Mali OpenGL ES Emulator v3.0.2 User Guide for Windows

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Introduction

The Mali OpenGL ES Emulator allows you to use the OpenGL ES 2.0, 3.0, 3.1 and 3.2 APIs to render 3D graphics content on a desktop PC.

You can use it to try out ideas and develop content without having access to an embedded or mobile device, or to allow your cross-platform application to target both mobile and desktop GPUs without having to modify the graphics layer.

The Mali OpenGL ES Emulator is available for both Windows and Linux, and comes in both 32 and 64 bit variants.

This document describes how to install and use the Mali OpenGL ES Emulator on Windows systems.

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Installation and Configuration

Topics:

- Minimum Requirements
- Installation Using Installer
- Installation from ZIP Package
- Installation Results
- Verifying the Installation

The installation package for the Mali OpenGL ES Emulator contains everything you need to get started building OpenGL ES applications on a desktop computer. It includes header files and shared libraries to which you can link your application in order to render 3D graphics using the OpenGL ES APIs.

You should have downloaded the installation package for Windows. The package should closely resemble your host environment. If you aren't sure which package to choose, the 32 bit version will work across the widest variety of platforms.

The installation package contains three main components: the emulator libraries, the header files and a simple demonstration program as executable.



Caution: It's possible to install both the 32 and 64 bit variants of Mali OpenGL ES Emulator on the same system, but the correct management of paths is left to the user. The installer will set up the system to use the emulator headers and libraries that were installed most recently.

Minimum Requirements

In general, the Mali OpenGL ES Emulator will work on any system that supports at least:

- OpenGL 3.2 when OpenGL ES 2.0 contexts are used¹
- OpenGL 3.3 when OpenGL ES 3.0 contexts are used
- OpenGL 4.3 when OpenGL ES 3.1 or 3.2 contexts are used²

On all systems, up-to-date operating system components and graphics drivers are recommended.

We recommend using the Mali OpenGL ES Emulator with NVIDIA drivers. At the date of this release the reference driver version is 344.60 or higher.

We are aware of various issues when running the Emulator with ATI/AMD drivers and are working on improving the support. Detailed interoperability with other drivers was not tested.

Installation Using Installer

The Mali OpenGL ES Emulator is provided as an executable installer package. To install the software, run the installer and follow the instructions on screen. The installer will prompt you to specify where to install the libraries and headers.



Note: By default, the installer will create two extra environment variables in the current user profile: KHRONOS_HEADERS indicates location of include headers installed and OPENGLES LIBDIR that indicates location of where OpenGL ES libraries of the emulator are installed. These might be helpful for using them within a build environment.

Installation from ZIP Package

As alternative, the Mali OpenGL ES Emulator is provided as a . zip package that can be unpacked to any location on disk, but in this case you will be required to manually add the libraries and headers to your build and runtime environment.

Once unpacked, you can run mali-cube.exe application straight from directory with the Emulator binaries.

For example, if the OpenGL ES Emulator ZIP package has been extracted to C: \Mali OpenGL ES Emulator directory, you can use a command line to run mali-cube from within any other directory the following way:

```
> set EMULATOR PATH=C:\Mali OpenGL ES Emulator
> set PATH=%PATH%;%EMULATOR PATH%
> %EMULATOR PATH%\mali-cube.exe
```

The same set up applies when running custom applications linked against the Emulator.

Installation Results

Both the installer and ZIP packages provide the following file structure:

```
C:\Program Files\ARM\Mali Developer Tools\Mali OpenGL ES Emulator 3.0.2
  +-mali-cube.exe
  +-mali-checker.exe
  +-libGLESv2.dll
  +-libGLESv2.lib
  +-libEGL.dll
```

ARB sampler objects also required, otherwise OpenGL 3.3.

