2.7 GHz RF Downconverter

NI PXI-5600

- 9 kHz to 2.7 GHz
- 20 MHz real-time bandwidth
- High-stability timebase (10 MHz OCXO)
 - ±20 ppb frequency stability
- ±50 ppb frequency accuracy
 >80 dB spurious-free dynamic range
- +30 dBm full-scale input range
- <-135 dBm/Hz average noise density

Operating Systems

Windows 2000/NT/XP

Recommended Software

- LabVIEW
- LabWindows/CVI

Driver Software (included)

NI-TUNER

Calibration Certificate Included See page 21.



Overview

The National Instruments PXI-5600 is a modular, broadband downconverter, capable of vector RF measurements in a compact 3U PXI module. The NI PXI-5600 features a wide real-time bandwidth, a highly stable time base, and excellent integration with PXI digitizers for RF analysis applications.

Hardware Analog Input

The PXI-5600 can acquire a wide range of signals, from +30 dBm to less than -130 dBm, with 50 dB of input attenuation, scalable in 10 dB steps.

Frequency Characteristics

The PXI-5600 provides outstanding frequency characteristics over its operating range of 9 kHz to 2.7 GHz. It provides an typical noise density of <-140 dBm/Hz and over 80 dB of intermodulation spurious-free dynamic range. Typical phase noise is <-94 dBc/Hz at a 10 kHz offset.

Ultrahigh-Stability Timebase

The PXI-5600 offers an extremely high-stability timebase with frequency stability of ± 20 ppb and frequency accuracy of ± 50 ppb, making it useful for a range of automation applications, where outstanding frequency accuracy is required.

Accuracy

The noise and distortion characteristics of the PXI-5600 are stable and repeatable over a wide range of time and temperatures. For example, at a 1 MHz measurement bandwidth, a -30 dBm input signal typically has a single, unaveraged, measurement repeatability of less than 0.2 dB. The PXI-5600 employs a software compensation method that reduces amplitude error to less than 0.2 dB over a 20 °C change.

General Purpose Test Spectral analysis Ultrasound/radar/lidar RF component characterization Military/aerospace Commercial Electronics Test Cable modem Wireless LAN and bluetooth Commercial radio and television Satellite Table 1. Applications for

the PXI-5600

Clock Generation and Triggering

The 10 MHz reference clock on the PXI-5600 can synchronize to any one of three sources - the onboard high-precision OCXO reference clock, an external reference clock, or the PXI backplane. Using the PXI backplane, you can PXI-5600s and synchronize PXI modules without using any cables. You can synchronize the PXI-5600 to an external source using front-panel connectors.

The NI PXI-5600 can import and export triggers from the PXI trigger bus, the PXI star trigger line, or the front panel SMA connector. The PXI trigger bus greatly simplifies synchronizing RF measurements with other PXI modules such as DMMs, audio analyzers, and machine vision modules.

Calibration

National Instruments calibrates the amplitude accuracy of the analog input. Temperature variations are calibrated and corrected during normal operation, resulting in very high stability and repeatability. The module is shipped with NIST-traceable and ISO-9002-certified calibration certificates.

2.7 GHz RF Downconverter

Software

National Instruments NI-TUNER software is included with the PXI-5600. NI-TUNER provides a driver-level interface that integrates with LabVIEW and LabWindows/CVI.

< 4.1 (7 Term BH)

Ordering Information

NI PXI-5600778283-01 Includes module, and NI-TUNER software.

BUY ONLINE!

Visit ni.com/products and enter pxi5600.

3rd-order intermodulation distortion (Two -30 dBm tones, >200 kHz separation)

Specifications -

Valid over specified Operating Environment (0 to 50 °C) unless otherwise stated.

