# mdfreader Documentation

Release 4.0

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**CHAPTER** 

ONE

## MDFREADER MODULE DOCUMENTATION

Measured Data Format file reader main module

## 1.1 Platform and python version

With Unix and Windows for python 2.6+ and 3.2+

Author Aymeric Rateau

Created on Sun Oct 10 12:57:28 2010

## 1.2 Dependencies

- Python >3.4 <a href="http://www.python.org">http://www.python.org</a>
- Numpy >1.14 <a href="http://numpy.scipy.org">http://numpy.scipy.org</a>
- Sympy to convert channels with formula
- bitarray for not byte aligned data parsing
- Matplotlib >1.0 <a href="http://matplotlib.sourceforge.net">http://matplotlib.sourceforge.net</a>
- · scipy for NetCDF
- h5py for the HDF5 export
- xlwt for the excel export (not existing for python3)
- openpyxl >2.0 for the excel 2007 export
- hdf5storage for the Matlab file conversion
- zlib to uncompress data block if needed

## 1.3 mdfreader

Bases: mdfreader.mdf4reader.Mdf4, mdfreader.mdf3reader.Mdf3

Mdf class

#### fileName

file name

Type str

#### MDFVersionNumber

mdf file version number

Type int

#### masterChannelList

Represents data structure: a key per master channel with corresponding value containing a list of channels One key or master channel represents then a data group having same sampling interval.

Type dict

#### multiProc

Flag to request channel conversion multi processed for performance improvement. One thread per data group.

Type bool

#### fileMetadata

file metadata with minimum keys: author, organisation, project, subject, comment, time, date

Type dict

read( file\_name = None, multi\_processed = False, channel\_list=None, convert\_after\_read

## filter\_channel\_names=False, no\_data\_loading=False, compression=False)

reads mdf file version 3.x and 4.x

write (file\_name=None)

writes simple mdf file

## get\_channel\_data(channel\_name)

returns channel numpy array

## convert\_all\_channel()

converts all channel data according to CCBlock information

#### get\_channel\_unit (channel\_name)

returns channel unit

## plot (channels)

Plot channels with Matplotlib

## ${\tt resample} \ (sampling\_time = 0.1, master\_channel = None)$

Resamples all data groups

#### **export\_to\_csv** (file\_name = None, sampling = 0.1)

Exports mdf data into CSV file

## export\_to\_NetCDF (file\_name = None, sampling = None)

Exports mdf data into netcdf file

## export\_to\_hdf5 (file\_name = None, sampling = None)

Exports mdf class data structure into hdf5 file

## export\_to\_matlab (file\_name = None)

Exports mdf class data structure into Matlab file

## export\_to\_excel (file\_name = None)

Exports mdf data into excel 95 to 2003 file

```
export_to_xlsx (file_name=None)
    Exports mdf data into excel 2007 and 2010 file

convert_to_pandas (sampling=None)
    converts mdf data structure into pandas dataframe(s)

keep_channels (channel_list)
    keeps only list of channels and removes the other channels

merge_mdf ( mdf_class ):
    Merges data of 2 mdf classes
```

mdf class is a nested dict. Channel name is the primary dict key of mdf class. At a higher level, each channel includes the following keys:

- 'data' : containing vector of data (numpy)
- 'unit' : unit (string)
- 'master' : master channel of channel (time, crank angle, etc.)
- · 'description': Description of channel
- 'conversion': mdfinfo nested dict for CCBlock. Exist if channel not converted, used to convert with getChannelData method

## **Examples**

```
>>> import mdfreader
>>> vop=mdfreader.Mdf('NameOfFile')
>>> yop.keys() # list channels names
# list channels grouped by raster or master channel
>>> yop.masterChannelList
>>> yop.plot('channelName') or yop.plot({'channel1','channel2'})
>>> yop.resample(0.1) or yop.resample()
>>> yop.export_to_csv(sampling=0.01)
>>> yop.export_to_NetCDF()
>>> yop.export_to_hdf5()
>>> yop.export_to_matlab()
>>> yop.export_to_excel()
>>> yop.export_to_xlsx()
>>> yop.convert_to_pandas() # converts data groups into pandas dataframes
>>> yop.write() # writes mdf file
# drops all the channels except the one in argument
>>> yop.keep_channels(['channel1','channel2','channel3'])
>>> yop.get_channel_data('channelName') # returns channel numpy array
>>> yop=mdfreader.Mdf() # create an empty Mdf object
# add channel in Mdf object
>>> yop.add_channel(channel_name, data, master_channel, master_type, unit='lumen',
→ description='what you want')
>>> yop.write('filename') # change version with yop.MDFVersionNumber or,
→specifically use write3/4()
```

## convert\_all\_channels()

Converts all channels from raw data to converted data according to CCBlock information. Converted data will take more memory.

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```
convert_to_pandas (sampling=None)
```

converts mdf data structure into pandas dataframe(s)

Parameters sampling (float, optional) - resampling interval

#### **Notes**

One pandas dataframe is converted per data group (one master per data group)

```
cut (master_channel, begin=None, end=None)
```

Cut data

#### **Parameters**

- master\_channel (str) channel to cut data (can be master channel)
- begin (float) beginning value in master channel from which to start cutting in all channels
- end (float) ending value in master channel from which to start cutting in all channels

#### **Notes**

Only the data groups with same master type as master\_channel will be cut (only for mdf4)

```
export_to_NetCDF (file_name=None, sampling=None)
```

Exports mdf data into netcdf file

#### **Parameters**

- **file\_name** (*str*, *optional*) file name. If no name defined, it will use original mdf name and path
- sampling (float, optional) sampling interval

#### **Notes**

Dependency: scipy

```
export_to_csv (file_name=None, sampling=None)
```

Exports mdf data into CSV file

## **Parameters**

- **file\_name** (*str*, *optional*) file name. If no name defined, it will use original mdf name and path
- sampling (float, optional) sampling interval. None by default

#### **Notes**

Data saved in CSV file be automatically resampled as it is difficult to save in this format data not sharing same master channel -> not applicable for mdf4 in case there are master channels

with various types

Warning: this can be slow for big data, CSV is text format after all