To use GL PRIMITIVE_RESTART_FOR_PATCHES_SUPPORTED OpenGL 4.4 is required.

```
+-libEGL.lib
+-libMaliEmulator.dll
+-libMaliEmulator.lib
+-log4cplus.dll
+-msvcp110.dll
+-msvcp120.dll
+-msvcr110.dll
+-msvcr120.dll
+-include
  +-EGL
  +-GLES2
  +-GLES3
  +-KHR
+-openglessl
+-Mali-T600_r7p0-00rel0.dll
+-EULA.txt
+-LICENSES.txt
+-Mali OpenGL ES Emulator v3.0.2 User Guide for Windows.pdf
```

Verifying the Installation

Run Mali Cube application.

You can locate it in Windows Start > All Programs > ARM > Mali OpenGL ES Emulator > Mali Cube

You should see a Mali Cube application running indicating that the Mali OpenGL ES Emulator is correctly installed.



Figure 1: Screenshot of the Mali Cube Application

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Using with Your Application

Topics:

- Compiling Your Project
- Choosing an EGL Configuration
- Creating an EGL Context
- Tessellation Extension

This chapter describes some basic preparations to have your OpenGL ES application working with Mali OpenGL ES Emulator.

The following instruction assumes you are compiling your OpenGL ES application on Windows desktop using Microsoft Visual Studio 2013 (or newer) compiler ³ appropriate to the bitness of the installed version of Mali OpenGL ES Emulator.

The default OpenGL ES Emulator installation creates two environment variables KHRONOS_HEADERS and OPENGLES_LIBDIR that contain locations of include headers and emulator libraries respectively. For example, you should be able to build your application, using cl.exe:

```
cl.exe /I"%KHRONOS_HEADERS%" main.c "%OPENGLES_LIBDIR%/libEGL.lib" "%OPENGLES_LIBDIR%/libGLESv2.lib"
```

and in your code, you should reference the headers as follows:

```
#include <EGL/egl.h>
#include <GLES3/gl3.h>
```



Note: libEGL.dll and libGLES.dll libraries use the __stdcall calling convention.

Choosing an EGL Configuration

The Mali OpenGL ES Emulator supports OpenGL ES 2.0, 3.0, 3.1 and 3.2 EGL configs. You should ensure that your application requests the correct type of config by passing the EGL RENDERABLE TYPE attribute to eglChooseConfig:

- To request an OpenGL ES 2.0 config, use <code>EGL_OPENGL_ES2_BIT</code>.
- To request an OpenGL ES 3.0, 3.1 or 3.2 config, use EGL_OPENGL_ES3_BIT_KHR.

For example:

You can also request that both types of configs are returned by bitwise-ORing the values: EGL OPENGL ES2 BIT | EGL_OPENGL_ES3_BIT_KHR.

It is possible to request EGL config either with no caveats (neither EGL_SLOW_CONFIG or EGL_NON_CONFORMANT_CONFIG) or regardless of any caveats by passing the EGL_CONFORMANT attribute to eqlChooseConfig:

- To request an OpenGL ES 2.0 config with no caveats, use EGL OPENGL ES2 BIT.
- To request an OpenGL ES 3.0, 3.1 or 3.2 config with no caveats, use EGL_OPENGL_ES3_BIT_KHR.

If you are using other compiler, consult its documentation for how to add headers and libraries on your system.

Creating an EGL Context

Similarly, eglCreateContext can create OpenGL ES 2.0, 3.0, 3.1 or 3.2 contexts.

For ES 2.0 or 3.0 contexts, pass the EGL_CONTEXT_CLIENT_VERSION attribute with an appropriate value:

```
EGLDisplay display;
EGLConfig configs[1];
EGLContext context;

EGLint context_attributes[] = {
    EGL_CONTEXT_CLIENT_VERSION, 2, // Select an OpenGL ES 2.0 context
    EGL_NONE
    };

context = eglCreateContext(display, configs[0], EGL_NO_CONTEXT, context_attributes);
```

For ES 3.1 or 3.2 contexts pass pair of <code>EGL_CONTEXT_MAJOR_VERSION</code> and <code>EGL_CONTEXT_MINOR_VERSION</code> attributes with appropriate value:

Tessellation Extension

Because of a small inconsistency in Khronos extension definitions, there is one thing worth to pay attention to when using **GL_EXT_tessellation_shader** extensions.

