## City University of Hong Kong Department of Electrical Engineering

## **EE3009 Data Communications and Networking**

## **Solution to Assignment 3**

1. The receiver makes a decoding error if two or more out of the three bits are in error.

The probability of a data bit equal to 0 is  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

Therefore, Pr[data bit=0 and receiver makes a decoding error] =

$$P_{error}^{0} = \frac{1}{2} [C_2^3 p^2 (1 - p) + p^3]$$

Similarly, Pr[data bit=1 and receiver makes a decoding error] =

$$P_{error}^{1} = \frac{1}{2} [C_2^3 p^2 (1 - p) + p^3]$$

$$P_{error} = P_{error}^{0} + P_{error}^{1} = C_{2}^{3} p^{2} (1 - p) + p^{3} = 3(10^{-3})^{2} (1 - 10^{-3}) + (10^{-3})^{3}$$

$$\approx 3(10^{-6})$$

 $b_2 = 1111111111111110001 = 61681$ 

 $b_3 = 11000000 \ 11000000 = 49344$ 

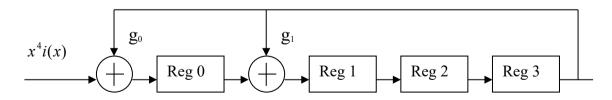
 $x = b_0 + b_1 + b_2 + b_3 \text{ modulo } 65535 = 241840 \text{ modulo } 65535 = 45235$ 

 $b_4$ = -x modulo 65535 = 20300

so the internet checksum =  $01001111 \ 01001100$ 

3.

i)



ii) The encoding can be done either by polynomial division, or the more compact way of doing the division without explicitly writing the power of x.

$$\frac{x^{9} + x^{8} + x^{3} + x}{x^{4} + x + 1)x^{13} + x^{12} + x^{10} + x^{8} + x^{7} + x^{5} + x^{4}}$$

$$\frac{x^{13} + x^{10} + x^{9}}{x^{12} + x^{9} + x^{8} + x^{7} + x^{5} + x^{4}}$$

$$\frac{x^{12} + x^{9} + x^{8}}{x^{12} + x^{9} + x^{8}}$$

$$\frac{x^{7} + x^{5} + x^{4}}{x^{5} + x^{3}}$$

$$\frac{x^{5} + x^{2} + x}{x^{3} + x^{2} + x} \leftarrow \text{remainder}$$

codeword = 110101101111110

or,

$$\begin{array}{r}
1100001010 \\
10011 ) 110101 10110000 \\
\underline{10011} \\
10011 \\
\underline{10011} \\
10110 \\
\underline{10110} \\
10100 \\
\underline{10011} \\
1110 \leftarrow \text{remainder}
\end{array}$$

codeword = 110101101111110