```
export_to_excel (file_name=None)
```

Exports mdf data into excel 95 to 2003 file

**Parameters file\_name** (str, optional) - file name. If no name defined, it will use original mdf name and path

#### **Notes**

xlwt is not fast even for small files, consider other binary formats like HDF5 or Matlab. If there are more than 256 channels, data will be saved over different worksheets. Also Excel 2003 is becoming rare these days, prefer using exportToXlsx. Dependencies: xlwt for python 2.6+, xlwt3 for python 3.2+

**export\_to\_hdf5** (file\_name=None, sampling=None, compression=None, compression\_opts=None) Exports mdf class data structure into hdf5 file

#### **Parameters**

- **file\_name** (*str*, *optional*) file name. If no name defined, it will use original mdf name and path
- sampling (float, optional) sampling interval.
- **compression** (str, optional) HDF5 compression algorithm. Valid options are 'gzip', 'lzf'. gzip compression recommended for portability. szip compression not supported due to legal reasons.
- compression\_opts (int, optional) HDF5 gzip compression level, 0-9. Only valid if gzip compression is used. Level 4 (default) recommended for best balance between compression and time.

#### **Notes**

The maximum attributes will be stored. Data structure will be similar has it is in masterChannelList attribute. Dependency: h5py

## export\_to\_matlab (file\_name=None)

Export mdf data into Matlab file preferrably in format 7.3

**Parameters file\_name** (str, optional) - file name. If no name defined, it will use original mdf name and path

## **Notes**

This method will dump all data into Matlab file but you will loose below information: - unit and descriptions of channel - data structure, what is corresponding master channel to a channel. Channels might have then different lengths. Dependency: hdf5storage, scipy

## export\_to\_parquet (file\_name=None)

Exports mdf data into parquet file

**Parameters file\_name** (str, optional) – file name. If no name defined, it will use original mdf name and path with .parquet extension

## export\_to\_xlsx (file\_name=None)

Exports mdf data into excel 2007 and 2010 file

**Parameters file\_name** (str, optional) - file name. If no name defined, it will use original mdf name and path

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It is recommended to export resampled data for performances Dependency: openpyxl

```
get_channel_data (channel_name, raw_data=False)
```

Return channel numpy array

#### **Parameters**

- channel\_name (str) channel name
- raw\_data (bool) flag to return non converted data

Returns converted, if not already done, data corresponding to channel name

**Return type** numpy array

#### **Notes**

This method is the safest to get channel data as numpy array from 'data' dict key might contain raw data

```
keep_channels (channel_list)
```

keeps only list of channels and removes the other channels

```
Parameters channel list (list of str) – list of channel names
```

```
merge_mdf (mdf_class)
```

Merges data of 2 mdf classes

Parameters mdf\_class (Mdf) - mdf class instance to be merge with self

#### **Notes**

both classes must have been resampled, otherwise, impossible to know master channel to match create union of both channel lists and fill with Nan for unknown sections in channels

```
plot (channel_name_list_of_list)
```

Plot channels with Matplotlib

**Parameters channel\_name\_list\_of\_list** (str or list of str or list of list of str) – channel name or list of channel names or list of list of channel names list of list will create multiplots

### **Notes**

Channel description and unit will be tentatively displayed with axis labels

```
plot_all()
```

read (file\_name=None, multi\_processed=False, channel\_list=None, convert\_after\_read=True, filter\_channel\_names=False, no\_data\_loading=False, compression=False, metadata=2) reads mdf file version 3.x and 4.x

#### **Parameters**

- **file\_name** (str, optional) file name
- multi\_processed (bool) flag to activate multiprocessing of channel data conversion.

- **channel\_list** (*list of str*, *optional*) list of channel names to be read. If you use channelList, reading might be much slower but it will save you memory. Can be used to read big files.
- convert\_after\_read (bool, optional) flag to convert channel after read, True by default. If you use convertAfterRead by setting it to false, all data from channels will be kept raw, no conversion applied. If many float are stored in file, you can gain from 3 to 4 times memory footprint. To calculate value from channel, you can then use method getChannelData()
- **filter\_channel\_names** (bool, optional) flag to filter long channel names from its module names separated by '.'
- no\_data\_loading (bool, optional) Flag to read only file info but no data to have minimum memory use.
- **compression** (bool or str, optional) To compress data in memory using blosc or bcolz, takes cpu time. if compression = int(1 to 9), uses bcolz for compression. if compression = 'blosc', uses blosc for compression. Choice given, efficiency depends of data.
- metadata (int, optional, default = 2) Reading metadata has impact on performance, especially for mdf 4.x using xml. 2: minimal metadata reading (mostly channel blocks). 1: used for noDataLoading. 0: all metadata reading, including Source Information, Attachment, etc..

If you keep convertAfterRead to true, you can set attribute mdf.multiProc to activate channel conversion in multiprocessing. Gain in reading time can be around 30% if file is big and using a lot of float channels

**Warning:** MultiProc use should be avoided when reading several files in a batch, it is not thread safe. You should better multi process instances of mdf rather than using multiproc in mdf class (see implementation of mdfconverter)

**resample** (sampling=None, channel=None, master\_channel=None)

Resamples as much as possible all data groups into one data group having defined sampling interval or sharing same defined master channel

#### **Parameters**

• sampling(float, optional)-

resampling interval, None by default. If None, will rely on channel or master\_channel parameters to define reference data group. If both are undefined, picking the first master

- or | and \*\* (\*\*)-
- channel (str, optional) channel name to be resampled
- or | and \*\*-
- master\_channel (str, optional) master channel name to be used as reference

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- 1. resampling will be applied only to master channels that have same type as the one given by channel or master\_channel parameters (applicable only to mdf4)
- 2. resampling will convert all your channels so be careful for big files and memory consumption

resample\_group (sampling, channel, new\_master\_data=None)

Resamples one channel along with its dataGroup

#### **Parameters**

- sampling (float) resampling interval
- **channel** (str) channel name to be resampled (could the master channel)
- new\_master\_data (array, optional) master channel data to be applied to the group identified by channel

#### **Notes**

Resampling will convert all channels so be careful for big files and memory consumption

return\_pandas\_dataframe (master\_channel\_name)

returns a dataframe of a raster described by its master channel name

**Parameters master\_channel\_name** (str) – master channel name, key to a raster to be returned as pandas dataframe

#### Returns

**Return type** pandas dataframe of raster or data group

 $\textbf{write} \ (\textit{file\_name} = None, \ compression = False, \ column\_oriented = False)$ 

Writes simple mdf file, same format as originally read, default is 4.x

#### **Parameters**

- **file\_name** (*str*, *optional*) Name of file If file name is not input, written file name will be the one read with appended '\_new' string before extension
- **compression** (bool) Flag to store data compressed (from mdf version 4.1) If activated, will write in version 4.1 even if original file is in version 3.x
- column oriented (bool) Flag to store, column oriented channels

## **Notes**

All channels will be converted, so size might be bigger than original file

class mdfreader.mdfreader.MdfInfo() -> new empty dictionary dict(mapping) -> new dictionary initialized from a mapping object's (key, value) pairs
dict(iterable) -> new dictionary initialized as if via: d = {}
for k, v in iterable: d[k] = v dict(\*\*kwargs) -> new dictionary initialized with the name=value pairs in the keyword
argument list. For example: dict(one=1, two=2)

Bases: dict

fid

fileName

#### filterChannelNames

## list\_channels(file\_name=None)

Read MDF file blocks and returns a list of contained channels

Parameters file\_name (string) - file name

**Returns** nameList – list of channel names

**Return type** list of string

## mdfversion

```
read_info (file_name=None, fid=None, minimal=0)
```

Reads MDF file and extracts its complete structure

#### **Parameters**

- file\_name (str, optional) file name. If not input, uses fileName attribute
- fid(file identifier, optional)-
- minimal(int) 0 will load every metadata 1 will load DG, CG, CN and CC 2 will load only DG

## zipfile

1.3. mdfreader

## MDF MODULE DOCUMENTATION

mdf\_skeleton module describing basic mdf structure and methods

Created on Thu Sept 24 2015

Author Aymeric Rateau

## 2.1 Dependencies

Bases: object

- Python >3.4 <a href="http://www.python.org">http://www.python.org</a>
- Numpy >1.6 <a href="http://numpy.scipy.org">http://numpy.scipy.org</a>

class mdfreader.mdf.CompressedData

## 2.2 mdf