This extension is available with GLES 3.1 and 3.2 version contexts. However specific entry points and enums are defined in gles2ext.h header file. Therefore when using this extension the include section in you applications should contain both files:

```
#include <GLES2/gl2ext.h>
#include <GLES3/gl31.h>
```

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OpenGL ES Implementation

Topics:

- OpenGL ES Extensions
- Shading Language Version
- Compressed Texture Formats
- ASTC Format Support
- KHR Debug Extension
- Limitations

The Mali OpenGL ES Emulator works by transparently converting all OpenGL ES API calls to appropriate sequences of OpenGL calls. These OpenGL calls are then handled by the native platform's graphics driver. OpenGL ES calls are converted to OpenGL calls.

Because of the difference in specifications, OpenGL ES parameters are not always compatible with OpenGL. The API call conversion checks OpenGL ES parameters, and rejects invalid parameter values. The OpenGL ES Emulator depends on the functionality of the OpenGL implementation provided by the graphics card drivers. In some cases, this dependency can lead to limitations in the OpenGL ES implementation. This occurs when the behaviour of the graphics card driver differs from:

- OpenGL 3.2 specification plus ARB_sampler_objects extension or OpenGL 3.3 for OpenGL ES 2.0 contexts
- OpenGL 3.3 specification for OpenGL ES 3.0 contexts
- OpenGL 4.3 specification for OpenGL ES 3.1 contexts
- OpenGL 4.3 specification for OpenGL ES 3.2 contexts

The table below lists all OpenGL ES extensions supported by the OpenGL ES Emulator in various context types.

Table 1: OpenGL ES Extensions Supported by various context types.

Extension Name	2.0	3.0	3.1	3.2
GL_ARM_rgba8	X	Х	Х	Х
GL_EXT_blend_minmax	Χ	Χ	Χ	X
GL_EXT_discard_framebuffer	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_EXT_multisampled_render_to_texture	Χ	Χ	Χ	X
GL_EXT_occlusion_query_boolean	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_EXT_read_format_bgra	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_EXT_texture_format_BGRA8888	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_EXT_texture_rg	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_EXT_texture_storage	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_EXT_texture_type_2_10_10_10_REV	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_compressed_ETC1_RGB8_texture	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_compressed_paletted_texture	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_depth_texture	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_depth24	Χ	Χ	Χ	X
GL_OES_EGL_image	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_EGL_image_external	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_element_index_uint	Χ	Χ	Χ	X
GL_OES_fbo_render_mipmap	Χ	Χ	Χ	X
GL_OES_mapbuffer	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_packed_depth_stencil	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_read_format	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_required_internalformat	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_rgb8_rgba8	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_standard_derivatives	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_texture_3D	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_texture_npot	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_vertex_array_object	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_OES_vertex_half_float	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_KHR_debug	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
GL_EXT_shader_io_blocks			Χ	Χ
GL_EXT_gpu_shader5			Χ	Χ
GL_EXT_geometry_shader			Χ	Χ
GL_EXT_tessellation_shader			Χ	X
GL_KHR_blend_equation_advanced			Χ	Х

Χ

Χ

Shading Language Version

GL EXT texture cube map array

For OpenGL ES 2.0 contexts, the Mali OpenGL ES Emulator supports up to version 1.2 of the OpenGL ES Shader Language.

For OpenGL ES 3.0 contexts, OpenGL ES Shader Language version 3.0 is supported. For OpenGL ES 3.1 contexts, OpenGL ES Shader Language 3.1 is supported. For OpenGL ES 3.2 contexts, OpenGL ES Shader Language 3.2 is supported.

