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## DWA\_07.4 Knowledge Check\_DWA7

1. Which were the three best abstractions, and why?

```
const htmlReference = {

   headerSearch: document.querySelector('[data-header-search]'),
   headerSettings: document.querySelector('[data-header-settings]'),

   listItems: document.querySelector('[data-list-items]'),
   listMessage: document.querySelector('[data-list-message]'),
   listButton: document.querySelector('[data-list-button]'),
   listActive: document.querySelector('[data-list-active]'),
   listImage: document.querySelector('[data-list-blur]'),
   listImage: document.querySelector('[data-list-blur]'),
```

 htmlReference Object
 The htmlReference is contain all the references from HTML and made it easy to work with this reference as a variable over and over again whenever in need.

```
const showMoreButton = () => {

remainingBooks = (matches.length - (page * BOOKS_PER_PAGE))

listButton.innerHTML = `

<span>Show more</span>
<span class="list_remaining"> (${ remainingBooks > 0 ? remainingBooks : 0})</span>

const showMoreButton = () => {

remainingBooks = (matches.length - (page * BOOKS_PER_PAGE))

remainingBooks = (matches.length - (page * BOOKS_PER_PAGE))
```

The code can be used every time it's called and is able to update the remaining Book length without giving incorrect number or calculation.

```
* @param (string) - the parameter should only be 'genres' or 'authors'

//

let createoption = (param) => {
    const firstElement = document.createElement('option')
    firstElement.innerText = 'All Genres'
    optionFragment.appendchild(firstElement)

for (const [id, name] of object.entries(param)) {
    const element = document.createElement('option')
    element.value = id
    element.innerText = name
    optionFragment.appendChild(element)
}

//call the function to create options for genres
    createOption(genres)
    searchGenres.appendChild(optionFragment)

/**

* The genres data, from data.js is added on the search form for users to select the the books with only the genre they like.

*/
export const optionsForGenres = searchGenres.appendchild(optionFragment)

//call the function to create options for authors
    createOption(authors)
    searchAuthors.appendChild(optionFragment)

/**

* The author data, from data.js is added on the search form for users to select the the books with only the author they like.

*/
export const optionsForGenres = searchGenres.appendChild(optionFragment)

/**

* The author data, from data.js is added on the search form for users to select the the books with only the author they like.

*/
export const optionsForAuthors = searchAuthors.appendChild(optionFragment)
```

createOptions function
 I was able to transfer this code to a different js module file that deals with DOM and it didn't give me an issue. It works as it was supposed to work with no problems.

2. Which were the three worst abstractions, and why?

displayBooks() function
 The displayBooks function has more than one responsibility. It creates DOM and also loops over everything making it a bit complex. And when this function is used from a different module. It created bugs in the main script and results in undesired behavior.

3. How can The three worst abstractions be improved via SOLID principles.
Using the SOLID method I can make sure that apply the S- Single Responsibility principle. Where each abstraction is responsible for doing only one function.