```
compression(a)
           data compression method
               Parameters a (numpy array) – data to be compresses
      data
      decompression()
           data decompression
               Returns
               Return type uncompressed numpy array
      dtype
class mdfreader.mdf.MdfSkeleton() -> new empty dictionary dict(mapping) -> new dictionary ini-
                                              tialized from a mapping object's (key, value) pairs dict(iterable)
                                              -> new dictionary initialized as if via: d = \{\} for k, v in iterable:
                                              d[k] = v \operatorname{dict}(**kwargs) \rightarrow new \operatorname{dictionary initialized} with the
                                              name=value pairs in the keyword argument list. For example:
                                              dict(one=1, two=2)
      Bases: dict
      MDFVersionNumber
```

add\_channel (channel\_name, data, master\_channel, master\_type=1, unit=", description=", conversion=None, info=None, compression=False, identifier=None)
adds channel to mdf dict.

#### **Parameters**

- channel\_name (str) channel name
- data (numpy array) numpy array of channel's data
- master\_channel (str) master channel name
- master\_type(int, optional) master channel type: 0=None, 1=Time, 2=Angle, 3=Distance, 4=index
- unit (str, optional) unit description
- description (str, optional) channel description
- conversion (info class, optional) conversion description from info class
- info(info class for CNBlock, optional)—used for CABlock axis creation and channel conversion
- compression (bool) flag to ask for channel data compression
- **identifier** (tuple) tuple of int and str following below structure: (data group number, channel group number, channel number), (channel name, channel source, channel path), (group name, group source, group path)

add\_metadata (author=", organisation=", project=", subject=", comment=", date=", time=")
adds basic metadata to mdf class

#### **Parameters**

- author (str) author of file
- **organisation** (str) organisation of author
- project (str)-
- subject (str)-
- comment (str) -
- date (str) -
- time (str) -

## **Notes**

All fields are optional, default being empty string

## convertAfterRead

## convertTables

copy()

copy a mdf class

Returns mdf\_skeleton - copy of a mdf\_skeleton class

Return type class instance

fid

fileMetadata

```
fileName
filterChannelNames
get_channel (channel_name)
    Extract channel dict from mdf structure
        Parameters channel name (str) – channel name
        Returns
        Return type channel dictionnary containing data, description, unit, etc.
get_channel_conversion(channel_name)
    Extract channel conversion dict from mdf structure
        Parameters channel_name (str) - channel name
        Returns
        Return type channel conversion dict
get channel desc(channel name)
    Extract channel description information from mdf structure
        Parameters channel_name (str) - channel name
        Returns
        Return type channel description string
get_channel_master(channel_name)
    Extract channel master name from mdf structure
        Parameters channel_name (str) - channel name
        Returns
        Return type channel master name string
get_channel_master_type (channel_name)
    Extract channel master type information from mdf structure
        Parameters channel_name (str) - channel name
        Returns channel mater type integer
        Return type 0=None, 1=Time, 2=Angle, 3=Distance, 4=index
get_channel_unit (channel_name)
    Returns channel unit string Implemented for a future integration of pint
        Parameters channel_name (str) - channel name
        Returns unit string description
        Return type str
get_invalid_bit(channel_name)
get_invalid_channel(channel_name)
info
masterChannelList
multiProc
```

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#### remove channel (channel name)

removes channel from mdf dict.

**Parameters** channel\_name (str) - channel name

Returns

**Return type** value of mdf dict key=channel name

## remove\_channel\_conversion(channel\_name)

removes conversion key from mdf channel dict.

**Parameters** channel\_name (str) - channel name

Returns

Return type removed value from dict

rename\_channel (channel\_name, new\_name)

Modifies name of channel

#### **Parameters**

- channel\_name (str) channel name
- **new\_name** (str) new channel name

## set\_channel\_attachment (channel\_name, attachment)

Modifies channel attachment

#### **Parameters**

- channel name (str) channel name
- attachment channel attachment

## set\_channel\_conversion(channel\_name, conversion)

Modifies conversion dict of channel

#### **Parameters**

- channel\_name (str) channel name
- conversion (dict) conversion dictionary

## set\_channel\_data (channel\_name, data, compression=False)

Modifies data of channel

## **Parameters**

- channel\_name (str) channel name
- data (numpy array) channel data
- compression (bool or str) trigger for data compression

## set\_channel\_desc (channel\_name, desc)

Modifies description of channel

#### **Parameters**

- **channel\_name** (str) **channel** name
- desc (str) channel description

## set\_channel\_master (channel\_name, master)

Modifies channel master name

#### **Parameters**

```
• channel_name (str) - channel name
```

• master (str) – master channel name

## set\_channel\_master\_type (channel\_name, master\_type)

Modifies master channel type

## **Parameters**

- channel\_name (str) channel name
- master\_type (int) master channel type

## set\_channel\_unit (channel\_name, unit)

Modifies unit of channel

#### **Parameters**

- channel\_name (str) channel name
- unit (str) channel unit

## set\_invalid\_bit (channel\_name, bit\_position)

returns the invalid bit position of channel

#### **Parameters**

- channel\_name (str) channel name
- bit\_position invalid bit position of channel within invalid channel bytes

## Returns

Return type bit position

```
set_invalid_channel (channel_name, invalid_channel)
zipfile
```

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## MDF3READER MODULE DOCUMENTATION

Measured Data Format file reader module for version 3.x

Author Aymeric Rateau

Created on Sun Oct 10 12:57:28 2010

## 3.1 mdf3reader

class mdfreader.mdf3reader.DATA(fid, pointer)

Bases: dict

DATA class is organizing record classes itself made of channel. This class inherits from dict. Keys are corresponding to channel group recordID. A DATA class corresponds to a data block, a dict of record classes (one per channel group). Each record class contains a list of channel class representing the structure of channel record.

fid

file identifier

Type io.open

## pointerToData

position of Data block in mdf file

Type int

#### BlockLength

total size of data block

Type int

## add\_record(record)

Adds a new record in DATA class dict

read (channelSet)

Reads data block

## load\_sorted(record, nameList=None)

Reads sorted data block from record definition

### load unsorted(nameList=None)

Reads unsorted data block, not yet implemented

add\_record(record)

Adds a new record in DATA class dict

Parameters record (class) - channel group definition listing record channel classes