Compressed Texture Formats

The emulator supports (and reports support for) the following compressed texture formats for OpenGL ES 3.0, 3.1 and 3.2:

- GL COMPRESSED R11 EAC
- GL COMPRESSED RG11 EAC
- GL COMPRESSED RGB8 ETC2
- GL COMPRESSED RGB8 PUNCHTHROUGH ALPHA1 ETC2
- GL COMPRESSED RGBA8 ETC2 EAC
- GL COMPRESSED SIGNED R11 EAC
- GL COMPRESSED SIGNED RG11 EAC
- GL_COMPRESSED_SRGB8_ALPHA8_ETC2_EAC
- GL_COMPRESSED_SRGB8_PUNCHTHROUGH_ALPHA1_ETC2
- GL COMPRESSED SRGB8 ETC2
- GL ETC1 RGB8 OES

ASTC Format Support

The following ASTC formats are supported in OpenGL ES 3.0, 3.1 and 3.2:

- GL COMPRESSED RGBA ASTC 4x4 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED RGBA ASTC 5x4 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED RGBA ASTC 5x5 KHR
- GL_COMPRESSED_RGBA_ASTC_6x5_KHR
- GL_COMPRESSED_RGBA_ASTC_6x6_KHR

- GL COMPRESSED RGBA ASTC 8x6 KHR
- GL_COMPRESSED RGBA ASTC 8x8 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED RGBA ASTC 10x5 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED RGBA ASTC 10x6 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED RGBA ASTC 10x8 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED RGBA ASTC 10x10 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED RGBA ASTC 12x10 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED RGBA ASTC 12x12 KHR

which are stored in GL RGBA + GL RGBA + GL FLOAT internal format, and

- GL COMPRESSED SRGB8 ALPHA8 ASTC 4x4 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED SRGB8 ALPHA8 ASTC 5x4 KHR
- GL_COMPRESSED_SRGB8_ALPHA8_ASTC_5x5_KHR
- GL COMPRESSED SRGB8 ALPHA8 ASTC 6x5 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED SRGB8 ALPHA8 ASTC 6x6 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED SRGB8 ALPHA8 ASTC 8x5 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED SRGB8 ALPHA8 ASTC 8x6 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED SRGB8 ALPHA8 ASTC 8x8 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED SRGB8 ALPHA8 ASTC 10x5 KHR
- GL_COMPRESSED_SRGB8_ALPHA8_ASTC_10x6_KHR
- GL_COMPRESSED_SRGB8_ALPHA8_ASTC_10x8_KHR
- GL COMPRESSED SRGB8 ALPHA8 ASTC 10x10 KHR
- GL COMPRESSED SRGB8 ALPHA8 ASTC 12x10 KHR
- GL_COMPRESSED_SRGB8_ALPHA8_ASTC_12x12_KHR

which are stored in <code>GL_RGBA + GL_SRGB_ALPHA + GL_FLOAT</code> internal format. Internally, the textures are decompressed to unsigned byte format (the number of components depends on the compression algorithm in question) or floating-point format.

KHR Debug Extension

Scope

Debug messages are related with OpenGL ES emulation sub-system. EGL part is not covered by debug messages reported by implementation of this extension.

Messages

Debug messages are consistent to various error, warning and information messages the Emulator reports to the user console in the run-time. By using KHR_Debug interface, all internal messages are reported as <code>GL_DEBUG_TYPE_ERROR_KHR</code> type and as <code>GL_DEBUG_SOURCE_API</code> source. What differentiates them is their severity so that:

- FATAL ERROR level emulator messages have severity set to GL DEBUG SEVERITY HIGH KHR
- ERROR level emulator messages have severity set to GL_DEBUG_SEVERITY_MEDIUM_KHR
- WARNING level emulator messages and ERROR messages have severity set to GL_DEBUG_SEVERITY_LOW_KHR
- INFO level emulator messages and ERROR messages have severity set to GL DEBUG SEVERITY NOTIFICATION KHR

Debug Groups

OpenGL ES Emulator doesn't support more than one default debug message group. Calling PopDebugGroup() and PushDebugGroup(...) produces GL_STACK_UNDERFLOW and GL_STACK_OVERFLOW errors respectively.

Value of GL DEBUG GROUP STACK DEPTH is always 1.

Asynchronous and Synchronous Debug Output

Only asynchronous message callback is supported. Enabling synchronous callback with <code>GL_DEBUG_OUTPUT_SYNCHRONOUS</code> flag gives no effect and produces <code>GL_INVALID_OPERATION</code> error.