Channels

IF output 1

Frequency

Frequency range 9 kHz to 2.7 GHz
Real-time bandwidth 20 MHz Internal reference frequency...... 10 MHz Temperature stability ±20 ppb maximum¹ Initial achievable accuracy..... ±50 ppb maximum Aging±100 ppb per year Locking range>± 0.5 ppm Lock time to ext. frequency reference <10 s Warm-up time (typical) 15 minutes Selectivity (60 dB : 3 dB)...... < 2.5 (flat top)

Tuning Resolution

RF downconverter (PXI-5600)...... 1 MHz minimum Tuning speed (1% of step size)...... 10 ms maximum Spectral purity (noise sidebands) at 100 MHz 1 kHz offset..... <-80 dBc/Hz² 10 kHz offset..... <-90 dBc/Hz 30 kHz offset..... <-95 dBc/Hz 100 kHz offset..... <-110 dBc/Hz 1 MHz offset..... <-120 dBc/Hz Sideband spurs > 10 kHz offset <-70 dBc

Amplitude

Input signal range <-130 to 30 dBm Max safe input power (continuous)......+30 dBm (Atten 10dB) +20 dBm (Atten: 0 dB) Relative accuracy (to 100 MHz, 15 to 35 °C) <2 GHz, calibrated...... ± 0.75 dB, ± 0.5 dB typical

>2 GHz, calibrated..... ±1.25 dB, ±0.9 dB typical Absolute accuracy (15 to 35 °C)

<2 GHz, calibrated ±1 dB, ±0.6 dB typical >2 GHz, calibrated...... ±1.5 dB, ±1 dB typical Group delay variation ±15 ns max above 100 kHz

Mixer stage levels (1 dB gain compression)

10 MHz to 1 GHz>0 dBm 1 to 2.7 GHz>2 dBm 10 to 50 °C, referenced to 25 °C

²For spans 20 kHz, for spans > 20 kHz the value is <-78 dBc/Hz

 3DC levels up to \pm 25 V DC at input will not damage the instrument; however, high transient currents from low impedance DC step voltages at input can cause damage.

Spurious Responses

2nd-order harmonic distortion (single - 30 dBm tone) 100 kHz to 2.7 GHz <-80 dBc (IIP2> +50 dBm)

| 10 MHz to 1 GHz | <-80 dBc (IIP3> +10 dBm) | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 to 2.7 GHz | <-85 dBc (IIP3 > +12 dBm) | | |
| Input-related spurs | | | |
| Signal Level = -30 dBm, 0 dB attenuation | | | |
| >5 MHz | <-70 dBc | | |
| <5 MHz | <-60 dBc | | |
| Residual response-related spurs | | | |
| Input terminated, 0 dB input attenuation | | | |
| >5 MHz | <-100 dBm | | |
| <5 MHz | <-80 dBm | | |
| Noise density | | | |
| 9 kHz to 1 GHz | <-135 dBm/Hz (-140 dBm/Hz typical) | | |
| 1 to 2 GHz | <-134 dBm/Hz | | |
| 2 to 2.5 GHz | <-130 dBm/Hz (-133 dBm/Hz typical) | | |
| 2.5 to 2.7 GHz | <-128 dBm/Hz (-130 dBm/Hz typical) | | |
| Inputs/Outputs | | | |
| RF input | 50 , AC-coupled SMA female | | |
| VSWR (input atten = 10 dB) | | | |
| 9 kHz to 1 GHz | <1.3:1 | | |
| 1 to 2.7 GHz | <1.5:1 | | |
| LO emission from RF input | <-87 dBm maximum | | |
| IF output | 50 SMA female | | |
| Frequency | . 5 MHz to 25 MHz | | |
| Amplitude | | | |
| External frequency reference input | . 50 , SMA female | | |
| Input amplitude | | | |
| Maximum safe input level | +20 dBm | | |
| Maximum DC input voltage | ±10 V | | |
| Input frequency range | 10 MHz (±0.5 ppm) | | |
| 10 MHz output (2 ports) | 50 , SMA female | | |
| Signal | Square wave | | |
| Amplitude | | | |
| Accuracy | See frequency reference | | |
| PXI 10 MHz input/output (50 , SMA female) | • | | |
| Input amplitude | -5 to +15 dBm | | |
| | | | |

Power Requirements

Typical

| +3.3 VDC (± 5 %) | +5 VDC (± 5 %) | +12 VDC (± 5 %) | -12 VDC (± 5 %) |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 920 mA | 2.3 A | 700 mA | 115 mA |
| | | | |

Physical

Output amplitude...... 0.5V (+7 dBm) into 50

Environment

Operating temperature 0 to 50 °C Storage temperature-20 to +70 °C Relative humidity 10 to 90%, noncondensing

Calibration

Interval 1 year

Certifications and Compliances

CE Mark Compliance (€