```
load sorted(record, name list=None)
```

Reads sorted data block from record definition

#### **Parameters**

- record (class) channel group definition listing record channel classes
- name\_list (set of str, optional) list of channel names

#### Returns

Return type numpy recarray of data

## load\_unsorted(name\_set=None)

Reads unsorted data block from record definition

Parameters name\_set (set of str, optional) - set of channel names

Returns

Return type numpy recarray of data

read (channel\_set, file\_name)

Reads data block

#### **Parameters**

- channel\_set (set of str, optional) list of channel names
- **file\_name** (str) name of file

Bases: mdfreader.mdf.MdfSkeleton

mdf file version 3.0 to 3.3 class

#### fileName

file name

Type str

### MDFVersionNumber

mdf file version number

Type int

#### masterChannelList

Represents data structure: a key per master channel with corresponding value containing a list of channels One key or master channel represents then a data group having same sampling interval.

Type dict

#### multiProc

Flag to request channel conversion multi processed for performance improvement. One thread per data group.

Type bool

#### convertAfterRead

flag to convert raw data to physical just after read

Type bool

#### filterChannelNames

flag to filter long channel names from its module names separated by '.'

Type bool

#### fileMetadata

file metadata with minimum keys: author, organisation, project, subject, comment, time, date

Type dict

**read3** (fileName=None, info=None, multiProc=False, channelList=None, convertAfterRead=True)
Reads mdf 3.x file data and stores it in dict

## \_get\_channel\_data3 (channelName)

Returns channel numpy array

#### \_convert\_channel3 (channelName)

converts specific channel from raw to physical data according to CCBlock information

#### \_convert\_all\_channel3()

Converts all channels from raw data to converted data according to CCBlock information

#### write3 (fileName=None)

Writes simple mdf 3.3 file

read3 (file\_name=None, info=None, multi\_processed=False, channel\_list=None, convert\_after\_read=True, filter\_channel\_names=False, compression=False, metadata=2)
Reads mdf 3.x file data and stores it in dict

#### **Parameters**

- **file\_name** (str, optional) file name
- info (mdfinfo3.info3 class) info3 class containing all MDF Blocks
- multi\_processed (bool) flag to activate multiprocessing of channel data conversion
- **channel\_list** (*list of str*, *optional*) list of channel names to be read If you use channelList, reading might be much slower but it will save you memory. Can be used to read big files
- convert\_after\_read (bool, optional) flag to convert channel after read, True by default If you use convertAfterRead by setting it to false, all data from channels will be kept raw, no conversion applied. If many float are stored in file, you can gain from 3 to 4 times memory footprint To calculate value from channel, you can then use method .get\_channel\_data()
- **filter\_channel\_names** (bool, optional) flag to filter long channel names from its module names separated by '.'
- compression (bool, optional) flag to activate data compression with blosc
- metadata (int, optional, default = 2) Reading metadata has impact on performance, especially for mdf 4.x using xml. 2: minimal metadata reading (mostly channel blocks) 1: used for noDataLoading 0: all metadata reading

### write3 (file\_name=None)

Writes simple mdf 3.3 file

**Parameters file\_name** (str, optional) – Name of file If file name is not input, written file name will be the one read with appended '\_new' string before extension

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All channels will be converted to physical data, so size might be bigger than original file

class mdfreader.mdf3reader.Record(data\_group, channel\_group)

Bases: list

record class lists Channel classes, it is representing a channel group

#### CGrecordLength

length of record from channel group block information in Byte

Type int

#### recordLength

length of record from channels information in Byte

Type int

## numberOfRecords

number of records in data block

Type int

#### recordID

recordID corresponding to channel group

Type int

#### recordIDnumber

size of recordID

Type int

## dataGroup

data group number

Type int:

## channelGroup

channel group number

Type int

## numpyDataRecordFormat

list of numpy (dtype) for each channel

Type list

#### dataRecordName

list of channel names used for recarray attribute definition

Type list

## master

define name and number of master channel

Type dict

#### recordToChannelMatching

helps to identify nested bits in byte

Type dict

### channelNames

channel names to be stored, useful for low memory consumption but slow

```
Type set
```

#### hiddenBytes

flag in case of non declared channels in record

**Type** Bool, False by default

#### byte\_aligned

flag for byte aligned record

Type Bool, True by default

addChannel (info, channelNumber)

loadInfo(info)

readSortedRecord (fid, pointer, channelSet=None)

readRecordBuf (buf, channelSet=None)

readRecordBits (bita, channelSet=None)

add channel (info, channel number)

add a channel in class

#### **Parameters**

- info (mdfinfo3.info3 class) -
- **channel\_number** (*int*) **channel** number in mdfinfo3.info3 class

## load\_info(info)

gathers records related from info class

Parameters info (mdfinfo3.info3 class) -

## read\_record\_bits (bit\_stream, channel\_set=None)

read stream of record bits by bits in case of not aligned or hidden bytes

#### **Parameters**

- bit\_stream (stream) stream of bytes read in file
- channel\_set (Set of str, optional) list of channel to read

**Returns** rec – returns dictionary of channel with its corresponding values

Return type dict

## read\_record\_buf (buf, channel\_set=None)

read stream of record bytes

#### **Parameters**

- **buf** (stream) stream of bytes read in file
- channel\_set (Set of str, optional) list of channel to read

**Returns** rec – returns dictionary of channel with its corresponding values

Return type dict

## read\_sorted\_record (fid, pointer, channel\_set=None)

reads record, only one channel group per data group

## **Parameters**

• fid - file identifier

3.1. mdf3reader 23

- pointer position in file of data block beginning
- channel\_set (Set of str, optional) list of channel to read

**Returns rec** – contains a matrix of raw data in a recarray (attributes corresponding to channel name)

**Return type** numpy recarray

## **Notes**

If channelSet is None, read data using numpy.core.records.fromfile that is rather quick. However, in case of large file, you can use channelSet to load only interesting channels or only one channel on demand, but be aware it might be much slower.

## **MDFINFO3 MODULE DOCUMENTATION**

Measured Data Format blocks parser for version 3.x

Created on Thu Dec 9 12:57:28 2014

Author Aymeric Rateau

## 4.1 Dependencies

- Python >3.4 <a href="http://www.python.org">http://www.python.org</a>
- Numpy >1.14 <a href="http://numpy.scipy.org">http://numpy.scipy.org</a>

## 4.2 mdfinfo3