Debug Labels

At the moment there is no support for sync object labels. Calling ObjectPtrLabel(...) and GetObjectPtrLabel(...) generates $GL_INVALID_OPERATION$ error.

Interaction with GL side of KHR_Debug

No interoperation with KHR_Debug that is provided by the underlying OpenGL driver. That means any debug message or label queries from/to GL are not reachable by the application.

Additional Considerations

Implementation dependent constants have values of:

- GL MAX DEBUG MESSAGE LENGTH is set to 512
- GL_MAX_DEBUG_LOGGED_MESSAGES is set to 2048
- GL MAX LABEL LENGTH value will be arbitrarily set to 256.

Emulator offers KHR_Debug support for any context type - also those context types created without EGL_CONTEXT_OPENGL_DEBUG_BIT_KHR flag. glGetInteger(...) called with GL CONTEXT FLAG DEBUG BIT KHR always returns GL TRUE.

Message Identifiers

All debug messages from the Emulator have values in range 0x2000 to 0x4000.

Limitations

ES 3.1 Support

The following features are known to have limited or non-conformant behaviour:

- There is no exact support for glMemoryBarrierByRegion entrypoint implementation as defined in OpenGL ES 3.1 specification. The entrypoint function is available in the Emulator but acts exactly as glMemoryBarrier function.
- Usage of built-in mix function in shaders when uvec4 type values are used as arguments,
- GL TRANSFORM FEEDBACK VARYING passed as programInterface parameter as per specification.
- Using built-in special fragment shader variable gl HelperInvocation is not supported.
- When extension GL_EXT_shader_io_blocks is enabled and separable programs are used, precision qualifiers for variables in the interface blocks are omitted from checking input-output interface matching in program pipelines.

Implementation-specific Behaviour

Where the OpenGL ES specifications permit implementation-specific behaviour, the behaviour is usually determined by the underlying driver. The behaviour of the graphics card drivers can differ from the behaviour of Mali drivers and hardware. This includes implementation-dependent limits, for example:

· texture sizes

- extensions
- · mipmap level calculation
- · precision of shaders
- · framebuffers.

The following properties are enforced to mimic Mali driver behaviour:

- GL MAX RENDERBUFFER SIZE is 4096 (for OpenGL ES 2.0, 3.0 and 3.1 contexts)
- GL MAX UNIFORM BLOCK SIZE is 16384 (for OpenGL ES 3.0 and 3.1 contexts only)

glProgramBinary Always Fails

The emulator does not support any program binary formats. The call glProgramBinary always returns GL INVALID OPERATION.

glShaderBinary Always Fails

Because of the incompatibility between binary formats for different graphics drivers, the OpenGL ES Emulator provides support for ESSL shader source code only and does not provide support for compiled Mali-200 or Mali-400 MP shader binaries. The call <code>glShaderBinary</code> has no functionality and always returns the error <code>GL_INVALID_ENUM</code> because no binary formats are supported.

glGetShaderPrecisionFormat Values

For OpenGL ES 3.0 and 3.1 applications, <code>glGetShaderPrecisionFormat</code> forwards the call to the underlying GL implementation if the <code>ARB_ES2_compatibility</code> extension is present. If the extension is not present, the following range and precision information is reported:

- GL_LOW_FLOAT / GL_MEDIUM_FLOAT / GL_HIGH_FLOAT precision type: Min range: 127, Max range: 127, Precision: 23
- GL_LOW_INT, GL_MEDIUM_INT, GL_HIGH_INT precision type: Min range: 31, Max range: 30, Precision: 0

Fixed-point Data Gives Reduced Performance

OpenGL 3.0 does not provide support for fixed-point data, but this is required by the OpenGL ES 3.0 specification. The Mali OpenGL ES Emulator converts fixed-point data and passes it to OpenGL. For the emulator, fixed-point data gives lower performance than floating-point data. This effect is stronger if you use a client-side vertex array rather than a vertex buffer object. The emulator must convert a client-side vertex array on each draw call because the client application might modify the data between draw calls.

glFinish Calls Block for One Second

Calls to glFinish will block the calling thread for one second and are discouraged.

