final content of the cache. **Show your work to get full credit.**

22 33 6 17 9 23 1 30 32 2 12 38

$$\text{Set \#} = \left\lfloor \frac{\text{Word addr}}{\text{\# of words per block}} \right\rfloor \bmod N$$
  
↓  
# of sets for set assoc.

2-way & 2-word blocks

$32 \text{ word} / (2 \times 2) = 8 \text{ sets}$

22 32 6 17 9 23 1 30 32 2 12 38  
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓  
[22/2] mod 8 = 3 [32/2] mod 8 = 0  
3 0 4 3 0 7 0 1 6 3

0	32 33 01	16 17 32 33
1	2 3	
2		
3	22 23	6 7 38 39
4	8 9	
5	.	
6	12 13	
7	30 31	

Final  
Content of  
the code

0	01	32 33
1	23	
2		
3	22 23	38 39
4	89	
5	.	
6	12 13	
7	30 31	