```
class mdfreader.mdfinfo3.Info3() -> new empty dictionary dict(mapping) -> new dictionary ini-
                                            tialized from a mapping object's (key, value) pairs dict(iterable)
                                            -> new dictionary initialized as if via: d = \{\} for k, v in iterable:
                                            d[k] = v \ dict(**kwargs) \rightarrow new \ dictionary \ initialized \ with \ the
                                            name=value pairs in the keyword argument list. For example:
                                            dict(one=1, two=2)
     Bases: dict
     {\tt clean\_dg\_info}(dg)
           delete CN,CC and CG blocks related to data group
               Parameters dg(int) – data group number
     fid
     fileName
     filterChannelNames
     list_channels3 (file_name=None, fid=None)
           reads data, channel group and channel blocks to list channel names
           file name
               file name
                   Type str
               Returns
               Return type list of channel names
```

read\_cg\_block (fid, dg, minimal=0) read all CG blocks and relying CN & CC

#### **Parameters**

- **fid** (float) file identifier
- dg (int) data group number
- minimal (int) 0 will load every metadata 1 will load DG, CG, CN and CC 2 will load only DG

read\_info3 (fid, minimal=0)
 read all file blocks except data

#### **Parameters**

- **fid** (float) file identifier
- minimal (int) 0 will load every metadata 1 will load DG, CG, CN and CC 2 will load only DG

**CHAPTER** 

**FIVE** 

## MDF4READER MODULE DOCUMENTATION

Measured Data Format file reader module for version 4.x.

Author Aymeric Rateau

Created on Thu Dec 10 12:57:28 2013

## 5.1 Dependencies

- Python >3.4 <a href="http://www.python.org">http://www.python.org</a>
- Numpy >1.6 <a href="http://numpy.scipy.org">http://numpy.scipy.org</a>
- · bitarray to parse bits in not aligned bytes
- · Sympy to convert channels with formula if needed
- · zlib to uncompress data block if needed

## 5.2 mdf4reader

class mdfreader.mdf4reader.Data()-> new empty dictionary dict(mapping) -> new dictionary initialized from a mapping object's (key, value) pairs dict(iterable) -> new dictionary initialized as if via:  $d = \{\}$  for k, v in iterable: d[k] = v dict(\*\*kwargs) -> new dictionary initialized with the name=value pairs in the keyword argument list. For example: dict(one=1, two=2)

Bases: dict

add\_record(record)

Adds a new record in Data class dict.

Parameters record (class) – channel group definition listing record channel classes

fid

load (record, info, name\_list=None, sorted\_flag=True, vlsd=None)
Reads data block from record definition

## **Parameters**

- record (class) channel group definition listing record channel classes
- info (class) contains blocks
- name\_list(list of str, optional) list of channel names

- **sorted\_flag** (bool, optional) flag to know if data block is sorted (only one Channel Group in block) or unsorted (several Channel Groups identified by a recordID). As unsorted block can contain CG records in random order, block is processed iteratively, not in raw like sorted -> much slower reading
- vlsd (array or None) indicate a sd block, compressed (DZ) or not (SD)

#### Returns

Return type numpy recarray of data

#### pointer\_to\_data

read (channel\_set, info, filename)

Reads data block

#### **Parameters**

- channel\_set (set of str) set of channel names
- info (info object) contains blocks structures
- filename name of file of read

read data list (field, nBytes, temps, record, info, name list, sorted flag, vlsd)

read\_record (record\_id, info, buf)

read record from a buffer

#### **Parameters**

- record id (int) record identifier
- info (class) contains blocks
- **buf** (str) buffer of data from file to be converted to channel raw data

## type

Bases: mdfreader.mdf.MdfSkeleton

mdf file reader class from version 4.0 to 4.1.1

#### fileName

file name

Type str

### MDFVersionNumber

mdf file version number

Type int

#### masterChannelList

Represents data structure: a key per master channel with corresponding value containing a list of channels One key or master channel represents then a data group having same sampling interval.

Type dict

#### multiProc

Flag to request channel conversion multi processed for performance improvement. One thread per data group.

## Type bool

#### convertAfterRead

flag to convert raw data to physical just after read

Type bool

#### filterChannelNames

flag to filter long channel names from its module names separated by '.'

Type bool

#### fileMetadata

file metadata with minimum keys: author, organisation, project, subject, comment, time, date

Type dict

**read4** (fileName=None, info=None, multiProc=False, channelList=None, convertAfterRead=True)
Reads mdf 4.x file data and stores it in dict

## \_get\_channel\_data\_4 (channelName)

Returns channel numpy array

\_convert\_channel\_data\_4 (channel, channel\_name, convert\_tables, multiProc=False, Q=None) select right conversion and calculates it

## \_convert\_channel\_4 (channelName)

converts specific channel from raw to physical data according to CCBlock information

#### \_convert\_all\_channel\_4()

Converts all channels from raw data to converted data according to CCBlock information

write4 (file\_name=None, compression=False)

writes mdf 4.1 file

## apply\_invalid\_bit (channel\_name)

mask data from invalid bit channel if existing

## ${\tt get\_channel\_name\_4}\;(name,path)$

returns a list of tuples

#### apply\_all\_invalid\_bit()

Mask data of all channels based on its invalid bit definition if there is

## apply\_invalid\_bit (channel\_name)

Mask data of channel based on its invalid bit definition if there is

**Parameters** channel\_name (str) - Name of channel

#### get channel name4 (name, path)

finds mdf channel name from name and path

#### **Parameters**

- name (str) channel name
- path (str) source path or name, or channel group name, source name or path

#### Returns

**Return type** list of tuples (channel\_name, (ndg, ncg, ncn))

## get\_invalid\_mask(channel\_name)

read4 (file\_name=None, info=None, multi\_processed=False, channel\_list=None, convert\_after\_read=True, compression=False, metadata=2) Reads mdf 4.x file data and stores it in dict

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#### **Parameters**

- file name (str, optional) file name
- info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
- multi\_processed (bool) flag to activate multiprocessing of channel data conversion
- **channel\_list** (list of str, optional) list of channel names to be read If you use channelList, reading might be much slower but it will save you memory. Can be used to read big files
- **convert\_after\_read** (bool, optional) flag to convert channel after read, True by default If you use convertAfterRead by setting it to false, all data from channels will be kept raw, no conversion applied. If many float are stored in file, you can gain from 3 to 4 times memory footprint To calculate value from channel, you can then use method .get\_channel\_data()
- compression (bool, optional) flag to activate data compression with blosc
- metadata (int, optional, default = 2) Reading metadata has impact on performance, especially for mdf 4.x using xml. 2: minimal metadata reading (mostly channel blocks) 1: used for noDataLoading 0: all metadata reading, including Source Information, Attachment, etc..

write4 (file\_name=None, compression=False, column\_oriented=False)
Writes simple mdf file

#### **Parameters**

- **file\_name** (*str*, *optional*) Name of file If file name is not input, written file name will be the one read with appended '\_new' string before extension
- compression (bool) flag to store data compressed
- **column\_oriented** (bool) flag to store data in columns, faster reading channel by channel and not jumping in records

#### **Notes**

All channels will be converted to physical data, so size might be bigger than original file

class mdfreader.mdf4reader.Record() -> new empty dictionary dict(mapping) -> new dictionary initialized from a mapping object's (key, value) pairs
dict(iterable) -> new dictionary initialized as if via: d = {}
for k, v in iterable: d[k] = v dict(\*\*kwargs) -> new dictionary initialized with the name=value pairs in the keyword
argument list. For example: dict(one=1, two=2)

Bases: dict

CANOpen

CGrecordLength

Flags

MLSD

VLSD

VLSD CG