Support for non-NVIDIA Drivers Is Preliminary

ARM recommends using the Mali OpenGL ES Emulator with NVIDIA drivers. We are aware of many issues when running the Emulator with ATI/AMD drivers and are working on improving the support. Other drivers are not tested.

The Value Of gl_Instanceid Is Always Zero When gl_DrawArraysInstanced is Called From Within a Transform Feedback Block

On certain models of host GPU the value of <code>gl_InstanceID</code> will always be zero rather than the ID of the instance currently being drawn. This is due to a driver issue. The known affected GPUs and drivers are:

NVIDIA GeForce 210, driver version 301.42

- NVIDIA GeForce 210, beta driver 304.79
- NVIDIA NVS 300, beta driver 304.79

Support for 2D Depth Textures

The implementation of support for 2D depth textures have limitations and may not provide fully conformant behaviour where depth textures are used with mipmap levels greater than zero (base) level.

GL_KHR_blend_equation_advanced Extension Availability

Extension GL KHR blend equation advanced is fully conformant only on NVIDIA graphics cards.

Limited set of number of samples for glTexStorage2DMultisample.

The glTexStorage2DMultisample function will round-up number of samples passed as samples argument. The rounding will be to closest (not smaller) value from the set of 1,2,4 or 8 samples.

4

EGL Implementation

Topics:

- EGL Extensions
- Limitations

The EGL library is a limited implementation of EGL that suffices to allow the Mali OpenGL ES Emulator to pass the Khronos Conformance Test Suite. As such, there are some limitations.

Mali OpenGL ES Emulator comes with support for EGL 1.4 API version plus several EGL extensions as described later in this chapter.

The EGL implementation supports OpenGL ES API only. The EGL library does not support OpenVG. Neither graphics contexts nor surfaces created can be used with OpenVG. No configurations are returned from eglChooseConfig for values of EGL_RENDERABLE_TYPE other than EGL_OPENGL_ES2_BIT or EGL_OPENGL_ES3_BIT_KHR.

Context creation fails unless context version is set to 2, 3, 3.1 or 3.2 using EGL_CONTEXT_CLIENT_VERSION attribute or EGL_CONTEXT_MAJOR_VERSION / EGL_CONTEXT_MINOR_VERSION attribute pair respectively.

elgGetProcAddress function returns pointer to any EGL and GL ES entrypoint provided by the Emulator, not just an extension functions.

The Mali OpenGL ES Emulator supports the following EGL extensions:

- EGL KHR create context
- EGL KHR config attribs
- EGL KHR image base
- EGL KHR image
- EGL KHR image pixmap
- EGL KHR gl renderbuffer image
- EGL_KHR_gl_texture_2D_image
- EGL KHR gl texture cubemap image

Limitations

Multiple Threads and Multiple Contexts

Multiple contexts are supported, but multiple threads are not supported and might lead to unpredictable behaviour.

Window Pixel Format

You must set pixel format only through eqlCreateWindowSurface.

Limited Bitmap Support

Bitmap rendering only works correctly for uncompressed, bottom-up, 32-bit RGB bitmaps.

Limited Results From Surface Queries

All parameters to eglQuerySurface are implemented, but those specific to OpenVG, and those that depend on the physical properties of the display, for example EGL_HORIZONTAL_RESOLUTION, return arbitrary values or EGL_UNKNOWN.

No Support for Swap Intervals

The eglSwapInterval function has no effect and always succeeds. The swap interval depends on the OpenGL driver.

Changing Display Modes Does not Check pbuffer Lost Event

Changing display modes is not supported. A change of display mode might result in loss of pbuffer memory. This event is not checked for. Do not change display modes while running the emulator.

Note: Pbuffers and pixmaps are supported with the WGL_ARB_pbuffer extension. This specifies that a WGL_PBUFFER_LOST_ARB query can check for loss of memory due to a display mode change.