```
add channel (info, channel number)
    add a channel in class
        Parameters
            • info(mdfinfo4.info4 class) -
            • channel number (int) - channel number in mdfinfo4.info4 class
byte_aligned
channelGroup
channelNames
dataGroup
dataRecordName
generate_chunks()
    calculate data split
        Returns
        Return type (n_record_chunk, chunk_size)
hiddenBytes
initialise_recarray(info, channel_set, n_records, dtype=None, channels_indexes=None)
    Initialise recarray
        Parameters
            • info(info class)-
            • channel_set (set of str, optional) - set of channel to read
            • n records (int) - number of records
            • dtype (numpy dtype, optional) -
            • channels_indexes(list of int, optional)-
        Returns rec - contains a matrix of raw data in a recarray (attributes corresponding to channel
            name)
        Return type numpy recarray
invalid_channel
load_info(info)
    gathers records related from info class
        Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) -
master
numberOfRecords
numpyDataRecordFormat
read_all_channels_sorted_record (fid)
    reads all channels from file using numpy fromstring, chunk by chunk
        Parameters fid - file identifier
        Returns rec – contains a matrix of raw data in a recarray (attributes corresponding to channel
            name)
```

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#### **Return type** numpy recarray

reads stream of record bytes using dataRead module if available otherwise bitarray

#### **Parameters**

- bit\_stream (stream) stream of bytes
- info(info class)-
- channel set (set of str, optional) set of channel to read
- n\_records (int) number of records
- dtype (numpy dtype) -
- channels\_indexes(list of int)-

**Returns rec** – contains a matrix of raw data in a recarray (attributes corresponding to channel name)

Return type numpy recarray

## **Parameters**

- bit\_stream (stream) stream of bytes
- info (info class) -
- channel set (set of str, optional) set of channel to read
- n\_records (int) number of records
- dtype (numpy dtype) -
- channels\_indexes(list of int)-

**Returns rec** – contains a matrix of raw data in a recarray (attributes corresponding to channel name)

**Return type** numpy recarray

## read\_not\_all\_channels\_sorted\_record (fid, info, channel\_set)

reads channels from file listed in channelSet

## **Parameters**

- fid file identifier
- info(info class)-
- channel\_set (set of str, optional) set of channel to read

**Returns rec** – contains a matrix of raw data in a recarray (attributes corresponding to channel name)

**Return type** numpy recarray

## read\_record\_buf (buf, info, channel\_set=None)

read stream of record bytes

## **Parameters**

- buf (stream) stream of bytes read in file
- info (class) contains blocks structure
- channel\_set (set of str, optional) set of channel to read

Returns rec – returns dictionary of channel with its corresponding values

Return type dict

## read\_sorted\_record (fid, info, channel\_set=None)

reads record, only one channel group per datagroup

## **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- info info class
- channel\_set (set of str, optional) set of channel to read

**Returns rec** – contains a matrix of raw data in a recarray (attributes corresponding to channel name)

Return type numpy recarray

## **Notes**

If channelSet is None, read data using numpy.core.records.fromfile that is rather quick. However, in case of large file, you can use channelSet to load only interesting channels or only one channel on demand, but be aware it might be much slower.

## read\_unique\_channel (fid, info)

reads all channels from file using numpy fromstring, chunk by chunk

## **Parameters**

- fid file identifier
- info info class

**Returns rec** – contains a matrix of raw data in a recarray (attributes corresponding to channel name)

Return type numpy recarray

recordID

recordIDCFormat

recordIDsize

recordLength

recordToChannelMatching

unique\_channel\_in\_DG

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## MDFINFO4 MODULE DOCUMENTATION

Measured Data Format blocks parser for version 4.x

Created on Sun Dec 15 12:57:28 2013

Author Aymeric Rateau

## 6.1 mdfinfo4

```
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.ATBlock (fid, pointer)
     Bases: dict
     reads Attachment block and saves in class dict
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.CABlock
     Bases: dict
     reads Channel Array block and saves in class dict
     load (byte_offset_base)
     read(fid, pointer)
     write (fid)
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.CCBlock
     Bases: dict
     reads Channel Conversion block and saves in class dict
     read_cc (fid, pointer)
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.CGBlock (fid=None, pointer=None)
     Bases: dict
     reads Channel Group block and saves in class dict
     read_cg (fid, pointer)
     write (fid)
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.CHBlock (fid, pointer)
     Bases: dict
     reads Channel Hierarchy block and saves in class dict
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.CNBlock
     Bases: dict
     reads Channel block and saves in class dict
```

```
read_cn (**kargs)
write (fid)

class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.CommentBlock
    Bases: dict
    reads or writes Comment block and saves in class dict
    load (data, md_type)
    read_cm_at (fid, pointer)
    reads Comment block from attachment block
    Parameters
```

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file

read\_cm\_cc (fid, pointer)

reads Comment block from channel conversion block

#### **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file

read\_cm\_cc\_unit (fid, pointer)

reads Comment block for channel conversion unit

#### **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file

 ${\tt read\_cm\_cg}\,(\mathit{fid},\mathit{pointer})$ 

reads Comment block from channel group block

## **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file

 ${\tt read\_cm\_ch}\ (\mathit{fid}, \mathit{pointer})$ 

reads Comment block from file channel hierarchy block

## **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file

read\_cm\_cn (fid, pointer, minimal=True)

reads Comment block from channel block

## **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file
- minimal (boolean) flag to reduce metadata parsing

read\_cm\_cn\_unit (fid, pointer)

reads Comment block for channel unit

## **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file

read\_cm\_dg (fid, pointer)

reads Comment block from data group block

#### **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file

read\_cm\_ev (fid, pointer)

reads Comment block from event block

## **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file

read\_cm\_fh (fid, pointer)

reads Comment block from file history block

#### **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file

read\_cm\_hd (fid, pointer)

reads Comment block from header block

## **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file

read\_cm\_header (fid, pointer)

reads Comment block header

## **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file

read cm si(fid, pointer)

reads Comment block from source information block

## **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file

read\_tx (fid, pointer)

reads TX block

## **Parameters**

- **fid** file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file

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```
read xml(fid)
           reads Comment block xml and objectifies it
                Parameters
                    • fid – file identifier
                    • block (Metadata) -
                    • normal 0 at end(removes)-
      write (fid)
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.DGBlock (fid=None, pointer=None)
      Bases: dict
      reads Data Group block and saves in class dict
      read_dg (fid, pointer)
      write(fid)
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.DIBlock() -> new empty dictionary dict(mapping) -> new dictio-
                                                nary initialized from a mapping object's (key, value) pairs
                                                dict(iterable) \rightarrow new dictionary initialized as if via: <math>d = \{\}
                                                for k, v in iterable: d[k] = v \ dict(**kwargs) -> new \ dictionary
                                                initialized with the name=value pairs in the keyword argument
                                                list. For example: dict(one=1, two=2)
      Bases: dict
      load (invalid_bytes, nRecords, pointer)
      write (fid, data)
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.DLBlock
      Bases: dict
      reads List Data block
      read dl (fid, link count)
      write (fid, chunks)
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.DTBlock() -> new empty dictionary dict(mapping) -> new dictio-
                                                nary initialized from a mapping object's (key, value) pairs
                                                dict(iterable) \rightarrow new dictionary initialized as if via: <math>d = \{\}
                                                for k, v in iterable: d[k] = v \operatorname{dict}(**kwargs) \rightarrow new \operatorname{dictionary}
                                                initialized with the name=value pairs in the keyword argument
                                                list. For example: dict(one=1, two=2)
      Bases: dict
      load (record_byte_offset, nRecords, pointer)
      write (fid, data)
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.DVBlock() -> new empty dictionary dict(mapping) -> new dictio-
                                                nary initialized from a mapping object's (key, value) pairs
                                                dict(iterable) \rightarrow new dictionary initialized as if via: <math>d = \{\}
                                                for k, v in iterable: d[k] = v \operatorname{dict}(**kwargs) -> new \operatorname{dictionary}
                                                initialized with the name=value pairs in the keyword argument
                                                list. For example: dict(one=1, two=2)
      Bases: dict
      load (record_byte_offset, nRecords, pointer)
```

```
write(fid, data)
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.DZBlock
     Bases: dict
     reads Data List block
     static decompress_data_block (block, zip_type, zip_parameter, org_data_length)
          decompress datablock.
              Parameters
                  • block (bytes) - raw data compressed
                  • zip\_type(int) - 0 for non transposed, 1 for transposed data
                  • zip_parameter (int) - first dimension of matrix to be transposed
                  • org_data_length (int) - uncompressed data length
              Returns
              Return type uncompressed raw data
     read_dz (fid)
     write (fid, data, record_length)
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.EVBlock (fid, pointer)
     Bases: dict
     reads Event block and saves in class dict
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.FHBlock (fid=None, pointer=None)
     Bases: dict
     reads File History block and save in class dict
     read (fid, pointer)
     write(fid)
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.HDBlock(fid=None)
     Bases: dict
     reads Header block and save in class dict
     read (fid=None)
     write (fid)
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.HLBlock
     Bases: dict
     reads Header List block
     load (record_byte_offset, n_records, position)
     read_hl(fid)
     write (fid, data)
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.IDBlock(fid=None)
     Bases: dict
     reads or writes ID Block
     read(fid)
          reads IDBlock
```