Use of Displays Following eglTerminate

Displays are destroyed in eqlTerminate. Later calls treat the display as invalid.

EGL_MATCH_NATIVE_PIXMAP Attribute not Supported

The attribute EGL_MATCH_NATIVE_PIXMAP is not supported by eglChooseConfig. The EGL 1.3 specification says that the attribute EGL_MATCH_NATIVE_PIXMAP was introduced to make it easier to choose an EGLConfig to match a native pixmap. This attribute is accepted by the emulator, but is ignored other than to validate the provided handle.

Applications should work as expected even if the chosen EGL config does not match the pixmap format because rendering is done to an internal buffer and then copied to the pixmap, including any necessary pixel format conversions. If an eight bit per channel EGL config is desired (to ensure the same colour precision as the native pixmap), then EGL_RED_SIZE, EGL_GREEN_SIZE and EGL_BLUE_SIZE should be explicitly passed to eglChooseConfig.

Resizing a Native Window

Resizing a native window after glMakeCurernt function call does not update the surface attributes.

eglChooseConfig Always Selects Double-Buffered Configs

The EGL attribute list is translated to an attribute list for the underlying window system. This attribute list always has the double-buffering attribute set to true. This means that some available matching configurations might not be returned.

5

Mali Checker Application

Topics:

- Performing a Check
- Report File
- Command-line Parameters

OpenGL ES Emulator is shipped with diagnostic application mali-checker. The tool can be used to diagnose configuration of the OS installed on user's machine with respect to emulator's requirements.

Performing a Check

Mali checker can be executed by launching executable:

mali-checker.exe

The application will produce and open HTML report with examination results.

Report File

The report produced by the checking application is made of three main sections:

- Overview
- Examinations
- Features and Extensions

Overview Section

This section contains information that identify the report and the operating system the examinations has been performed on.

Examinations Section

This section contains list and details of examinations that have been performed by the application.

Features and Extensions Section

This section lists all features and extensions the emulator supports.



Note: this section might not be present in the report if producing such is not possible due to blocking problems detected by examinations.

Command-line Parameters

When launched without parameters, the mali-checker application will create and display HTML report with all built-in checks performed.

Controlling Checks

It's possible to have a fine-grain control over number of checks the application performs with the following command-line paramters.

-a, --all

Perform all checks. Default if no individual checks are specified.

-e, --gles-and-egl

Check if libGLESv2 and libEGL are loaded and correct versions.

-E, --environment

Check the environment variables.

-g, --gl

Check if libGL is loaded and is suitable.

-H, --header

Check if the default headers are compatible with ours.

-m, --moc

Check if the Mali Offline Compiler is available.

Controlling Report Output

The following arguments can be used to control behaviour of the application related to producing output.

-n, --no-open

Do not open then report afterwards.

-o=<filename>, --output=<filename>

Write report to a <filename>.

Miscellaneous

Other parameters:

--, --ignore_rest

Ignores the rest of the labeled arguments following this flag.

--version

Displays version information and exits.

-h, --help

Displays usage information and exits.

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Maintenance

Topics:

- Troubleshooting
- Uninstalling Using Control Panel
- Support
- Changes from Previous Versions

This chapter contains topics related to maintenance, troubleshooting and support for the OpenGL ES Emulator application installed on the system.

Troubleshooting

Any erroneous situation leading to improper behaviour of installed OpenGL ES Emulator should leave error message on the application console window.

Please refer to these messages when obtaining help from technical support.

Controlling Log Verbosity

You can control level of log verbosity by setting the *MALI_EMULATOR_APP_VERBOSITY* environment variable in your system. You can set it to one of the following values:

OFF No errors will be reported to the console.

FATAL Will report only fatal-class error events.

ERROR Will report regular errors and fatal error events.

WARNING Will report warnings, regular errors and fatal error

events.

If the environment variable is unset, the emulator uses FATAL as the default log verbosity level.

Uninstalling Using Control Panel

Navigate to Windows Control Panel, open Uninstall a Program window and select Mali OpenGL ES Emulator on the list. Click Uninstall/Change option and follow the instructions from the wizard.

Support

For further support on this product, please visit the ARM Connected Community.

Continued Support

It should be noted that continuing support of the product will only be provided by ARM if such support is covered by a current contract with the recipient.

Changes from Previous Versions

Changes In Version 3.0.2

- Missing support for GL_TEXTURE_2D_MULTISAMPLE for GL ES 3.1 added.
- · GL_DITHER is an enabled state by default.
- Making glGetStringi and glGetIntegerv report extensions strings in a consitent way
- Improving performance of glFinish() implementation
- GL_TEXTURE_2D supported for GLES3.0 contexts

Changes In Version 3.0.1

Fixes in accessing 3.2 API entrypoints and 3.2 specific enums.

Changes In Version 3.0

- Added support for OpenGL ES 3.2 API version.
- Improved interoperability with AMD/ATI graphics cards.

Changes In Version 2.3.0

- · Mali-checker application introduced.
- Improved interoperability with AMD/ATI graphics cards.
- Installers are signed with digital certificate.

Changes In Version 2.2.1

- Using latest Mali Offline Compiler with support for OpenGL SL 310 es version of shader language.
- Fixed problem with incorrect log content on successful OpenGL SL 310 es shader compilation.
- Improving mix (...) built-in functions support in OpenGL SL 310 es shaders.
- Fixed problem with mali-cube window closing.

Changes In Version 2.2

- Extensions from Android Extension Pack supported.
- eglGetProcAddress gives pointers to any of all implemented entrypoints.

Changes In Version 2.1.1

Fixed problem with MSAA using EGL configurations.

Changes In Version 2.1

- Added support for the following OpenGL ES extensions:
 - GL EXT shader io blocks
 - GL EXT gpu shader5
 - GL EXT geometry shader/
 - GL EXT tessellation shader

Changes In Version 2.0

- Added support for OpenGL ES 3.1 API version.
- Extensions GL_OES_EGL_image and GL_OES_EGL_image_external are supported for GLES 3.0 contexts.

Changes In Version 1.4.1

- Buffer operations with GL PIXEL UNPACK BUFFER binding point and compressed textures fixed.
- Implementation of glMapBufferOES improved.
- DEB package installation on Ubuntu 14.04 free from warning messages.
- Fixes in implementation of EGLImage support and glEGLImageTargetTexture2DOES implementation.
- Fixed problems with glViewport not updating resolution when re-using same context with various EGL surfaces.

Changes In Version 1.4.0

- Single library containing complete EGL/OpenGL ES emulation code for improving library loading scenarios.
- Improvements on how textures are working in various use scenarios.
- Shader source processing is reflecting extension support correctly.
- · Providing mali-cube executable for installation verification.

Changes In Version 1.3.0

• Support for additional OpenGL ES extensions:

- Improved support of existing OpenGL ES extensions under OpenGL ES 2.0 and 3.0 contexts.
- Improved handling of depth textures.
- Various improvements and bug fixes.

Changes In Version 1.2.0

- Support for GL KHR texture compression astc ldr.
- · Support for several new OpenGL ES extensions.
- GL_OES_read_format support is no longer reported as it defines a core functionality of both OpenGL ES 2.0 and OpenGL ES 3.0 implementations.
- · Shader verification was improved under Linux.
- Fixed a problem occurring under specific conditions that caused console windows to quickly become visible and disappear when compiling shaders under Windows.
- Fixed glRenderbufferStorageMultisample/glTexImage2D/glVertexAttribPointer problem occurring with an AMD driver.

Changes In Version 1.1.0

- · Support for context sharing.
- Support for ETC1 textures.
- The OpenGL ES 3.0 Emulator is now called the Mali OpenGL ES Emulator and supports both OpenGL ES 3.0 and OpenGL ES 2.0 contexts.
- Improved ESSL error detection.
- Improved texture format/internal format/type support.
- · Improved generate-upon-binding support.
- Fixes for various memory and resource leaks.
- · Various other bug-fixes and improvements.

Changes In Version 1.0.0

• This version is the first release of the Mali OpenGL ES Emulator.