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```
write(fid)
```

Writes IDBlock

class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.Info4() -> new empty dictionary dict(mapping) -> new dictionary initialized from a mapping object's (key, value) pairs dict(iterable) -> new dictionary initialized as if via:  $d = \{\}$  for k, v in iterable: d[k] = v dict(\*\*kwargs) -> new dictionary initialized with the name=value pairs in the keyword argument list. For example: dict(one=1, two=2)

Bases: dict

## ${\tt clean\_dg\_info}\,(dg)$

delete CN,CC and CG blocks related to data group

**Parameters** dg(int) – data group number

fid

#### fileName

**list\_channels4** (file\_name=None, fid=None)
Read MDF file and extract its complete structure

## **Parameters**

- **file\_name** (str) file name
- fid-

## Returns

Return type list of channel names contained in file

**read\_cg\_block** (fid, dg, cg, pointer, vlsd\_cg\_block, channel\_name\_list=False, minimal=0) reads one Channel Group block

#### **Parameters**

- **fid** (float) file identifier
- **dg** (*int*) data group number
- cg (int) channel group number
- **channel\_name\_list** (bool) Flag to reads only channel blocks for listChannels4 method
- minimal (falq) to activate minimum content reading for raw data fetching

## Returns vlsd\_cg\_block

Return type boolean

read\_cg\_blocks (fid, dg, channel\_name\_list=False, minimal=0) reads Channel Group blocks linked to same Data Block dg

### **Parameters**

- **fid** (float) file identifier
- dq (int) data group number
- channel\_name\_list (bool) Flag to reads only channel blocks for listChannels4 method
- minimal (falg) to activate minimum content reading for raw data fetching

## read\_ch\_block (fid, pointer)

reads channel hierarchy Blocks

## **Parameters**

- fid (identifier) file identifier
- pointer (int) position of EVBlock in file

#### Returns

Return type channel hierarchy Blocks in a dict

read\_cn\_block (fid, pointer, dg, cg, mlsd\_channels, vlsd, minimal, channel\_name\_list)
reads single Channel block

#### **Parameters**

- **fid** (float) file identifier
- pointer (int) position in file
- dg (int) data group number
- cg (int) channel group number in data group
- mlsd\_channels (list of int) list of maximum length data channel numbers
- minimal (flag) to activate minimum content reading for raw data fetching
- channel\_name\_list (bool) Flag to reads only channel blocks for listChannels4 method

#### Returns

- cn (integer) channel number
- MLSDChannels list of appended Maximum Length Sampling Data channels
- vlsd (boolean)

read\_cn\_blocks (fid, dg, cg, channel\_name\_list=False, minimal=0)
reads Channel blocks link to CG Block

## **Parameters**

- **fid** (float) file identifier
- dg (int) data group number
- $\operatorname{\mathbf{cg}}(int)$  channel group number in data group
- channel\_name\_list (bool) Flag to reads only channel blocks for listChannels4 method
- minimal (flag) to activate minimum content reading for raw data fetching

## Returns vlsd

Return type boolean

read\_dg\_block (fid, channel\_name\_list=False, minimal=0)
reads Data Group Blocks

## **Parameters**

• **fid** (float) – file identifier

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- channel\_name\_list (bool) Flag to reads only channel blocks for listChannels4 method
- minimal (falg) to activate minimum content reading for raw data fetching

## static read\_ev\_block (fid, pointer)

reads Events Blocks

#### **Parameters**

- fid (identifier) file identifier
- pointer (int) position of EVBlock in file

## Returns

Return type Event Blocks in a dict

## read\_info (fid, minimal)

read all file blocks except data

#### **Parameters**

- **fid** (identifier) file identifier
- minimal (flag) to activate minimum content reading for raw data fetching

## static read\_sr\_block (fid, pointer)

reads Sample Reduction Blocks

#### **Parameters**

- **fid** (float) file identifier
- pointer (int) position of SRBlock in file

## Returns

Return type Sample Reduction Blocks in a dict

```
unique_id (ndg, ncg, ncn)
generate unique id tuples
```

## **Parameters**

- **ndg** (*int*) data group number
- ncg(int) channel group number
- ncn (int) channel number

**Returns tuples** – (channel name, channel source, channel path), (group name, group source, group path)

Return type (data group number, channel group number, channel number),

## zipfile

```
class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.LDBlock
    Bases: dict
    reads List Data block
    load (record_byte_offset, n_records, position, invalid_bytes=0, column_oriented_flag=False)
    read_ld(fid, link_count)
    write(fid, data, invalid_data=None, compression_flag=False)
```

class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.SIBlock

Bases: dict

reads Source Information block and saves in class dict

read\_si (fid, pointer)

class mdfreader.mdfinfo4.SRBlock (fid, pointer)

Bases: dict

reads Sample Reduction block and saves in class dict

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## **CHANNEL MODULE DOCUMENTATION**

```
Measured Data Format file reader module.
     Author Aymeric Rateau
Created on Wed Oct 04 21:13:28 2017
mdfreader.channel.PythonVersion
     Python version currently running, needed for compatibility of both python 3.4+
          Type float
mdfreader.channel.channel
class mdfreader.channel.Channel3(info,
                                                   data_group,
                                                                 channel_group,
                                                                                   channel_number,
                                            record_id_number)
     Bases: object
     Channel class gathers all about channel structure in a record
     name
          Name of channel
              Type str
     unit
          channel unit
              Type str, default empty string
     desc
          channel description
              Type str
     conversion
          conversion dictionnary
              Type info class
     channelNumber
          channel number corresponding to mdfinfo3.info3 class
              Type int
     signalDataType
          signal type according to specification
```

Type int

#### bitCount

number of bits used to store channel record

Type int

## nBytes\_aligned

number of bytes (1 byte = 8 bits) taken by channel record

Type int

#### dataFormat

numpy dtype as string

Type str

#### **CFormat**

struct instance to convert from C Format

Type struct class instance

## byteOffset

position of channel record in complete record in bytes

**Type** int

#### bitOffset

bit position of channel value inside byte in case of channel having bit count below 8

Type int

## recAttributeName

channel name compliant to a valid python identifier (recarray attribute)

Type str

## RecordFormat

dtype format used for numpy.core.records functions ((name\_title,name),str\_stype)

Type list of str

## channelType

channel type

Type int

## posByteBeg

start position in number of bit of channel record in complete record

Type int

## posByteEnd

end position in number of bit of channel record in complete record

Type int

## bit\_masking\_needed

True if bit masking needed after data read

Type bool, default false

\_\_init\_\_ (info, dataGroup, channelGroup, channelNumber, recordIDnumber)
constructor

\_\_str\_\_()

to print class attributes

```
rename duplicated channel name within unsorted channel groups
     change_channel_name (channel_group)
          In case of duplicate channel names within several channel groups for unsorted data, rename channel name
              Parameters channel group (int) - channelGroup number
class mdfreader.channel.Channel4(data_group, channel_group, channel_number)
     Bases: object
     CANOpen_offset()
          CANopen channel bytes offset
              Returns
              Return type integer, channel bytes offset
     VLSD_CG_Flag
     attachment (fid, info)
          In case of sync channel attached to channel
              Parameters
                  • fid (class) – file identifier
                  • info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
              Returns
              Return type ATBlock class from mdfinfo4 module
     bit_count (info)
          calculates channel number of bits
              Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
              Returns
              Return type integer corresponding to channel number of bits
     bit_masking_need(info)
          Valid if bit masking need
              Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
              Return type boolean True if channel needs bit masking, otherwise False
     bit offset (info)
          channel data bit offset in record
              Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
              Return type integer, channel bit offset
     byteOffset
     c_format (info)
          channel data C format
              Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
              Returns
```

change\_channel\_name (channel\_group)

Return type string data C format

## c\_format\_structure (info)

channel data C format struct object

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks

Returns

Return type string data C format struct object

## ca\_block(info)

Extracts channel CA Block from info4

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks

Returns

Return type CABlock object from mdfinfo4 module

## calc\_byte\_offset (info)

channel data bytes offset in record (without record id)

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks

Returns

Return type integer, channel bytes offset

## calc\_bytes (info, aligned=True)

calculates channel aligned bytes number

#### **Parameters**

- info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
- aligned (boolean) with or without aligned bytes

Returns

Return type number of bytes integer

## change\_channel\_name(channel\_group)

In case of duplicate channel names within several channel groups for unsorted data, rename channel name

**Parameters** channel\_group (int) - channelGroup number

channelGroup

channelNumber

#### channel sync type (info)

Extracts channel sync type from info4

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks

## Returns

- integer corresponding to channel sync type
- 0 no sync, normal data
- 1 time
- 2 angle
- 3 distance
- 4 index

## channel\_type (info)

Extracts channel type from info4

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks

#### Returns

- integer describing channel type
- 0 normal channel
- 1 variable length
- 2 master channel
- 3 virtual master channel
- 4 sync channel
- 5 max length data
- 6 virtual data channel

## cn block (info)

channel block

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks

Returns

Return type CNBlock class from mdfinfo4 module

## ${\tt conversion}\ (\mathit{info})$

channel conversion CCBlock

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks

Returns

Return type CCBlock

## data(info)

returns data block pointer for VLSD, MLD or sync channels

## dataGroup

## data\_format (info)

channel numpy.core.records data format

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks

**Returns** 

Return type string data format

## desc(info)

channel description

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks

**Returns** 

Return type channel description string

## has\_invalid\_bit(info)

## invalid bit (info)

extracts from info4 the channels valid bits positions

```
Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
         Returns
         Return type channel valid bit position
is_ca_block (info)
isnumeric(info)
     check this is numeric channel from data type
         Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
         Returns
         Return type boolean, true if numeric channel, otherwise false
little_endian(info)
     check if channel is little endian
         Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
         Returns
         Return type boolean
nBytes_aligned
name
native data format(info)
numpy format (info)
     channel numpy.core.records data format
         Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
         Returns endian, dataType
         Return type string data format
pos_bit_beg
pos_bit_begin(info)
     channel data bit starting position in record
         Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
         Returns
         Return type integer, channel bit starting position
pos bit end(info)
     channel data bit ending position in record
         Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
         Returns
         Return type integer, channel bit ending position
pos_byte_beg(info)
     channel data bytes starting position in record
         Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
         Returns
         Return type integer, channel bytes starting position
```

## pos\_byte\_end(info)

channel data bytes ending position in record

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks

#### Returns

**Return type** integer, channel bytes ending position

## record\_attribute\_name()

clean up channel name from unauthorised characters

#### Returns

**Return type** channel name compliant to python attributes names (for recarray)

## record\_id\_size(info)

Extracts record id size from info4

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks

## Returns

- integer describing record id size
- 0 no record id used
- 1 uint8
- 2 uint16
- 4 uint32
- 8 uint64

## set (info)

channel initialisation

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) -

## set\_CANOpen (info, name)

CANOpen channel intialisation

## **Parameters**

- info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
- name (str) name of channel. Should be in ('ms', 'day', 'days', 'hour', 'month', 'minute', 'year')

## set\_invalid\_bytes(info)

invalid bytes channel initialisation

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks

## signal\_data\_type (info, byte\_aligned=True)

extract signal data type from info4 class

#### **Parameters**

- info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) info4 class containing all MDF Blocks
- byte\_aligned (bool) flag activated if channel is part of a record byte aligned

## Returns

- integer corresponding to channel data type
- 0 unsigned integer little endian

- 1 unsigned integer big endian
- 2 signed integer little endian
- 3 signed integer big endian
- 4 float little endian
- 5 float big endian
- 6 string latin
- 7 string utf-8
- 9 string utf-16
- 10 byte array
- 11 mime sample
- 12 mime stream
- 13 CANopen date
- 14 CANopen time
- 15 LE Complex
- 16 BE Complex

## type

unit (info)

channel unit

Parameters info (mdfinfo4.info4 class) - info4 class containing all MDF Blocks

Returns

Return type channel unit string

mdfreader.channel.array\_format4 (signal\_data\_type, number\_of\_bytes) function returning numpy style string from channel data type and number of bits

## **Parameters**

- **signal\_data\_type** (*int*) channel data type according to specification
- number\_of\_bytes (int) number of bytes taken by channel data in a record

**Returns endian, data\_type** – numpy dtype format used by numpy.core.records to read channel raw data

Return type str

mdfreader.channel.data\_type\_format4 (signal\_data\_type, number\_of\_bytes)
function returning C format string from channel data type and number of bits

#### **Parameters**

- **signal\_data\_type** (*int*) channel data type according to specification
- number\_of\_bytes (int) number of bytes taken by channel data in a record

Returns data\_type - C format used by fread to read channel raw data

Return type str

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